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Aug. 29/68

The Consett Guardian

AND DERWENT VALLEY ADVERTISER.

A NEWSPAPER and ADVERTISING MEDIUM for Blackhill, Consett, Lanchester, Leadgate, Shotley Bridge, and District.

No. 403. {REGISTERED FOR TRANSMISSION ABROAD.} CONSETT, SATURDAY, AUGUST 29TH, 1868. PRICE ONE PENNY.

SHOTLEY BRIDGE FLOWER SHOW.

CHEAP TRAINS from NEWCASTLE, DURHAM, and all Intermediate Stations to SHOTLEY BRIDGE FLOWER SHOW, on SATURDAY, August 29th, 1868.
See Advertisement. 501

Public Notices.

COPPER, in Five Shillings' Parcels, can be had in exchange for Silver and Gold at the *Guardian* Office, Consett. 176

A BALL will be held in the TOWN HALL, SHOTLEY BRIDGE, on the evening of the SHOTLEY BRIDGE FLOWER SHOW, August 29th, 1868. Admission 1s. each. 500

REGISTRATION OF VOTERS.

NORTH DURHAM LIBERAL REGISTRATION SOCIETY.

THE LIBERAL ELECTORS OF NORTH DURHAM, in the Castle Eden, Durham, Lanchester, and Shotley Bridge Polling Districts, who have been objected to by the Agents of Mr. GEORGE ELLIOTT, are requested to forward the Notices of Objection, with the particulars of qualification, to Messrs. WATSON, Solicitors, 6, Saddler Street, Durham, who are instructed by the above Society to render gratuitous professional services in establishing their claims.

Durham, August 25th, 1868. 531

IVESTON FLORAL AND HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE above SOCIETY will hold their SECOND ANNUAL EXHIBITION of PLANTS, FLOWERS, FRUITS, and VEGETABLES, on SATURDAY, September 12th, 1868, in a field near the village, kindly granted by Mr. J. SIMPSON.

The LEADGATE SAX-HORN BAND will attend and play several selections during the Afternoon.

ADMISSION TO THE SHOW—From One till Four o'clock, One Shilling; from Four till Seven o'clock, Sixpence. Children under 12, Half-price.

There will be a BALL in the Tent in the Evening to commence at Eight o'clock. Leader of the orchestra—Mr. H. PALMER. Admission to the Ball—Lady and Gentleman, One Shilling and Sixpence; Lady or Gentleman only, One Shilling.

POULTRY.

The First and Second best Pen of Poultry will receive a Prize. Poultry Exhibitors will be charged One Shilling per Pen entry.

CRICKET MATCH.

Mr. J. SIMPSON has kindly granted another field adjoining that of the Show to the junior Cricketers of Iveston and Leadgate. The Eleven of St. Ives, Iveston, will play the Eleven of St. George, Leadgate, a Game at Cricket in the above field on the day of Show, for a new Bat and Ball. The former is given by the Flower Show Committee.

ADMISSION TO THE FIELD—Threepence each.
520 ISAAC WHITFIELD, Hon. Secretary.

SHOTLEY BRIDGE FLORAL AND HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE NINETEENTH EXHIBITION of PLANTS, FLOWERS, FRUITS, and VEGETABLES, of this Society, will be held in LOW WASKERLEY PARK, SHOTLEY BRIDGE, (kindly granted for the occasion by THOS. WILSON, Esq., Shotley Hall) on SATURDAY, August 29th, 1868.

By the kind permission of Colonel ANDERSON, and Officers, the excellent

BAND OF THE 22ND REGIMENT

MR. C. T. HURST, CONDUCTOR,

will attend, and play a choice selection of the most Popular Music.

A CRICKET MATCH

Will take place on the Ground in the Afternoon.

RAILWAY ARRANGEMENTS.

Third-Class return Tickets will be issued from Newcastle, Durham, and intermediate Stations, by the Train leaving Newcastle at 10.20 A.M., and Durham at 12·13 P.M.

The Exhibition will be opened to the public at One o'clock, and close punctually at Eight P.M.

ADMISSION—From One to Four o'clock, One Shilling each; from Four to Eight, Sixpence. Children under Twelve, half-price.

484 A. HOULISTON, } Hon: Secs.
R. HALL, }

LANCHESTER FLORAL AND HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE EIGHTEENTH ANNUAL SHOW of the above Society will be held in a SPACIOUS BOOTH, ERECTED ON THE GREEN, AT LANCHESTER,

On THURSDAY, September 3, 1868.

Parties wishing to Compete for Prizes in any of the Classes must give Notice to the Secretaries in writing, by post or otherwise, of all Articles intended for Competition, on or before SATURDAY, the 29th day of August.

All FRUITS, FLOWERS, and VEGETABLES for Exhibition to be in the Booth before Half-past Ten in the Morning and the Booth cleared for the Judges by Eleven precisely.

Amateurs and Cottagers to reside within Eight Miles of Lanchester.

EXTRA PRIZES will be given for WHEAT, BARLEY, OATS, BUTTER, POTATOES, and TURNIPS.

Rules may be obtained on application to the Secretaries.

Doors open to Exhibitors at Six o'clock in the Morning; to the Public from Two to Four P.M., and from Four to Half-past Seven P.M.

The North-Eastern Railway Company will issue ordinary Third-Class Tickets by all Trains from Newcastle, Durham, and all Intermediate Stations on the Consett Branch.

ADMISSION—Afternoon, One Shilling; Evening, Sixpence; Children of Subscribers, under 12 years of age, admitted with their Parents, Free; Children of Non-Subscribers, under 12, Half-price.

The DURHAM UNION BAND, and a First-class QUADRILLE BAND is engaged to attend.

In the Evening a BALL will be held in the Booth. Dancing to commence at Nine o'clock, P.M.

519 G. W. WILSON, } Hon. Secs.
R. WALTON, }

NOTICE.

WE are instructed by Amelia, Countess of Darwentwater, hereby to give Notice to all those residing on the Darwentwater Estates, in the Counties of Durham, Cumberland, and Northumberland, not to pay any Rent to the Commissioners of Greenwich Hospital nor to whomsoever it may be, except to the Agent duly authorised by me, the Countess of Darwentwater.

AMELIA, COUNTESS OF DARWENTWATER.
Blaydon-on-Tyne, 9th June, 1868. 408

SHOTLEY BRIDGE GAS COMPANY (LIMITED).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that all or any Person or Persons entering into the occupation of any House, Shop, or other building, to which Gas has been supplied to the previous occupant, upon such entry must first obtain the consent of the manager or other Officer of the Company before consuming the Gas supplied by the said Company. In default thereof, upon proof of the use of the Gas without first obtaining such leave, such Person or Persons will be prosecuted as the law directs.

By Order of the Directors,
JOHN BELL, Secretary.
Shotley Bridge, April 6th, 1867. 47

GREAT GALA DAY.

SHOTLEY BRIDGE FLOWER SHOW AND CRICKET MATCH

On SATURDAY, August 29th, 1868.

The SPLENDID BAND OF THE 22ND REGIMENT, conducted by Mr. C. T. HURST, will attend and play a choice programme of music. 503

Business Announcements.

CARPETS! CARPETS!!

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED WAREHOUSE IN NEWCASTLE for all descriptions of CARPETS is

FENTON'S,
20 AND 22, MOSLEY STREET,
(OPPOSITE FOOT OF GREY STREET). 528
FLOORCLOTHS, LINOLEUMS, DRUGGETS, &c.

NEW CONFECTIONERY ESTABLISHMENT.

T. ROWE & SONS,
CONFECTIONERS,

RESPECTFULLY announce to their Friends and the Public generally that they have opened the Premises

MIDDLE STREET, CONSETT,

(Lately occupied by Mr. T. POTTS,) with a large Assortment of CONFECTIONERY, ORNAMENTAL CAKES, FRUIT LOAF, &c., and hope by strict attention to all Orders entrusted to their care, to merit Public support. 66

"REID'S CELEBRATED EIGHTPENNY MILD ALE (Leazes Brewery) is the best sample of heavy-bodied Ale brewed in Newcastle, and is well-known for its fine flavour."—From "Innkeeper's Trade Circular," for Feb., 1866. 493

"MELVIN'S NOTED EDINBURGH MILD and BITTER ALES are as good Ales as can be purchased, . . . and we do not wonder at the immense sale of these Ales."—(See "Innkeeper's Trade Circular" for Feb., 1866.) 494

BEST NOTED HOUSE IN NEWCASTLE for CHEESE, BUTTER, BACON, &c.
JOSHUA DAVIDSON, PROPRIETOR,
45, GROAT MARKET, NEWCASTLE. 477

ELIZABETH ROBSON,
Widow of the late William Young Robson,
OF THE
STAR DINING ROOMS,
43, GROAT MARKET, NEWCASTLE,

BEGS to tender her Thanks to her Friends and the Public generally for the very liberal support which her late husband received at their hands for so many years. She also respectfully intimates that it is her intention to continue the Business as above, in all its branches, and hopes by strict attention to merit a continuance of their favours. 476

TWO GALLONS OF GINGER BEER
For 3d, by using
GARBUTT'S GINGER BEER POWDER.
Two Packages sent by Post for Eight Stamps.
32, BRIDGE STREET, GATESHEAD. 419

THE Finest AMERICAN TWIST and CUT TOBACCO Manufactured, and Largest, Cheapest, and Best assorted Stock of MEERSCHAUM PIPES at 426

JOHN TELFER'S,
9 & 11, NUN STREET, NEWCASTLE.

DUCROW INN,
SHAKSPERE STREET, NEWCASTLE.
I. EMMERSON, PROPRIETOR.

ONE of the oldest Establishments in the North of England, and famed for the best WINES, SPIRITS, ALES, STOUT, CIGARS, &c. Only Three Minutes' walk from the principal Stations of the North-Eastern and Blyth and Tyne Railways.

The Proprietor, in kindly thanking his Friends and the Public generally for past favours, begs to inform them that he has greatly added to the comfort and convenience of his Patrons by considerably enlarging and beautifying the interior of his Establishment. The News Room is one of the largest in Newcastle, and is well stocked with all the leading London, Provincial, and Local Newspapers, Railway Guides, &c. 423

SMART'S VICTORIA HOTEL.

G. H. SMART

(Late Station Master North-Eastern and Midland Railways),
NEVILLE STREET, Directly Opposite the Central Station.
WINES, SPIRITS, ALES, STOUT, and CIGARS of the best Quality.
REFRESHMENTS on the Shortest Notice.
WELL AIRED BEDS. 410

TEA AND GROCERY WAREHOUSE,
33, DEAN STREET, NEWCASTLE.
ESTABLISHED 1838.
JOHN ANDERSON,
THE PROPRIETOR,

SINCE entering upon the Business of this old Establishment, thanks the many Patrons for their support, and respectfully, but earnestly, solicits a continuance.

J. A. asserts, without fear of contradiction, that at no other place of business can the public receive better value for their money, for, while every attention is paid in selecting the finest goods imported for those who require such, at the same time the greatest care is given to secure for those with whom price is an object the very best value for their money, and the smallest quantity supplied on the same terms as charged to large buyers, making it the People's Shop! 404

WILLIAM RAW,
AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER, AND GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
DURHAM ROAD, BLACKHILL, near SHOTLEY BRIDGE, VIA GATESHEAD.

VALUATIONS MADE FOR PROBATE AND LEGACY DUTIES.

Agent to the Liverpool, London, and Globe Fire and Life Insurance Company.

☞ All Orders attended to with care and punctuality.

EMIGRATION AGENT. 27

NORTHUMBERLAND TURKISH BATHS (near the Cricket Grounds), Northumberland Street.

OPEN
Daily from 7 0 a.m., till 9 0 p.m.
Saturday ..7 0 a.m., till 10 0 p.m.
Sunday....7 0 a.m., till 11 0 a.m.

CHARGES.

First-class Bath	2s. 0d.	Do., with champooing	2s. 6d.
Second do.	1s. 6d.	Do., do.	2s. 0d.
Third do.	0s. 6d.	Do., do.	1s. 0d.

Ladies—First-class only open on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from 7 a.m., to 11 a.m. 390

SUPERIOR WATCHES, SHIP CHRONOMETERS, ENGLISH AND FRENCH CLOCKS.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Silver Patent Lever Watches	3	10	0	to	27	0	0
Gold Patent Lever Watches	10	10	0	to	40	0	0
Geneva Silver Watches	2	2	0	to	5	5	0
Geneva Gold Watches	5	5	0	to	30	0	0
Ship Chronometers	27	0	0	to	40	0	0

LISTER AND SONS,
WATCHMAKERS TO THE QUEEN,
CHRONOMETER MAKERS TO THE ADMIRALTY,
12, 14, & 16, MOSLEY STREET, NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE. 334

Business Announcements.

A FEW PLAIN WORDS ABOUT TEA.

THOMAS CARRICK, TEA DEALER, MIDDLE STREET, CONSETT, was the first to introduce into this neighbourhood Cheap Tea for Hard Times, to meet the wants of the poor. Since then he has had many imitators, but no rivals: for his TWO SHILLINGS TEA is unrivalled in the district, and many new customers have said that it is as good as that which had cost them 3s. 6d. For those who want a wider range of choice, the following List is supplied:—2s., 2s. 6d., 2s. 8d., 3s., 3s. 4d., 3s. 6d., 3s. 8d., and 4s. per lb.

The FOUR SHILLINGS TEA is certainly the "cream of the bowl:" it is the admiration of all who take it, hence the demand is constantly increasing, proving that the price is nothing when the article is thoroughly good.

The TAEPING TEAS of this Season are confessedly the best imported. T. C. has received a Consignment from London, and they are now on sale.

Agent for THORLEY'S FOOD FOR CATTLE.
NOW ON HAND, PETER MOLLER'S AND DR. DE JONGH'S COD LIVER OIL. 1

HIGHLY IMPORTANT.

JACKSON & Co.,

WORKING MEN'S CLOTHIERS,

(SNOWBALL'S OLD SHOP,)

33, BOTTLE BANK, GATESHEAD.

BOYS' TWEED TROUSERS	1s. 4d. per pair.	MEN'S CLOTH TROUSERS	5s. 11d.	to 12s. 6d.
BOYS' CORD TROUSERS	1s. 9d. „	MEN'S CLOTH VESTS	2s. 11d.	„ 6s. 6d.
BOYS' CLOTH TROUSERS	3s. 6d. „	MEN'S CLOTH COATS	6s. 11d.	„ 16s. 6d.
BOYS' CLOTH JACKETS	2s. 11d. each.	MEN'S CLOTH SUITS	21s. 0d.	„ 50s. 0d.
BOYS' CLOTH VESTS	1s. 9d. „	MEN'S SILK HATS	6s. 6d.	„ 10s. 6d.
BOYS' CLOTH SUITS	6s. 11d. „	MEN'S CLOTH CAPS	3½d.	„ 2s. 6d.

THE LARGEST AND CHEAPEST CLOTHING ESTABLISHMENT IN THE COUNTY. 388

A GOOD INVESTMENT.

FORWARD TWENTY SHILLINGS to STEWARD, the Tea Dealer, and you will receive in return, carriage paid, Ten Pounds of the Cheapest TEA ever sold in England. Our profits will be so small on this Tea that it will not pay us to sell less than Ten Pounds. As a guarantee of the quality, we express our willingness to return the money should the customer not be satisfied. Should the quantity be too much for a small family, we suggest they should join with a friend. We are willing to put it up in such parcels as they may order. Post-office Orders to be made payable to

WILLIAM STEWART,
THE TEA DEALER,
33, GRAINGER STREET, 32, MOSLEY STREET, AND AT THE NEW BRANCH,
33, SANDHILL, NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE. 31

ESTABLISHED NEARLY A CENTURY.

WILSON BROTHERS,
FAMILY TEA AND ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN, PROVISION MERCHANTS, BACON CURERS, &c., &c.,
FRONT STREET, SHOTLEY BRIDGE.

PURVEYORS OF PRESERVED PROVISIONS,
Consisting of every requisite for the Breakfast, Luncheon, and Supper Tables, and Pic-nic Parties, prepared in the most Superior manner.
ENGLISH AND FOREIGN PICKLES AND SAUCES.
ITALIAN GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
BRITISH WINES.
THE FINEST DESSERT FRUITS AND BISCUITS IN GREAT VARIETY.

SOLE AGENTS IN THE DISTRICT FOR
PETER MOLLER'S COD LIVER OIL,
Which gained the Gold Medal at the Paris Exhibition, against 17 competitors, and is the finest oil extant.
Highly recommended by the faculty. 88

CONSETT FIRE BRICK WORKS, CONSETT, GATESHEAD
ALWAYS ON HAND, A LARGE STOCK OF

GLAZED PIPES.
CHIMNEY TOPS.
CHIMNEY VENT LINING.
RIDGE TILES, PLAIN & ORNAMENTAL.
GLAZED SINK STONES.
DO. WATER-CLOSET PANS & TRAPS.

TRUSSES.
FERNERY STANDS.
ORNAMENTAL VASES.
GARDEN BORDERS.
GAS RETORTS.
FIRE BRICKS, COMMON BRICKS, QUARLS, &c.

AND EVERY OTHER ARTICLE IN THE TRADE EXECUTED TO ORDER.
R. DICKINSON & CO., PROPRIETORS. 30

JOHN MILLING & Co.

PURCHASE their Goods of the Manufacturers direct, for prompt Cash, and Sell Cheaper than any House in the North of England.

JOHN MILLING & Co.'s All-Wool Flannel at One Shilling per yard is thoroughly stoved, and warranted not to shrink, and is Sold by the Trade at 1s. 4½d. per yard.

JOHN MILLING & Co., Nos. 20, 22, 24, 26, & 28, GRAINGER STREET,
Are the Largest and Best Stocked Drapery Premises within 250 miles of Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

JOHN MILLING & Co.'s extensive Drapery Premises contain several Thousand more Feet of Counter Room than any House in the North of England, and can with ease and comfort wait upon One Thousand Five Hundred more Customers per Hour than any other Firm in Newcastle.

JOHN MILLING & Co.'s Stock of Dresses and Manchester Drapery Goods is the Largest, Cheapest and Best in the World.

☞ Note the Address—
JOHN MILLING & PARTNERS, Grainger Street (opposite Nun Street), Newcastle-upon-Tyne. 58

CONSETT STEAM PRINTING WORKS.

ROBERT JACKSON,
PRINTER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL STATIONER, LITHOGRAPHER, BOOKBINDER, &c.,
GUARDIAN OFFICE, FRONT STREET, CONSETT.

EVERY description of LETTERPRESS PRINTING executed in the first style of typography, with accuracy and despatch, on the most reasonable terms.
SHOW CARDS, BUSINESS CARDS, CONTRIBUTION CARDS, and TICKETS of all kinds.
WEDDING CARDS, FUNERAL CARDS, and MOURNING CARDS.
PAMPHLETS, CLUB RULES, AUCTIONEERS' CATALOGUES, and REPORTS and RULES of Public Institutions and Societies.
PROGRAMMES, BOOKS OF WORDS, and CONCERT BILLS in the most approved styles.
BALANCE SHEETS, INVOICES, and DELIVERY NOTES.
HAND BILLS, POSTING BILLS, PLACARDS, and WINDOW BILLS, of all sizes, in black and coloured inks, executed in a bold and effective style.
CIRCULARS, LETTER HEADINGS, and ORDER NOTES.
SERMONS, LECTURES, and all kinds of BOOK WORK neatly and quickly executed.
CHEQUE BOOKS of all descriptions made to order.
TEA PAPERS, TOBACCO PAPERS, and CLOTH and PARCHMENT TALLIES.
LITHOGRAPHING and ENGRAVING.
BRASS and ZINC WINDOW and DOOR PLATES.
BOOKBINDING in all its Branches.
A large Supply of LEDGERS, DAY BOOKS, MINUTE BOOKS, and every variety of STATIONERY.

THE FOLLOWING ARE KEPT IN STOCK:—
OVERSEERS' COLLECTING AND DEPOSIT BOOKS.
HIGHWAY RATE BOOKS and HIGHWAY RATE RECEIPT BOOKS.
POOR RATE BOOKS and POOR RATE RECEIPT BOOKS, 9

Business Announcements.

JOHN GREAVES,
TEA MAN,
Nos. 17 & 19, NUN STREET, AND 34, CLAYTON STREET, NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.

IN returning his grateful Thanks to his very numerous Patrons for the Support accorded to him during the last Fourteen Years, desires to inform them that, having now three of the largest Tea and Grocery Establishments in the North of England, and doing all his Business in the Market with *ready Money*, he is enabled to offer superior Articles at considerably lower Prices than most other Houses in the Trade.

His long and practical experience as a Buyer in every department of the Tea, Coffee, and General Grocery Trade gives him the greatest advantage in securing the best Articles at the lowest Prices.

This system of doing business he has always found highly advantageous, as it enables him to place before the Public *Articles of the best quality, at the very lowest Prices*, and at the *earliest period of the Seasons.*

N.B.—Goods delivered by our own Carts in the surrounding districts.

JOHN GREAVES,
WHOLESALE, RETAIL, AND FAMILY GROCER, AND TEA-MAN,
Nos. 17 & 19, NUN STREET, AND 34, CLAYTON STREET, NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE. 355

NEWGATE STREET TEA AND GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

ROBERT WHITE,

MANY Years with Mr. Greaves, 17, and 19, Nun Street, and Mr. Stewart, Tea Dealer, 32, Mosley Street, has Opened the Shop 38, NEWGATE STREET, next door to Phœnix Inn, where he intends to carry on the Grocery Business on the improved principle for Cash.

R. W. deems it unnecessary to adopt the old hackneyed style of quoting prices, but begs to say that his selection of TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, SOAPS, &c., are bought from the best markets, and one trial will be sufficient to convince his friends that he is worthy of their support.

NOTE THE NUMBER:—
38, NEWGATE STREET,
ROBERT WHITE, PROPRIETOR.

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHED HAT SHOP IN NEWCASTLE.

THOMAS COCHRANE is now selling the BEST SILK HAT in the Trade at 10s. 6d.
THOMAS COCHRANE,
19, GRAINGER STREET,
(CORNER OF NUNS' STREET)
422 NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE.

REID & SONS' NEW PAMPHLET OF WATCHES profusely illustrated with Cuts of Watches and Watch Work, List of Prices, &c., may be had on application, or Free by Post.

