The Consett Guardian

AND DERWENT VALLEY ADVERTISER.

An ADVERTISING MEDIUM for Annfield Plain, Blackhill, Consett, Lanchester, Leadgate, Shotley Bridge, &c.

No. 712. {REGISTERED FOR TRANSMISSION ABROAD.} SATURDAY, AUGUST 8TH, 1874. PRICE ONE PENNY.

Business Announcements.

BIRD'S EYE RETURNS.

DICKINSON,
TOBACCO MANUFACTURER,
22 AND 24, BIGG MARKET,
NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE. 23b

P. OSBORNE,
AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER,
FRONT STREET,
SHOTLEY BRIDGE.

Valuations effected for Probate, &c. 227c

ARTIFICIAL TEETH, Quality and Construction unsurpassed, fixed with every recent improvement in Gold, Silver, Coralite, and all pure material known to the profession. Mineral Teeth from 5s. each. Scaling, Stopping, &c. Children's Teeth regulated, and every other operation in Dental Surgery skilfully performed.—DE LACY, Dentist, 70, Grainger Street. 9

THOMAS ROWE, BAKER & CONFECTIONER LEADGATE AND CONSETT.

☞ PIC-NICS AND TEA PARTIES SUPPLIED OR CONTRACTED FOR. 685b

E. FARNSWORTH.
NEWMARKET STREET, CONSETT,
LICENSED DEALER IN GAME and POULTRY of all kinds.

ALSO, Fresh RABBITS always on hand. Wholesale and Retail FRUIT and POTATO Merchant. Fresh BUTTER, EGGS, and CHEESE. Licensed Dealer in TOBACCO. 523c

JUST FORFEITED.—First-class Gold and Silver Watches, by the best makers, Gold and Silver Alberts, Guards, Wedding and Fancy Rings, at about half the original cost.—J. TAYLOR, Pawnbroker, 19, Broad Chare, Newcastle. 749c

WHITELAW'S CELEBRATED INDIA PALE ALES, and MILD EDINBURGH ALES. Offices and Stores: 23, WATERLOO STREET, NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE. WILLIAM MIDDLEMASS, Sole Agent.

McEWAN'S CELEBRATED EDINBURGH ALES AND INDIA PALE ALE,
Are daily rising in public estimation.
Newcastle Stores and Offices—
FOUNTAIN HOUSE, Charlotte Square.
843 JAMES C. McINTOSH, Agent.

A. RICHARDSON,
BUILDER, CABINET-MAKER, & GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHER,
DURHAM ROAD, BLACKHILL.
Feathers, Flocks, Rabbit Down, and Mattresses. 892a

BLACKETT STREET TEA AND GROCERY WAREHOUSE,
91 and 93, BLACKETT STREET,
NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE.

JAMES JOHNSON, FAMILY GROCER AND TEA DEALER. Teas, Coffees, and Spices of the Choicest Quality. Good Useful Teas from 2s. per pound. Coffees 1s. per pound. Household Soaps from 3d. per pound. All kinds of Drysaltery Goods cheap and of the best Quality. Hotels and families supplied at wholesale prices.

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FUNERAL ECONOMY.

E. H. HUTCHINSON,
HOUSE CARPENTER, JOINER, AND UNDERTAKER,
11, VICTORIA STREET, CONSETT,

IS now prepared to execute FUNERAL ORDERS to any extent. ☞ Coffins always ready, or made to order. 483d

TO PARTIES FURNISHING.

VISIT ALEXANDER MOLTENI'S
NOTED
FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT,
76, PILGRIM STREET, NEWCASTLE,

WHERE a large and excellent assortment of NEW and SECOND-HAND FURNITURE, &c., is always on hand to select from.
Also, PIANOFORTES and HARMONIUMS by the best makers, at exceedingly moderate prices.
All Orders punctually attended to. 172d

WILLIAM WILKINSON,
FURNITURE BROKER & HARDWAREMAN,
CATCHGATE,

BEGS to inform his Friends of Catchgate and surrounding neighbourhood that he has OPENED his NEW PLACE OF BUSINESS, and is now prepared to do Business in all classes of Household Furniture, Flocks, Feathers, and Rabbit Down, Iron Beds, and Paper Hangings very cheap.
W.W. has on hand a Large Stock of WATCHES, both Gold and Silver, Gold and Silver ALBERTS, CHAINS, and JEWELLERY, which he is prepared to Sell Wholesale and Retail.
Hardware and Fancy Goods in all its different branches. 987c

OBSERVE THE ADDRESS—
OPPOSITE THE TOWN HALL, CATCHGATE.

THE TEST OF TWENTY YEARS
HAS FULLY PROVED THAT
THE PATENT LEVER WATCHES
MADE BY
JOHN D. CARIS,
20, HIGH STREET, GATESHEAD,
ARE THE
BEST TIME KEEPERS ON RECORD,
WHILE THEY ARE ALSO
CHEAPER IN PRICE.

☞ Buyers of the above, within a radius of twelve miles, are allowed third-class railway fare 935a

Business Announcements.

JOSEPH OLEY,
AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER,
10, WOOD STREET,
SHOTLEY BRIDGE. 228c

JOHN AITCHISON & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
SCOTCH AND INDIA PALE ALES.

OFFICE AND STORES—LISLE STREET, NORTHUMBERLAND STREET, NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.

JOHN BORTHWICK, AGENT.

IF YOUR WATCH STOPS
TAKE IT TO
A. MAY,
PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER
4, FRONT STREET, CONSETT.

JOHN W. DAVISON,
CABINET-MAKER, FURNITURE BROKER, IRONMONGER, &c.,
FRONT STREET, CONSETT, & CATCHGATE.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, in great variety.
IRON and BRASS BEDSTEADS.
MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, FLOCKS, RABBIT DOWN. HARDWARE
PARAFFIN LAMPS and OIL, best quality.
AGENT for the HOME WASHER and WRINGING MACHINES.
BURY'S PATENT PICKS and SHAFTS. 574d

NEWCASTLE TEA WAREHOUSE.

EVERY PERSON THAT TASTES
OUR JUSTLY
CELEBRATED INDIAN TEA
AT FOUR SHILLING PER POUND,
ARE DELIGHTED WITH ITS
PURITY AND FRAGRANCE.
COME AND GIVE IT A TRIAL!

THE ADDRESS—
NEWCASTLE TEA WAREHOUSE,
14, NEWMARKET, STREET, CONSETT.
JAMES LAKE, PROPRIETOR. 374

ASSAM TEA MART.

ROBERT DOBINSON,
THE TEA DEALER AND GROCER,

IS grateful to the inhabitants of Newcastle and district for their past favours, and solicits a continuance of the same in future. His Stock comprises a Choice Selection of
TEAS, COFFEES, SUGARS,
AND ITALIAN GOODS.
A Trial solicited. 939d

GEORGE HOBSON,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL MILLER, and SEEDSMAN,
GROCER, DRAPER, & PROVISION MERCHANT
HARPERLEY STEAM & WATER CORN MILL,
NEAR ANNFIELD PLAIN,

Has always on hand a large STOCK of Pure Linseed and Cotton Cakes; Indian Meal; Pea Meal; Barley Meal; Boxings, Sharps, and Bran; Oats whole and crushed, and feeding stuffs of every description.
G. H.'s Mixture of Permanent Clover and Grass Seeds has been tested and approved by the leading Agriculturists of the District upwards of Twenty Years..
Fine SEED PEAS, SPRING TARES, SEED BARLEY &c. &c., on hand. 145b

To the Queen and Royal Family;
To H.R.H. the Prince of Wales (Special Appointment);
And to several Indian Potentates, Foreign Governments, and Railway Companies.
Established 1749.

J. W. BENSON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER, GOLDSMITH, SILVERSMITH, AND ARTISTIC METAL WORKER.
PRIZE MEDALIST OF THE LONDON, DUBLIN, AND PARIS EXHIBITIONS.
Maker of the Chronograph by which the Derby and all other Races and Great Events of the Day are timed.
MANUFACTORY AND CITY HOUSE—58 & 60, LUDGATE HILL.
WEST END ESTABLISHMENTS—25, OLD BOND STREET, AND 99, WESTBOURNE GROVE, LONDON.

WATCHES.	CLOCKS.
Of all kinds, from 2 to 200 Gns.	*Of all kinds, from 2 to 1000 Gns.*
Lever, Vertical,	Church, Turret,
Horizontal, Duplex,	Carriage, Chime,
Chronometer, Chronograph,	Dining and Drawing-room,
Keyless, Centre Seconds.	Hall, Shop,
Repeaters, Indian, &c.	Library, Bracket, &c.

ENGLISH ORMOLU CLOCKS, designed by English Artists, and manufactured by J. W. BENSON, far exceed in beauty those manufactured abroad. They can only be obtained at this Establishment.
FINE ART BRONZES AND CHIMNEY ORNAMENTS, of the newest designs, from Continental *ateliers* of the highest reputation, at moderate prices.
ARTISTIC GOLD JEWELLERY, of the richest and most exquisite designs, with Monograms, Crests, and Devices, Enamelled in Colours, after Designs by the most accomplished Artists in the Precious Metals. Brooches, Bracelets, Necklaces, Lockets, Rings, and all kinds of *bijouterie*, as supplied to Members of the Court and other Distinguished Personages.
PRESENTATION PLATE.—Testimoniats of different sorts, Racing Cups, and Jewelled and others Boxes, as provided by Mr. BENSON for the Corporation of London and other Public Bodies, to enclose documents conveying the Freedom of the City to the Prince of Wales, Duke of Edinburgh, &c., &c.
SILVER AND ELECTRO-PLATE in the most recent fashions, and of the most durable make. In Electro-Pate it is necessary to secure sound materials and a sufficent coating of silver to resist daily wear and tear satisfactorily. No other is really cheap at any price, nor worth buying.
Watches and Clocks repaired by skilful workmen. Old Silver, Jewellery, Watches, &c., Exchanged. Merchants, Shippers, and Clubs supplied.
Illustrated Pamphlets, with full descripton of all kinds of Watches, Time-pieces, Jewellery, and Electro-Plate, with prices annexed, sent free by post upon application to J. W. BENSON, at either the above Addresses.
Watches, Clocks, Jewellery, and Plate sent to all parts of world.