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES

Of the best construction, carefully finished, accurately timed, and Guaranteed to perform well.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Gold Horizontal (Geneva)	3	10	0	to	14	14	0
Gold Levers (English)	3	8	0	to	40	0	0
Silver Horizontal (Geneva)	1	15	0	to	5	5	0
Silver Levers (English)	3	10	0	to	26	0	0
An Extra Strong Silver Lever, suitable for Working Men					4	4	0

Watch Clubs supplied on the most liberal terms. Chronometers, Watches, and Clocks carefully Repaired and Cleaned by a Large Staff of Skilled Workmen on the Premises. ☞ Old Watches taken in exchange.

REID AND SONS,
Chronometer Makers to the Admiralty, 41, Grey Street, Newcastle-on-Tyne. 333

MR. E. BURTON, Professor of Music, Organist of ST. CUTHBERT'S CHURCH, Benfieldside, TEACHER of the PIANOFORTE, ORGAN, HARMONIUM, &c. First-class References. Terms on application.

Poplar Cottage, Shotley Bridge. 25

NEW SHOP, BOTTLE BANK, GATESHEAD.

NEW DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT.

IT is a positive and well known fact that the CHEAPEST DRAPERY MART in the NORTH OF ENGLAND is

MESSRS. YOUNGHUSBAND & NEWBORNES,
THE ARCADE,
BOTTLE BANK, GATESHEAD. 350

TRAVELLING AGENTS FOR THE *CONSETT GUARDIAN.*

THE *CONSETT GUARDIAN* is supplied regularly *every Friday Afternoon*, by Mr. THOMAS LAMB, at the following places:—Happy Land, East Castle Colliery, Loud Cottages, Greencroft Cottages, The Lizzie, Annfield Plain, Catchgate, Harelaw, Kyo, Oxhill, Hedley's New Houses, Havannah, and Stanley.

THE *CONSETT GUARDIAN* is supplied regularly *every Friday Afternoon*, by Mr. EDWARD WOOD, at the following places:—High Stables, South Derwent Cottages, Dowlais Cottages, Collierley Dykes, Dipton, Hill Top, and Flint Hill.

THE *CONSETT GUARDIAN* supplied regularly *every Friday Afternoon*, by Mr ROBERT STOKEL, at White-le-Head, Tantobie, Tanfield, and Tanfield Lea.

ON SATURDAY MORNINGS

At East Tanfield, Shield Row, Oakey's Cottages, Causey, Marley Hill, Andrew's House, Sunniside, and Street Gate.

THE *CONSETT GUARDIAN* supplied regularly *every Saturday Morning*, at LINTZ GREEN STATION, by Mr. TEMPERLEY, AND AT ROWLAND'S GILL STATION, by Mr. PERKINS.

THE *CONSETT GUARDIAN* supplied regularly *every Friday Afternoon*, by Mr JOHN SHAW, at Mountsett, Pickering Nook, and Hobson.

DEPILATORY.—WELLS'S DEPILATORY is the only *effectual* remedy for the immediate and permanent removal of superfluous hair from the face, arms, neck, &c. This preparation effects its purpose almost instantaneously, without pain or injury to the most sensitive skin. Forwarded by post (secured from observation) on receipt of 5s. by stamps or post-office order.

JOHN WELLS, 113, Euston Street, near Hampstead Road, London. Post-office orders payable at "Gower Street, W.C."

N.B.—Hundreds of Testimonials have been received from the nobility and ladies of rank who have tried this marvellous remedy. 269

IMPORTANT TO ALL.

NEW WORK BY THE AUTHOR OF "THE PEOPLE'S GUIDE TO HEALTH," &c.

DR. SMITH, who has had TWENTY YEARS' Practical Experience in the Treatment and Cure of NERVOUS and PHYSICAL DEBILITY, LOSS OF APPETITE, PAINS IN THE BACK, INDIGESTION, ERRORS OF YOUTH, SPERMATORRHŒA, &c., has just published a NEW EDITION of 10,000 Copies of the WARNING VOICE, or Private Medical Friend. (138 Pages.)

This Work contains his highly-successful and only safe treatment, and is illustrated with hundreds of cases and testimonials from patients with plain directions for perfect restoration to health. Sent post-free to any address, secure from observation, on receipt of two postage stamps.

Letters, with details of case, promptly answered.

☞ Address, "DR. SMITH, 8 Burton Crescent, London, W.C." 36

INSTANT CURE OF TOOTH-ACHE. Bunter's Nervine gives immediate and permanent relief in ordinary tooth-ache. It also forms a stopping, and saves the tooth, thus rendering extraction unnecessary. It does not injure the other teeth.

From the Medical Testimonials received, the following are selected:—

From J. Hounsell, Esq., Surgeon, Bridport, Dorsetshire.—"I consider BUNTER'S NERVINE a specific for tooth-ache. Very severe cases under my care have found instantaneous and permanent relief. I therefore give my testimony of having used it with invariable success, and recommend its use to the profession and the public as invaluable to all who suffer from tooth-ache.

From E. Smith, Esq., Surgeon, Sherston, near Cirencester.—"I have tried BUNTER'S NERVINE in many cases of severe tooth-ache, and in every instance permanent relief has been obtained; I therefore strongly recommend it to the public."

Ask for "BUNTER'S NERVINE; it may be had of any chemist, at 1s. 1½d. per packet, or post-free for 15 stamps from J. R. COOPER, Chemist, Maidstone. 35

WILKINSON'S IMPROVED

Concrete Flooring for Kitchens, Pantries and Passages.
„ Flooring for Laundries and Wash Houses.
„ Flooring for Schools and Yards.
„ Flooring for Stables and Coach Houses.
„ Flooring for Barns, Byers, and Maltings.
„ Flooring for Workshops and Warehouses.
„ Flooring for Cellars and Footpaths.

Was first extensively used at the Works of Sir W. G. Armstrong & Co., in 1858, and has since been laid by the Advertisers at more than 2,000 Places in the Northern Counties, a *List* of which may be had on Application. It is not affected by Frost, Damp, or Heat; has no Smell, and its Durability is guaranteed.

Town Price for 70 Square Yards and Upwards, 2s. per Yard. Country Prices and further Particulars on application to

W. B. WILKINSON & CO.,
PRUDHOE STREET, NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE. 495

NOTICE.

JOSEPH BARRON,
GENERAL CARRIER,

Between DURHAM HOUSE, CLOTH MARKET, NEWCASTLE, and SHOTLEY BRIDGE, BLACKHILL, CONSETT and LEADGATE.

Heavy Goods at Railway Prices and Light Goods at Carrier's Prices. 284

GEORGE HOBSON,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL FLOUR DEALER,
GROCER, DRAPER, & PROVISION MERCHANT,
HARPERLEY STEAM & WATER CORN MILL,
NEAR ANNFIELD PLAIN.

FINEST ENGLISH OILCAKE always on hand.

Now on Hand, a Large Quantity of Fine SEEDS, Peas, Tares, Barley, &c. 206

MR. E. BURTON,
DEALER IN PIANOFORTES AND HARMONIUMS
PIANOFORTES
Direct from the best London and Parisian Makers.
PIANOFORTES AND HARMONIUMS
To Suit all Classes of Purchasers.
A splendid Mahogany Harmonium, suitable for large Room or Chapel, only £8 8s.
PIANOFORTES, &c.,
Tuned, Repaired, or Taken in Exchange.
SHEET MUSIC, Newest at Half-price.
Residence:—POPLAR COTTAGE, SHOTLEY BRIDGE. 26

BLACKETT STREET TEA AND GROCERY WAREHOUSE.

JOHNSON (late Crosier), being determined to extend his business, is prepared to offer his Friends and the general Public, Teas, Coffees, Sugars, Spices, Soaps, and general Groceries, selected from the Best Markets, at the lowest possible Prices for Cash, feeling sure that one trial of his celebrated Teas from Two Shillings per pound, will ensure success. N.B.—A liberal allowance on Parcels of Ten Pounds upwards of these Teas.

Note the Address, 91 and 93, *Blackett Street, Newcastle*,
360 JAMES JOHNSON, PROPRIETOR.

WINTER SHORN OF ITS TERRORS.

GETTING WATERPROOFED BY MARTIN,

2, NORTHUMBERLAND PLACE. 335

NORTHERN COUNTIES LOAN AND DISCOUNT COMPANY (LIMITED).

Head Office—106, CLAYTON STREET, NEWCASTLE.
Branch Offices—3, BARRINGTON STREET, MARKET PLACE, SOUTH SHIELDS.
THOMAS LINCOLN, AGENT.
„ „ 60, FAWCETT STREET, SUNDERLAND.
THOS. L. HOWARTH, AGENT.

This Company grants LOANS on Personal Security, Deeds, Shares, Mortgages, Bills of Sale, and every description of available Security.

TRADE BILLS PROMPTLY DISCOUNTED.

The large Capital of the Company, and the number of Confidential Agents, enable them to complete Loans either in Town or Country on the Shortest Notice. In some cases Advances can be had the same Day, if required.

Prospectuses Free.
332 EDWIN OVENDEN, Manager.

DOWNIE'S
LIFE PRESERVING PILLS,
UNIVERSAL HEALING OINTMENT,
ITALIAN COUGH BALSAM, and
INFANTS' TEETHING CORDIAL

WILL Purify the Blood, Heal all Sores and Diseases of the Skin, and remove all Complaints of the Throat, Chest, and Lungs. They never fail.—Give them a trial, and prove for yourself.

DOWNIE'S INFANTS' TEETHING CORDIAL
Is the only Medicine fit for Infants—try it!

Prepared only by HENRY DOWNIE & Co., Wholesale Chemists, 43 and 44, Sandhill, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

Sold by P. Brown, Druggist, Shotley Bridge; D. Imrie, Druggist, Consett; John Reed, Lanchester; Watson Smith, Leadgate; W. Smith, J. Robinson, and J. Hillary, Grocers, Towlaw; W. Barkas, Blackhill; and of all Chemists, in Boxes, Pots, and Bottles, at 1s. 1½d, 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d. each.

Extraordinary CURES by DOWNIE'S MEDICINES.

Thomas Brown, smith, Fatfield, was completely cured of a frightfully bad leg of 30 years' standing.—January 14th, 1867.

John Brabban, North Biddick, Washington, was completely cured of a bad leg of 13 years' standing.—January 30th, 1867.

Joseph Armstrong, Gosforth, was cured of a sore lip of two years' duration.—October 13th, 1866.

Mrs. E. Bell, of West Cramlington, was cured of bad legs of 11 years' standing.—April 19th, 1865.

Mr. Robert Dixon, Chester-le-Street, Durham, says Downie's Pills and Balsam completely cured his wife of Asthma and difficulty of Breathing of many years' standing. 34

THE SCIENTIFIC WONDER.

THIS Instrument has a clear magnifying power of 32,000 times, shews all kinds of Animalculæ in water, Circulation of the Blood, &c., &c., Adulteration of Food, Milk, &c., and is just the Microscope that every Surgeon, Dentist, Schoolmaster, Student, and Working Man should have.

It is pronounced by the Press (and all scientific men who have seen it), to be the best, cheapest, and most simple microscope ever invented.

It has twenty times the power of the Coddington or Stanhope Microscope, and is twice as good as the celebrated Rae Microscope (which has been awarded so many prize medals), as may be inferred from the following letter received from Mr. Rae himself.

CARLISLE, DECEMBER 12th, 1867.

To Mr. McCulloch, Philosophical Instrument Maker.

Sir.—Having seen some of your Diamond-Plate Lenses, I write to ask your terms for supplying me with the same per 20 gross, as I consider them superior to mine.

Yours, &c.,
RAE & Co., Opticians, Carlisle.

I beg to inform the Public that I have no Agents anywhere, and all pretended Agents are impostors. The above instrument can only be had from me, in Birmingham. Those at a distance who care for instruction and amusement, can have it safe and free by sample post, with book of full instructions, on receipt of 32 Postage Stamps. Sample sent abroad, two stamps extra.

All persons wishing further particulars and testimonials, must send stamped and addressed envelope.

ADDRESS:—
A. McCULLOCH,
PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENT MAKER.
No 18, BLUCHER ST., BIRMINGHAM. 290

SHOTLEY BRIDGE FLOWER SHOW
AND
SPLENDID MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT
BY THE
BAND OF THE 22ND REGIMENT
(Leader: Mr. C. T. HURST),
Will take place in LOW WASKERLEY PARK, SHOTLEY BRIDGE, on SATURDAY, August 29th, 1868. 502

Sales by Auction.

By Mr. Henry Brown.

SOUTH MOOR.

TO BREWERS, FARMERS, INNKEEPERS, AND OTHERS.

MR. HENRY BROWN, Auctioneer, has received instructions from the representatives of the late WILLIAM OXLEY, SOUTH MOOR, to SELL BY AUCTION the whole of the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, STOCK, HAY, BARRELS, ALE, SPIRITS, &c, on MONDAY and TUESDAY, September 7th and 8th, 1868.

The STOCK consists of 1 powerful Grey Horse, 9 years old; 3 Milch Cows, calved and in calf; 2 Heifers, forward in condition; 1 Pig; 1 Coup Cart; 1 Dray Cart; 1 set of Cart Harness; 1 Riding Saddle and Bridle; 1 Grindstone; Pig Troughs; 1 Corn Bin; Cow Bands; Rakes; Forks; Shovels; Picks; Spades; 1 Wheelbarrow: Flags, Lime, and Sand; 1 Ladder; 4 Gawntrees; Mops; 1 Cask of Soda; Lead Piping; Iron Hooping; Besoms; 80 empty Half-barrels; 2 large Casks; 64 Barrels of Beer; 19 Barrels of Ale; Whisky; Rum; Gin; Brandy; Cordials, &c.; 1 Barrel Churn; 12 Hens; Bar and Dairy Utensils; also 5 Beehives.

The HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE comprises 1 Eight-days' Clock, in wainscoat case; 1 Silver Watch; 1 Mahogany Sofa, in hair seating; 2 Presses; 1 Carpet; 3 Feather Beds, Bolsters, and Pillows; 5 Cotton and Woollen Quilts; Linen and Cotton Sheets; Table Linen; Blankets; 1 Mahogany Dining Table; 1 Card Table; 2 small Tea Tables; 10 Kitchen and Tap-Room Tables; 9 Forms; 36 Chairs; 4 Arm Chairs; 1 high Press Bedstead; 1 Four-poled Bedstead; 1 Camp do.; Desk Bed; 1 set of Chintz Hangings; Mattresses; 2 sets of China; 1 Dozen Silver Spoons; 1 Brass Pan; Pewter Plates; Hearth Rugs; 5 Looking Glasses; Pictures; Ornaments; 1 Writing Desk; Window Curtains; Hassocks; sets of Fenders and Fireirons; Brass and Iron Candlesticks; Poss Tub and Staff; Brushes; 2 Chests; 3 dozen Knives and Forks, and Spoons; 1 Dinner Tray; 1 Cruet Stand; Dinner Ware; Crockery Ware; 1 Coffee Mill; 1 Violin; 1 German Flute; 1 Clothes' Horse, with all the other Kitchen Requisites; and 90 volumes of Books. Also, one Stack of well-won OLD LAND HAY.

ORDER OF SALE.—The Stock, Barrels, Ale, and Spirits will be put up in Lots to suit the Trade, on the First day of Sale; and the Furniture on Tuesday.

Sale to commence each day at One o'clock. 524

By Mr. John Jenkins

QUARTERLY SALE OF HORSES, CATTLE, &c., &c.

THE Public are respectfully informed that MR. JOHN JENKINS will SELL BY AUCTION, at MR. WILLIAM SCOTT'S, PACK HORSE INN, CROOKGATE, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 9th, 1868, Horses, Pigs, Beasts, Sheep, &c., Gigs, Dog Carts, Spring Carts, Coup Carts, &c., with a large Assortment of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE. For further particulars see future Advertisements.

J. J. respectfully announces that he intends holding a quarterly sale at the above-mentioned place, and persons having goods of any description to dispose of can enter them on application to the Auctioneer, Trafalgar Street, Consett, or Mr. W. SCOTT, Crookgate. 506

By Mr. William Raw.

POTATOES FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION.

MR. WILLIAM RAW most respectfully begs to announce that he has been honoured with instructions from C. G. GREY, Esq., of Dilston Hall, to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION on the KIPPER LINN FARM, near Whittonstall, on WEDNESDAY, the 9th September, 1868, about 4 Acres of POTATOES which are an Excellent Crop and of very Superior Quality. They will be sold in Lots from one chain to half-an-acre.

Sale to commence at One o'clock.
Sale Office, Blackhill,
Aug. 27th, 1868. 538

UNRESERVED SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSE PROPERTY AT LEADGATE, NEAR CONSETT.

MR. WILLIAM RAW, AUCTIONEER,

BEGS respectfully to call the attention of Spirit Merchants, Brewers, Innkeepers, Capitalists, &c., to the fact that he has received instructions from the Trustee of the late ROBERT LIDDLE, to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION without reserve, on WEDNESDAY, September 2, 1868, all that substantially-built, commodious, and well-known PUBLIC-HOUSE, "THE GREYHOUND INN," centrally situate at Leadgate, in the Township of Iveston, in the County of Durham, now in the occupation of Mr. SAMUEL PAISLEY, as tenant thereof, where a good business is now doing, and presenting an excellent opening.

The property contains an excellent Front Shop, Bar, Snug, Tap Room, and Kitchen, on the First Floor; 5 good Bed Rooms on the Second Floor; Cellar and 2 Kitchens on the Ground Floor, and a two-roomed Cottage and Stable at the back.

The spacious and convenient accommodation of this first-class Hotel, together with its central position in the flourishing town of Leadgate, renders it a most desirable investment.

On applying, the Tenant will show the Property, and further particulars may had on application to Mr. LEADBITTER, Solicitor, 47, Westgate, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, or to the Auctioneer.

Sale to commence at Four o'clock on the premises.
Sale Office, Blackhill, Co. Durham,
August 19th, 1868. 517

By Mr. Joseph Oley.

CORN AND HAY FOR SALE BY AUCTION.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION, at ALLANSFORD, on MONDAY, August 31st, 1868, the following STACKS OF CORN AND HAY, belonging to Mr. JOHN WALKER (under distress for Rent),

JOSEPH OLEY, Auctioneer,
Comprising 2 Stacks of WHEAT.
" 2 " OATS.
" 1 " BARLEY.
" 1 " OATS and BARLEY.
" 1 Stamp of HAY.

Sale to commence at Two o'clock in the Afternoon. 532

VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE FOR SALE.

TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on SATURDAY, September 5th, 1868, at the house of MR. J. WOOD, Ship Inn, Black-hall Mill, near Ebchester, the whole of the Valuable HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, belonging to Mr. RALPH ELLIOTT, who is declining housekeeping, and removed for convenience of Sale.

MR. J. OLEY, Auctioneer.

Comprising Mahogany Three-quarter Chest of Drawers; Bookcase, with glass front; Half-Chest of Drawers, painted maple; Mahogany Sofa, in hair-seating; Mahogany Turnover Table; Kitchen Table; Tudor Bedstead; Lobby Bedstead; Feather and Flock Beds, Pillows, Bolsters, Quilts, Blankets, Table Cloths, &c.; 6 Cane-bottomed Chairs, 1 Arm Chair, and Kitchen Chairs; Eight-days' Clock in case, 1 American do.; sets of China, lot of Glass Ware, Crockery Ware; Fenders and Fireirons, Metal Pans, &c.; Swing, Dressing, and other Glasses; Pictures, and all the Kitchen requisites. A Valuable LIBRARY or BOOKS will also be sold, including Matthew Henry's Bible, illustrated; Albert Barnes on the New Testament; Dr. Adam Clarke's Works, &c., &c.

Sale to commence at One o'clock in the Afternoon. 523

By Mr. John Murray.

ON WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 9TH, 1868, JOHN MURRAY will SELL BY AUCTION at PONTOP, near Consett, 600 SHEEP and LAMBS, and 100 IRISH CATTLE.

Sale at One o'clock. 525

CHOLERA, CHOLERA.—In nearly all cases Purging and Diarrhœa are the forerunners of Asiatic Cholera, and it is generally allowed by medical men that if proper remedies were applied at this stage the worst symptoms might be prevented, and this dreadful disease averted; hence the necessity of persons and families having within their reach a remedy which, if taken speedily, may at once restore the person to health and comfort. GARBUTT'S MIXTURE or POWDERS have proved most successful in all cases of Diarrhœa and the incipient stages of Cholera.—Full directions for all ages on each bottle or package. For the convenience of parties residing in the country, the powders can be forwarded by post on forwarding 14 stamps to GARBUTT, Pharmaceutical Chemist, Gateshead. Sold at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., &c., stamp included. 537

Found.

TAKEN UP, a Mare ASS, at MEDOMSLEY GRANGE. If not claimed in Ten days it will be sold. 537

FOUND, at SHOTLEY BRIDGE, on the 20th inst., a Black POINTER Dog. The Owner can have the same by applying to ROBERT SHERRITT, Shotley Toll Bar. If not claimed within Seven days it will be sold to defray expenses. 534

Wanted.

INCREASE YOUR INCOME.

WANTED by the PRUDENT UNITED ASSURANCE CO., LIMITED, active Agents for their Industrial Department in every Town throughout Durham. Very good Commission, &c., &c. Policies issued from £3 to £1,000, payable at Death, and from 5s. to 12s. 6d. per week in Sickness. Premiums payable Weekly. Application for Agencies to the Secretary, J. V. MILLER, 47 and 48, King William Street, London. 522

Education.

NIGHT SCHOOL.

MR. MASON,

BEGS to inform the inhabitants of Leadgate and surrounding District that he purposes commencing a NIGHT SCHOOL, on MONDAY, August 31st, 1868, in ST. IVES NATIONAL SCHOOL, Church Square, Leadgate.

Open every Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday Evenings from Seven to Nine.

FEE—4d. per week. 530

CLARENDON SCHOOL, MEDOMSLEY ROAD, CONSETT.

JONATHAN C. WYLIE, MASTER.

MATHEMATICS, GRAMMAR, CLASSICS. 142

To Let.

TO LET, a COTTAGE containing Two Rooms.—Apply to THOMAS LONGSTAFF, Leadgate. 533

TOWN MOOR OF NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.

TO BE LET, on Lease, to the Highest Bidder, on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd day of September next, at the hour of Ten in the Forenoon, at the Guildhall, in Newcastle-upon Tyne (in several Lots)—

LOT 1. A PLOT OF GROUND on the Town Moor, containing 3A. 2R., near to the Duke's Bridge and bounded on the North by the Road to the late Mr. W. Dunn's Property, and on the West by the North Road.

LOT 2. A PLOT OF GROUND on the Town Moor, containing 16A. 2R., extending westward from the North Road towards the Grand Stand, and bounded by the Coxlodge Estate on the North.