Business Announcements.

A WORD ABOUT INDIAN TEA.

ENGLISH enterprise, capital, and industry have made India the Finest Tea Garden in the World, and now the British Tea Planting Companies of India have become the great competitors of the Chinese Empire. For years the Old People have said they could not get the Strong Fine Tea of the Olden Times. It is clear to us that either the Tea Plantations of the Chinese have become exhausted, or that the strongest desire of this peculiar people has been to give quantity rather than quality. It is plain to the most superficial observer, that even the Finest Chinese Tea, although it may be exquisite in flavour, lacks that power and richness peculiar to the Olden Times. It is well for the lover of this refreshing beverage, that the Cultivation of Tea in India has become a commercial success. Years ago, we commenced to combine the Chinese and Indian Teas. This method resulted in a great trade. You may have some idea of its properties, when we state that last year we sold 112,035 pounds of Tea to a delighted people.

The question will naturally suggest itself to your mind; Why do you not offer Indian Tea to the Public? We answer, the price appears high. We do not say they are dear, for the lasting power of Indian Tea is so great, that the second and third water in many instances is better than the first water of China Tea. Taking this economical view of the question, it is cheaper, suppose we say nothing of the increased satisfaction derived in drinking this life-sustaining Cup of pleasure. We would now like you to test the correctness of the opinion we have as to the strength, lasting power, richness, and economy of Indian Tea. We cannot sell this tea for less than 4s. per pound. We give you this notice that we do not intend to disturb the present mixed Tea Trade. We therefore desire you, should it be your pleasure to test our judgment, to inquire for Indian Tea at any of our Establishments.

WILLIAM STEWART, THE TEA DEALER,
CENTRAL ESTABLISHMENT, 33, GRAINGER STREET, } NEWCASTLE.
BRANCH ESTABLISHMENT, 33, SANDHILL.
BRANCH ESTABLISHMENT, 32, MOSLEY STREET,
SUNDERLAND BRANCH CORNER OF FREDERICK ROAD HIGH STREET. 644

W & A GILBEY'S LIST OF LIGHT WINES FOR SUMMER USE.—Owing to the favorable recommendations of the medical profession, the increase in the demand for the Light Wines of France, Germany, Hungary, &c., has during the last few years been altogether unprecedented. The comparative failure of the vintage throughout France in 1873 caused a considerable increase in the price of Light Wines, but the extensive purchases which were made by W & A GILBEY during the Spring of 1870 at a time when, owing to the depressed state of France, high-class Clarets were disposed of at prices little above the value of Vin Ordinaire, have enabled them to maintain the fine quality of their various brands without any increase of prices. W & A GILBEY's sale of Claret during 1873 exceeded 60,000 dozens, and they have at the present time a stock of upwards of 25,000 dozens of "Castle A Claret" alone, which has been more than a year in bottle.
Light Wines will be found particularly agreeable and refreshing if diluted with water.

RED WINES		Per Bott.	Per Doz.	WHITE WINES		Per Bott.	Per Doz.
Castle A	CLARET .. .. .. *Upwards of a year in bottle*	1/0	12/	Castle A	WHITE BURGUNDY ..	1/6	18/
Castle B	CLARET .. .. *Upwards of a year in bottle*	1/3	15/	Castle A	SAUTERNE	1/3	15/
Castle C	CLARET .. .. .. *Upwards of a year in bottle*	1/6	18/	Castle A	WHITE HUNGARIAN ..	1/6	18/
Castle D	CLARET .. .. .. *Upwards of a year in bottle*	2/0	24/	Castle A	HOCK (*Still*)	1/6	18/
Castle 1	RED BURGUNDY ..	1/3	15/	Castle A	MOSELLE (*Still*) ..	2/0	24/
Castle 1	BEAUJOLAIS	1/2	14/	Castle 1	SPARKLING CHAMPAGNE	2/5	29/
Castle 1	KARLOWITZ HUNGARIAN	1/6	18/	Castle 1	SPARKLING HOCK ..	2/9	33/
Castle 2	KARLOWITZ HUNGARIAN	1/9	21/	Castle 1	SPARKLING MOSELLE	2/9	33/

The above Light Wines can be had in Pints at 6d. per dozen Pints extra, except Sparkling Wines, which are 2/ per dozen Pints extra.

For particulars of higher-priced Light and Sparkling Wines see W & A Gilbey's Book of Prices

AGENT—
W. AYNSLEY, *Grocer*, CONSETT & LEADGATE

CONSETT STEAM PRINTING WORKS.

ROBERT JACKSON,
PRINTER, STATIONER, LITHOGRAPHER, BOOKBINDER,
GUARDIAN OFFICE, FRONT STREET, CONSETT.

EVERY description of LETTERPRESS PRINTING executed in the first style of typography, with accuracy and despatch, on the most reasonable terms.
SHOW CARDS, BUSINESS CARDS, CONTRIBUTION CARDS, and TICKETS of all kinds.
WEDDING CARDS, FUNERAL CARDS, and MOURNING CARDS.
PAMPHLETS, CLUB RULES, AUCTIONEERS' CATALOGUES, and REPORTS and RULES of Public Institutions and Societies.
PROGRAMMES, BOOKS OF WORDS, and CONCERT BILLS in the most approved styles.
BALANCE SHEETS, INVOICES, and DELIVERY NOTES.
HAND BILLS POSTING BILLS, PLACARDS, and WINDOW BILLS, of all sizes, in black and coloured inks, executed in a bold and effective style.
CIRCULARS, LETTER HEADINGS, and ORDER NOTES.
SERMONS, LECTURES, and all kinds of BOOK WORK neatly and quickly executed.
CHEQUE BOOKS of all descriptions made to order
and CLOTH and PARCHMENT TALLIES.
LITHOGRAPHING and ENGRAVING.
BRASS and ZINC WINDOW and DOOR PLATES.
BOOKBINDING in all its Branches.
A large Supply of LEDGERS, DAY BOOKS, MINUTE BOOKS, and every variety of STATIONERY

THE FOLLOWING ARE KEPT IN STOCK:—
OVERSEERS' COLLECTING AND DEPOSIT BOOKS.
HIGHWAY RATE BOOKS and HIGHWAY RATE RECEIPT BOOKS.
POOR RATE BOOKS and POOR RATE RECEIPT BOOKS.

BURRELL AND COMPANY,
METAL BROKERS & GENERAL DEALERS.
LANCHESTER. 21d

IMPROVED CONCRETE FLOORING.

JOHN DOVE & Co.,
35, CLOSE, NEWCASTLE.

PORTLAND AND ROMAN CEMENT supplied to CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, and others in any quantities.
CONCRETE FLOORING for COACH HOUSES, STABLES, KITCHENS, and OUT-HOUSES, done by experienced Workmen. Is not effected by Damp or Heat, more Durable than Flags and not more than HALF THE PRICE.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE, 35, CLOSE.

AGENT FOR HENRY C. WEBB'S
WORCESTER GEOMETRICAL, MOSAIC AND ENCAUSTIC TILES.

B. MOODY
WATCH-MAKER, EBCHESTER. 708b

JOHN JENKINS,
AUCTIONEER, HOUSE AGENT, APPRAISER, AND FURNITURE BROKER,
TRAFALGAR STREET CONSETT.

PARTIES leaving the Neighbourhood can have their Furniture, &c., turned into Cash on the shortest notice. 660a

THOMAS CRESSWELL,
THE NOTED BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,
HAS COMMENCED BUSINESS IN
DERWENT STREET, BLACKHILL,
and hopes by supplying a good article at a moderate price, together with strict attention, to merit public support. A Large Assortment of Home-made
MEN'S STRONG SEWED BOOTS,
Always on hand.
REPAIRING DONE ON THE PREMISES. 342d

Business Announcements.

WILLIAM BEER,
(FROM MESSRS. REID AND SONS),
GOLDSMITH, JEWELLER, WATCHMAKER, &c
16, COLLINGWOOD STREET,
NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE,

IN sincerely thanking his Friends and the Public for their favours and support since he has been in business, begs to solicit a continuance, and invites attention to his NEW AND SELECT STOCK OF FINE GOLD JEWELLERY, including Brooches, Earrings, Bracelets, Necklets, &c., &c.
Gold and Silver Watches, Guards, Chains, and Alberts. A variety of Silver and Electro-plated Articles suitable for Wedding and Christening Presents.
Electro-plated Spoons, Forks, &c., all guaranteed of the best quality and workmanship, at the lowest possible prices.

OBSERVE THE ADDRESS—
16, COLLINGWOOD STREET, NEWCASTLE.

LANGDALE'S PURE LINSEED AND COTTON CAKES;
ALSO
COMPOUND CAKES.
LOCUST BEANS AND FEEDING MEALS
of all descriptions;
Sold by guaranteed Analysis.

MANUFACTURED BY
S. LANGDALE,
THE WALKER OIL AND CAKE MILLS,
NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE. 276d

BOOTS! BOOTS!! BOOTS!!!

JOHN MOLE,
(Late of Castleside),
BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,

BEGS to inform the Inhabitants of Consett, Blackhill, Leadgate, Shotley Bridge, Castleside, and district that he has OPENED a Ready-made Boot and Shoe Shop, at 7, MIDDLE STREET, CONSETT, with a well-selected stock of Gentlemen's, Ladies', and Children's Boots and Shoes, which he can confidently recommend, and trusts by careful and punctual attention to all orders entrusted to his care, to merit a share of their liberal patronage and support.
Boots and Shoes made to order and Repairs neatly executed.

OBSERVE THE ADDRESS—
7, MIDDLE, STREET, CONSETT. 827d

BROOKS'
CHEAP HAT AND CAP SHOP,
59, CLAYTON STREET,
NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.