LOT 3. A PLOT OF GROUND on the Town Moor, containing 4A. 2R., bounded by the Spital Tongues on the West, by the Cow Hill Road on the East, the entrance to the Spital Tongues on the South and the Watering Place on the North.

LOT 4. A PLOT OF GROUND on the Town Moor, containing 2A, situate between the late Belle Grove Asylum and Spital Tongues Colliery, and bounded on the West by the Road to the latter.

LOT 5. A PLOT OF GROUND on the Town Moor, containing 10A. 2R., bounded by the Ponteland Road on the West, by the Road from the latter to the Cow Hill on the North, with the East Boundary facing the Cow Hill.

LOT 6. A PLOT OF GROUND on the Town Moor, containing 10A. 2R., adjoining and bounded on the North by Plot No. 5, and running Southward parallel with the Ponteland Road.

LOT 7. A PLOT OF GROUND on the Town Moor, containing 10A. 2R., adjoining to and bounded on the North by Plot No. 6, and running southward parallel with the Ponteland Road.

LOT 8. A PLOT OF GROUND on the Town Moor, containing 7A. 2R., commencing at a point North of the Watering Trough, back of Eldon Street, and extending Northwards parallel with the Magdalene Hospital property and the West Wall of the Bull Park.

LOT 9. A PLOT OF GROUND, part of the Castle Leazes, containing 12A. 3R., adjoining and lying to the South-East of the Barracks, and bounded on the West by the Ponteland Road, with an entrance, by a gate opposite to the Black Bull Inn, on the said Road.

LOT 10. A PLOT OF GROUND, part of the Castle Leazes, containing 6A. 2R., adjoining to and lying East of the late Belle Grove Asylum, and bounded by the footroad leading to the Spital Tongues, and on the West by the stray from the Leazes to the Moor.

LOT 11. A PLOT OF GROUND part of the Castle Leazes, containing 6A. 2R., adjoining and lying South of Plot No. 10.

LOT 12. A PLOT OF GROUND on the Castle Leazes, containing 5A., extending from the gate of the Spital Tongues to the footpath from the Moor, bounded on the East by the Leazes Brewery, and on the West by the Road to Spital Tongues.

LOT 13. A PLOT OF GROUND on the Castle Leazes, containing 4A., extending from the end of Leazes Terrace to the Leazes Crescent, by which it is bounded on the South, and on the West by the Terrace, and on the East by the road leading to the Spital Tongues.

All the above Plots of Ground to remain in Grass; and draining pipes will be from time to time supplied free by the Herbage Committee, if desired, and the drainage is to be completed to the satisfaction of the Herbage Committee.

All which said Plots of Ground are laid down on a Plan deposited in the Office of Mr. LAMB, the Corporation Property Surveyor, in the Town Hall Buildings.

The said Lease to be for a Term of Seven Years only, and no longer, and commence from the 11th day of November next, and be subject to conditions which will be read at the Letting.

The Highest Bidder shall give Security, to be approved of by the Stewards or Wardens of the Companies of the said Town, who shall be present at such Letting or the major part of them, for the Payment of the Rents to be reserved by, and the performance of the covenants to be contained in, the Lease.

R. P. PHILIPSON, Town Clerk.
Newcastle upon-Tyne, 24th August, 1868. 529

Business Announcements.

ADAM BRODIE,
AUCTIONEER, PRACTICAL DRAPERY AND GENERAL SALESMAN AND AUTHORISED STOCK VALUER,
MIDDLE STREET, CONSETT. 518

RICHARD MURRAY,
COACH AND HORSES INN,
CONSETT.

LICENSED to let Hack Horses, Gigs, Dog Carts, Waggonettes, Phaetons, Brakes, &c., with or without Horses. 539

THOMAS ANDERSON,
BONESETTER,
BARLOW NEAR WINLATON,

WILL, on and after JUNE 13th, attend Fortnightly at MR. GEO. ROUTLEDGE'S, Commercial Inn, Consett, from One o'clock till Four. T. A. was taught by the celebrated Bonesetter, Mr. ISAAC MILBURN, Alnwick, and has succeeded in effecting a cure in every case entrusted to his care. 51

W. WILKINSON,
VICTORIA HOTEL, NEWGATE STREET, NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE.

WINES, SPIRITS, and CIGARS of the Choicest Quality. First-class ALES and Excellent LONDON STOUT.

The Gladstone Omnibus leaves the above address for Scotswood, Lemington, and Newburn every day. From Newburn. 8·40 a.m., 1·30 and 5·40 p.m. From Newcastle, 11·45 a.m., 3·45, and 7·45 p.m. Sundays, from Newburn 8·30 a.m. and 5·43 p.m.; from Newcastle 10 a.m. and 7·45 p.m. 526

For Sale.

FOR SALE,
A GOOD HARMONIUM and a BASS FIDDLE.—Apply, to Mr. THOMAS ROWE, confectioner, Leadgate. 535

VALUABLE and DESIRABLE BUILDING SITES for SALE by PRIVATE CONTRACT, situate at Blackhill, Baxton Burn, Shotley Bridge, Leadgate, Medomsley Edge, and Consett.—Apply to Mr. WM. RAW, Auctioneer, Valuer, Surveyor, and Commission Agent, Blackhill.

Sale Office, Blackhill, April 29th, 1868. 316

SAND FOR BUILDING PURPOSES
ON SALE at KYO SAND QUARRY, at 1s. 6d. per Load, ready money.—Apply to ROBERT HENDERSON, Blacksmith, on the ground. 40

Public Notice.

NOTICE.

GENTLEMEN are requested not to Sport over the lands of Dyke Nook, High Knitsley, and East and West Knitsley Grange without leave. A Gamekeeper is now placed upon these lands and all trespassers will be prosecuted as the law directs.

JAMES HARRISON,
Knitsley Bridge. 536

The Consett Guardian.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 29, 1868.

RUFFIANISM RAMPANT.

CONSETT in days gone by enjoyed a notoriety reflecting but little credit to its inhabitants, and it was said that if your desire was to hasten death by placing yourself in such a position as to receive undue chastisement without provocation, you had simply to perambulate the streets for a short time, when a sudden blow from an unseen hand would in all probability be your reward. If successfully knocked down, the chastisement would be followed by sundry kicks, rendering you most probably a cripple for life. A brighter day, however, dawned upon Consett. Under the influence of the teachings of ministers of religion and schoolmasters, supplemented by the efforts of a local press, morality assumed a healthier tone, life and property were held more sacred, and the notoriety once held by Consett as a den of ruffians was passing away. During the past few days, however, the good name we were obtaining has been sadly marred by a series of disgraceful outrages which have occurred in our midst;—quiet, inoffensive persons have been deliberately knocked down in the streets, and the cruelty of their assailants has been such that in one case at least the life of one poor sufferer is in danger, while in another the heroism displayed by those attacked alone saved them from a similar fate. We have, we confess, an energetic and highly disciplined body of police, whose vigorous action would no doubt alarm the miscreants if they could get them within arm's length; but somehow, the appearance of an officer is the signal for a general skedaddle amongst the renegades, and in a short space of time they are nowhere. The fact is, more stringent and energetic measures must be instituted for the establishment of law and order in our town, and we were glad to observe from yesterday's police news that the Magistrates at Lanchester are of the same opinion. The punishment inflicted upon persons found guilty of such disgraceful and barbarous practices as have lately occurred here is not sufficient. They are fined it is true, but these fines are quickly raised by subscription, and fall but lightly on the real offenders. Punishment sufficient to deter from the repetition of these outrages is what is due to such disturbers of the public peace, and we confidently hope that the inhabitants of this place will one and all consider it their bounden duty to aid the authorities in putting down such malevolent proceedings, and thus endeavour to obtain for our town a better character for peace and sobriety than that which it unfortunately at present possesses.

Local and District News.

ACCIDENT AT TOW LAW.—On Wednesday a man named William Jackson fell through the gearing at Tow Law Ironworks, a height of about thirty feet, and died about four hours after the injures thus received. He has left a wife and five children.

THE LATE BRUTAL ASSAULT AT CONSETT.—At Wednesday, three ironworkers, named Michael and Barnard Tumilty and John O'Neil, were brought before A. Town, Esq., at the Shotley Bridge Police Court, charged with cutting and wounding Henry Gillon, in John Street, Consett, on Monday night the 17th inst. Although near a fortnight has elapsed the poor fellow has remained in an unconscious condition, and a certificate which Sergt. Wood handed to the magistrates from Dr. W. M. Renton certified that he was suffering from concussion of the brain, and was in an extremely precarious condition. The prisoners were again remanded.

CONSETT NEW ELECTORAL LIST.—The following are the numbers entitled to vote as shown by the Overseers' List for the township of Conside and Knitsley:

On Old Register			141
Less Overseers' objections			27
			—114
£12 Occupiers (List No. 4)			51
New Claims (List No. 3)			45
			210
Liberal objections	7		
Conservative objection	52		
Less previously objected to by both parties	16		
	—36		
		— 43	
Less, previously objected to by both parties		1	
			—— 42
			168
£12 Occupiers (Claim List No. 4 a)			13
			181
Less, double entry			1
			180

It is fully anticipated that as many of the objections cannot well be maintained, a considerable addition will be made to the total number of voters as stated above.

WEARDALE AND SHILDON DISTRICT WATERWORKS COMPANY.—The half-yearly ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of this company was held at their office in Russell Street Buildings, Darlington, on Wednesday week. Mr. D. Dale presided.—The secretary, Mr. William Hardy, read the report of the directors, which stated that the works were progressing satisfactorily, and that the tenders which had been received in reply to the advertisement issued for the formation of the high reservoir having been carefully gone through, that of Messrs. Hall and Lee, of Staleybridge, was accepted. A competent clerk of the works had been engaged, and a dwelling-house was being erected near the high reservoir in which he would reside during the construction of the works, and which would afterwards be occupied by the superintendent. The pipes had been laid between Shildon, Crook, and Etherley, and the directors were endeavouring by temporary arrangements to make these available for giving a supply of water to the places on the line thereof. The statement of accounts for the last half-year was laid upon the table.—The chairman said that when works were in course of construction, and a company had arrived at that stage of proceedings which they had now reached, there was little for a chairman to communicate to its shareholders. They were aware that the scheme consisted of the construction of a high reservoir at Waskerley, and the laying of pipes from that point to Tow Law and Shildon; and also of the formation of what was spoken of as the low reservoir between Waskerley and the Wear Valley Junction, with a line of pipes to the Junction, this supplementing the high reservoir and accommodating the places on their line of route. Operations had been commenced with the high reservoir on the 16th of June, and it will probably require two years to complete the contract. As must be expected, calls in the meantime would be made; but the directors would take care that these did not fall at inconvenient periods. On the whole, the prospects of the company were as favourable as ever, they were, and it was probable that the results would be as satisfactory as the most sanguine anticipated. He moved the adoption of the report.—This proposition was seconded by Mr. Wm. Thompson, and after being carried unanimously, and a vote of thanks accorded to the chairman, the meeting separated.

At the Durham Borough Police Court, on Monday, John McGuire (13) and Owen Target (12) were charged under the Juvenile Offenders' Act, with having stolen two ticket books from the Durham Baths and Washhouses. They were fined 10s. each and costs, in default seven day's imprisonment.

RAID AGAINST DOGS AT BISHOP AUCKLAND.—On Monday, at the Bishop Auckland Police Court, no less than 12 cases were brought by Mr. Speke, supervisor of Inland revenue, against as many persons for keeping dogs with license. One case was dismissed, and another adjourned, and the other ten were fined in the mitigated penalty of 25s. each; some of whom paid at once, and others were allowed time.

Philip Spreser was charged on Monday, (before the Gateshead Borough magistrates), with stealing bacon and lard, worth 1s. the property of Mr. Charles Anderson, pork-butcher, High Street. Mr. Anderson did not wish to press for a heavy punishment, and acting on that consideration, the Bench only sent accused to gaol for six weeks.

ATTEMPTED RAPE AT SUNDERLAND.—On Monday, a middle-aged man, named Samuel Roberts, shoemaker, was charged before the Sunderland magistrates, with having committed a rape on Mary Ann Newby, a girl about 12 years of age. The particulars of the case are not fit for publication. The evidence of Dr. Francis showed that no criminal assault had been actually committed, but the girl had been roughly handled by the prisoner. The magistrates decided to remand the case for a week, in order that more evidence might be got.

MR. I. L. BELL AND THE TEAM VALLEY RAILWAY.—During the past few weeks, Mr. I. L. Bell has been in communication with the North-Eastern Railway Company, with a view to ascertaining the probable date at which the new railway through the Team Valley from Newcastle to Durham will be ready for public traffic. The reply which has been elicited implies that the great bar to the immediate opening of the line is the survey of the railway by the Government inspector. This, it is expected, will be done in the course of next month, and the opening of the new line will follow immediately.

POTATO PHENOMENA.—A somewhat curious phenomena has taken place in Weardale. All the farmers and a great many of the cottagers cultivate less or more the potato, which, hitherto this season, has proved a good crop, and free from disease. But since these last rains, on taking up the potatoes, they are invariably sprouted, in some cases every eye shooting forth a sprout, some of which are three inches long, and the infant leaves about to expand. What has caused the potatoes to thus germinate?

CAPSIZING OF A BOAT AND TWO MEN DROWNED.—On Monday morning, about three o'clock, while a gale of wind was blowing, two ferry-boatmen, named Alexander Forster and Thomas Thewles, belonging to North Shields, put off to sea. A few hours afterwards, the steam-tug Felon brought into harbour a boat which had been found, bottom up, two miles off Souter Point. It is supposed that the two men met with a watery grave, as nothing could be seen of them when the boat was picked up. Forster and Thowles were married, but have no family.

FIRE AT BEDFORD LODGE, BISHOP AUCKLAND.—On Monday morning, the residence of Mr. G. Bigland, Bedford Lodge, Bishop Auckland, had a narrow escape from being burnt down. A chimney had fired, and with the wind some of the fire had ignited the dry wooden spout. The fire was making rapid progress, when it was fortunately discovered by Mr. Pearson, living near, who with some men from Blue Row Forge, rendered valuable assistance, and succeeded in extinguishing the flames before the arrival of the Bishop Auckland hose and reel. One man narrowly escaped falling off the roof with a bucket of water.

A DISHONEST SERVANT MAID.—At the Durham Borough Police Court, on Saturday, Isabella Halliday, a young woman, was charged with having stolen a sixpence, the property of Mary Ann Dixon. The prosecutrix and the prisoner were in the employ of Mrs. Jane Hall, of the Bowes' Arms Hotel, Market Place, Durham. Her honesty being suspected, three sixpences were marked and placed in Dixon's box in her bed-room. After some time one of the sixpences was missed. Inquiries were made, and it was found that the prisoner had purchased a bottle of lavender water with the stolen sixpence, marked with the letter W. Prisoner was sentenced to one month's imprisonment.

Elfin in the *Newcastle Daily Chronicle* of Monday says: "W. H. T." makes the following inquiry:—'Can you inform me when the railway authorities are going (if ever) to connect the Derwent Valley Railway with the Stockton and Darlington Railway at Benfieldside? The Derwent Valley has now been opened out for several months. If you wish to go to Cold Rowley, which is only a few miles from Benfieldside, and consult the 'A B C Railway Guide,' the distance you will have to traverse is there given as 51 miles, and you must travel round the country by Bishop Auckland to arrive at your destination, leaving Newcastle at 11·15, and arriving at Cold Rowley at 5·30 p.m., which is as long or longer that it would take you to go to Edinburgh. Are the railway authorities afraid of having too much traffic on the Derwent Valley line, or does it rest with the Darlington section that the trains do not run in conjunction with each other?' I wish I could give "W. H. T." a satisfactory answer to his questions, but I am unable to do so."

STAMFORDHAM LAMB FAIR.—The annual lamb fair at the above place was held on Thursday last. The lots consisting of half-breds and Cheviots, exhibited for sale was much below the number, compared with that of last year, which may be attributable in some degree to a similar fair being held at Collerford, a distance of eight or nine miles from Stamfordham, on the same day. Cheviot lambs were sold at prices from 7s. 6d. to 9s. a-head; good half-bred lambs from 12s. to 14s., but the majority of the lots of this breed, however, were sold at 10s. and 11s. a-head. A few lots of Irish cattle were also in the market, but few, if any, were sold. The riding of the fair, which took place at two o'clock in the afternoon, was executed by Mr. Askell, Mainsbank, and Mr. Turnbull, Capheaton, both agents to Sir John Swinburne, Bart., the Lord of the Manor, and several other of the baronet's tenants residing in Stamfordham. After the process, the processionists were most hospitably entertained at Mr. Rutherford's Bay Horse Inn by Messrs. Askell and Turnbull.

ALLENDALE AGRICULTURAL SHOW.—The annual show of the Allendale, Hexhamshire, and Whitfield Agricultural Society was held at Allendale Town, on Saturday, and so far as the number of entries and the quality of stock were concerned might be justly looked upon as the best ever held under the auspices of this society. Unfortunately, however, the exceedingly miserable state of the weater marred to a great extent the success of the show, a perfect down-pour of rain falling during the entire morning till late in the afternoon, consequently visitors were prevented entering the show yard, and in fact, the animals were brought away immediately they were judged. The entries were:—Short-horned cattle, 71; horses, 44; Leicester sheep, 38; black-faced sheep, 44; dogs, 16; butter, 44; total, 257. The stock for exhibition was unusually good, particularly the sheep, the exhibitors of which included such noted breeders as Messrs. Dinning, Nilstone Ridge; Mr. Lambert, Ellerington Hall; Mr. G. G. Lee, Land Ends; Mr. T. A. Stephenson, Newbiggin; and Messrs. White, Staples. The prime black-faced gimmers of Messrs. White took first honours, and they were considered the best ever shown in the North of England, though they were only placed second at the Northumberland Show at Cornhill. A protest was entered against the second prize animal, in the class for bulls of any age, on the ground that its owner does not reside within the society's district.

THE "RADCLIFFE" PROCESS.—On Monday Mr. J. Jones, F.G.S., read a paper before the British Association for the Advancement of Science, assembled at Norwich, "On some points affecting the economical manufacture of iron." In this paper Mr. Jones proceeded to detail the manufacture of iron by what is called the "Radcliffe" process, and as the author of the paper, is himself practically acquainted with the iron trade, his opinions on the subject are, therefore, of great value. He says:—"The puddled iron, which is usually rolled into rough bars, straightened and weighed, allowed to get cool, then cut up, piled, heated, rolled into bloom, reheated, and finally rolled into finished iron, after a complicated series of operations, is by the new method finished off by a continuous and simple process. Five or more puddled balls are put together into a large bloom under a very heavy steam hammer, shingled down into a bloom, passed for a short time into a heating furnace, and rolled off into finished iron not more than half-an-hour after leaving the puddling furnace. Specimens of iron made by this process was exhibited, and it was stated that by it a great saving was effected in all departments of the manufacture. It was calculated that a saving of 1,500,000 tons of coal annually would result from the general application of this system. Particular stress was laid upon the fact that in carrying out this process no expensive alterations of existing works was required, and a saving of from 3½ to 4 cwt. of puddled iron would be secured upon each ton of finished rails or plates now turned out, the cost of making malleable iron being reduced to a very considerable extent." The importance of the whole question in a national point of view was also dwelt upon.—The paper was discussed at some length.

Mr. Elliott, Conservative candidate, delivered an address at Wrekenton on Wednesday evening. Mr. J. M. Favell presiding. The meeting which was very large, was held in the open air.

THEFT AT BLANCHLAND.—On Friday, E. Todd was brought before R. Wallis, Esq., at the Hexham Police Court, charged with having on the 14th of the present month stolen a pair of scissors and a tape line, belonging to Mr. Thos. Reed, tailor, of Blanchland. The property was found in the possession of the prisoner. The case was remanded.

At the Durham Brewster Sessions on Tuesday only one application was made for a new licence, namely, William Brown, of the Boat House, Sidegate, which the magistrates refused. The "black list" was extremely light, only six publicans figuring on it.

On Tuesday night, an inquest was held at the Newcastle Dead House, on the body of a man whose name is not known, and who was found in the Tyne about twelve o'clock on Sunday by a labourer, named Michael McDonald. The jury returned a verdict of "Found drowned."

Thirty-five candidates have made made application for appointment to the vacant office of Chief Constable of the Durham Borough Police Force vacant by the resignation of Superintendent Beard. A committee was appointed to scrutinise the testimonials, and ultimately ten candidates were selected from the number of applicants.

ACCIDENT AT HAMSTEELS COLLIERY.—On Wednesday an accident occurred at Hamsteels, colliery to a man named Alexander Troup, who was employed with others at the bottom of the shaft. It appears that they were engaged in blasting the stone, and that as the shot did not explode at the first attempt, they went back to the spot and began to put the shot ready for a second trial, when it "went off" and severely fractured the hand of Troup injuring one of his eyes. He was at once placed under medical care and we understand he is now recovering.

A NOBLE FELLOW.—In the employment of the Wear Commissioners, is a man named Henry Watts, who has a perfect *penchant* for rescuing life, and has, in one way or other, succeeded in saving twenty-five individuals. The twenty-fifth success was on Friday night, when about seven o'clock a boy named John Fox, living in Mill Street, Sunderland, fell out of a boat at the Mark Quay into the river. Watts was at no great distance, and immediately he heard a lad was overboard, he jumped into the river, and with some difficulty grasped the boy and brought him ashore.

A SUNDERLAND CAPTAIN AND SEAMAN WASHED OVERBOARD.—A telegram has been received in Sunderland from Madras, announcing the drowning of Capt. Thomas Carse, of the ship Imogen, and Robert Smith, the carpenter of the same vessel. The Imogen, a new vessel, sailed on her first voyage from Sunderland to Madras on the 1st of April, and the telegram from that port is dated the 13th, and briefly announced that on the passage out, the captain and carpenter had been washed overboard. Captain Carse has left three children, one of them a son, an apprentice on board the Imogen. The carpenter, a young man, was also the nephew of the captain.

DEATH OF A WOMAN FROM POISON IN NEWCASTLE.—On Tuesday evening, J. T. Hoyle, Esq., the coroner, held an inquest at the Byker Tavern, Newcastle, on the body of Ann Develin, a married woman, aged 38 years, who died on Monday through taking a lotion by mistake. On Saturday night deceased got two bottles of medicine from the Newcastle Dispensary. One of the bottles was labelled "Liniment—Poison," and the other was labelled "Table-spoonful to be taken three times a-day." Deceased remarked to a woman named Mary Flagharty, who was at the time in the house, that it was not marked on the liniment bottle how much she had to take, but she supposed it was all right. She then took a table-spoonful of the liniment and immediately commenced to vomit. Dr. Anderson surgeon of the Eastern District of the Newcastle Dispensary, stated in evidence that he did not tell deceased that the liniment was poison, as "Poison" was marked on the label. A table-spoonful of the liniment was sufficient to cause death. The jury's verdict was "That deceased died in consequence of taking poison by mistake."

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY AT AUCKLAND CASTLE.—About nine o'clock on Saturday night, an attempt was made to burglariously enter Auckland Castle, the residence of the Bishop of Durham. The attempt had been made to enter by one of the servant's bedroom windows, in the low gallery, or west wing of the Castle, and was, so far as entering, successful. About ten o'clock, after prayers, one of the domestics had retired to her room, taking a lighted candle with her, when she found the lower part of the window open, which was unusual, as it was always stiff and could not be opened. On looking, there were plain to be seen on the white wall which slopes below the window inside, dirty foot marks. An alarm was at once raised, the whole of the servants, male and female, who had just retired to bed, turned out, and great excitement prevailed. Headed by the butler, armed with a loaded gun, a search party of the whole household was formed, and every closet, room, and corner throughout the precincts of the Castle, inside and out were searched diligently, but without success. Information was sent to the police, and Superintendent Henderson with two men visited the Castle, and made another search, and afterwards a policeman reconnoitered the Castle all night. It has been ascertained that one of the servant girls had been washing herself in the room adjoining that where the entrance was effected, and it is probable the burglar had heard her going about the room and being disturbed, as nothing was taken away, the object had apparently been to get concealed when all were asleep. The Bishop and family are all at the Castle.

HEXHAM BOARD OF GUARDIANS.—PROPOSED NEW COUNTY RATE BASIS.—On Tuesday, the fortnightly meeting of the Guardians of the Poor for the Hexham Union was held at the Workhouse, Hexham—Mr. T. P. Dodds, chairman, presiding. There was a fair attendance of guardians. The chairman called attention to the new proposed basis for the county rate, and said they would remember that in 1866, the County Rate Committee sent out a proposed new basis, which their Board very strongly and very properly objected to, on the ground that the total increase from 1862 to 1865 on the whole county was £27,941, to which the Hexham Union contributed £21,243, Bellingham £2,935, and Haltwhistle £6,867, making more than the gross increase on the county. Their Board, as he had already stated, objected, and in conjunction with the Haltwhistle Board attended Alnwick Sessions, and got the basis referred back to the committee. After two years of labour they had produced another basis which very materially improved upon the last as, instead of the gross increase being £27,941, it was very nearly £127,000. Tynemouth, which in 1865 was only increased to the extent of £2,699, was now increased £63,882 over the basis of 1862; and Morpeth, instead of decreasing as made in 1865 £2,500, had been increased over £13,000 over 1862. The net increase from 1862 to 1865 was only 2·5 per cent; but now, it was 9·6 per cent, a more satisfactory matter, and, if the magistrates had gone carefully into it, as the magistrates of Durham had done, instead of £127,000 they would have got an increase of upwards of £200,000. After a little discussion it was agreed to accept the proposed basis, at least to give it no opposition. Other business having been transacted, the Board adjourned.

UNITED METHODIST FREE CHURCH—CAUSEY ROW.—The foundation-stone of a new chapel and school was laid at Causey Row, on Monday afternoon, by Capt. W. J. Joicey, in the presence of a large company of spectators. Capt. Joicey, who was accompanied by Mrs. Joicey, and surrounded by a number of ministers and friends, performed the ceremony in a very careful and efficient manner. In a brief and suitable speech he expressed the pleasure it gave him to be present for such a purpose. He hoped the chapel and school would be a great benefit to those for whom they were intended, and that their posterity would reap the advantage of what they were that day doing. A beautiful silver trowel was presented to him on behalf of the trustees by Mr. R. Potts, Alliance Villas, Felling. A short address was given by the Rev. W. Dawkins, one of the ministers of the circuit, in which he alluded to the need which existed for a new chapel and a school. He said the building would not be for common purposes, but a house in which to worship God. It would also be a Protestant place of worship—the Bible alone would be the standard of appeal in all matters of faith and practice. The men who would occupy the pulpit would be bound by no formulas, expected to sign no articles; and yet in their own courts of inquiry and examination they had a sufficient guarantee that they would be preserved from rationalism on the one hand and ritualistic superstition on the other. Referring to their principles of church government, he believed them to be thoroughly liberal, and in perfect harmony with the spirit of the times. The Revs. S. Newton, Monkwearmouth, and J. Jordon, Felling, also took part in the ceremony. The sum of £16 was collected. Tea was provided in a large marquee, of which about 260 persons partook. In the evening a public meeting was held, presided over by Mr. Potts. The principal speakers were Mr. Robb, Hexham, and the Rev. S. Newton. Short speeches were also given by the Revs. J. Jordan, W. Armstrong, and Messrs. G. Todd (Burnopfield), G. Patterson (Sheriff Hill), M. Hume (Gateshead), and J. Lucas (Eighton Banks), and thus concluded a most interesting meeting. On the previous day sermons were preached, and collections made, on behalf of the building fund, the proceeds of the two days amounting to about £35.

On Wednesday, Wm. Proudfoot was instantaneously killed at the machine works of Messrs. Lingford's, Bishop Auckland.

DEATH BY SCALDING AT SOUTH SHIELDS.—On Wednesday forenoon, a young lad named Thos. Mason, 12 years of age, son of David Mason, seaman, residing in Legget Hill, accidently fell into a large tank containing boiling water, in the glassworks of Messrs Moore, West Holborn. Dr. Coward attended the lad, but he died soon after.

THE CLEVELAND IRON TRADE.—There was a good attendance of the ironmasters on 'Change on Tuesday, and a fair amount of business was transacted. Pig-iron prices were firm at 46s., No. 1, 43s., No. 3, 42s., 42s., No. 4, cash prompt and delivery at makers works. The tendency to an improvement is, however, not so apparent yet in the demand as anticipated, and reports of sales at a shade lower than last rates were confirmed. The make of the district is fully up to the deliveries, and no decrease on makers stocks expected at the end of the month.

SAD ACCIDENT ON GILESGATE MOOR, DURHAM.—On Monday morning, two waggons and a cart were conveying a party of excursionists to the city of Durham. On arriving at Gilesgate Moor one of the waggons stopped to pick up another party, when a man named Thompson got out. The vehicle starting without him, he ran up to it and jumped upon one of the shafts. Not getting securely on he slipped off, and the front wheel went over both of his legs. The driver fortunately however, got the horses stopped before the hind wheels touched the poor man. He was picked up and taken into a neighbouring house, where he received every kindly assistance that his case required.

A TASTE FOR PORT WINE.—At the Durham Borough police office, on Monday, Richard Quin, a joiner was charged with stealing a quantity of port wine, the property of Mr. Francis Greenwell, wine and spirit merchant, Market Place, Durham. The prisoner and another man was, on the 4th July last, in the employ of Mr. George Robson, of Durham, and were sent to fix a gawntree in the prosecutor's cellars, and whilst there made a hole in a pipe of port wine, and got drunk. A quantity of port wine was also found in a tin can and a bottle ready to be taken away. After the robbery the prisoner absconded, and was only apprehended on Sunday last. The prisoner pleaded guilty and was sentenced to three months' imprisonment with hard labour.

TESTIMONIAL TO THE REV. J. BROADBENT.—On Monday night, a largely attended meeting was held in the Central Hall, Sunderland, to originate a testimonial to the Rev. John Broadbent, Wesleyan minister, who is about to leave Sunderland for North Shields, as a testimonial to the labours of that gentleman as a social and temperance and religious reformer during the three years he has been in Sunderland. The chair was taken by Ald. Candlish, M.P., who spoke with a good deal of earnestness in behalf of Mr. Broadbent's labours.—Mr. Halcro, on moving the first resolution, said Mr. Broadbent and coadjutors had induced no less than 4,000 people to sign the pledge, and he had also accomplished a great religious reformation at the east end of the town.—Resolutions were passed to originate a subscription list (£50 having been already subscribed) and appointing a committee to obtain subscriptions.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—This medicine has resisted every test which time, prejudice, and vested interest could impose upon it, and it at length stands forth triumphant as the most reliable remedy for those derangements of the system so common at the change of seasons. When the air grows cooler, and the functions of the skin are retarded, an occasional dose of Holloway's Pills will call on the liver and kidneys for greater activity, and compensate the system for diminished cutaneous action. As alterative aperients, and tonics these Pills have no equal. To every aged and delicate person, whose appetite is defective, digestion infirm, and tone of health low, this medicine will be a precious boon, conferring both ease and strength. 50

RIOT AND WRECKAGE IN DURHAM THEATRE.—During the latter part of last week, a party of vocalists from Sunderland, of whom a man named Thompson was the manager, took the theatre to give a comic concert, but ostensibly for the purpose of perpetrating a swindle. Previous to opening on Monday night, a large crowd assembled in the street, opposite to the entrance to the theatre; and when the doors were thrown open, all parts of the building were crowded. One of the vocalists appeared on the stage and sang a song, whilst his brethren, who were taking the money at the entrance, suddenly decamped with £10 taken at the door. The company finding that the concert had been brought to a sudden termination, and that a gross swindle had been perpetrated, forthwith commenced tearing down the gas pipes, as well as the scenes of the theatre, breaking up the seats of the gallery, and throwing them into the pit, in fact making the house a general wreck. The damage done is considerable, and, as a theatre, the building is now a complete wreck. It will require a large sum to put it into a proper state of repair.

AN HONEST TURN.—Some few evenings ago, a Newcastle tradesman, who is lodging at the village of Marden, near Whitley, returned from this town by the last train on the Blyth and Tyne Railway, and on alighting at the Whitley Station was requested by a little boy—named Anthony Shuttleworth, of Whitley—to allow him to take his carpet bag. The gentleman consented, and on their arrival at Marden gave the youth a few coppers for his trouble. Late on in the evening a woman called upon the gentleman, and, after ascertaining that he had given the lad some coppers, informed him that amongst the copper was a sovereign, which she returned. It appeared from her statement that her son had taken home the money, and, having given her part, went out to spend the rest, but finding on his way that it was gold instead of copper, returned to his mother, who lost no time in seeking out the gentleman. This piece of honesty is much to be appreciated, and evidently shows that, not only are the parents strictly moral in their own conduct, but they also teach their children that "honesty is the best policy."

NATAL, NORTH OF ENGLAND, AND WELSH COAL.—A trial has been made on board Her Majesty's steamer Hydra, lying in Algoa Bay, of Natal coal from the Biggarsberg and Newcastle (not picked samples) in comparison with West Hartley and Welsh coal. Mr. Lodge, the engineer in charge of the Hydra, reports that when steaming easy the Natal coal is nearly equal in commercial value to the Cardiff, but when as much steam is required as can be generated a much larger proportion is used. This is owing to the quantity of earthly matter contained in the Natal coal, which deadens the fires, and makes it impossible to keep steam up without the constant use of the pricker and rake. A less quantity of Natal coal is used than of West Hartley for the same amount of steam generated, but it is much easier to keep steam with the latter than the former. Mr. Lodge adds that if the Natal coal can be obtained free from earthly matter it will be equal to the best qualities of Welsh coal. It is hoped that this admixture of earthly matter may cease to be noticeable when the coal mines are fairly opened up, and not merely worked at the surface.

FALSE WEIGHTS.—The following are the names of persons brought up at the Gateshead County Police Court, on Tuesday, charged with keeping false weights, and the amounts of the fine inflicted upon them. Mr. Matthew Reid, butcher, Heworth, fined 5s and costs; Mr. William Hunter, grocer, New Washington, fined 10s and costs; Mrs. Eleanor Robinson, New Washington, fined 10s and costs; Mr. Thomas Arkman, grocer, Stella, fined 14s and costs; Mrs. Jane Barclay, grocer, Felling, fined 20s and costs; Mr. Archbold Wilson, grocer, Felling Shore, fined 20s and costs; Mr. Robert Gillender, of the Co-operative store, Swalwell, fined 20s and costs; Mr. Joseph Wallace, grocer and butcher, Ryton, fined 20s and costs; Mrs. Ann Thompson, provision dealer, Ryton Lane Head, fined 20s and costs; Mr. Anthony Wells, grocer, Winlaton, fined 20s and costs; Mr. Richard Atkinson, grocer, Dunston, fined 20s and costs; Mr. John green, grocer, Emmaville, fined 20s and costs; Mr. Thomas Ivison, butcher, Felling Shore, fined 20s and costs; Mr. Daniel Lavery, butcher, Felling Shore, fined 20s and costs; Mr. Thomas Spotteswood, of the Co-operative store, Blaydon, fined 25s and costs.

DEATH OF MR. JOHN MACINTOSH.—Mr. J. MacIntosh, formerly of Newcastle, died at Peckham, London, on Saturday morning, and this sad event will be deeply regretted by many friends. They will long cherish his memory for his manly advocacy of political and social reform, his bold denunciation of all shams, and his honest upholding of principles which he considered just and right. He presented Newcastle at the National Convention, which met in London, May 1st, 1848, and took an independent stand when party feeling ran so high between the friends of the late political chiefs, Mr. F. O'Connor and Mr. Bronterre O'Brien. He has been engaged writing for the London and provincial press since he left Newcastle. The readers of *Reynolds' Newspaper* will now miss the sturdy utterances of the genial kind-hearted "Northumbrian," under which signature he wrote for that paper. He has left a widow and four children wholly unprovided for. Mr. MacIntosh, although born a Scotchman, had not the carefulness of his countrymen. It will be necessary to appeal to the public to help the widow and orphans, and the North of England will not surely be behind in so good a cause. For some time after the *Northern Daily Express* was established Mr. MacIntosh was its London correspondent.

FIRST ADMINISTRATIVE BATTALION OF DURHAM RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

On Tuesday afternoon, the several corps forming the above fine battalion assembled (under the command of Major Joicey) in a field at Vigo, for inspection by Col. Roche, the Government Inspector. The total strength was about 700, as follows:—7th (Durham City), Captain-Commandant Monks, Captain Robson, Captain Smith, Lieutenant Tiplady, Ensign Smith, 9 sergeants, 2 buglers, and 130 rank and file; 10th (Beamish), Captain Wm. Joicey, Lieutenant Humble, 5 sergeants, and 55 rank and file; 11th (Chester-le-Street), Captain Murray, Lieutenant Gibson, Ensign Shipperdson, 4 sergeants, 18 buglers and band, 42; 13th (Washington and Birtley), Captain-Commandant I. H. Bell, Captain Hunt, Lieut. Hodgson, Lieutenant Bowman, Ensign Manners, 10 sergeants, 21 buglers and band, and 122 rank and file; 14th (Felling), Captain-Commandant Pattinson, Captain Watson, Lieutenant Anderson, Lieutenant Pattinson, Ensign Young, 1 staff, 10 sergeants, 3 buglers, and band, and 161 rank and file. The weather was favourable for field movements, though rather cold for the numerous spectators. About half-past six o'clock Colonel Roche arrived on the ground accompanied by his staff, Major Joicey, Major Redmayne, and Captain and Adjutant Wilkin; and the battalion was drawn up in line to receive the inspecting officer. Colonel Roche then rode up and down the line, and minutely inspected the accoutrements, &c. The spectators were highly delighted with the marching past, and it was remarked by several military men that they had seldom seen the movement better gone through. Indeed almost the whole of the manœuvres were executed in a style which would have done no discredit to regular soldiers. The battalion was put through the manual and platoon exercises—manœuvred, and then skirmished, &c.

Colonel Roche, addressing Major Joicey, and the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men of the battalion, said he had great satisfaction in telling them that he considered they had done better on this occasion than on any previous inspection; and he must tell them, at the same time, that throughout the district he found a great amendment. There had been a great advance in drill, and this must be very satisfactory to themselves, and to all connected with them. There was a steadiness in the whole of the movements, which was very pleasing. He had spoken before of the raising of the left hand, which as seen by a spectator looked exceedingly bad; but he was glad to notice an almost entire absence of this. On the 31st inst., he would have the pleasure of reviewing them at Durham, and on that occasion there would be a sham fight. He requested them to be particular in skirmishing—nothing looked so bad as the overlapping of the right and left on the centre. He would have much pleasure in reporting favourably of the battalion. He was only sorry that Colonel Perkins was not present to see the movements, as nothing could have given him greater pleasure. The colonel concluded by hoping they would turn out strong at Durham, and by assuring them that he would report favourably of their appearance that day. (Cheers.)

Major Joicey said he was sure every one felt, as well as Colonel Roche, the absence of their gallant Colonel. He would have been extremely glad to have seen him present. He thanked Colonel Roche on behalf of himself and brother officers, for coming there to inspect the battalion, and for the way in which he had spoken of their drill.

Cheers were then given for Colonel Roche, Colonel Perkins, and Major Joicey, after which the men were dismissed. After partaking of refreshments, the corps were marched off the field, and proceeded by rail and road to their respective destinations.

HORRIBLE CRUELTY TO A CHILD AT SUNDERLAND.

A shocking case of cruelty was revealed in the Sunderland Police Court on Tuesday, on a child, named John Thomas Harris, six years of age, being charged with begging in the public streets. According to the child's statement, its parents belonged to Stockton, but its mother was at present living in Sunderland. The business of the little fellow was to go about begging, and in order to elicit the sympathy of those applied to, pulled up the sleeve of his smock and the skirts of his frock, and exhibited his arm and leg, the flesh of which is deeply indented by a tight cord having been tied tightly round both limbs. The cord appears to have been tightly tied, because there is scarcely a piece of flesh under the skin, which barely covers the bone. The arm and leg of the child were shown in court, and a profound sensation was created among the magistrates, the officers of the Court, and the auditory. In answer to the Chief Constable (Mr. Stainsby), the child said its parents belonged to Stockton, but it could not name the street they lived in. The indentation on the arms and leg were caused by the father tying it to the bed with tightly drawn cords, for the purpose of crippling the child, and thus rendering it an object of pity. The entire use and feeling of both limbs is almost gone. P. C. Hornsby said he was sitting in his house on Tuesday morning when the child came in to beg, and after asking for relief, began to exhibit its deformed arm and leg. He enquired what had caused the deformities, and elicited from the child that they had been done by its father. He then took the child to the police station, being convinced it was a case demanding enquiry. It was stated in court that the mother of the child was in Sunderland, and the case was adjourned in order that she might be found. It was apparent from the nature of the indentations, that the practice of tying the cord round its limbs must have been done from a very early age. The child is now only six years of age, and the marks on the skin seem to have been done some time ago, as the flesh is completely healed up. The case is one demanding a searching investigation.

On Wednesday, at the Sunderland Police Court, John Thomas Harrison, and his mother, Dorothy Harrison, were placed in the dock together. The Chief Constable said the mother of the child was taken into custody, as it was alleged by the child that he had been badly used by his parents. Since then the child had voluntarily told him that his father had not illused him in the manner described when before the magistrates, namely, by tying a tight cord round his arm and leg, and fastening him to a bed pole. There was no truth in the story. The mother stated that the child was born the way the flesh on the arm and leg had grown. Her husband, she said, left her some time ago in Stockton, and she was now quite destitute. She did send the child out to beg. The woman's story was considered satisfactory, and she was discharged, the magistrates ordering 4s. out of the poor box to be given to her towards assisting her to Stockton.

The Deanery of Ripon has been offered to, and accepted by, the Rev. Hugh McNeile, incumbent of St. Paul's, Liverpool, and canon of Chester.

A man, aged 74, named James Henderson, formerly a stone breaker, committed suicide in the tool house, at the Union Workhouse, Stockton, on Tuesday, where he has been an inmate for some time.

Miss Strafford, who had been for thirty years with Lady Farnham, and is described in the list of missing persons as "her ladyship's companion," was a native of Alnwick, and sister of Mr. Nixon Strafford, plasterer, Bondgate Without, Alnwick.

The commodious and artistic new premises of Messrs. George Angus and Co., the well-known leather and gutta percha manufacturers and merchants, situate in Grainger Street West, a new street that promises to add greatly to the architectural features of Newcastle, were formally opened on Wednesday afternoon by the Mayor (Mr. H. Angus), in the presence of a large and influential assemblage of ladies and gentlemen.

Inquest on a Durham Tradesman.—On Saturday morning, Mr. C. Maynard held an inquest, at the house of Mrs. Walker, Silver Street, Durham, on the body of Richard Morris, aged 46 years, dealer in second-hand clothes, Silver Street, Durham, who died on Friday morning from bronchitis, the consequence of exposure to cold. The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts.

A Miller and his Son Illegally Killing Salmon.—At the Durham County Police Court, on Saturday, George Stonehouse, of Kepier Flour Mill, and his son J. H. Stonehouse, were charged with having illegally killed two salmon, at the Kepier mill-dam, on the 16th inst. The defendants were caught in the act between five and six o'clock in the morning of the previous Sunday, by P.C. Cooper, of the Durham County Constabulary. The magistrates imposed a penalty of 2s. 6d. each and costs.

The International Yacht Race.—The international race between English and American yachts took place on Tuesday, the course being round the Isle of Wight. The start took place at ten o'clock, at which time a stiff north-wester was blowing, with an adverse tide. There was a capital start. The Aline led off handsomely, the Cambria following close behind. The Sappho (American) and the London lagged behind. The Cambria soon overhauled the Aline, and at the close of the race these two came in nearly abreast, the Cambria leading only a few minutes. The others were almost out of the race. The Sappho then brought up the rear, having broken her jibboom, besides sustaining other damages. The result was hailed with loud cheering by the multitudes gathered at Cowes. The Cambria did the distance in 6 hours, 15 minutes, and 15 seconds; and the Aline in 6 hours, 17 minutes, and 20 seconds.

LOCAL FLOWER SHOWS.

TANFIELD.