NO BETTER HATS AND CAPS in Newcastle than those Sold by BROOKS the Hat Manufacturer.

N.B.—*HATS MADE TO ORDER.* 495d

KIRTON & CO., CLOTHIERS,
BOTTLE BANK, GATESHEAD,
PROMISE TO
GIVE EVERY BOY A SHIRT
Who Buys a Suit.
Suits........................from 6s. 11d.
Top Coats.. .... „ 8s. 11d.
HATS, CAPS, SCARFS, COLLARS, &c.
Moleskin Trousers, home-made ......9s. 6d.
ALL KINDS OF CLOTHING.
THE LITTLE BOYS' CLOTHING DEPOT.

NORTHERN FIRE & LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED 1836.
Capital (fully subscribed)....£3,000,000.
Accumulated Funds......... 1,241,000.
Annual Revenue............. 601,230.

Farming Stock, Public and Private Buildings, Household Furniture, &c., Stock-in-Trade, and Goods of almost every description Insured on the most favourable terms. All Policies issued by the Company include the risk of *explosion by Gas*, without extra Premium. During the last 10 years the "Northern" has paid more than *One Million Sterling* for Claims under its Fire Policies. Life Assurances, Endowments, and Annuities granted. Tables and full particulars on application to the District Agents:
HOBSON & LIDDELL,
NEVILLE STREET (opposite the Central Station Hotel),
NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE. 715

A. MAY,
PRACTICAL CLOCK AND WATCHMAKER, JEWELLER, &c.,
No. 4, FRONT STREET, CONSETT.

LEVER AND GENEVA WATCHES at All Prices.
GOLD AND PLATED JEWELLERY in great Variety.
GOLD AND SILVER ALBERT CHAINS of the latest Style.
WEDDING RINGS.
English and Foreign Clocks and Watches of every description carefully examined, cleaned, and repaired, and the greatest care and attention is especially paid to that part of the business.
Jewellery neatly repaired and done up as new.
Work in the country promptly executed.

THE GUARDIAN.

SATURDAY, AUG. 8, 1874.

THE SESSION.

The Session has so nearly run itself out that we may almost begin to write its epitaph. Perhaps we may say of it that it has left few regrets behind—the year is dying, let it die. It was intended to be a meek little unpresumptuous session, a kind of Uriah Heep among the years of legislature; and if it is not ''umble,' it is no fault of the Ministry that it is not so. To begin with, the order went forth from the Ministerial benches that no provocation should be offered to the Opposition, and accordingly Ministers were as forbearing and forgiving as if they had Mr. Disraeli's word for it, that they were on the side of the angels. On one occasion only did the Roderick Random of the House get up to fling a taunt at Mr. Gladstone, but the word was passed round that Mr. Smollett's motion should not find a seconder on the Conservative side, and but for Mr. Whalley, who gallantly came to the rescue, it would not have been even put to the House. On more than one occasion Mr. Disraeli has shown that his moderation was to be known unto all men. He had wisely determined, since he had been carried into power in the tide of reaction, that it was his policy to stand still, and let the country see that, since all it asked for was a quiet Session, it should have its wishes. But for ecclesiastical affairs, it might be said that the Legislature had gone to sleep for a year. The Archbishops' Bill, as it has been called from its supposed paternity, was the only attempt to trouble the waters, and even that has only ruffled them a little way below the surface. At first it was thought that the Ritualists would show fight, but they seemed to think better of it. The Public Worship Bill passed the Lords with only a flutter of opposition on the part of a few lay lords more episcopal than the lords spiritual in lawn sleeves. Lord Limerick and Lord Nelson, and a few others of that ilk, tried to check the measure in Committee, but gave it up as a failure; and so, without any serious mutilation and with only a few changes for the better, such as Lord Shaftesbury and Lord Selborne's substitution of an ecclesiastical judge for the bishop sitting *in camera*, the Bill came down to the Lower House. There Mr. Gladstone took up the cause of the Ritualists, and great expectations were raised of a serious fight. But his six resolutions ended in a bottle of smoke The House lashed itself into a fury of Protestant fervour, the like of which has not been seen since the Durham letter of 1850, and Mr. Gladstone and his six resolutions collapsed like the parachute of the flying man. The Bill is now safe to pass, and we may consider that with it the House has exhausted its efforts to legislate during a season not beyond precedent. It is the comet year, and we may expect a wonderful vintage and harvest, and this is enough without any more "blazing principles" in the political sky There is a fitness of things in thus keeping quiet for a session or two. The country is not going to sleep because it is not flogged up to the galloping point with great and organic measures of change. Great questions are ripening for solution, and when ready we shall see the campaign open against Establishments and one or two other things which think themselves very secure at present. We can afford to wait and the longer these questions mature the more certain the settlement will be in the end.

THE BRUSSELS CONFERENCE.

Whatever be the motive of Russia in promoting the International Conference at Brussels to lay down rules for the conduct of war-like operations without needless barbarity, we may at once acknowledge that the notion is a laudable one in principle. The bulk of the British people, like other civilized nations, will rejoice in any understanding which shall mitigate the horrors of war. Savages delight in war and cruelty as a pastime, and exceptionally we shall everywhere find men who are savages; but civilization and culture lead most men to regard war as a necessary evil, to be restricted within the smallest possible compass. Happily, civilization has already done very much to reduce the miseries entailed by war, while at the same time immensely increasing the deadly power of weapons and projectiles. The breech-loading rifles of our days are infinitely more deadly than the long bows or cross-bows of ancient times, and there is no comparison between modern artillery and the battering-rams of antiquity. Yet, withal, war is not the pestilence which it used to be. There was a time when the march of an invading army through a country resembled the flight of a swarm of locusts, everything in its way being destroyed or devoured, and famine and pestilence being left in its wake. Even if we look back only some three-quarters of a century to the wars of the first Napoleon's time, and compare them with those of our own times, we shall see an immense improvement. The deeds of our own troops in some of those struggles would be regarded with horror if committed in our days. It would now be considered infamous and utterly unworthy of soldiers, that the innocent inhabitants of a hardly-captured town should be given up to pillage, outrage, and assassination at the hands of the conquering army. We have now learnt to respect the lives, liberty, and property of non-combatants who do not actively interfere on one side or the other in a war; and, instead of inflicting suffering on individuals, we lay a fine upon a town or a country. Of course, it is difficult, if not impracticable to carry out the principle that no harmless non-combatant shall suffer by war-like operations except as a member of the community to which he belongs. The lives, the limbs, the property of citizens cannot be actually protected in a besieged town; a hungry army will make requisitions, and buy up at its own price food needed by the people; and the privacy of domestic life will be occasionally violated by the billeting of troops. No rules that any conference could pass would get rid of all these evils unless nations would agree to fight out their battles in deserts; but there is no hope of that while permanent or temporary acquisition of territory continues to be the chief object of war. Remove that object, and it would be as easy to abolish war altogether as to confine it to uninhabited wastes. But still there is no doubt that an international conference may help further to mitigate the miseries of war. By such means it was decided that explosive bullets should not be used for rifles, and also that the wounded and all persons attending upon them should be treated as neutrals; and these regulations have been substantially carried out in all recent wars between civilized peoples. But of course all restrictions upon war-like operations, in order to be effective, must be subject to two conditions—first, that they express the general feeling of civilised nations; and, secondly, that they do not weaken one combatant to the advantage of another. The public feeling of Europe alone, without any international rules laid down, has been very effectual in mitigating the horrors of war; but it is well to have a code laid down to meet such atrocities as are charged, we do not say whether truly or not, against the Carlists in Spain. Such rules would never have the character of ordinary law, because there would be no authority capable of enforcing them in the event of their breach by one of two great Powers engaged in war; but they would give additional effect to public opinion by formularizing and solemnly recording it, so that it would be the more infamous for any country to violate the restrictions laid down; while in civil wars, or wars between minor Powers, the penalty for a breach of the international regulations of warfare might be non-recognition of belligerency. But while we are ready to help in any practicable plan for reducing the regulations of modern warfare to a code, we must take especial care not to commit ourselves to any conditions which specially militate against our own power, as the greatest martime nation and the possessors of a comparatively small but highly-drilled and excellently-appointed army It is easy to conceive how the wily Russians, under the guise of zeal for humanity, might contrive to tie our hands if we were not careful. It is well, therefore, that our representative goes to the Conference to listen and suggest—that is, simply to confer—and not to bind us to anything without ample consideration, and probably not without discussion in Parliament and the press.

OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.

Now that the Public Worship Bill, and the amendment which Mr Gladstone came back from the north to move, have been disposed of, Parliamentary proceedings will doubtless be dull and uninteresting for the remaining few days of the session, as they had been for some days before Friday. Friday, however, was a rather lively day, what with the incident respecting the salary of the new ecclesiastical judge, or rather respecting the absence of such salary, the motion of Mr Butt to omit the Peace Preservation Act from the Expiring Acts Continuance Bill. The way in which the difficulty about the new judge's salary was surmounted by Lord Penzance offering to fill the office without further reward than his present pension is not very creditable to the House of Commons or the country, but it gave occasion for a piece of the smartest writing I have seen in the *Times* for many a day. As for Mr Butt's motion, the 56 gentlemen who voted for it were evidently the devoted band of Home Rulers who are all sticking to their places at this fag-end of the session in order to exhibit a fictitious comparative strength in thin Houses; but even then they are in a hopeless minority, as are the Liberals themselves. But I cannot but think that if the Liberal minority had been led and disciplined like the Home Rulers, the Government would have had a little more trouble over their measures this session. Not only has Mr Gladstone put the leadership of his party in commission, except upon a few special occasions, but Mr Bright has been conspicuous by his absence. The admirers of this hon. gentleman would have liked to hear him speak on such questions as church patronage in Scotland, licensing legislation, endowed schools, "coercion" in Ireland, and other important subjects: and even his policical opponents would have been interested in the vigorous expression of his views. The turmoil and excitement of political life, however, seem to be too much for Mr Bright, and perhaps we must resign ourselves to the idea that politically he will never be himself again. Not so with Mr Gladstone. He will in all probability commence next session with renewed vigour. He has, I understand, intimated to his supporters that on all great questions he will then take an active part as befits the leader of Her Majesty's opposition.