The Annual exhibition of the Tanfield Cottagers' Horticultural Society was held on Saturday in a field near the Church, kindly lent for the occasion by Mrs. Watson, of Tanfield. The competition for the various prizes is confined to cottagers residing within three miles of Tanfield, and as such the present show of flowers was an excellent one. The show of fuschias, gladioli, and liliums was particularly fine, and a splendid bouquet, furnished by Mr. C. Barnup, was well worthy of the prize awarded to it. During the afternoon the attendance was exceedingly limited, but as evening approached, a favourable change from the boisterous weather which had hitherto marked the day allowed visitors to assemble in the show in pretty good numbers, to reward the efforts of the secretary (Mr. John Brewis) and the committee of the society for the efforts they put forth to secure a goood show. The Winlaton Quadrille Band, under the leadership of Mr. Christopher Summerside, attended at the show, and played a good selection of music. A ball in the evening, which attracted a large number of merrymakers brought the proceedings to a close. The principal exhibitors were Mr. Watson, Mr. Rowell, Mr. C. Barnup, Mr. W. Milburn, and Mr. W. Armstrong. Mr. Watson exhibited a beautiful pair of white liliums, and took first prize for scarlet geraniums, variegated do., and stocks, while Mr. J. Rowell stood first with his gladioli (six flowers), fuschias (a fine display, of three kinds), roses and cut flowers, and white liliums. Mr. C. Barnup took first prize with his petunias, balsams, phloxes, gladioli, and marigolds (lemon and French descriptions).

WITTON GILBERT.

The second annual exhibition of the Witton Gilbert Horticultural Society was held on Wednesday, in a field adjoining the Dene, and both as regards the show of flowers and of vegetables was exceedingly creditable. Unfortunately, the weather was unfavourable, and sadly militated against the chance of a large attendance of visitors, but in all other respects the members had every reason to be highly gratified with this second annual display. The show of greenhouse plants was particularly fine, more especially four fine plants—two fuschias and two geraniums—which took first prize for the best four pots. Two splendid bouquets were also exhibited by Mr. Jackson and the Rev. C. J. Carr, the former gentleman taking first prize. Amongst the fruits and vegetables, Mr. J. Wearmouth exhibited some very fine apples, and Messrs. Jackson and Turner also contributed some excellent pears, while the same falling off in the quality of the turnips, carrots, and parsnips that had been shown at other shows was again observable here. The following is a list of those who took prizes:—Amateurs—Mr. Turner, Mr. Jackson, Mr. J. Forster, Mr. Bailey, the Rev. C. J. Carr, Mr. Stevens. Cottagers—Mr. Bailey, Mr. Mitcheson, Mr. Richardson, Mr. Slater, Mr. Forster, Mr. Wilkinson, Mr. Greenwell. Farmers' Class—Mr. J. Wearmouth, Bearpark Lodge; Mr. Abraham Wearmouth, Sleight House; Mr. Hudson, Mr. Holmes, Findon Hill; and Mr. Lawson. The band of the North Durham Militia was in attendance on the ground during the afternoon, and played a number of popular tunes. Old English sports were also got up amongst the younger portion of the visitors, a ball in the evening closing the proceedings.

BLANCHLAND.

The twenty-sixth annual show of the Blanchland Floral and Horticultural Society was held on Monday, in a tent erected in the pleasant village of Blanchland, Owing to the unfavourable state of the weather the attendance of visitors was not large, the receipts falling short of the amount taken on the preceding occasion. The exhibition, however, considering the adverse season, was a most creditable one to the society. The floral department, especially, was exceedingly well represented, the dahlias, hollyhocks, gladioli, and stocks were excellent, and the cut flowers extremely fine and tastefully arranged, whilst the window plants were unusually good, and attracted great attention. The display of fruits, though not abundant, was splendid in quality; particularly noticeable were the apples, which could not be surpassed. In the vegetable class the competition was not keen, though some remarkably good specimens were produced—the onions, turnips, and potatoes exciting surprise by the great growth they had attained. The most successful exhibitor was Mr. J. Robson, of Slaley, to whom was awarded 26 prizes; Mr. Thomas Parker, of Bay Bridge, receiving 16; Mr. W. Oliver, Mr. J. Armstrong, and Mr. W. Hutchinson, Hunstanworth (wood-keeper), Geach; whilst Captain Barron, T. Bell, J. Palliser, and J. Shield, were accorded smaller numbers. The entries for butter, although not numerous, consisted of some very choice samples, and caused the judges no little difficulty in deciding which was the best. Ultimately the first prize was awarded to Mrs. Patterson, of Priest Burn; Miss E. Johnson, of Blanchland Parsonage, second; and Mr. J. Hutchinson, wood-keeper, the third prize; whilst the butter prize given by the Rev. G. M. Gurly was obtained by Mrs. Jane Oliver. The show of minerals and fossils formed a very interesting feature in the exhibition, the prizes being taken by Messrs. T. Morpeth and T. Noble. The Weardale band enlivened the scene by playing a variety of music during the afternoon and evening in the interior of the tent. The judges were—for flowers, fruits, and vegetables—Mr. Paton, gardener to T. Wilson, Esq., Shotley Hall, assisted by Mr. Heymer, Benfieldside; butter—Mr. Martindale, Muggleswick, and Mr. E. Curry, Stanhope; minerals—Mr. T. Curry, Derwent Mines.

STANHOPE.

On Saturday last, the town of Stanhope presented itself in all the glory of a Flower Show day, as the committee of the Stanhope Floral and Horticultural Society held their fifth annual exhibitiom of flowers, fruits, and vegetables, in the picturesque grounds of Stanhope Castle, placed at their disposal by Mr. Henry Pease. The day was very unfavourable, rain fell in torrents in the forenoon. However it fared in the afternoon. A considerable number of people gathered at Stanhope to view the production of the local florists, and hear the excellent music of the Stanhope Saxhorn Band which, under the able direction of Mr. Wood, played at suitable intervals. The young visitors indulged in dancing and other outdoor games. The string band performed in the evening in the Town Hall, where a splendid ball was held. The show, in a florist's point of view, was the best ever held in Stanhope. The large tent erected for the occasion was crowded with flowers, fruits, and vegetables. The following gentlemen officiated as judges:—Mr. Routledge, Mr. Gibbeld, Bishop Auckland; Mr. Noble, Mr. Harrison, and Mr. Ward.

SLALEY.

The annual exhibition of flowers, fruits, &c., in connection with Slaley Horticultural Society, was held on Saturday, in a large tent erected in a field, at the low end of the village of Slaley. The show was a very good one in all respects, particularly as to the quality of the fruit exhibited. The chief prizes for flowers were carried off by Mr. J. Robson, Slaley, and Mr. Thomas Swallow, Slaley. In the fruit class, Mr. Christopher Ridley and Mr. Thomas Forster won the chief prizes; and for vegetables, Mr William Bell, The Linnels: Mr. R. Bell, Molerstead Farm; and Mr. C. Ridley, Slaley. In the farmers' class the principal prizes were won by Mr. W. Bell, Aydon Shields; Mr. W. Charlton, Linnel Wood; and Mr. William Bell, The Linnels. There was a butter competition, and the first prize was awarded to Mrs. Clark, Dukesfield. Unfortunately, the weather was very unfavourable, and resulted in the attendance of visitors falling below the number usually present at the exhibition. The children attending the Sunday Schools at Slaley visited the show, after which they were served with tea, which was dispensed by Miss Oxley, Pry; Mrs. Teasdale James and Miss James, Burnside; and Miss Bell, Combhill. During the morning the children were examined in Bible history by the Rev. Mr. Sisson, the incumbent of the parish.

CORBRIDGE.

The sixteenth exhibition of the Corbridge Floral and Horticultural Society took place on Wednesday, in a marquee erected in the Pond Field, at the north end of the village. The marquee was beautifully decorated with flowers, reflecting credit on the taste of the committee, who carried out the decorations under the superintendence of Mr. John Vickers, Corbridge. The number of entries was not so large as usual, but as far as the quality of the specimens are concerned, the show was equal to any the society has yet had. In the fruit department there were several lots of very large baking apples, and a finely arranged basket of fruit shown in the market gardeners' class by Mr. Joseph Hall, Corbridge, obtained the first prize. There was a large and fine collection of vegetables; and the plants and cut flowers were also excellent. Mr. John Vickers, Corbridge, exhibited a beautiful floral device, representing the old cross in the Market Place of the village. The base was of laurel leaves, and the column was formed of geraniums, verbenas, and other flowers and leaves. Nobody appeared able to understand why the judges placed Mr. Vickers's device second, and awarded the prize offered by the society for the best device to a fernery belonging to Mr. H. Richley. The glass in the case enclosing the fernery was so very dirty that the visitors were scarcely able to see whether the mahogany case on which was affixed "Floral device—first prize," contained a floral device or not. Mr. Vickers has very properly protested against the decision of the judges. Mr. J. Innis sent for exhibition a plant named *Acacia Spectabilis*, raised from seed sent from New Zealand. A fine lot of exotic plants sent for exhibition from Sir Rowland S. Errington's gardens at Sandhoe House was much admired, as were also several fuschias and ferns sent by Bacon Grey, Esq., Styford Hall. There was also exhibited a large and magnificent collection of ferns, belonging to Mr. J. Dobson, gardener to Bacon Grey, Esq. In the farmers' class were exhibited excellent specimens of wheat and barley. The Judges were—For flowers, &c., Mr. Marshall, Sandhoe House; Mr. Bailey, Beaufront; and Mr. Dobson, Styford Hall. Farmers' class—Mr. Charlton, Linnold Wood; and Mr. Wm. Hutchinson, Corbridge. For honey—Mr. Marshall, Blaydon. The weather being fine, there was a large number of visitors. The 11th Northumberland (Acomb) Volunteer Band, under their leader Mr. Ed. Allsop, discoursed first-class music. Refreshments were supplied by Mrs. Henderson, confectioner, Corbridge.

BLAYDON AND STELLA.

On Monday the Blaydon and Stella Floral and Horticultural Society held its annual flower show and pic-nic in the beautiful park of Mr. J. Cowen, M.P., who with great generosity threw open his hall and gardens. The Bladonians began to muster at one o'clock, and in the evening great numbers flocked to see the flowers, hall, gardens, grounds, &c. The splendid band of the Blaydon Rifles was in attendance. For the best 12 dahlias, A. Clark, Derwent Villa, won a silver cruet stand; 2nd, L. Hursts 7s. 6d. Silver-plated tea pot for the best 12 hollyhocks, was won by Mr. T. Wailes, Ponteland; 2nd, L. Hurst. A silver butter dish for the best 12 roses was won by R. Henderson, High Hedgefield; 2nd, T. Wailes, 7s. 6d. One pound for the best 4 greenhouse plants, was won by Mr. W. Scott. The rest of the prizes in the open class was taken by Messrs. Hurst, Blaydon; T. Fellows, Greenside; R. Clark, Derwent Villa; Wm. Scott, Blaydon; Geo. Elsworth, Ryton; R. Atkinsen, Winlaton; Joseph Elsworth, Hedgefield. Similar prizes were offered to the cottagers as in the open class, and won by Robt. Hurst, Blaydon; Liddle Hurst; W. Turner; W. Scott; J. Hymers; G. Hedworth, Stella; T. Douglas, Blaydon; J. Hastwell, Stella. Wild flowers—1st. Ralph Heton: 2nd, Robert Batey. The flowers were good especially gladiolis, asters, roses, &c. Leeks, potatoes, and cabbages were very fine. The judges were—Mr. J. Thompson, Ravenside Nursery, Newcastle; Mr. W. Henderson, gardener to Captain Cowen, Blaydon Burn; W. Clark, gardener to Messrs. Nicholson, Winlaton; and Mr. Bates, Buse Hills. Dancing took place in a large marquee, music by the Blaydon Band. The sack races and fireworks were a great success.

LUMLEY.

The annual exhibition in connection with the Lumley and Hareton Society was held on Monday in the beautiful grounds adjoining Lumley Castle, kindly granted for the occasion by the Earl of Scarborough. The society which was originated four or five years ago has attained a high position in the district on account of the liberal prizes awarded, which naturally attract exhibitors and the public generally. The committee, in conjunction with their energetic secretary, Mr. Scorer, made ample arrangements for this exhibition, held in two large and commodious tents, in which were displayed choice floral beauties, not excelled at shows of greater pretensions. The fruit was not abundant, but the vegetables were exceedingly creditable to the exhibitors. The day opened with wind, and heavy clouds betokening rain; but the clouds gradually dispersed, and at half-past three o'clock, when the show was open to the public (a rather late hour), the weather became bright and highly enjoyable. For the best collection of green and stovehouse plants, Mr. T. Close, gardener to Mr. H. Webster. was successful and took the first prize of £3; Mr. John Smith, 2nd do. of £1 10s.; and Mr. Carter, 3rd do. of 15s. Messrs. R. Watson, gardener to the Rev. R. Kirkwood, Chester-le-Street; W. Ferguson, Lumley Gardens; R. Stephenson, and John Thompson were also successful in this class. During the afternoon, the splendid band of the 11th Durham Rifle Volunteers played a choice selection of operatic and dance music, whilst the Durham Amateur String Band and the Chester Drum and Fife Band played for dancers on the green sward. In addition prizes were awarded for hurdle racing, &c. Tea was served up at a reasonable price in the large servants' hall. In the evening a ball was held in the Castle hall. The judges for the flowers and vegetables were Mr. Geo. Wood, gardener to Mr. A. Storey, Chester-le-street, and Messrs. Hunter and Otley of Lambton. Mr. W. Little, of Vigo, was judge in the farmers' class, and Mr. Shorthose, of Newcastle, was judge for poultry. There was a large attendance of visitors, and a handsome sum will be added to the funds of the society.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our Correspondents.

BRUTAL ASSAULTS IN CONSETT.

To the Editor of the Consett Guardian.

Sir,—Will you permit me through the medium of your valuable paper, to draw the attention of the public to a state of things which now exists, and if such a state is allowed much longer, the life of some unsuspecting and inoffensive person might be taken by these prowling ruffians who seem capable of committing any crime, and who think it a profitable investment of their leisure time if it can be employed in making desperate attacks on unsuspecting individuals, and although these attacks have not yet ended in murder we know not how soon they might from the recklessness of the characters who are committing these crimes in Consett. To take one example on Saturday night last at a place familiarly called the New Inn, several attempts were made to attack persons passing, but, fortunately, they made their escape, at last they succeeded in making a desperate attack on one who was passing, none of the police were at hand though no blame can be attached to them, as they are not an order of omnipresent beings who can be anywhere and everywhere at the same instant of time. But in an affair like this every moment is of importance, and I think the well-disposed public should come forward and give all the assistance in their power to prevent such scenes being enacted, or to endeavour that the perpetrators of such crimes shall not escape, as neither law nor police seems to have much influence in preventing the commission of these atrocious acts. Moreover, the imposing of a fine in a Court of Justice is little or no punishment as there is nearly always relations and acquaintances ready to subscribe and also another class who knows not how soon they may require the same good turn themselves. I hope that the proper authorities will look into this subject and provide some means which shall render these occurrences at least less frequent, so that quiet disposed people may be allowed to walk through the streets without being in danger of getting their ribs kicked in or their senses kicked out, and that during the winter nights which are now approaching a lawless banditti shall not be allowed to carry on a species of guerilla warfare, a banditti like the Ishmaelities of old with their hand against every man, and in whose dictionary there is such a comprehensive meaning for the word enemy as to make it include every one that does not believe as they believe, or who has not had the misfortune to be born in the same county with them, and who also think that to them has been committed a glorious privilege, viz.:—To beat the enemy in detail. I hope the proper authorities will use means to stop such disgraceful proceedings. In the meantime, it is the duty of the well-disposed public to render all the assistance they can do to the police in the discharge of their duty, and I am sure they will perform their part faithfully.

I remain, yours, &c.,

FAIRPLAY.

Consett, August 26th, 1868.

Viscount Lumley, eldest son of the Earl of Scarborough, and heir presumptive to the honours of the family, died on Sunday, at Sandbeck Park. Viscount Lumley was only 18 years of age.

Austria and Prussia.—It would appear by the following letter from Vienna in the *Augsburg Gazette*, that the Austrians are not quite resigned to their exclusion from Germany, and that they look forward to a time when Austria will be placed at the head of a Southern Band: "We have no desire to revive by force a connection which has subsisted a thousand years. With our constitutional liberty now becoming developed with more or less force and vitality, our parliamentary life, the intellectual position and the activity of our German elements, under the conduct of ministers of tried liberalism, we remain in contact with Germany in spite of Bismarck and of the national advanced party; we tranquilly await the day when we shall be called spontaneously when we shall be offered equal rights with Prussia, and when there will be conferred on us with respect to South Germany, to which division we are more closely allied by our inclinations, with the full assent of her princes and her populations, the prerogative which Prussia exercises in the northern half of the common country. '*Patience passe Setence*' is not the motto of the Norfolk family alone." On the other hand, the *Silesian Gazette* is of opinion that Austria has not been sufficiently abased, It says: "In the course of a long struggle by arms, ideas have become modified, new horizons appear. . . The American contest furnishes an example still present in every one's memory. . . . Ours with Austria did not last long enough. . . An astonishing manœuvre of cabinet policy—unique in history—the gift of a kingdom (Lombardo-Venetia) to a third power, a stranger to the conflict enabled diplomacy to conclude peace before the quarrel had been completely settled by arms. The peace of Prague will endure and bear its fruit so long as it responds to certain national necessities; but everything introduced into it by Cabinet policy will inevitably perish."

Local Police Courts.

LANCHESTER PETTY SESSIONS.

THURSDAY, August 27th.—Before M. Kearney, A. H. Talmadge, and E. T. Smith, Esqrs, and Major Joicey.

POACHING NEAR SHIELD ROW.

Wm. Lightle, Wm. Coron, and *Wm. Richardson*, pitmen, were charged with poaching near Shield Row. P.C. Raine stated that on Sunday night, the 16th inst., he saw the three defendants put a dog into a turnip field where it started a rabbit, and as the latter made for a plantation the defendants, who had remained under cover of a hedge, turned it back into the field. Lightle afterwards claimed the dog as his, but he did not appear. He was fined £2 and costs, as an old offender, the other men being fined 10s. and costs each.

WILFUL DAMAGE.

Thomas Gains pleaded guilty to a charge of trespassing in a wood the property of the Earl of Durham, on the 26th inst. He was fined 1s. and costs, and 1s. damages.

PUTTING THE "HANG" ON AT CONSETT.

John Garrow and *Patrick Ward* were charged on two counts, with assaulting George Brown and George Wilson, at Consett, on the 22nd inst. Mr. Patrick defended the prisoners.—The complainant, George Brown stated that about twelve o'clock on Saturday night last he was going down the high end of Consett, when he saw three men standing at the corner of the New Inn. Feeling a sensation of danger, he buttoned his coat and walked through amongst the men. When he got to the men, one of them whom he recognised as Garrow, attempted to put the "hang" on him and pull him over, while one of the others tried to knock his legs from beneath him. He failed, however, and he ran back to the public house he had just left (Mrs. Medici's), where he saw George Wilson, who, after the lapse of half-an-hour volunteered to go home with him. When they got near the New Inn, the prisoners and another man again attacked them, Ward and another man setting on Brown while Wilson knocked Garrow down, whom he held on the ground. Ward then dragged Wilson off his man, and in the scuffle that ensued Wilson's coat was nearly torn to ribbons. Brown and Wilson succeeded in getting free, however, on the approach of the police their assailants running away, and the prisoners were afterwards apprehended by Sergt. Wood. Both prosecutors denied ever having seen either of the prisoners at the bar.—Mr. Patrick cross-examined the prosecutors on behalf of the defendants, but made no defence.

The magistrates considered the assault a most unjustifiable one and sent the prisoners to gaol for two months' hard labour for the assault on Wilson, the other charge being dismissed, and after they ordered the prisoners further to pay the damage done to the prosecutor's coat.

THE CUTTING AND WOUNDING AT QUEBEC.

Andrew Flannagan, sinker, was charged on remand with assaulting Thos Raper, beerhouse-keeper, Quebec, near Esh. Mr. Patrick prosecuted, and Dr. Carr, defended the prisoner. The particulars of this case appeared last week, and it was then alleged that the prisoner had assaulted the prosecutor with a poker when interfering for the protection of his wife. Defendant was sent to gaol for six weeks in addition to the fortnight he had already been incarcerated.

BREWSTER SESSIONS.

The annual Brewster Sessions for the Lanchester Division was held at the Court House, Lanchester, on the same day, before M. Kearney, A. H. Talmadge, E. T. Smith, Esqrs., and Major Joicey. Supt Thomson put in the following "black" list of persons who have been fined by the magistrates during the past year:—Mary Osborne, Blackhill; Thomas Severs, East Castle Colliery; Nicholas Welch, Catch Gate; and Samuel Mace, Leadgate. Besides the above, an objection was also lodged against Robert Clough, publican, Blackhill, on the ground that the house he occupied was unfit for the purpose of a public-house in point of accommodation. The magistrates suspended the license of Mr. Clough, and Thomas Severs, East Castle Colliery, being an old offender his license was also withdraw. The application of Mr. W. Wilson, of the Punch Bowl Inn, Satley, was ordered to stand over for consideration three weeks hence. With these exceptions, the whole of the old licenses were renewed. The application for new licenses numbered 25, and were as follows:—Phœbe Medici (whose application was supported by Mr. Patrick), Havelock Street, Consett; William Murdue, Burnhope Colliery; George Brown (whose application was supported by Mr. Patrick, and opposed by Mr. Stafford on behalf of Messrs. Ferens and Love, and Messrs. Pease; Elizabeth Wigan, Blackhill; John Carroll, Consett; Frederick Ayton, Blackhill (whose application was supported by Mr. J. Booth, jun.); Parmella Stoker, Hill Top, near Dipton; Ralph Clarke (whose application was supported by Mr. Patrick), Low Burnopfield; Stephen Downs, Delves Lane, Consett; Thomas Raper, Quebec, near Esh; John Howe, springfield, near Towlaw; William Charlton, Ebchester Station; Charles O'Niel, Blackhill; — Brown, Consett; William Moor, Blackhill; John Charlton (whose application was supported by Mr. Patrick), Shield Row; William Brown, Leadgate; Thomas Walton, Consett; Mary Ann Storey, Dipton; Ralph Dixon, Dipton; Robert Sewell (whose application was supported by Mr. Patrick), Victoria Street, Consett; Thomas Smith, Ebchester Station; William Whittaker, Consett; John Heads, Consett; Thomas Brown (for whom Mr. Patrick appeared), Leadgate. The application of Mr. James Stone, Blackhill, was withdrawn, Mr. Thomas Walton, Consett, did not appear to support his application, while Mr. Thomas Raper's beerhouse was so small, and had been hitherto conducted in such an irregular manner, that the magistrates at once dismissed that application. The magistrates then retired to consider the remainder of the applications, and, after a short absence from court, they granted the following licenses:—Frederick Ayton, Blackhill; Parmella Stoker, Hill Top, near Dipton; George Brow, New Houses, near Esh; John Charlton, Shield Row; Mary Ann Storey, Dipton; and Thomas Smith, Broomhill, near Ebchester. The remainder of the applications were refused. The following are the statistics of the sessions:—Renewed applications, 77; number granted, 94; refused, 2; adjourned, 1. Number of fresh applications, 26; number granted, 6.

STANHOPE PETTY SESSIONS.

FRIDAY, August 21st.—Before the Rev. G. P. Wilkinson, Rev. H. Slater, and V. Ripon, Esq.

Thomas Ritson, Ralph Robinson, Francis Peart, Thos. Dawson, George Maddison, John Lonsdale, Geo. Watson, Isaac Peart, and *Thomas Johnson*, all of the Forest Quarter, Weardale, were charged by Jas. Young Mutter, officer of excise, Wolsingham, with having kept each a dog without license. Fined £1 5s. each, including costs.

Augustus Welch, watchmaker, Stanhope, was charged by P.C. McKeon with being drunk and riotous at Stanhope, on the 1st inst. This being the first offence, he was discharged on paying costs.

Hemsley Proud, quarryman, Frosterley, was charged by P.C. McKeon with being drunk at Stanhope, on the 2nd inst. Fined 8s. 6d. including costs.

Dryden Bell, beerhouse keeper, Boltsburn, was charged with assaulting Richard Graham at Boltsburn, on the 1st inst. Compromised.

Milburn English, miner, Wearhead, was charged with being drunk and riotous at Wearhead. Discharged on payment of costs.

Joseph Wearmouth, miner, St. John's Chapel, was charged by Sergeant Duck with committing a breach of the peace at St. John's Chapel. Bound over in £5 to keep the peace for three months, and pay costs.

William Roddam, innkeeper, Westgate, was charged by P.C. Brannan with being drunk at Boltsburn, on the 17th inst. Discharged on payment of costs

Thomas Robson, farmer, West Roughside, was charged by P.C. Metcalf with allowing his horse to stray on the highway at Roughside, on the 3rd inst. To pay costs.

Henry Carr, miner, Shildon, near Blanchland, was charged by Hannah Bulman, single woman, Rope Barn, with being the father of her illegitimate child. Order made for 2s. per week and costs.

BREWSTER SESSIONS.

This was also the annual Brewster Sessions for Stanhope Petty Sessional District. There was only one application for a new license, which was made by Mr. Harrison Love, for a house situate at Crawley Side. After a long consultation the magistrates adjourned the consideration of this application until the 1st September. There was no black list. Superintendent Robinson said there had not been an offending publican during the year. The magistrates, therefore, renewed all the old licenses, and complimented each innkeeper.

A letter from Prerau, chief town of the district of that name in Moravia, states that half the place has been reduced to ashes. The origin of the disaster is not known.

Free and Independent Electors.—The *Owestry Advertiser* says: "A contemporary states that in the parish of Little Wenlock there is not a single elector out of 110 on the list who dared to sign the requisition to a third candidate for the borough, their reply being that 'their orders at former elections had been that they should vote for Forester and Gaskell,' and 'they had no other orders as yet.'"

A Gravedigger Buried Alive.—**Narrow Escape.**—In the cemetery at Preston, on Monday, an old man named Green, a gavedigger in the employ of Mr. Rogerson, the sexton, was engaged in filling up a grave where an interment had recently taken place, when suddenly a portion of the earth above him gave way, and completely fastened him in. Mr. Rogerson was near the grave at the time, and immediately procured assistance, but two hours elapsed before the poor man was extricated. On being drawn out he appeared very much exhausted, and had he remained in a few minutes longer he would have been suffocated.

The Growing Degeneracy of Women.—Nearly 100 women were charged last Monday at the Liverpool Police Court with drunkenness and its concomitant crimes. Hundreds more were up and down the town, passing from gin palace to gin palace. Some of these unhappy women whom we saw were apparently among the dregs of society—others were marked with every appearance of respectability. It is said that the ancient Romans would condemn to death a woman who had taken wine. With such a law in England it is highly probable that a multitude of women would be saved who are now permitted to drink themselves to death. It is certain that Liverpool is becoming a most dangerous place for the general sex. Public-house drinking is now an established thing among the women, and the evil seems extending every week.

Miscellaneous Intelligence.

Mackay, who murdered Mrs. Grossmith, will be hanged on Tuesday, September 8th.

The betrothal of the King of Bavaria with the Russian Grand Duchess Marie is regarded as certain.

Latest advices from Crete state that occasional skirmishing continues in the mountainous parts of the island.

Intelligence received at Bombay announces that Shere Ali has been proclaimed Ameer of Affghanistan. Mahomed Azim Khan is a refugee in Turkistan.

The *Universe* reports that the tribunal of Hanover has just condemned a lad of fifteen to eight days' imprisonment for singing a couplet of the Hanoverian National Anthem.

A boiler explosion took place at the works of the Mersey Steel and Iron Company, on Thursday evening, by which four persons were killed and sixteen injured.

Date of the General Election.—The Mayor of Birmingham, having addressed a letter to the Home Secretary in reference to the date of the general election, has a reply to the effect that the writs will be issued in all probability early in November.

The Great Eclipse.—The great eclipse of the sun took place at Bombay on the 18th as prognosticated by the astronomers, but the weather was very unfavourable here for scientific observations—rain fell at the time of the greatest observation.

Horrible Massacre by Brigands.—"We are informed," says the *Italia* of Naples, "of a horrible massacre perpetrated by three brigands at Vezzani, in the Commune of Castronuovo (Lagonegro). They murdered by poniard stabs Guiseppe Travascio, his brother Fortunato, the wife of the latter, Eleonora Lauria, with her infant Matteo, and Angiola Ciancia, aged 8; Giovanni Travascio, the son, was grievously wounded."

Extraordinary Affair at St. James's Theatre.—On Saturday evening, the St. James's Theatre was the scene of a most extraordinary spectacle—one certainly not paid for by the audience. The "Great Mexican Tragedian," it appears, did not "draw," and the "little people," taking alarm at the idea of not getting their money would not work. The performances were stopped shortly after nine, the hissing at the "Great Tragedian," being "frightful," and the gallery portion of the audience at once proceeded to tear up the seats, in which they were stopped by Mr. Roe and others of the *employes*. The house was cleared before ten, and the audience saw only the "Great Tragedian" to the second act of "Richard the Third."

An Old Woman of Eighty-eight Beating a Man of Forty-three.—In the quiet district of Sollom, a few miles from Preston, an old woman of eighty-eight has subjected to "ignominious defeat" a man of forty-three. The old lady's name is Ann Cooton, and that of her competitor Richard Silcock. The other day a bet of 10s. was made as to which of them would get through the soonest 40 yards of wheat spearing, and the "combatants" were at last induced to "take action." The "young man" worked away with his sickle vigorously, and so did his time-honoured opponent. It was naturally thought that he would have won easily; but the old woman gradually gained ground; and at the close was declared a winner by six yards. Well done venerable eighty-eight!

Death of the Lord Bishop of Peterborough at Whitby.—The Right Rev. Francis Jeune, Lord Bishop of Peterborough, who has been staying on the West Cliff, at Whitby, for the past fortnight, expired on Friday morning at eleven o'clock. His lordship has suffered severely from his affliction—disease of the heart. It was thought at one time that the change of air would prove highly beneficial, but a week ago a relapse took place, and he gradually sunk. His lordship was formerly head master of the Grammar School at Brimingham, and at the time of his translation to the See of Peterborough, in 1864, he was Canon of Gloucester, Rector of Taynton, and master of Pembroke College Oxford. The deceased prelate was 63 years of age The annual value of the see is £4,500.

Gold Discoveries in Africa.—Respecting the gold discoveries in South Africa, the correspondent of the *Pall Mall Gazette* at Grahamstown writes:—"From Natal we hear by telegram and other sources of the undoubted success of the gold diggers. This is no hoax. Gold has been found in abundance north of the Transvaal. The natives offer no opposition, but wish for British protection. One letter states that the Transvaal Government have already annexed the gold-fields, much against the native chiefs' wish. Another, that our governor is in treaty for the identical spot with a chief whose people at present possess the land. The talk is, too, that Count Bismarck (far-seeing man) has sent out emissaries."

Novel Deities.—A singular entertainment almost approaching the grotesque, says the *Gazette de France*, was offered to the King of Prussia lately, on his visit to Wiesbaden. On a small islet of the Rhine was constructed in woodwork a grand portico, semi-circular, supposed to represent Olympus, and artitistically ornamented with the statues of all the divinities. The tallest men of the regiment of infantry were selected to personate the gods and goddesses. They were clothed in white drapery, strongly starched, so as to imitate the rigid appearance of marble; then each having his face covered with white paint, was raised upon his pedestal. On the right of all was posted a colossal sub-commissioned officer, charged with the preservation of order. He cried out "Steady!" to the divinities whenever the royal steamer came in view. Strict prohibition was pronounced against liquors being served to the statues during the fete.

Four Leeds Youths Drowned at Scarbro'.—On Monday a party of six Leeds youths on a visit to Scarbro' hired a boat and proceeded out to sea. No boatman was with them, and after they had had the sail up for some time a contrary wind caught and capsized the boat plunging them into the water. Four were drowned but the other two were picked up by the Bridlington steamer, which happened to be passing at the time. Two of those who are drowned are brothers. One of those who were rescued did not want his companions to proceed so far as they did but they took no notice of what he said. The unfortunate catastrophe took place off Filey Brigg, and was witnessed by the passengers on the steamer, who noticed that the boat previous to its being capsized was in a dangerous position. The rescued youths was taken to their respective lodgings in a very exhausted state, and after proper means had been employed they exhibited symptoms of recovery.

Conspiracy to Assassinate M. Deak.—The *Wanderer* of Vienna states that a conspiracy to murder M. Deak has been discovered at Pesth. The person who was to commit the deed has been arrested and confined in the Hotel de Ville. A list of the conspirators was found upon him, the plan of execution, and a revolver. There does not appear to be much however, in the reported conspiracy, the oldest of the conspirators being only fifteen years of age. M. Deak himself, when he heard of it, laughingly said. "If it were true, I suppose I should have to buy of my tailor a safety shirt, and inside waistcoat *a la* Bismarck."

The War Cry.—From all parts of Europe (says the *Avenir National* of Monday), we receive rumours of war. The German journals are full of reports of the inspection of fortresses by the officers of the Prussian staff. The Vienna journals comment on the meeting of M.M. de Grammont and Beneditti, with the Emperor of the French at Biarritz, and one of them says that "resolutions of great importance" will be discussed between them. The *Liberte* continues its war-cry as follows:—European instability has taken the place of the old European equillibrium. How long can this state of things continue? How long will France consent to remain on the *qui vive* with 900,000 men in arms, and £25,000,000 of money in the vaults of the Rue de la Vailliers?

A French Tragedy.—The Assize Court of Limoges has just convicted a shoemaker's wife named Baudinaud of the murder of her husband. After a quarrel, which did not greatly disconcert the husband, as he went to bed at ten o'clock leaving his wife sitting up, she resolved to be rid of him. She got a rop, put it round his neck and strangled him with it, and then with a carving knife began to cut him to pieces. For four days successively she went out into the woods and lanes about Limoges scattering little bits of her husband's body in various directions far and wide. Every night she returned to her house and lay down to sleep by the side of what was left of the carcase. Six days after the murder she put on her best gown and danced at a village fete. It was some time before suspicion fell upon her. Fragments of the mangled remains were found from time to time by various persons, and taken to the police who could find nothing in them to establish the identity of the deaceased. At length part of a callous hand was found on on which the mark of a tool used by shoemakers was discovered. The cobbler Baudinaud being missing his wife was arrested, and she confessed her crime with all the horrible circumstances above narrated. The jury giving her the benefit of "extenuating circumstances," she was sentenced to penal servitude for life.

Dr. Pusey and the University Tests.—Dr. Pusey writes a long letter to the *Times* defending the position which he took with reference to the universities in his letter to the Wesleyan Conference. He explains what his motive in writing to the Conference was. "I believe," he says, "Mr. Colridge's Bill to be a very pernicious, not to the Church of England only, but to religion generally. In discussions both in and out of Parliament it was assumed that Mr. Coleridge's Bill was in the interest of Dissenters. I was convinced that it would benefit no Dissenting body but the Unitarians, that the so-called orthodox (*i.e.*, the non-Socinianising) Dissenters would gain absolutely nothing by it, and would be among the first to deplore its effects." The rev. writer appeals to the Wesleyans as to whether they would care for the education of their sons to be handed over *seriatim* to a Baptist, a Socinian, a Deist, an Atheist, a Pantheist, or, contrariwise, a Roman Catholic. And yet this is what Mr. Coleridge's Bill would do to the education of our future clergy. The result would be, as in Germany, the spread of scepticism. Would it not, says Dr. Pusey, be better that each sect should have its own college, not interfering with the religion of its neighbours?

Frightful Accident to a Somnambulist in York.—Frequently we read and hear of accidents to persons who walk in their sleep, and we are sorry to have to record one which happened in York at midnight on Monday, the unfortunate sufferer being a pupil of Mr. Bedford, whose academy is situate in the Minster Yard, York. The youth's name is Chas. Napier Rickinson, whose mother, a widow resides at Whitby, and it appears that about midnight on Monday night he got out of bed, threw up the window, and leapt out into the playground underneath, falling a distance of twenty feet on the hard gravel. On reaching the ground he awoke and his shrieks and screams aroused the whole neighbourhood. Mr. Hildreth, assistant to Mr. Bedford, heard the lad fall, or at least heard some heavy substance fall and he immediately got from his bed, ran down stairs, and found Rickinson on the ground, in a state of awful agony. Medical assistance was immediately procured, and it was found that he had sustained a broken thigh, both his arms are broken—one in three places—and his lip and chin were badly cut. The medical gentlemen at once used all their endeavours to relieve his sufferings, and they succeeded in setting all the fractures; but the pain to the unfortunate little sufferer must have been intense. It is supposed both by Mr. Bedford and Dr. Ewer, and Mr. Garrett that the accident was caused in this way:—Rickinson is very fond of bathing, and the surmise is that he went to the window in his sleep, with the intention of taking a dive, and he threw himself from the window as he thought into the water. He cannot, however, give any account of it himself. He is going on well; but is not entirely out of danger.

Markets

THE CORN TRADE.

The *Mark Lane Express*, in its review of the corn trade for the past week, says better supplies of new English wheat brought forward by the recent advance, have about reduced it again to the recent low price. Our rates have therefore given way about 2s. per quarter, and in the absence of a speculative demand we may expect these fluctuations through the season. American accounts of increased growth are very much discounted by extensive damage through rust. In the South and other States the corn crop has yet to be gathered, so we do not think, when prices come to their level, it will be a low one. The demand for floating cargoes is very much slackened. The late crops of green stuff are now out of danger, and in two months, or less, we may have an abundant supply if vegetables, but we doubt whether the rain is not too late for potatoes, except the very latest sorts.

CORN MARKETS.

Newcastle Corn Market, Tuesday.—At this day's market the arrivals from the coast and abroad were moderate, and from the farmers there was a small show of wheat, but the demand proved limited, and new samples must be noted fully 1s. per qr. lower than on Saturday, whilst old wheat sold very slowly at prices the turn in buyer's favour. Barley met little inquiry at late rates. Oats supported their value. For malt the trade ruled very quiet. Other grain without much change. Flour about 1s. per sack cheaper.

Hexham Corn Market, Tuesday.—At our market to-day we had a fair attendance, with a good supply of fine new wheat, which met a slow sale at 2s. per qr. decline. A good supply of barley, for which there was a quick sale at 1s. to 2s. per qr. below the high rates of last week. Moderate supply of oats, good sale at 1s. per qr. advance.

London Corn Market, Wednesday.—A limited quantity of English wheat on offer, for which Monday's prices were realized. Spring corn was steady at late rates.

GENERAL CORN AVERAGES.

The following were the averages for the week ending Saturday last:—

	Qrs.		s.	d.
Wheat	61,642	........at	57	1
Barley	 1,794	........at	41	4
Oats	 1,927	........at	29	2

CATTLE MARKETS.

Newcastle Cattle Market, Tuesday.—The show of stock presented for sale exhibited an increase of 484 beasts, and an increase of 4,350 sheep and lambs as compared with that of last week. Respecting quality, cattle, generally speaking, were more suitable for a store than a fat market; sheep were middling, whilst lambs were about the worst shown that ever stood in this market. The supply of beef comprised 900 head. The better qualities in active request, at about 3d. per stone reduction from the rates of this day se'nnight, after which sales became somewhat languid, and a total clearance was barely effected. The number of sheep and lambs was 15,150. The finest descriptions of wedders, which were exceedingly scarce, were in good demand at full rates of currencies, but the middling and inferior sorts sold slowly, and part remained unsold. Lambs.—The few of a good quality underwent little or no change from last week, but a large portion were scarcely quotable, and part were left over. Pigs—355 were shown, The pork trade ruled firm, former rates were fully supported, and all changed owners.

Beasts: prime heifer 8s 6d to 8s 9d, secondary sorts 8s 0d to 8s 3d, inferior sorts 5s 6d to 6s 6d, first-class oxen 8s 0d to 8s 3d, middling 6s 9d to 7s 3d, cows 6s 0d to 6s 6d per st. Pork 4s 6d to 6s 6d, small dairy-fed do. 7s 3d to 7s 9d per st. Sheep: good vendable mutton 6½d to 7d, large fat 0d to 0d, middling 5½d to 5¾d, tups, ewes, and inferior 4½d to 5¼d, lambs 4½d to 6½d lb., sinking offal.

London Cattle Market, Thursday.—Monday's prices for everything except veal, which is the turn in favour of buyers; pork steady. Beasts, 1,280; sheep and lambs, 13,450; calves, 563; pigs, 30.

Wakefield Cattle Market, Wednesday.—Beef, 8s. 6d. to 8s. 9d. per stone of 14lb., a few prime made 9s. Mutton, 6d. to 7d. per lb. Lean stock a light supply. 720 beasts; 9,100 sheep and lambs; pigs, 1,600. Good market.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

Newcastle Hay and Straw Market, Tuesday.—There were 138 carts of hay, 46 carts of straw in the market.

Prices: old land Hay, £6 10s 0d to £8 0s 0d; this year's growth, £7 0s 0d to £8 0s 0d; new land Hay, £4 10s 0d to £7 10s 0d; this year's growth, £6 0s 0d to £7 15s 0d; clover hay, £0 0s 0d to £0 0s 0d per ton. Wheat straw, 1s 10d to 2s 6d; barley straw, 2s 1d to 2s 2d; and oat straw, 2s 2d to 2s 9d per thrave.

Glasgow Pig Iron Market, Thursday.—Sellers 53s 3d; buyers, 53s 2d; sales, 52s 6d, one month; 52s 3d cash. No. 1, 53s 3d; No. 3, 51s.

Births, Marriages, and Deaths.

[The insertion of anything beyond the simple announcement of Births, Marriages, or Deaths, will be charged as Advertisements.]

BIRTHS.

Consett—On the 22nd inst., the wife of Mr. George Hutchinson, Church Street, of a daughter.

On the 27th inst., the wife of Mr. Thomas Tweddall, Town Hall Buildings, of a son.

Crook Hall—On the 27th inst., the wife of Mr. John McIver, of a son.

Blackfine—On the 19th inst., Mrs. Turner, of a son.

Blackhill—On the 21st inst., Mrs. Core, of a son.

Cutlers' Hall—On the 26th inst., Mrs. Bland, of a daughter.

Wittonstall—On the 21st inst., Mrs. Ormston, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

Wolsingham—At the Register Office, on the 15th inst., Mr. David Johnson to Miss Isabella Hunter, both of Tow Law.

Stanhope—At the Wesleyan Chapel, on the 15th inst., Mr. Joseph Brown to Miss Jane Iowes, both of Irishope Burn.

Same day, Mr. John Wearmouth, of Westgate, to Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson, of Cowshill.

DEATHS.

Consett—On the 26th inst., at 163, Thomas Harrison, aged 9 months.

Stanhope—On the 12th inst., Mr. John Siddle, aged 78.

Rookhope—At High House, on the 18th inst., Mr. Dryden Phillipson, aged 63.

London—At 6, Langdale Terrace, Peckham Road, aged 45, Mr. John Mackintosh, formerly of Newcastle-on-Tyne.

Poetry: Original and Select.

AN ADDRESS TO TIME.

Speed on, swift, ever-rolling time, speed on,
In thy eternal course; yet need I not
Address thee thus: thy speed is swift enough,—
Swifter by far than the keen arrow shot
From the bold warrior's bow,—swifter than thought,
And thought how swift! thou speedest to thy goal.
The melancholy traces of thy power
Through nature's wide-spread realms we aye behold,
And sigh to think that all must pass away;
Thine own rude hand the stoutest trees hath fell'd,
Though 'midst the storms of ages they uprear'd
Their noble heads erect. The sturdy oak,
Emblem of British hearts, brave, strong, and true,
Though it has bravely stood a thousand years,
And battled with the breeze and tempest fierce,
Reluctant falls beneath thy withering stroke;
The loveliest flower that springs from nature's womb,
Whose fragrance wafted on the zephyr's wing
Sweet-scents the vale, which we could wish would live
For aye, to please our sight and smell, soon dies:
E'en that majestic bird, the eagle brave,
With broad expanded pinions soaring high,
As if 'twould pierce the far-off realms of light
And kiss the blazing sun, whose youth is oft
Renewed, fearless of death, at length must cease
His towering flight, and droop his wing, and die.
Yon grey-dismantled tower, with ivy clad,
That proudly rears its storm-dash'd head aloft,
And high-o'erlooks the rapid-rolling Tees,
Deepdale's wild glen, and Rokeby's sylvan scenes,
Once Barnard's fortress, proof against the foe,
Is crumbling 'neath thy all-destroying tread.
Its noble ruins, where the wild-birds lodge,
And build their fragile nests, and hatch their young,
Safe from the schoolboy's hand, awake strange thoughts,
Oft have I gazed upon it, when the moon's
Pale beams at dead of night danced over it,
And mused upon the glorious olden past:
There was a time when 'neath its massive walls
The royal Gloucester dwelt, and wild caroused,
Ere he had dyed his hands, or stain'd his soul,
With youthful Edward and his brother's blood;
Where through it ever rang the merry laugh
And manly voice of warrior's bold and brave;
The clatter and the din of martial life
Ne'er ceased within its walls, nor night nor day;
But thou, O Time, swept onward in thy course,
And carried in the flood all these away;
And now decay sits brooding all around,
And death's destroying work is hast'ning on.
So man, the monarch of this earthly sphere,
The proud and haughty deputy of God,
Who struts and swells as if eternal age
Were wreathed around his brow, just enters thee,
Lives a few days, and then bids thee adieu.
The time of infancy soon glides away,
Childhood and youth seem but a summer's day,
So swift they fade, the change we scarcely heed:
Hale, hearty manhood soon declines, and age
Soon passes into immortality.
While gliding down the stream, sometimes we have
Our hearts to cheer, our fragilebark to buoy,
A few brief moments interspersed with joy,
Sometimes the regal sun doth burst sublime
Above our heads, and fling its beauteous rays
On life's dark path, dispelling every cloud;
Yet stay we none; for urged along, we near
The dreadful goal; but ling'ring on the verge,
We mortals start and shrink, afraid to pass
Time's ponderous gates; till death's cold hand
Severs life's thread, then o'er the gulf we leap
Into a vast unpierced eternity.