Whether the Government are justified in having so long withheld the names of the three new Charity Commissioners to be appointed under the Endowed Schools Bill is a matter of argument and opinion, and so, indeed, is the fitness of the three gentlemen appcinted. On the whole, however, I believe the balance of opinion is in favour of the appointments. Whether the Act will work smoothly and satisfactorily to the public remains to be seen. I for one believe it will not, and that there will yet be a great hubbub about it. It must be remembered that any scheme which the commissioners propose will have to be sanctioned by Parliament. This will afford some guarantee that no great injustice will be done, but still the Act in itself favours the Church of England at the expense of Dissenters, and if the commissioners push this too far, there will undoubtedly arise a strong feeling inside and outside of Parliament.

There is not much scope usually to find fault with the decisions of our metropolitan police magistrates. As a rule, they do their duty with pains-taking conscientiousness. But extraordinary leniency has been displayed by Mr Hannay at Worship Street, in the case of a brutal husband and father who attempted to strangle his daughter. It was proved that the fellow was frequently drunk, was seldom at work, and was in his cups a most violent brute, threatening wife and children, amongst other manaces occasionaly vowing that he would do away with the home—such a "home" as it was. One evening he came home drunk, wanted more liquor, and tried to get a box containing his boy's clothes that he might sell them for drink. The mother and the daughter consequently hid this box, and the enraged brute rushed on his daughter, a girl of seventeen, and tried to strangle her. The poor girl went into a fit, and had been under the doctor's hands ever since. But because, forsooth, this fellow had received "provocation" in the hiding of his boy's clothes, to prevent their being taken to the pawn-shop for drink, the magistrate merely ordered him to find bail to keep the peace for six months.

Our Metropolitan Board of Works seems at last to be in earnest in attacking the gas monopoly in the Metropolis. The Board did its best to prevent the increase of charge applied for and obtained by several of the gas companies, but in vain. Because Parliament had limited the dividends of the gas companies to 10 per cent., these companies first began to make up all back dividends to that figure with their surplus funds, and then claimed the right to make such charges as would always give them 10 per cent. dividends. The Board of Works, as the most effectual way of meeting these tactics, has now instructed its solicitor to prepare a bill for introduction into Parliament next session to enable the Board to provide an independent supply of gas for the metropolis. Of course the companies will be up in arms against this, but I hope their opposition will be fruitless. At present we are paying about twice as much for bad gas as we ought to pay for gas of a better quality, what with the excessive profits of the companies and the absence of economy in managing their works. At all events, the application of the Board of Works to Parliament will probably at once cause a reduction in the high price of gas.

There has been much discussion about the removal of Temple Bar in order to widen the thoroughfare, and every now and then we have had statements in the papers that the old gateway was at once to be removed, but there it has stood until now, in spite of the frequent pronunciation of its doom. At last, however, it is doubtless all over with the ancient and interesting structure. The digging of the foundations for the new Law Courts has caused the arch of the gateway to part at the crown until daylight can be seen through it, and the structure has had to be shored up, previous, no doubt to coming down, for nobody would seriously propose to repair the arch, and perpetuate the obstruction to traffic. The structure can be erected elsewhere, say on the Thames embankment close by, for the benefit of antiquaries, and all the form and ceremony of royal entries into the City can be kept up by means of a bar across the street, removable in ordinary times—if, indeed, it would be expedient any longer to perpetuate this mummery.

The Bank holiday system has now become a recognised institution, and holiday-making on the regulation days continues to come more and more into vogue. The most popular of all the St. Lubbock days is the first Monday in August, and I venture to say that, weather favouring, there will have been more holiday-making throughout the country on this present occasion than ever there has been before. Preparations for the day's outing were made on an extensive scale. Special excursions innumerable were advertised, and then there have been all the ordinary holiday inducements and facilities which are common to the season. These Parliamentary holidays are a great boon to many, but they must be very vexatious and annoying to others. To the poor clerk with £60 or £80 a year, with a wife and two or three children—and there are thousands so situated—a bank holiday must be rather tantalizing. For a party of four or five, go as cheaply as you may to work, holiday-making comes expensive. The London clerk and his family cannot have much of a holiday in any of the parks. They are very, very different from the country, and however unpleasant it may be to say it—they are in the height of summer sadly marred as pleasure resorts for respectable people by the number of dirty, ragged, rough children, and the uncomely casual paupers and other wretched idlers, who spend whole days in those parks. The children perhaps bring a bit of bread-and-butter with them, and quench their thirst at a drinking fountain. The casuals, if they have not managed to beg a copper or a bit of bread on their way from the Workhouse, forget hunger in sleep or listless lounging.

At this season of the year there is one class of advertisement that is specially noticeable. Governesses advertise for holiday engagements, and probably where one succeeds a dozen fail, besides which a great majority of governesses have not the courage (or the money) to advertise at all. This is a shabby system, this sending young women adrift for a couple of months, leaving them to their own resources, which too often means laying them open to great temptation. I fear there is no little distress among private governesses just now, and that when those whom they have been teaching are enjoying themselves at seaside resorts or continental watering-places, the poor governesses sit at home in their solitary lodging, and weep to see the summer passing away, while, they cannot even work for a holiday, or rather for the means of living.

NORTHERN COMMERCIAL AND EDUCATIONAL PROSPERITY.