J. W.

Leadgate.

Varieties.

An unfortunate candidate for an uncertain constituency left his principles with his agent, and the key of the box has been lost.—*Owl.*

Wrong, prima facie.—Women who make up their faces deceive themselves if they think that by so doing they are more likely to tempt men to make up their minds.—*Punch.*

Walker to Wit.—Election, we all know, is a synonym for choice. But choice is not a word which we should ever dream of using in reference to people who most thrive by an election.—*Punch.*

It is related of the Miss Foote who has just married Senator Henderson, that once, when she and her sister went to a party with their uncle, Senator Foote, now deceased, a grammatical servant announced, "Senator Foote and the two Misses Feet!"

The inexhaustible "Cham," in a recent number of the *Charivari*, represents an anxious mother in conversation with the director of a gymnasium, to whom she maintains that her darling son is entitled to a prize. "Your son, madam, persists in doing nothing," says the director. "Then," replies the mamma, by no means disconcerted, "you should give him the prize for perseverance."

An anecdote is told of a German student in theology, who, after waiting an unconscionable time for admission, appeared before the examiner "bearded like pard." The learned examiner fell back astonished, exclaiming: "A student in theology with a beard!" "A beard!" cried the student, with an air of equal astonishment, and, putting his hand up to his face—"bless me, why it must have grown while I have been waiting in the ante-room!"

Extracts from Judy.

A March Past.—*Last* March.

A Disc-cover-y.—An eclipse.

"Burrow Members."—Rabbits.

Spirit Over-proof.—Printer's devils.

To Dentists.—Do "sound" teeth "chatter?"

The Sequel to "After Dark."—After mischief.

"Going to Work with a Will."—Altering one.

Possibly.—Has a humorous person a "*dry* tongue?"

"Stale, Flat, and Unprofitable."—"High" Soles.

Ah! would you?—The most appropriate wood for wooden shoes—Sandal-wood.

A Mechanical.—Is the company for the making of "artificial limbs" a "*joint*-stock" one?

Example of the "Ups and Downs of Life."—Being hard up, and, consequently, cast down.

Singular Case.—A railway traveller of our acquaintance informs us that he recently caught cold through sitting next to a wet-nurse!

To Intending Excursionists.—Very *stout* people about to take their usual autumnal holidays had better go to *Broadstairs* in preference to an *Harrogate.*

During his late visit to the camp, the Pope is stated to have "admitted the officers to kiss his foot." Having done so, of course, he is considered to have *paid his footing.*

"The Light of other Days."—The Emperor Napoleon, in putting out the light of M. Rochefort's *Lanterne*, has lit another which may do him infinitely more damage than the former. He has opened the eyes of the French people to the fact that he is too susceptible of criticism. They will not be slow to believe that the policy which cannot bear sarcasm is not sound. Without believeing all that we see written about the fast-approaching close of the Napoleonic dynasty, we may, perhaps, be permitted to express the hope that, when the powerful monarch dies, we shall not see a *die-nasty* end.

Extracts from Fun.

The Beverage for Thirsty Souls.—Pail ale.

How a Tide-waiter Should Write.—In a flowing hand.

A Hopeless Toast.—Able-bodied seaman for the Navy and able-headed Lords for the Admiralty.

Only Fair.—The Southern Railway Companies have well increased their fares. A great many passengers have consequently paid them fare-well!

Contemptible—Flintskin is a mean fellow,—he writes his love letters on his employer's invoices, and has the effrontery to term them "*bill-head-woos!*"

All Moonshine.—A canard has been flying about to the effect that the authorities at Paris have seized the moon on account of its being the parish *Lanterne.*

Medical Query.—A correspondent wishes to know whether a confirmed drunkard can be styled a dipsomaniac. Of course he can; for if he drinks till he sees double it will probably prove to him that he is beside himself.

A Windfall.—The Rev. F. Lowe, who created some excitement in fashionable circles a few years ago by eloping with Lady Adelaide Vane-Tempest, has just been presented by Mr. Disraeli with one of the best livings in the gift of the Crown. He will no doubt thorough realise the truth of the old saw—"It is an ill wind that blows no man any good." That can hardly be rightly described as a *vain tempest* which blew him a good living.

Extracts from The Tomahawk.

How to manage Bachelors.—To Miss-manage them.

New Song of Mr. Charles Reade.—"When Hollow Hearts do wear a *Mask* then they'll Remember Me!"

Bought and Sold.—An advertisement states that the *Daily Telegraph* is *sold* at all the Kiosques on the Boulevards, &c. We wonder if it is *bought* at the Tuileries.

Electioneering.—As one reads the manifestoes of certain would-be members of the next Parliament, in which they woo again the old love that they have somewhat sprighted during the last session, one cannot help thinking of the resemblance they bear to a husband who has offended his faithful helpmeet, and seeks to propitiate her with a-dress.

Foreign and Colonial Intelligence.

FRANCE.

Paris, Aug. 22 (Evening).—The *Lanterne* has been seized again this morning.—The sentence of M. Delescluze, editor of the *Reveil*, to three months' imprisonment and a fine of 5,000 francs for inciting to hatred and contempt of the Government, has been confirmed.

Paris, Aug. 24.—The Minister of Finance has addressed a report to the Emperor concerning the final results of the subscription to the new loan. He states that the calculations put forth in his previous report have not only been confirmed but surpassed. The total amount subscribed represents a capital of more than 15,000,000 francs. After giving details he concludes as follows:—"These results do not prove our resources to be inexhaustable, but they testify to their immense expansiveness. Every good citizen should rejoice to see in this state of things the most effectual means of guaranteeing the maintenance of peace, and of rendering it a source of prosperity."

Bordeaux, Aug. 24.—The *Journal de Gironde* of today says it learns that General Dulce has died at the Canary Islands.

Bordeaux, Aug. 25.—The *Gironde* of to-day publishes a correction of its former statement, and announces now that General Dulce is not dead.

Paris, Aug. 26.—The *Moniteur* contains a report of Marshal Vaillant's speech at Dijon on Monday, on opening the Councils General. After pointing out the abundant harvest, he said:—"This abundance is the more to be appreciated, because it occurs amidst most reassuring circumstances. The Emperor said very recently that peace should not be disturbed, and that everything promised well for its duration. Indeed, gentlemen, abundance in peace, but in peace that has not been preserved at the cost of patriotism. You have there, in two words, the position of our country."

HUNGARY.

Pesth, Aug. 22.—Reports from Jasberenyi state that a violent shock of earthquake took place there last night. Several slight shocks were also felt at Pesth.

RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, Aug. 24.—An extensive fire has been burning since yesterday in the chief hemp and flax depot. Upwards of 100,000 bales of flax and 60,000 bales of hemp have been consumed. The loss is estimnted at 314,000,000 of roubles.

PRUSSIA.

Berlin, Aug. 24.—Yesterday, Count Bismarck, while out riding was thrown from his horse. His Excellency has sustained no external injuries, but is suffering considerable pain in his muscles from the fall.

Berlin, Aug. 25.—Reports from Varzia as to Count Bismark's health, state that he was already able to leave his bed, and was in a fair way of recovery from his accident, with the exception of lingering pains in the muscles. The statement of the physicians, that the minister sustained neither external nor internal injuries, has been confirmed.

GERMANY.

Carlsruhe, Aug. 24.—It is stated on reliable authority that the projected conference which was to have been held on the 15th of September, between Plenipotentiaries from the South German States, to discuss the formation of a military commission, will not take place. The scheme may be regarded as entirely abandoned.

SWITZERLAND.

REPORTED FENIAN ATTEMPT TO ASSASSINATE THE QUEEN.

Paris, Aug. 21.—The *Gazette de France*, of this evening, publishes a letter from Lucerne stating that a Fenian had arrived there with the intention of making an attack upon the life of Queen Victoria. The letter adds that he was arrested on Wednesday, in front of the Swiss Hotel, by two English police agents. This incident has caused great excitement among the English residents here, and it is believed that the man did not come alone. It is said that Her Majesty had been informed of the plan to assassinate her before her departure from England.

Lucerne, Aug. 23.—The report published by a French paper of a Fenian having been arrested here on suspicion of intending to attempt the life of Queen Victoria is untrue. It originated in the fact of a man named Charles William Wood having endeavoured to enter the apartments occupied by Her Majesty. He was arrested, and being found to be insane, was taken to Berne and handed over by the police to the British Legation in order to be sent home to England.

Paris, Aug. 23 (Evening).—The *Gazette de France* insists on the exactitude of the startling news it gave the day before yesterday of the arrest of a Fenian at Lucerne. In this evening's number, after reproducing the statement of the *John Bull*, that the English Government knows nothing about the alleged plot against Her Majesty's life, it says—"We maintain the correctness of the information supplied by our correspondent." It is strange, however, says the correspondent of the *Standard*, that not one of its French contemporaries publishes a word in confirmation of the statement, which has caused a fair amount of excitement in Paris, both in French and English circles. The arrest is said to have taken place on the 19th; now during a lapse of four days, it is very improbable that no one else should have had information of so important an event. Everybody here looks upon the whole affair as a *canard*, palmed off by some wily sensationalist on the unsuspecting Legitimist organ.

The lunatic Wood, whose eccentricities seem to have given rise to the report of an attempt on the Queen, has been sent to England by the Berne Legation, at his own request. His insanity has nothing to do with Fenianism.

Lucerne, Aug. 22.—Queen Victoria has gone to the Furka, and intends to remain there for some days.

AUSTRIA.

Vienna, Aug. 26.—Telegrams received here announce that cholera has broken out at Seherna.

The *Debatte* of this evening publishes a telegram from Berlin, stating that the Prussian Government has forwarded a conciliatory note to Austria, with respect to Count Usedow's despatch, recently made public by General Della Marmora in the Italian Chamber. The telegram adds that the note has probably by this time reached its destination.

BELGIUM.

Brussels, Aug. 25.—The bulletin issued of the health of the Prince Royal this morning announces that His Royal Highness has passed a quiet night, and that the slight improvement in his state continues.

INDIA.

Calcutta, Aug. 7 (*via* Brindisi).—The Government inspection of 24 Pegunnahs shows that the crops over a large extent of country have been totally destroyed by floods. Accounts from the indigo districts represent the prospects of the crop as better, although a moderate crop only is expected.

Bombay, Aug. 4.—It is stated that the Shah of Persia has resolved to occupy Merg. (?) Intelligence from Affghanistan to July announces that Jellalabad is in a state of anarchy and insurrection. Azim Khan has fallen back upon Cabool. Ghuzen is being besieged by Yakoole Khan.

AMERICA.

New York, Aug. 13.—The minority of the Louisiana Senate has adopted a resolution insisting on the right of three Democratic members to retain their seats.—The cattle disease is abating at New York.—The Nova Scotia Senate has passed a strong resolution against the Confederation.—The Alabama Legislature is about to agree with the Governor that they, instead of the people, cast the electoral vote for the President and Vice-president.

The Governor of Jamaica has sent troops to Nassau and New Providence to quell the insurrection.—The laying of a cable between Jamaica and Havannah is about to be undertaken, and a bill for that purpose passed the Assembly. The attempt to raise and relay the cable between Havannah and Key West has been abandoned.

THREATENED NEGRO DISTURBANCES IN THE SOUTH.

New York, Aug. 15 (Noon).—The Democratic State Convention has been held at Raleigh, North Carolina. A large number of negro Democrats attended and were threatened with violence by the Radical negroes. The military preserved order.—It is reported that the negroes in the interior of South Carolina are incensed at the action of Governor Scott in vetoing certain Radical Members of the Legislature. They are said to be arming, and to threaten violence against the Conservative whites and negroes.

The funeral service was performed over the body of Mr. Thaddeus Stevens at Washington yesterday. The body was taken to Lancaster, in Pennsylvania, for interment.

Intelligence from Canada States that conflagrations are still raging in the Northern forests.

THE ABERGELE COLLISION.

FROM AN EYE-WITNESS.

The first intimation we got that anything wrong had occurred was a sudden jerk or check in the motion of the carriage, very like that experienced when a train is stopped too quickly. We supposed that an accident was on the point of happening, and I at once sprang to the window and looked out. The carriage in which I was travelling was near the end of the train, and there received much less concussion than those in front. The scene which presented itself was a mass of dense black smoke, through which the flames leaped and hissed, enveloping the fore part of the train. I heard no cry whatever: the only noise was a sort of suppressed rumble, and I said to my companions, "The carriages in front are on fire; I hope no one is hurt." Several other gentleman looked out of the window and made similar observations, and the general impression was certainly that no human life was lost, or even endangered. I suggested that we ought to get on to the bank while the real nature of the accident was being ascertained, and some efforts were made to subdue the flames, which were raging furiously. We all got out, and the heat from the burning carriages was most intense--absolutely scorching. I was struck by the utter absence of anything like a panic of terror among my fellow-passengers, and though, of course, there was a great deal of confusion, there was little painful excitement. I have been through many trying scenes, and have witnessed instances of remarkable self-possession, but nothing ever struck me more than the intrepidity and coolness of the Duchess of Abercorn. Addressing a few words to allay the apprehension of the distinguished persons by whom she was accompanied, she retired a short distance from the scene of devastation. The person who appeared most excited was the guard, and he ran up and down by the side of the train with the keys in his hand, looking utterly bewildered, and talking incoherently. Several passengers were locked in the other carriagers, and a Mr. William Uniacke Townsend took the key from the guard and released them. He then went forward, and, creeping under the train, unlinked the couplings which fastened the burning vans to the carriages, and the latter were pushed a short distance away. He then got between the luggage van and the post-office which were both in flames, and separated them. The engine was thrown over on its side, and the tender was also displaced. The carriages continued to burn fiercely, and the huge flames, fanned by the wind, licked up the dry grass on the bank and scorched the hedges on the top. None of my fellow-passengers complained to me of any injuries, but of course all were more or less agitated by the occurrence. A Mr. Chaworth Ferguson, barrister-at-law, who saw the accident from his house at some distance, appeared, in company with his wife, carrying wine, brandy, and other restoratives, which they dispensed most liberally, and threw open their dwelling to all who choose to take advantage of their kindness. Numbers of the peasantry of the district also appeared on the scene, but they were a sullen, stupid lot, who looked on passively without any attempt to render assistance. The Marquis of Hamilton was most assidous in his efforts to allay the anxiety of the passengers, and in several ways contributed to their comfort. Some time elapsed, and it was found that trains which were due from opposite directions might come up and spread further destruction. The Marquis went in one direction, and Mr. Townsend in the other, and, fortunately, both trains were stopped. The Post Office clerk was very active, and the contents of the van were removed in safety. For an hour the fire continued to burn without any signs of abatement. The carriages were literally one burning mass, and the liquid fire, running over the surface of the ground, charred and blackened everything with which it came into contact. At length, the sides of the burning carriages fell out, and the wind increasing, the flames and smoke were driven to the offside of the line. I advanced, in company with another gentleman, and glanced into the ruined carriages. For a moment I was utterly speechless with horror, and a dizzy sickening feeling crept over me, as the terrible truth flashed across my mind, and I reeled half insensible against my companion. "Are you faint?" inquired he anxiously. I pointed to the carriages, and, as he looked, he cried "Great Heavens! what can be done?" I composed myself, and attempted to realise the details of the ghastly scene. There, blackened, charred, literally calcined, were the forms of a number of human beings absolutely undistinguishable. A thrill of horror passed through the crowd when the truth became known, and the most intense emotion was manifested. When we had sufficiently recovered from the shock to examine closely, we found twelve or fourteen bodies. Lord Farnham presented a most ghastly sight; anything more awful could not be conceived. Part of the face was burned away, and the other part was drawn up as in a violent convulsion. His right side was calcined, and the heart and entrails actually protruded. I could look no longer, and had to leave the spot, or I should have fainted. By this time the Marquis of Hamilton and Mr. Townsend had returned, and, assisted by the latter gentleman's brother, Mr. C. Townsend, renewed their exertions. The spectacle, however, proved too much for his Lordship and he swooned. Much anxiety was manifested by all who witnessed his heroic conduct, and everything was done that could possibly conduce to his comfort. The Duchess nursed him with extreme tenderness, and, to the gratification of the entire body of spectators, he soon recovered. General inquiries were made for Judge Berwick, who, I heard a gentleman declare, had been seen conversing with Lord Farnham at the last station. No trace whatever could be found of him, and it was feared that he was one of those who lost their lives. From this time my impressions were faint and confused. I remember being told that two directors, accompanied by medical gentlemen had arrived and that a gang of labourers were at work removing the *debris.* I was in a state of semi-unconsciousness until I was placed in the train to continue my journey, and even now as the appalling scene recurs to my mind, I shudder at the dreadful reminiscence."

The accounts from Abergele now give the number of bodies, as classified by the medical examiners, at 33, and it is probable that the number of persons missing may be still further increased. The following is a list of those identified.

Lord Farnham, Lady Farnharm; Eliza Strafford, her Ladyship's companion; Edward Outen, his Lordship's valet; Mary Anne Kellet, her Ladyship's maid; and Charles Cripps, his Lordship's footman.

William Townsend Lund, William B. Parkinson, and Christopher S. Parkinson, all of Blackburn.

William Smith, the guard.

William Henry Owen, Dublin.

Miss Caroline Lea and Miss Augusta Lea, of Astley Hall, Stourport.

Judge Berwick, of Dublin, and Miss Elizabeth Berwick, sister of the Judge.

Miss Louisa Symes, Ballybey, Wicklow, and Jane Ingram, her maid.

Captain J. Priestley Edwards, Fixby Hall, near Huddersfield, and Mr. P. Augustus Edwards, his son.

Mr. John Aylmer, of Walworth Castle, Durham; Mrs. Rosina Aylmer, his wife, and Mr. Arthur Aylmer, his son.

Miss Rose Franks, Dundrum, Dublin.

Mr. Whitmore Scovell, of Windsor Cottages, Croydon, and Miss Catherine Scovell, of Wycroft, near Bray.

Joseph Holmes, stoker.

Sir Nicholas Chinnery, Lady Chinnery, and Mr. Chinnery.

Mrs. Adkins and Miss Adkins, of Kidderminster.

The interment of the calcined remains of those who lost their lives in the terrible catastrophe took place on Tuesday. The whole were placed in one common grave in the church yard of Abergele, in the presence of a large number of relatives, the service being read by the Vicar. It is intended to erect a monument over the grave.

THE AYLMER FAMILY, OF WALWORTH CASTLE, AND THE LATE COLLISION.

It will be learned, with very sincere regret, that a north-country family have been severe sufferers by the accident to the Irish mail. Mr. Aylmer, of Walworth Castle, near Darlington, Mrs. Aylmer, their son, and a youthful cousin of the latter perished, unhappily, by the pariffin explosion and fire at Abergele. The late John Harrison Aylmer, Esq., was the only son of Lieut.-General Arthur Aylmer, of Walworth Castle, near Darlington. The deceased gentleman was born in 1812, and married, in 1849, Rosanna Louisa, daughter of Vice-Admiral Sir Josiah C. Coghill, Bart. He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge, and was a J.P. and D.L. for the county of Durham and the West Riding of Yorkshire, and was on the roll of High Sheriffs for the county of Durham, and Lord of the manor of Walworth. He represented a younger branch of the Aylmers of Donadea, Barts.

THE INQUEST.

The jury visited the scene of the accident on Tuesday, and the inquest, adjourned from Monday, was resumed on Wednesday. The Coroner, Dr. Pierce, was assisted by Mr. Eyton, solicitor, and the Company, as well at the familes of the deceased, was fully represented. At the opening of the inquiry Lord Farnharm, on behalf of the relatives of the deceased, declared that they considered the Coroner incompetent to conduct such an inquiry, and that they should make application in the proper quarter to secure a thorough investigation. After some remarks by the Coroner and others, the inquiry was proceed with, all the questions being asked by Mr. Eyton. Formal evidence of identification having been given the inquiry was adjourned, Lord Farnham expressing himself entirely satisfied with the proceedings.

Spirit of the Press.

MADAME RACHEL.

The *Post* is not surprised that the jury was thoroughly bothered, or that the Recorder, wearied with complications and beaten by time, found himself not in case at an advanced hour in the evening to dissect the bundle of evidence and present the fact "au sec" to the worried twelve empannelled and boxed up. We do not think the case would have loomed so large, or looked so despairingly difficult if the Recorder had reduced it by process of elimination to its real dimensions. The letters and the legal documents appear to have constituted the great stumbling-blocks both to the jury and the judge. They are, we confess, as the case stands, unintelligible, unmeaning, and unaccountable. There is no solution of the mystery of the letters. That is true, but we do not feel ourselves bound to fumble about in a fog on account of them. We discard them, and prefer to turn to the great facts which stand out clear in the sunshine. From these the *Post* concludes, after putting aside the mystification of the letters, which are apparently aimless, objectless, and utterly unnecessary, if not irrelevant, and shelving Lord Ranelagh—who would do wisely to find some other pastime in his leisure hours than chatting in a very doubtful shop with a very doubtful and illiterate old woman—that the jury were right in finding the problems, as put to them, insoluble. Another trial may enable another jury to decide between two women who are not worth one quarter of the trouble they have given.

Mr. REES.