The annual meeting of delegates of the Northern Union of Mechanics' Institutions was held on Wednesday, in the Lecture Room of the Gateshead Mechanics' Institute—Mr C. M. Palmer, M.P., President of the Union, in the chair.—The President, on rising to deliver his address, was warmly received. In the course of an able address, he said: We live in an age and in a district of enormous industrial development. No age and no district can furnish so many or so varied examples of manufacturing progress. Indeed, it would hardly be too much to say that the last seventy years have been more productive in mechanical results than seven centuries of an earlier era, and probably no district has contributed more than these northern counties to supply the wants of the world. To convey some slight idea of the remarkable character and variety of the industries of the district it is sufficient to enumerate a few only, viz.:—coal, coke, iron, ships, engines, glass, chemicals, firebricks. But descending from generalities to particulars, let us see what progress has been made in some of the principal branches of northern industry and enterprise. First, as to the coal trade, it need not be said that that is an article which enters into almost all the manufacturing industries of the world. Eighty years ago it was calculated that the annual production of Durham and Northumberland was 2,650,000 tons. The output of Durham and Northumberland which, in 1862, was 19,360,356 tons, attained the magnificent total of 30,395,000 tons in 1872. Even this vast production, calculated to amount to fully one-fourth of the whole coal production of the United Kingdom, will probably be greatly exceeded in the years to come. According to statistics prepared at the time the British Association last visited Newcastle, the number of persons employed in the northern coal trade, including seamen and boys engaged in the coasting traffic, was 61,300 in 1852, and 72,000 in 1863. The reports of the Inspectors of Mines, for 1872, however, placed the numbers employed about the pits in the two counties at 84,300 men and boys. If to these we add 2,000 engaged in shipping coal, and upwards of 30,000 in the carrying trade, we find that no fewer than 120,000 persons are directly employed in the coal trade of the north. To produce a ton of pig iron, the quantity of coke required is about 25 cwt.: and as, then, during the last two years the annual production of pig iron has averaged close upon two million tons, it follows that the consumption of coke for furnace purposes alone must in the same time have amounted to nearly two and a half million tons a year, the average value of which for last year alone has been estimated at four millions sterling. But in addition to this, about 16,000 tons of coke are usually sent every week from South Durham to the Barrow district. It may therefore be calculated that the production of coke does not fall much short, if even it does not exceed, a total of four million tons a year. Supposing this estimate to be correct, four times as much coke is manufactured in our district as was turned out in 1862. It is perhaps in respect to the production and manufacture of iron, the intrinsic value of which has been pronounced greater than gold itself, that the most astonishing progress has been accomplished. Previous to 1850 not more than 300 puddling furnaces were in operation in the North of England. Even in 1863 there were only 646 furnaces at work. Now, however, there are more than three times as many. The whole number of puddling furnaces in existence is believed to be 2,101. What amount of finished iron is turned out by these furnaces is not known exactly.; but as the capacity of the 646 furnaces which were at work eleven years ago was equal to the production of 300,000 tons per annum, it may safely be assumed that about a million tons of malleable iron are produced now. The make of raw iron is of course more enormous still. The pig iron made in the Cleveland district alone in 1862 was 667,000 tons, and for this quantity 2,333,000 tons of ironstone had to be raised. But last year it was estimated that the production of the Cleveland mines reached nearly six million tons, while the make of pig iron in the same time has been put down at two millions tons, an increase in twenty years of over six hundred per cent. Fully one-third of all the iron made in the United Kingdom it turned out in our own district. As to the value of the metal thus manufactured, it has been computed that last year's production, at the prices which then prevailed, could not have realised much less than four millions sterling. The trade with which my name is also identified, viz., the construction of iron steamships, has also made rapid and important progress, and has certainly tended to maintain the superiority of the mercantile marine of this country over that of any other nation. There was a time when our shipping was threatened by that of other countries, namely, America, and those in the north of Europe, where ships could be built cheaper and navigated with greater economy, and for some few years they made rapid inroads into the carrying trade of the world, but the introduction of iron as a substitute for timber and the great improvement in the marine engine, more especially the adaptation of the screw propeller, together with the indomitable perseverance and great mechanical genius of this country, overcame the impending difficulties, and the result has been a rapid development of steam navigation, which is driving from the seas the mercantile marine of America and other countries: and as trade extends and the travelling propensities of people still more increase, we shall see greater and more extraordinary progress in steam navigation throughout the world, in which the North of England will greatly participate, as, from the scientific abilities and knowledge of the employers, foremen, and others about them, as well as the intelligence and steady industry of the working men, and the materials being the produce of the district, we may look to this locality to be equal to any emergency that the development of steam navigation may occasion. The estimated amount of the tonnage of the iron ships launched on the Tyne in 1862 was 32,175 tons. Adding to this the estimated amount for the Wear and Tees in the same year, 15,608 and 9,660 tons respectively, we get the total for the three rivers of 57,443 tons. Last year the amount for the Tyne alone was 87,913 tons. If I were not afraid of wearying you I might deal with other industries of the North in the same manner as I have just dealt with the coal. The iron, glass and shipbuilding, chemicals, engines of all descriptions, fire bricks, lead, not to mention the ordnance manufactured at the Elswick Works, are transmitted from the Tyne to almost all the accessible parts of the earth. And all these productions are among the finest made anywhere. Some of our manufacturers, indeed, command higher prices in the market than those of any other district. There is hardly a railway on the whole face of the globe that is not indebted to this district for some of its rails. Moreover, there is scarcely a railway outside Europe that is not worked by north-country engineers. Thus the influence of the Northern Counties has made itself felt wherever commerce has been extended. If we continue to avail ourselves of the advantages that arise—if our intellectual progress keep pace with our material advancement—we need not despair of the future. It was lately our custom to trust to voluntary enterprise. Schools were more or less a tax on benevolent persons, while institutions for enabling the thoughtful and studious among the working classes to continue their own education derived their support from the organised efforts of those who used them. Of late years, however, we have improved on both these methods. The Education Act of 1870, with all its defects and shortcomings, was an immense stride in the right direction. Twenty-four years ago the educational vote amounted to no more than £30,000 per annum, but the grant for education in Great Britain last year was £1,303,817. There is no part of our national expenditure that ought to give us more satisfaction than this, and the money obtained from the National Exchequer does not by any means cover the whole aid now given to education. Owing to the operation of the Act of 1870, vast sums are raised from local rates for the establishment and maintenance of elementary schools. The effect of the changes lately introduced has not yet been, and will not for a long time be felt. Still the statistics of education show that considerable progress has been made in the elementary instruction of the people. In 1863 the average number of children in attendance at the primary schools in England and Wales was 846,805; but in 1871 the average had increased to 1,345,802, while last year it was put down in returns recently issued at 1,482,480. Gratifying, however, as these statistics undoubtedly are, there is still abundant room for improvement. According to the computation of the Education Department the number of children who ought to be in daily average attendance at the elementary schools is about three millions; but as only 1,482,480 are so attending, it follows that something like half the children of the kingdom are even now growing up in a state of comparative ignorance. To reach these neglected offspring of the poor, more School Boards are necessary. I do not think we ought to be content till every foot of English soil is embraced in a school district, and that compulsory attendance be enforced: for so long as any portion of the people are allowed to grow up in ignorance, the disgrace and consequent injury will attach to the entire nation. There is, perhaps, less need for School Boards in these northern counties than in some other parts of the country, for we have here, as a rule, in every colliery village, sufficient school accommodation for the children. (Hear, hear.) Without entering upon the question in a political point of view—as this is wisely debarred from us—I wish some time could be devoted to considering whether the measure passed by the present Government is a correct one, because it is by men like yourselves that the nation must be taught upon such subjects—namely, in reducing the standard of education. The education obtained in elementary schools is not so much knowledge itself as the means of acquiring knowledge. Reading and writing, indeed, have been aptly called the tools of knowledge. But reading and writing, if not thoroughly learned and frequently used, are soon forgotten. Hence mechanics' institutes, or some other supplementary aids to the common schools, are real necessities. I have no doubt, in spite of all that has been said of their failure, that mechanics' institutes have in their time performed a most useful function. But these institutions, admirable and useful as they are, I hope soon to see assisted and supported by other institutions also admirable and useful. I mean free libraries. One need not disparage mechanics' institutes in the least in saying that public libraries supported by the people for the benefit of the people are capable of wide and permanent influence. It is a subject well worthy of the consideration of this conference, consisting of representatives of all the principal societies in Northumberland and Durham, how far mechanics' institutes, not only in towns, but in villages also, can be united with free libraries. (Loud cheers.) In our own neighbourhood, flourishing free libraries are in active and wholesome operation in Tynemouth, Sunderland, and South Shields. Before long Newcastle too, will, I hope, be able to boast of a similar advantage. Is it too much to expect that Gateshead, Durham, Jarrow, Barnard Castle, Bishop Auckland, Hexham, Morpeth, Blyth, and other towns round about us will in due time follow the example thus set them? If it were possible to establish a free library in every populous place in this great and teeming district, nothing, I am sure, would do more to educate and elevate the tastes of the people. You cannot, I am sure, too much multiply the agencies of improvement. Agencies of another kind are already too abundant. Is not the duty of society—would it not at all events be immensely to the credit of society—to provide counteracting influences? We are doing something in that direction here to-day. Let us by all means extend as far as possible the usefulness of the institutions which exist. But let us not at the same time neglect the consideration of new and equally efficient organisations. This district has grown enormously in wealth and prosperity: it behoves all wise and thinking people to see to it that the moral and intellectual improvement of the population shall advance at the same rate. (Loud applause.)

ANNUAL ASSEMBLY OF THE UNITED METHODIST FREE CHURCHES.

The sittings of the Annual Assembly in connection with the United Methodist Free Churches were resumed on Friday, but the proceeding were carried on with closed doors. The business before the assembly was the usual inquiry into the character of the preachers. The Rev. Thomas Barnes tendered his resignation, he being about to enter the Church of England.

The sittings in connection with the Annual Assembly of the United Methodist Free Churches were resumed on Saturday, in the Wesley Chapel, Prudhoe Street—the President (the Rev. Joseph Garside) occupying the chair. The inquiry into the character of ministers being unfinished on the rising of the Assembly on Friday, was continued, and concluded about eleven o'clock, when the proceedings were again made public. The minutes of the Connexional Committee were read, and were, on the motion of the Rev. John Adcock confirmed, with the exception of those in reference to the recommendation as to an institute, in reference to a connexional school, and in reference to the alteration of limitation of two years to probations. These minutes, Mr. Adcock stated, were withheld from the motion as they were considered of such importance that they ought to be fully discussed by the Assembly. The Assembly then adjourned, and after the members had dined, they proceeded as arranged, on a sea trip.

During the other days of the week a variety of other questions affecting the Connexion were discussed, and meetings were held. For purposes of local evangelism the assembly gave power to circuits to employ laymen of piety and experience as missionaries. The numerical report showed an increase of 5 itinerant preachers, 805 members, 8 chapels, 12 Sunday schools, and 5,491 scholars.

On Saturday, a little child, who had been left playing in the backyard of a house, at Southwick, Sunderland, fell into a washing tub that was filled with water, and was drowned.

Serious Accident on the Railway at Pelaw Main.—On Monday afternoon a serious accident occurred at Pelaw Railway Station. About three o'clock, a boy named Robert Dimsey, was accidentally run over by some waggons thereby receiving injuries to one of his legs. He was removed to the Infirmary, where it was found necessary to amputate the fractured limb. He resided with his father at Bill Quay.

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Licensing Notices.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, Cap. 94, Sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Medomsley, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, EDWARD LOVAT, now residing at MEDOMSLEY, in the Township of Medomsley, in the County of Durham, Beer House Keeper, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the Twenty-sixth day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License or Licenses, to sell by Retail, under the Intoxicating Liquor Licensing Act, 1828, all intoxicating liquors to be consumed either on or off the House or Premises thereunto belonging, situate at Medomsley, in the said Parish, of which Premises WILLIAM MOORE, of Black Hill, is the Owner, and which said Premises are occupied by EDWARD LOVAT.

Given under my hand this Second day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four.
6097 EDWARD LOVAT.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, Cap. 94 Sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Benfieldside, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, JOHN BECKWITH, now residing at BLACK HILL, in the Township of Benfieldside, in the County of Durham, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the Twenty-sixth day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License or Licenses, to sell, by Retail, under the Intoxicating Liquor Licensing Act, 1828, all intoxicating Liquors, to be consumed either on or off the House or Premises thereunto belonging, situate at Black Hill, in the said Township, of which Premises JOHN BECKWITH, of Black Hill, is the Owner or Lessee, and which said Premises were lately occupied by JOHN BECKWITH.

Given under my hand this Third day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four.
6099 JOHN BECKWITH.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, Cap. 94, Sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Collierley and Pontop, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, RALPH DIXON, now residing at DIPTON, in the Township of Collierley and Pontop, in the County of Durham, Beer House Keeper, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the Twenty-sixth day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License or Licenses, to sell, by Retail, under the Intoxicating Liquor Licensing Act, 1828, all intoxicating Liquors, to be consumed either on or off the House or Premises thereunto belonging, situate at Dipton, in the said Township, of which Premises, JOHN MADDISON, of Dipton, is the Owner, and which said Premises were lately occupied by RALPH DIXON.

Given under my hand this Ninth day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four.
6103 RALPH DIXON.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, Cap. 94, Sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Benfieldside, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, WILLIAM HAY, now residing at BLACK HILL, in the Township of Benfieldside, in the County of Durham, Beer House Keeper, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the Twenty-sixth day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License or Licenses, to sell, by Retail, under the Intoxicating Liquor Licensing Act, 1828, all intoxicating Liquors, to be consumed either on or off the House or Premises thereunto belonging, situate at Black Hill, in the said Township, of which Premises WILLIAM HAY, of Black Hill, is the Owner or Lessee, and which said Premises were lately occupied by WILLIAM HAY.

Given under my hand this Ninth day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four.
6096 WILLIAM HAY.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, cap. 94, sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Hedley Hope, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, JOHN ELLIOT, now residing at Cornsay Colliery in the Parish or Township of Esh, in the County of Durham, Contractor, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the Twenty-sixth day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License or Licenses, to sell, by Retail, under the Intoxicating Liquor Licensing Act, 1828, all intoxicating liquors, to be consumed either on or off the House or Premises thereunto belonging, situate at Three Lane Ends near Cornsay, in the said Township, of which Premises EDWARD TAYLOR of Sunniside, is Owner, and which said Premises are occupied by JOHN ELLIOT.

Given under my hand this Twenty-third day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four.
6101 JOHN ELLIOT.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, cap. 94, sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Medomsley, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, MATTHEW BUSHBY, now residing at Black Hall Mill, in the Township of Medomsley, in the County of Durham, Beer house keeper DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the Twenty-sixth day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License or Licenses, to sell, by Retail, under the Intoxicating Liquor Licensing Act, 1828, all intoxicating liquors, to be consumed either on or off the House or Premises thereunto belonging, situate at Black Hall Mill, in the said Township, of which Premises I, MATTHEW BUSHBY, of Black Hall Mill, am the Owner, and which said Premises are occupied by me, the said MATTHEW BUSHBY.

Given under my hand this Sixth day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four.
6098 MATTHEW BUSHBY.

Licensing Notices.

"THE WINE AND BEER HOUSE ACT, 1869."
32 and 33 Victoria, Cap. 27, Section 7.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, and to the Constables thereof, and to all whom it may concern.

I, JOSEPH BROWN, of CONSETT, Beer House Keeper, in the Parish of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply to the Justices assembled at the General Annual Licensing Meeting of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, for the Petty Sessional Division of the West Division of Chester Ward, to be holden in pursuance of an Act of the session of the ninth year of the reign of King George the Fourth, chapter 61, intituled "An Act to regulate the granting of Licenses to keepers of Inns, Ale-houses, and Victualing-houses, in England," at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on Wednesday, the Twenty-sixth day of August next, at the hour of Ten o'clock in the Forenoon of the same day, for a Certificate under "The Wine and Beer House Act, 1869," for a License to sell Wine, by Retail, to be consumed on the premises, at a house situate at Consett, in the said Parish of Lanchester, belonging to RICHARD MURRAY, of Black Hill, and of which said House and Premises I am now the occupier.

Given under my hand this Twenty-third day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four.
6114 JOSEPH BROWN.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, Cap. 94, Sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Conside and Knitsley, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may Concern.

I, JOSEPH BROWN, now residing at CONSETT, in the Township of Conside and Knitsley, in the County of Durham, Beerhouse Keeper, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the Twenty-sixth day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License or Licenses to sell, by Retail, under the Intoxicating Liquor Licensing Act, 1828, all Intoxicating Liquors, to be consumed either on or off the House or Premises thereunto belonging, situate at Consett in the said Township, of which Premises RICHARD MURRAY, of Blackhill, is the Owner, and which said premises are occupied by JOSEPH BROWN.

Given under my hand this 23rd day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four.
6113 JOSEPH BROWN.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, Cap. 94, Sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, PATRICK McDONALD, now residing at CONSETT, in the Parish of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the Twenty-sixth day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License or Licenses, to sell, by Retail, under the Intoxicating Liquor Licensing Act, 1828, all intoxicating liquors, to be consumed either on or off the House or Premises thereunto belonging, situate at Consett, in the said Parish, of which Premises HEDLEY NICHOLSON, of Benfieldside, is the owner, and which said Premises were lately occupied by George Suddice.
PATRICK McDONALD.

Given under my hand this Twenty-third day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four. 6112

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, Cap. 94, Sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Conside and Knitsley, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, MARTIN FORSTER, now residing at CONSETT, in the Township of Conside and Knitsley, in the County of Durham, Tailor and Draper, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the Twenty-sixth day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License, to sell, by Retail, at a Shop, Beer, to be consumed off the Premises, situate at Consett, in pursuance of the Act 11 Geo. IV., and 1 Will. IV., chap. 64, and Acts amending the same.

Given under my hand this Twenty-fifth day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four.
6121 MARTIN FORSTER.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, cap. 94, sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Esh, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, GEORGE SOAMES, now residing at Leadgate, in the Township of Iveston, in the County of Durham, Licensed Victualler, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the Twenty-sixth day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License or Licenses, to sell, by Retail, under the Intoxicating Liquors Licensing Act, 1828, all intoxicating liquors, to be consumed either on or off the House or Premises thereunto belonging, situate at Wall Nook, in the said Township of which Premises, I, GEORGE SOAMES of Leadgate am the Lessee, and which said Premises are occupied by me the said George Soames.

Given under my hand this Twenty-sixth day of June, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four.
6105 GEORGE SOAMES.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, cap. 94, sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of the Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, ROBERT TEASDALE, now residing at Consett, in the Parish of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the Twenty-sixth day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License or Licenses, to sell, by Retail, under the Intoxicating Liquor Licensing Act, 1828, all intoxicating Liquors, to be consumed either on or off the House or Premises thereunto belonging, situate at Consett, in the said Parish of which Premises WILLIAM SHELL, of Consett, is the Owner or Lessee, and which said Premises were lately occupied by ROBERT TEASDALE.

Given under my hand this Sixteenth day of July One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four.
6104 ROBERT TEASDALE.

Licensing Notices.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, Cap. 94, Sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Ebchester, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, GEORGE MOODY, now residing at EBCHESTER, in the parish or Township of Ebchester, in the County of Durham, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester on the Twenty-sixth day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License to sell, by Retail, at a Shop, Spirits, to be consumed off the Premises, situate at Ebchester, in pursuance of the Act 24 and 25 Vict., chap. 21, sec. 2.

Given under my hand this Eighteenth day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four.
6120 GEO. MOODY.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, Cap. 94, Sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Collierley and Pontop, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, JONATHAN MILES BEAVAN, and I, THOMAS TULIP, now residing at DIPTON, in the Township of Collierley and Pontop, in the County of Durham, Drapers, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is our intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the 26th day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License to sell, by Retail, at a Shop, Wines, to be consumed off the Premises, situate at Dipton, in pursuance of the Act 23 Vict., chap. 27, sec. 3, and Acts amending the same.

Given under our hands this Eighteenth day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four.
JONATHAN MILES BEAVAN.
THOMAS TULIP. 6116

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, Cap. 94, Sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Collierley and Pontop in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, JONATHAN MILES BEAVAN, and I, THOMAS TULIP, now residing at Dipton, in the Township of Collierley and Pontop, in the County of Durham, Drapers, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is our intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the Twenty-sixth day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License, to sell, by Retail, at a shop, Spirits, to be consumed off the Premises, situate at Dipton, in pursuance of the Act 24 and 25 Vict. chap. 21, sec 2.

Given under our hands this Eighteenth day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four.
JONATHAN MILES BEAVAN.
THOMAS TULIP. 6117

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, cap. 94, sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Collierley and Pontop, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, JONATHAN MILES BEAVAN, and I, THOMAS TULIP, now residing at Dipton, in the Township of Collierley and Pontop, in the County of Durham, Drapers, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is our intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room in Lanchester, on the Twenty-sixth day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License, to sell, by Retail at a shop, Beer, to be consumed off the Premises, situate at Dipton, in pursuance of the Act 11. Geo. 4 and 1 Will. 4, chap. 64. and Acts amending the same.

Given under our hands this Eighteenth day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four.
JONATHAN MILES BEAVAN.
THOMAS TULIP. 6118

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, cap. 94.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Collierley and Pontop, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, and to all whom it may concern.

I, JONATHAN MILES BEAVAN, and I, THOMAS TULIP, of Dipton, in the Township of Collierley and Pontop, in the County of Durham, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply to the Justices assembled at the General Annual Licensing Meeting of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, for the Petty Sessional Division of the West Division of Chester Ward, to be holden in pursuance of an Act of the session of the ninth year of the reign of King George the Fourth, chapter 61, intituled, "An Act to regulate the granting of Licenses, to keepers of Inns, Ale-houses, and Victualling-houses, in England, and of the Licensing Act, 1872," at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on Wednesday, the Twenty-sixth day of August next, at the hour of Ten o'clock in the Forenoon of the same day, for a Certificate under the "Licensing Act 1872," for an Excise License to sell Sweets, by Retail, to be consumed off the Premises, at a House and Premises, situated at Dipton, in the said Township of Collierley and Pontop, belonging to Jonathan Miles Beavan and Thomas Tulip, of Dipton, and of which said House and Premises we are now the Occupiers.

Given under our hands this Eighteenth day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four.
JONATHAN MILES BEAVAN.
THOMAS TULIP. 6119

THE WINE AND BEER HOUSE ACT, 1869.
32 and 33 Victoria, cap. 27, sec. 7.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish of Lanchester in the County of Durham, and to the Constables thereof, and to all whom it may concern.

I, PATRICK McDONALD, of CONSETT, in the Parish of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply to the Justices assembled at the General Annual Licensing Meeting of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, for the Petty Sessional Division of the West Division of Chester Ward, to be holden in pursuance of an Act of the session of the ninth year of the reign of King George the Fourth, chapter 61, intituled, "An Act to regulate the granting of Licenses, to keepers of Inns, Ale-houses and Victualling-houses, in England," at the JUSTICE ROOM, in LANCHESTER, on WEDNESDAY, the Twenty-sixth day of August next, at the hour of Ten o'clock in the Forenoon of the same day, for a Certificate under "The Wine and Beer House Act, 1869," for a License to sell Wine, by Retail, to be consumed on the premises, at a house situate at Consett, in the said Parish of Lanchester, belonging to HEDLEY NICHOLSON, of Benfieldside, and of which said House and Premises I am now the Occupier.
PATRICK McDONALD.

Given under my hand this Twenty-third day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four. 6115

Licensing Notices.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, cap. 94, sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Hedleyhope, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, JOHN GOODBURN, now residing at EAST HEDLEYHOPE, in the Township of Hedleyhope, in the County of Durham, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the JUSTICE ROOM, in LANCHESTER, on the Twenty-sixth day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License or Licenses, to sell, by retail, under the Intoxicating Liquor Licensing Act, 1828, all Intoxicating Liquors, to be consumed either on or off the House or Premises thereunto belonging, situate at East Hedleyhope, in the said Township, of which Premises GEORGE ELLIOT, of Hedleyhope, is the owner or lessee, and which said Premises were lately occupied by JOHN GOODBURN.