The *Standard* says: The Rev. A. A. Rees, baptist minister of Sunderland, appears to be a sincere and earnest man, but he must excuse us if we say that to the guilelessness of the dove, which he of course possesses in very large measure, he adds too little of the wisdom of the serpent. Mr. Rees, like most members of his sect, is an uncompromising enemy of establishments, and looks forward with impatience to their downfall. Of course his hopes now centre in Mr. Gladstone, but the right honourable gentleman does not move fast enough for him, Mr. Rees thinks that the disestablishment of all churches must follow Mr. Gladstone's action as a matter of course. We quite allow that Mr. Rees's argument is conclusive against Mr. Gladstone, but the reverend gentleman forgot that leading and beautiful characteristic of Mr. Gladstone's mind upon which his admirers are never weary of expatiating. The right hon. gentleman's mind grows, not steadily and unceasingly, but by fits and starts, as a forcing process—with which we need not say logic like poor Mr. Rees has nothing to do—is applied to it. By a happy peculiarity of his genius, Mr. Gladstone advances to the acceptance of new truths simultaneously with the arrival of the moment in which their profession promises to pay. Mr. Rees has taken the wrong road for want of having observed the beautiful process of Mr. Gladstone's mental developement. He has bothered him with arguments against the Church of England, instead of shewing him that to attack it would give him a majority in the House of Commons. Whenever Mr. Rees, or Mr. Bright, or Mr. Glyn, can satisfy Mr. Gladstone as to such a majority, his mind will leap to the truth so long hidden from him. He will see clearly that a State Church is necessarily a national evil.

MR. BEWICKE, OF THREEPWOOD.

A certain homely saying about the advantage of washing dirty linen at home, may be commended to the consideration of Mr. William Bewicke, of Threep-Wood Hall, Northumberland—described as "a gentleman of position," and formerly a magistrate. Mr. Bewicke's troubles have been chiefly of a domestic nature; and his experience has proved that it would have been much better for himself had those troubles never been withdrawn from the shelter of the friendly obscurity which private life affords. He has figured under widely different characters in courts of law, with chequered fortune; and he has formed the subject of at least one debate in the House of Commons. Thus Mr. Bewicke's sayings and doings have become public property. First of all, this fine old English gentleman is convicted, wrongly, as it appears, of firing at officers of the law who went to his house to execute a judgment, and receives a sentence of four years penal servitude. At the end of twelve months he is released. Bye-and-bye he appears in the Divorce Court as defendant in an action brought by his wife, who obtains a decree of judicial separation on the ground of her husband's adultery. Then he appeals against that decision, and prefers against one of the principal witnesses an indictment for perjury. The last trial occurred on Saturday at the Central Criminal Court, and resulted in the conspicuous defeat of the gallant squire. The person against whom he brought the action was a young woman who had been in his service, and had sworn that she had witnessed certain acts and practices of a kind familiar to readers of Smollett and Fielding, but not usually considered by the present squeamish generation as altogether *Comme il faut.* This evidence was by no means overthrown on Saturday; on the contrary the rebutting testimony rather benefited the accused, by showing that Mr. Bewicke's domestic arrangements were, to put it mildly, a few degrees below Mrs. Grundy's standard of moral excellence. The jury, therefore, by their verdict, declared in so many words that they believed Annie Porter, and considered her prosecutor a naughty old man, who would have done better not to allow the public to see so far into the secrets of his home life. Among readers who examine the evidence, there will hardly be two opinions on the merits of the case; and it is to be hoped the plaintiff will take his defeat so much to heart, that there will be no further occasion to record the scandal, the servants' hall gossip, the dubious pleasantries, and the moral eccentricities of Threepwood Hall.—*Telegraph.*

ELECTION ADDRESSES.

The *Saturday Review* says the twenty or thirty thousand clergymen who are annually abused for not preaching two millions of original and impressive sermons in the year have at least a wider range of subjects on which they can expatiate than the candidates for Parliament who are now attempting to execute variations on one or two hackneyed themes. In operas an air is sometimes allotted to two semi-choruses, who, in their respective characters of persecutors and martyrs, or of courtiers and conspirators, declaim contradictory sentiments to the same tune, and, with the necessary modifications, as nearly as possible in the same words. With the same harmonious discord, Conservatives and Liberals are at present insisting that the Irish Church shall perish or shall flourish; and Mr. Gladstone is exalted to the skies or denounced with amœbean uniformity. It is remarkable that, while the Liberal leader is introduced into every address for praise or for censure, Mr. Disraeli, who is, far more than his rival, the ruling spirit of his own party, is seldom mentioned by his adherents. Mr. Disraeli's qualities are more appreciated in the House of Commons than at a distance. Constituencies, having little sense of humour, prefer a statesman who expresses his convictions, if not in the plainest language, at least without covert irony. Mr. Disraeli's fine praises would often be ridiculous if they were not evidently intended to delude or puzzle simple minds; while Mr Gladstone attaches to every preposition which he announces deep and grave importance. If he had unnecessarily dated a published letter on Maundy Thursday, he might have been credited with a sincere belief in the paramount solemnity of the festival. Whatever may be the loyalty of professional politicians to their daring leader, the single-minded Conservatives of the country intuitively feel that they are not represented by Mr. Disraeli. The few among them who understand their own principles would have sacrificed a dozen Irish establishments on condition of retaining the parliamentary constitution which Mr. Disraeli has destroyed; nor can it be believed, except in the remotest political regions, that the actual champion of the Irish Church would not greatly have preferred the antagonistic task which circumstances have assigned to Mr. Gladstone. A sagacious critic, wholly unacquainted with electoral statistics, might perhaps discover, from a comparison of addresses, which is likely to be the winning side. The Liberal candidates, with one considerable exception, repeat with disciplined fidelity the party confession of faith; but the Conservatives seem for the most part to be conscious that some apology is required for their determination to support the Irish Church. On the matter of retrenchment, the *Saturday Review* remarks that, with the exception of Mr. Childers and Mr. Hankey, few of his adherents have hitherto dilated on the alleged extravagance of the present Government. Whatever may be the causes of the excess, it is undeniable that the estimates have been largely increased since the accession of Lord Derby to office; and as the cost of the Civil Service constantly advances with the extension of the functions of Government, the only opportunity for serious reduction must be found in military and naval expenditure. As the services are not unduly large or superfluously efficient, it might be doubted whether any saving could be effected in the army or the navy, but for the circumstance that the modern increase of outlay has been largely due to necessary improvements. Financial questions would perhaps occupy a larger space in election addresses if Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Disraeli had not accustomed the country to the easy and vicious resource of providing all exceptional revenue by an increase of income tax. There is no reason to suppose that the reformed Parliaments will become more frugal than their predecessors, while it is nearly certain that they will be comparatively reckless in adding to direct taxation. Perhaps, as the autumn advances, and the store of commonplaces is exhausted, retrenchment may take its place by the side of Mr. Gladstone and the Irish Church.

DR. PUSEY AND THE WESLEYANS.

The *Standard* reminds us that while strongly deprecating the rude and ungenerous temper in which Dr. Pusey's prepositions for modifying our university system were received by the Wesleyan Conference, it carefully avoided expressing any opinion of the scheme, beyond observing that at a first glance it appeared to be almost revolutionary in its character and tendency. We should have been well pleased to be spared the necessity of criticising it more minutely, but as Dr. Pusey has thought fit to republish it and explain and defend it at considerable length, we are in a manner forced to recur to it. We apprehend that "revolutionary" is not too strong a term to apply to a preposition which contemplates the alienation of Church foundations and revenues to the purposes of Dissent, and the establishment side by side with the existing colleges of seminaries for training the youth and the ministers of hostile sects, supported out of the endowments originally bequeathed to provide an education in which the religious element was to be supplied by the Church. The *Standard* asks Dr. Pusey for his authority to open negotiations with the Dissenters. Whatever is to be the ultimate settlement of the disputes of which our university system is the centre, the negotiations must be initiated and conducted by the legitimate and recognised representatives of the interests involved. Dr. Pusey —we say it with all deference—is the leader of a party, and of one which by no means ranks high in the estimation of the country just now.

A tremendous and destructive fire has occurred at Santiago.

The well-known dramatic authoress and actress, Madame Charlotte Birch-Pfeiffer, died at noon on Tuesday, at Berlin, in consequence of an apoplectic stroke.

Derry was on Wednesday the scene of much gaiety on the occasion of the presentation of adresses and the freedom of the city, in the Corporation Hall, to the new Lord-Lieutenant, the Duke of Abercorn.

Threatened Outbreak in Jamaica.—The negroes in the parishes of St. Thomas-in-the-East and Portland, have again become defiant towards the planters, in consequence of a sentiment uttered by the new district judge.

The Brazilian War,—It is stated that the Brazilians have again made propositions for bringing peace with Paraguay. The number of killed and wounded on the side of the Allies in the recent repulse before Humaita is now reported at 7,000.

Insurgent Bands in Bulgaria.—Intelligence received at Odessa states that two fresh insurgent bands have been found in Bulgaria, one of which has gone to Macedonia. According to the same intelligence there was a severe skirmish between the insurgents and Turkish troops at Gabrowa on the 15th inst.

Extensive Jewellery Robbery from a Railway Van.—A telegram from Manchester states that on Saturday last a box, containing jewellery, valued at £2,000, was abstracted from a luggage van of the 8·20 p.m. train from Manchester to Liverpool. The jewellery is the property of Messrs. Schwabe, jewellers, of London, Liverpool, and Manchester. Detectives are making inquiries which, it is hoped, will lead to the capture of the thieves.

"Luxuriant and Beautiful Hair is the distinguished badge of Youth." Mrs. S. A. Allen's World's Restorer or Dressing never fails to quickly restore *Grey or Faded Hair* to its youthful colour and beauty, and with the first application a beautiful gloss and delightful fragrance is given to the Hair. It stops the Hair from falling off. It prevents baldness. It promotes luxuriant growthy it causes the Hair to grow thick and strong. It removes all dandruff. It contains neither oil nor diec In large Bottles—Price Six Shillings. Zylobalsamum (Mrs. S. A. Allen's) far excels any Pomad, or Hair Oil. To those whose hair is naturally dry, requiring frequent dressing, its cheapness and great value will be proved. Its early use on children's Hair will insure an abundant and bountiful supply *from Youth to Old Age.* In large Bottles—Price Three Shillings. Sold by most Chemists and Perfumers. Depot, 266, High Holborn, London. 394

A Murderer of Seven Persons Respited at the Gibbet.—At Tamboff in Russia, south-east of Moscow, a young man named Gorski, a pupil in the college, and only 18 years old, who had been convicted of assassinating a whole family of seven persons, was lately led out for execution. He was conveyed on a cart, and guarded by a military escort. The gibbet—for the prisoner was to be hanged—was prepared, and a great crowd had assembled to witness the last act of the law. The judgment having been read, the criminal was clothed in a long white robe, the hood of which was placed over his head; he was then placed on a high stool which was to be withdrawn from under his feet as soon as the rope was adjusted round his neck. But at that moment an official came forward and read an imperial decree commuting the sentence of death to one of hard labour for life. The criminal was immediately clothed in a convict suit and taken back to prison, whence he will be shortly sent to Siberia.

Advice to Mothers.—Are you broken off your rest by a sick child, suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist, and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately; it produces natural quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It has been long in use in America, and is highly recommended by medical men; it is very pleasant to take; it soothes the child; it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and see that "Curtis and Perkins, New York and London" is on the outside wrapper. No mother should be without it.—Sold by all medicine dealers at 1s. 1½d. per Bottle, London Depot, 205, High Holborn. 393

A Successful Experiment.—The *Civil Service Gazette* has the following:—"There are very few simple articles of food which can boast so many valuable and important dietary properties as cocoa. While acting on the nerves as a gentle stimulant, it provides the body with some of the purest elements of nutrition, and at the same time corrects and invigorates the action of the digestive organs. These beneficial effects depend in a great measure upon the manner of its preparation, but of late years such close attention has been given to the growth and treatment of cocoa that there is no difficulty in securing it with every useful quality fully developed. The singular success which Mr. Epps attained by his homœopathic preparation of cocoa has never been surpassed by any experimentalist. Far and wide the reputation of Epps's Cocoa has spread by the simple force of its own extraordinary merits. Medical men of all shades of opinion have agreed in recommending it as the safest and most beneficial article of diet for persons of weak constitutions. This superiority of a particular mode of preparation over all others is a remarkable proof of the great results to be obtained from little causes. By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame." 374

Railway Time Tables.

Note.—*These Tables are compiled from the best authorities, but we do not hold ourselves responsible for any errors they may contain.*

STOCKTON AND DARLINGTON RAILWAY.

GOING EAST.—WEEK DAYS ONLY.

Stations.		A.M. 1, 2, 3.	P.M. 1, 2.	A.M. 1, 2.
Carrhouse	dep.	6·35	11·10	3·40
Cold Rowley	„	6·45	11·20	3·50
Burnhill Junction	„	6·55	11·30	4·0
Tow Law	„	7·10	11·45	4·10
Crook	arr.	7·25	11·55	4.25
	dep.	7·30	12·30	5·20
Bishop Auckland	„	7·55	12·55	5·50
Darlington	„	9·0	1·50	6·55
Stockton	„	9·35	2·25	7·27
Middlesbro'	„	9·50	2·35	7·37

GOING WEST.—WEEK DAYS ONLY.

Stations.		A.M. 1, 2, 4.	A.M. 1 & 2.	P.M. 1 & 2.
Middlesbro'	dep.	6·23	9·10	2·10
Stockton	„	6·35	9.20	2·57
Darlington	„	10·30	3·10	3·10
Bishop Auckland	„	11·0	3·40	3·40
Crook	arr.	8·30	11·25	4·10
	dep.	8·35	12·5	4·35
Tow Law	„	8·50	12·20	4·50
Burnhill Junction	„	9·5	12·33	5·6
Cold Rowley	„	9·15	12·40	5·15
Carrhouse	arr.	9·25	12·50	5·25

CONSETT BRANCH.

UP TRAINS.—WEEK DAYS.

Stations.		1, 2, G. A.M.	1 & 2. A.M.	1, 2, G. P.M.
Newcastle	dep.	6·10	10·20	5·10
Scotswood	„	6·17	10·26	5·18
Swalwell	„	6·23	10·32	5·23
Rowland's Gill	„	6·31	10·39	5·31
Lintz Green	„	6·37	10·44	5·37
Ebchester	„	6·50	10·56	5·50
Shotley Bridge	„	6·55	10·59	5·55
Benfieldside (Consett & Blackhill)	„	7·1	11·3	6·1
Knitsley	„	7·11	11·12	6·11
Lanchester	„	7·19	11·21	6·19
Witton Gilbert	„	7.28	11·30	6·28
Durham	arr.	7·40	11·42	6·40

DOWN TRAINS.—WEEK DAYS.

Stations.		1, 2, G. A.M.	1 & 2. P.M.	1, 2, G. P.M.
Durham	dep.	8·10	12·13	7·55
Witton Gilbert	„	8·24	12·23	8·6
Lanchester	„	8·35	12·33	8·17
Knitsley	„	8·46	12·42	8·27
Benfieldside (Consett & Blackhill)	„	8·58	12·53	8·38
Shotley Bridge	„	9·3	12·58	8·43
Ebchester	„	9·7	1·1	8·46
Lintz Green	„	9·18	1·10	8·55
Rowland's Gill	„	9·23	1·15	9·0
Swalwell	„	9·32	1·24	9·8
Scotswood	„	9·39	1·30	9·15
Newcastle	arr.	9·50	1·40	9·25

MARKET TRAINS ON SATURDAYS.

First, second, and third class return tickets will be issued on Saturdays by the following trains—

UP TRAINS.

Stations.		Go. A.M.	Return. P.M.
Newcastle	dep.	8·0	3.50
Scotswood	„	8·7	3·57
Swalwell	„	8·13	4·3
Rowland's Gill	„	8·21	4·11
Lintz Green	„	8·27	4·17
Ebchester	„	8·40	4·30
Shotley Bridge	„	8·45	4·35
Benfieldside (for Consett and Blackhill)	arr.	8·55	4·45
	dep.	9·0	5·10
Knitsley	„	9·11	5·21
Lanchester	„	9·24	5·34
Witton Gilbert	„	9.36	5·46
Durham	arr.	9·50	6·0

DOWN TRAINS.

Stations.		Go. A.M.	Return. P.M.
Durham	dep.	7·50	4·0
Witton Gilbert	„	8·3	4·13
Lanchester	„	8·15	4·25
Knitsley	„	8·28	4.38
Benfieldside (for Consett and Blackhill)	arr.	8·40	4·50
	dep.	9·30	6·16
Shotley Bridge	„	9·35	6·21
Ebchester	„	9·40	6·26
Lintz Green	„	9·49	6·35
Rowland's Gill	„	9·56	6·42
Swalwell	„	10·7	6·53
Scotswood	„	10·13	6·59
Newcastle	arr.	10·25	7·11

TOWNS AND VILLAGES ADJOINING THE CONSETT BRANCH

OF THE NORTH-EASTERN RAILWAY

and their respective Distances from the nearest Railway Station on that line.

	Stations.	Fares. 1		2		Gov.	
	NEWCASTLE						
	SCOTSWOOD	0	7	0	6	0	3
1	SWALWELL	1	0	0	10	0	4½
2	ROWLAND'S GILL	1	8	1	4	0	7½
3	LINTZ GREEN	2	1	1	8	0	9
4	EBCHESTER	2	8	2	2	1	0½
5	SHOTLEY BRIDGE	2	11	2	4	1	1½
6	BENFIELDSIDE	3	1	2	6	1	2½
7	KNITSLEY	3	9	3	0	1	5½
8	LANCHESTER	4	0	3	0	1	8½
9	WITTON GILBERT	4	0	3	0	1	9
10	DURHAM	4	0	3	0	1	11

Allansford	2 miles from either Nos 5 or 6.
Annfield Plain	3 miles from No 8, and 4 miles from No 3.
Andrew's House	2½ miles from No 2.
Bantling Castle	3½ miles from No 4.
Benfieldside	1 mile from No 6.
Berry Edge (now Consett)	1 mile from No 6.
Billingside	2 miles from No 4.
Blackhill	(Benfieldside Station in centre of Blackhill).
Bradley Cottages	1½ mile from No 4.
Burnhope	2 miles from No 8.
Burnopfield	1½ mile from No 2.
Byermoor	2 miles from No 2.
Burnopfield Colliery	2½ miles from No 2, and about the same distance from No 3.
Butsfield	3 miles from either Nos 7 or 8
Blanchland	9 miles from No 5.
Castleside	3 miles from No 6.
Catchgate	3½ miles from either Nos 3 or 8.
Causey	3½ miles from No 2.
Clough Dean	2½ miles from No 3.
Collierley Dykes	2½ miles from No 4.
Colpike Hall	1½ from No 8.
Consett (late Berry Edge)	1 mile from No 6.
Cornsay	3 miles from No 8.
Cragghead	4 miles from No 8.
Crawcrook	3 miles from No 2.
Crookgate	1½ mile from No 2.
Crookhall	2 miles from No 6.
Derwent Cottages	2½ miles from No 5.
Derwent Cote	2 miles from either Nos 3 or 4.
Dipton	2 miles from No 3.
Dowlais Cottages	2½ miles from No 3.
East Castle Colliery	3½ miles from No 4.
Ebchester	½ mile from No 4.
Edmondbyers	6 miles from either Nos 5 or 6.
Esh	1 mile from No 9.
Fellside	2½ miles from No 1.
Flinthill	2½ miles from No 3.
Friars' Side	2 miles from No 3.
Gibside	1 mile from No 2.
Greencroft	1 mile from No 8.
GreencroftCottages	2½ miles from No 8.
Greenhead	2 miles from No 5.
Greenside	2 miles from No 2.
Hamsteels	2 miles from No 8.
Hamsterley	1 mile from No 3.
Happy Land	3 miles from No 4.
Harperley Mill	4 miles from No 4.
Hare Law	3½ miles from either Nos 3 or
Healeyfield	3½ miles from No 6.
Hill Top (near Dipton)	2 miles from No 3.
Hill Top (near Esh)	2 miles from No 9.
Hobson	(or Burnopfield Colliery).
Holmside	3 miles from No 8.
Iveston	3 miles from either Nos 4 or 6. and 3½ from No 8.
Kyo	3½ miles from either Nos 3 or 8
Knitsley	½ mile from No 7.
Lanchester	Close to Station.
Langley	2 miles from No 8.
Leadgate	2 miles from either Nos 4 or 6.
Lintz Colliery	1½ mile from No 3.
Lintz Paper Mill	½ mile from No 3.
Lintz Green	1 mile from No 3.
Lizzie Colliery (or South Pontop) at Annfield Plain.	
Loud	4 miles from Nos 3 or 4.
Marley Hill	3½ miles from No 1.
Medomsley	1½ mile from No 4.
Mountsett	2 miles from No 3.
Muggleswick	5 miles from either Nos 6 or 7.
Minsteracres	6 miles from either Nos 5 or 6.
Newbiggin (near Lanchester)	1½ miles from No 8.
Newbiggen (near Blanchland)	11 miles from No. 5.
Newlands	3 miles from No 4.
Oxhill	4 miles from No 8, and 5 miles from No 3.
Pickering Nook	2 miles from No 3.
Pontop	3 miles from either Nos 3 or 4.
Rowley	3½ miles fromeither Nos 6 or 7.
Satley	4 miles from either Nos 7 or 8.
Shield Row	5 miles from No 2.
Shotley Bridge	1 mile from No 5.
Shotley Spa	1½ mile from No 5.
Shotley Field	2½ miles from either Nos 5 or 6.
Slaley	9 miles from either Nos 5 or 6.
Snows Green	½ mile from No 5.
South Derwent Colliery (Annfield Plain).	
South Medomsley Colliery (Pontop).	
South Moor	3½ miles from No 8.
South Pontop Colliery (or Lizzie) Annfield Plain.	
Spen (Garesfield)	2 miles from No 2.
Stanley	4½ miles from No 3.
Sunniside (near Marley Hill)	3 miles from No 1.
Swalwell	Close to No 1.
Tanfield	3 miles from No 2
Tanfield Lea	3½ miles from No 2.
Tantobie	3½ miles from either Nos 2 or 3.
Waskerley	4 miles from No 6.
Waskerley Park (near Shotley Bridge)	2 miles from No 5.
Whickham	1 mile from No 1.
White-le-Head	3 miles from No 3.
Witton Gilbert	1 mile from No 9.
Whittonstall	1 mile from No 4.
Winlaton Mill	1 mile from No 2,
Winlaton	2 miles from either Nos 1 or 2

*The Stations are all numbered and the distance to the village from the nearest Railway Stations is easily found, thus, supposing the party wishes to know to which Station he ought to book for Annfield Plain, he will find on reference that Annfield Plain is about 3 miles from No 8 (Lanchester Station), to which station he should book if coming from Durham and about 4 miles distant from No 2 (Rowland's Gill Station), to which he should book if coming from Newcastle.

☞ We shall be glad to receive corrections of the above list from any of our correspondents.

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Saturday, August 9th2, 1868.