Given under my hand this Ninth day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four
JOHN GOOD.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, cap. 94. sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, MICHAEL McGURK, now residing at Consett, in the Parish of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the Twenty-sixth day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License or Licenses, to sell, by Retail, under the Intoxicating Liquor Licensing Act, 1828, all intoxicating liquors, to be consumed either on or off the House or Premises, thereunto belonging, situate at Consett, in the said Parish of which Premises I, MICHAEL McGURK, of Consett, am the Owner, and which said Premises were lately occupied by ELIZABETH LINDSAY.

Given under my hand this Seventeenth day of July, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-four.
6199 MICHAEL McGURK.

Local and General News.

The condition of the iron trade of the country seems appreciably better.

A "Colliery Deputies Association" has just been formed at Wombwell, near Sheffield, for the better protection of their order.

Saturday was the centenary of the discovery of oxygen by Dr. Priestley, a native of Bristal, near Leeds. The occasion was appropriately celebrated in Leeds; also in Birmingham, where a white marble statue of the discoverer was unveiled by Professor Huxley; and at Northumberland, in Pennsylvania, where Dr. Priestley died.

The statue of Sir Titus Salt, which has been erected in front of the Bradford Town Hall, was unveiled on Saturday by the Duke of Devonshire.

The Benchers of Gray's Inn have disbenched Dr. Kenealy, and intimated that if the publication of the *Englishman* is continued they may have to consider the propriety of taking away his gown altogether.

A Bristol County Court bailiff threw himself from Clifton Suspension Bridge on Saturday. This makes the eighth suicide from the bridge since 1864.

At York Assizes on Saturday, William Jackson was found guilty of the murder of his sister at Kirkington, on the 5th of May last, and sentence of death was passed on him. A plea of insanity was set up, but the medical evidence was wholly against the prisoner, and the jury made no recommendation of mercy.

The iron trade in France continues to improve, and the demand has increased so much of late that manufacturers have advanced their selling prices. The Belgian iron market is rather weak. Coal is not in so much request, nor are prices so firm.

According to a return obtained on the motion of Sir C. W. Dilke, the number of electors now registered in the United Kingdom is 2,764,285, viz., in England and Wales 2,245,108, viz., in counties 823,364, in boroughs 1,409,745, and for universities 11,999; in Scotland—82,807 for counties, 187,991 for cities and boroughs, and 9,510 for universities,—total 280,308; and in Ireland—172,009 for counties, 49,860 for boroughs, and 17,000 for universities,—total 238,869.

It was reported that the Russian Grand Duke Nicholas, who was arrested shortly after being appointed Commander of a Central Asian exploring expedition, had been banished to the Caucasus for life, his offence being the robbery of his mother's jewels for a paramour; but the latest statement is that his doom has been deferred until the Emperor's return.

A SCENE IN THE FRENCH ASSEMBLY.—The French Assembly on Saturday was the scene of another of those violent incidents which excite so much surprise and so much pain amongst the friends of Parliamentary government. On Friday M. Galloni d'Istria, a Bonapartist deputy, declared that the Republic had succumbed before the scorn of honest men. M. Schoelcher, a member of the Extreme Left, asked if he adhered to the statement. M. d'Istria was not present, but M. de Gavardie, another Bonapartist, adopted the words, upon which M. Schoelcher said "You have lied." M. d'Istria, on his arrival, repeated the words he had used on Friday, and thereupon several members of the Left rushed towards the tribune in a threatening manner, and the sitting had to be suspended. It is expected that the incident will give rise to one or more duels.

FATAL ACCIDENT TO A SHIP CAPTAIN AT WALLSEND STATION.—An inquest was last evening held by Mr. J. T. Hoyle, coroner, at the Durham Ox Inn, Cattle Market, Newcastle, on the body of John Brock, a married man, thirty-four years of age. The deceased belonged to Mandal, in Norway, and was master of the ship St. Forgen, of that place. On Saturday afternoon, about four o'clock, he left the vessel, which was lying at Dent's Hole, telling the mate that he would be back about nine o'clock. From four o'clock up to twenty minutes past eleven there appeared to be no trace of him. He went by what is termed the "relief train" from Newcastle to Tynemouth, which stopped at Wallsend, where he got out and stood awhile on the platform. When the train was moving away again he rushed toward's the guard's van, the door of which was open, and fell between the foot-board and the platform. When the van passed him he fell between it and the carriage attached to it, and as soon as the train passed the platform he was picked up. He was carried into the waiting-room, where he was seen by Dr. Wilson, of Wallsend, who ordered his removal to Newcastle Infirmary. Shortly afterwards the train came back, the carriages being empty, and he was put into one and brought to the Infirmary. On being examined there, it was found that he had received a compound fracture of the left arm, a similar injury to his foot, and some severe bruises about the legs, from the effects of which he died about twenty minutes past twelve on Sunday.—Verdict "Accidental death."

The Government intends to revive the custom of the Ministerial Fish Dinner at Greenwich, which has now been in abeyance for some years. The dinner will take place on Saturday.

AN AMIABLE BITCH.—At Dalton, at present, a half-bred poodle bitch named Judy, aged four years, and which has never whelped, is suckling three kittens. About a year ago, Judy took a kitten under her charge in the same way, and allowed it to suckle her until the cat had grown up and had kittens herself, when both mother and kittens were to be seen suckling the poodle.—*Barrow Times.*

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS CONFERENCE AT DARLINGTON.—On Monday, a conference of the First Day School Association of the Society of Friends was held at the Skinnergate Meeting House at Darlington. About 500 delegates from different parts of the kingdom attended, and the number at the conference was largely increased by the attendance of other friends. These conferences take place every three or four years, and have previously been held at Bristol, Manchester, Dublin, Birmingham, &c.—Mr. Henry Pease presided. The proceedings, which were private, consisted in the reading and discussion of papers. Such an influx of visitors has not lately occurred in Darlington.

THE ALLEGED CHILD MURDER AT DURHAM.—At the Durham County Petty Sessions on Saturday, Mary Ann Thwaites, widow, was brought up in custody on remand, on the charge of having murdered a child to which she had given birth a short time ago. The infant, it will be remembered was found in a field within a short distance of Western Hill a fortnight ago. The *post mortem* examination which was afterwards made showed that the child had been born alive and that it had lived two or three days Three of its ribs were found to be broken. The prisoner was committed for trial at the next assizes on a charge of concealment of birth.

DISASTER TO A TURRET SHIP.—The ironclad man-of-war and steam ram Independencia, just built for the Brazilian Government at Dudgeon's yard, Blackwall, on the Thames, is now lying, to all appearance a wreck, on the foreshore, close to Cubitt Town Pier, with the tide at high water washing over her deck. The ship is 320 feet long, and very broad, having a beam of 63 feet, and she is of 5,000 tons burthen. She has already cost £250,000. In attempting to launch her she stuck fast when about a third of her length had been got off the ways, and with the fall of the tide she settled down with her stern in the river bed. Application has been made to the Metropolitan Board of Works for floats to attempt to raise her, as the Northumberland, when in a similar plight, was raised at Millwall a few years ago.

A PRACTICAL JOKE.—A day or two ago an excursion train ran between Ferryhill Station and Saltburn, and was largely patronised by the dwellers of Cornforth and the surrounding villages. During the day one of the employes manufactured a pretty fair imitation of a telegram, the purport of which was that a well-known and highly respected official in the Ferryhill Ironworks, who is also a relative of the worthy manager of that establishment, had been indulging in an aquatic excursion, in conjunction with a large number of others, when by an accident the whole of them were drowned. A perfect panic ensued amongst the inhabitants, who assembled to the number of some hundreds on the platform at Ferryhill. The train at length drew up, when the expected victim of the accident made his appearance, looking as well as he ever looked, and apparently very much taken by surprise at the ovation he received.

A MAN KILLED BY A FALL OF STRAW.—On Saturday, an inquest was held in Jarrow on the body of John Dagg, seventy years of age, who had died that morning under the following circumstances:—On Friday night deceased, who was foreman horsekeeper for the Curlew Chemical Company, Jarrow, had gone, in company with another man, to the straw shed to draw out two bundles, which are in a hard, compressed condition, for use at the Springwell Paper Mills. While they were in the act of drawing one, another bundle, weighing two hundred weights, fell a distance of twenty feet, and alighted on Dagg's head. He died seven hours afterwards. A verdict of "Accidental death" was returned.

SINGULAR METEORIC DISPLAY.—About ten minutes to eleven o'clock on Saturday night an extraordinary meteoric display was witnessed at Corbridge. The sky at the time immediately above Corbridge, and stretching westward to between Dilston and Hexham, was hidden by a dark pall-like cloud, beyond which the dim blue of the heavens was distinctly visible. At the time named a large ball of fire suddenly appeared to drop from behind the extreme western edge of the cloud in a direct line to the earth. The large meteor was accompanied in its flight by about half-a-dozen or more pear shaped balls of fire that followed in its immediate wake, as if thrown off by the rapidity of the flight. The track of the meteors for a moment was indicated by a deep bright green streak of light, and by a large bar-like line of rich blood red light. The meteors did not present the ordinary appearance of darting from one point of the heavens into another, but to the vision as if it fell direct from the cloud mentioned down to the earth, somewhere in the region of the North Tyne, a short distance above the confluence with the South Tyne. Another remarkable feature of the phenomenon was the intensely brilliant reflection or light the display threw over the entire district, illuminating Corbridge for the instant as if an electric light had been used. Some who did not see the meteoric display attributed the reflection to a very brilliant and close flash of summer lightning.

THE NORTH DURHAM ELECTION PETITION JUDGE.—The London correspondent of the *Newcastle Chronicle* says:—"Saturday was the last day for supplying "particulars of the alleged illegal practices on which the petition against the return of Mr Palmer is based. These particulars have been duly supplied to Mr Palmer's solicitor, and the trial of the cases against the Liberal member for North Durham will take place after the charges against Sir George Elliot have been determined. Sir Wm. R. Grove, one of the Justices of the Common Pleas, will be the judge before whom both trials will be held. Sir Wm. Grove is a Welshman, having been born at Swansea, and he took high honours during his educational studies at Oxford. He was called to the bar at Lincoln's Inn in November, 1835, became Queen's Counsel in 1853, and was raised to the bench by Mr Gladstone in 1871. He is held in high repute for his distinguished scientific attainments. When the British Association held their meeting at Nottingham in 1866, he occupied the position of president, and in his opening address enumerated his views on the law of evolution. This address created great discussion at the time, and has since been quoted by all writers and speakers on the subject as an authority. The learned judge is a fellow of the Royal Society, a member of the Royal Commission of Patents, and a member of the Academies of Rome and Turin. He was a professor of experimental philosophy at the London Institution from 1840 to 1847. He received the medal of the Royal Society for his Bakerian lecture on "Voltaic ignition, and on the decomposition of water into its constituent gases by heat:" and was also the author of "Co-relation of Physical Forces," as well as of many papers published in the Transactions of the Royal Society. Sir William Grove occupies quite as high a position as a lawyer as he does as a scientific man, but having only been appointed a judge during Mr Gladstone's late Administration, he has never yet visited the Northern Circuit. He has a great reputation amongst scientific men both in France and Germany, where his works have achieved a greater popularity and more extended circulation than they have had in this country.

Lost.

STRAYED, from Moorside Farm, a Scotch EWE and LAMB marked "G.R." on near side. Any one giving information that will lead to their recovery will be rewarded. 6128

Found.

FOUND, at Consett Brickworks, on Tuesday, the 4th inst., a Black and Tan BITCH.—The owner can have the same on application to HENRY AYMOUR, Blackhill; if not claimed in six days, will be sold to defray expenses. 6155

FOUND in Consett, a few weeks ago, a BUNCH OF KEYS. The owner can have them on giving a description and payment of expenses, at the office of this paper. 6085

To Let.

TO LET, for Lectures, Concerts, Sales, &c., the TEMPLARS' HALL, MEDOMSLEY.—Apply to Mr WILLIAM ROBINSON, Grocer, Medomsley. 6038

Wanted.

WANTED, immediately, respectable LADS for the PRINTING BUSINESS.—Apply at the Office of this Paper. 252d

WANTED, a YOUNG MAN, as CARTMAN, and to make himself generally useful. One who has a slight knowledge of the Grocery trade preferred, reference required.—Apply to THOMAS SWAINSTON, Middle Street, Consett. 6156.

Contracts.

TO MASONS AND OTHERS.

TENDERS WANTED for the MASON WORK required for the Erection of a HOUSE and SHOP.—For Particulars apply to JOSEPH IRWIN, Innkeeper, Catchgate. 6065

LANCHESTER UNION.

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.

EXTENSION OF TIME.

THE RURAL SANITARY AUTHORITY of the LANCHESTER UNION, are desirous of receiving TENDERS for the excavation, finding, and laying down about 700 yards of SEWERAGE PIPES in the township of Kyo Laws, at Annfield Plain.—Plan, Sections, and Specification may be seen at the office of Mr WILLIAM GROUND, Lanchester, Surveyor to the Board.—Sealed Tenders, on the prescribed form only, must be sent to the Clerk's Office, marked "Tender for Sewerage Works," on or before WEDNESDAY, July 29th inst.—The Board do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

W. W. THOMPSON,
Clerk to the Sanitary Authority.
Lanchester, 4th June, 1874. 6020

Public Notices.

LOOK OUT for the TANFIELD LEA BAZAAR, on MONDAY, TUESDAY, and WEDNESDAY, August 17th, 18th, 19th, 1874. 6148

LOOK OUT for STANLEY SOIREE and SPORTS on the 22nd of August, 1874. 6034

SHOTLEY BRIDGE FLOWER SHOW.

GRAND ANNUAL BALL in the TOWN HALL, on SATURDAY, August 22nd, 1874.
Dancing to commence at Eight o'clock, p.m.
Mr. TELFORD, M.C.

THE COMMITTEE of the MEDOMSLEY CRICKET CLUB, beg to announce that they intend to hold their Sixth ANNUAL SPORTS and ATHLETIC GAMES on SATURDAY, August 8th, 1874, on which occasion they will give £20 for Wrestling, Running, &c. 6081

LOOK OUT for KYO FLOWER and PIG SHOW, on SATURDAY, Sept. 5th, 1874. The next Meetings will be held on Saturday, July 25th; Monday, August 10th; and Saturday, August 22nd, 1874, at Half-past Seven o'clock each night, at Mr IRWIN'S, Catchgate. 6059

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the GAME over the Estates of Priestfield, Lintz Green, and Loft House, are strictly PRESERVED. Any one found Trespassing will be prosecuted according to law. 831d

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that any Person or Persons found Trespassing on HIGH WOODSIDE FARM, will be prosecuted according to law. 6150

NOTICE.

THE GAME on DERWENT COTE FARM is strictly preseved, and any Person found trespassing thereon will be prosecuted according to Law.
July 28th, 1874. 6122

NOTICE.

THE GAME on High, Middle, and Over Friarside, Blackhill, and Priestfield Farms in the chapelry of Tanfield, is strictly PRESERVED, and Trespassers will be prosecuted.
Carham Hall, June 8th, 1874. 965d

CONSETT WATERWORKS COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Consett Waterworks Company will be held at the Company's Offices, Consett, on FRIDAY, the 28th day of August, 1874, at Two o'clock in the Afternoon precisely, for the transaction of General Business.

The Books for the Registration of Transfer of Shares will be Closed from THURSDAY, the 13th, to FRIDAY, the 28th instant, both days inclusive.

Dated this 1st day of August, 1874
JOHN WATSON, Chairman.
6149 JOHN GLEDSTONE, Secretary.

TANFIELD
FLOWER AND POULTRY EXHIBITION,
ON SATURDAY, AUGUST 29th, 1874.

IN connection with the above, there will be a GRAND STEEPLE CHASE, over five fields (kindly granted for the occasion.)—First prize, £5; second, £2; entrance, 5s

There will be Special Prizes for best GREYHOUND DOG or BITCH—First prize, £1; second, 10s; entrance, 1s.

There will also be good prizes given for Quoit Playing, and Wrestling (men not to exceed 12 stones weight.)

JOHN BREWIS, Sec.
Tanfield Lea, Lintz Green, Newcastle. 6151

Public Notices.

THE BEAMISH, PONTOP, and CONSETT AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY, will hold their SIXTH ANNUAL SHOW OF LIVE STOCK, DOGS, POULTRY, &c., in the SPA GROUND, SHOTLEY BRIDGE, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th August, 1874, when nearly FOUR HUNDRED POUNDS will be offered for Competition, including 31 SILVER CUPS.

Prize Lists and every information on application to

JOHN RICHARDS, GEORGE RIDLEY, } Secretaries.
Beamish, 9th July, 1874. 6041

IN THE AFFAIRS OF R. R. CHRISTOPHER, DECEASED.

NOTICE.—Any Persons having any Claim against the Estate of ROBERT RICHARD CHRISTOPHER, late of Blackhill, Innkeeper, who died on the third day of July, 1874, and whose Will was proved in Her Majesty's Court of Probate, at Durham, on the twenty-fifth day of the same month, by ISABELLA CHRISTOPHER, the Sole Divisee and Executrix, are requested to send such Claim to her *forthwith*, and all Debts due to the said Estate are to be paid to the said Executrix, at Blackhill aforesaid.
Blackhill, 30th July, 1874. 6110

LEADGATE SAX-HORN BAND.

THE above BAND is open for ENGAGEMENTS at the Demonstration at Durham, 15th August.—Apply to Mr HENRY PALMER, Bandmaster, No. 369, Leadgate, Durham. 6077

MR. HENRY CARSS' DEFENCE FUND COMMITTEE.

THE following Gentlemen are appointed to receive Subscriptions to Defray the Expenses incurred by Mr HENRY CARSS in defending himself against the Pending Prosecution for Alleged Tampering with Voting Papers at the late Election of Members for the Benfieldside Local Board:—

Mr. George Eltringham,
" Nicholas Hutchinson.
" John Dixon, jun.
" William Head.
" John Brady.
" Joseph Eltringham.
" John Heslop.
" J. T. Muir.
" A. E. Turner.
" George Farrage.

All communications to be addressed to Mr GEORGE ELTRINGHAM, Grocer, Blackhill, Chairman of the Committee. 6079

Business Announcement.

SEWING MACHINES,
OF VARIOUS KINDS,
"EUROPA" SPECIALLY RECOMMENDED,
AT
G. D. POWELL'S,
13, MEDOMSLEY ROAD, CONSETT.

S. WALKER,
HAIRDRESSER,
STATIONER, AND NEWSAGENT,
1, *DERWENT STREET, BLACKHILL.*

Agent for the *Consett Guardian*.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

MESSRS. MARKHAM & SONS, Surgeon Dentists, 4, Ridley Place, Newcastle-on-Tyne Mr. R. L. MARKHAM will attend every MONDAY from 11 a.m. till 3 p.m. at Mr. BENNISON'S, Victoria Hotel, Consett. 707d

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

JOHN BATES

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Public that, having dissolved Partnership with WILLIAM KNOX, he has commenced business
AT MEDOMSLEY ROAD, CONSETT,
as Joiner, Carpenter, Undertaker, &c.; also, dealer in Timber, Plaster Laths, Tacks, Hair, &c. 893d

WILLIAM RAW,
AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER, AND GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
DURHAM ROAD, BLACKHILL,
COUNTY OF DURHAM.

VALUATIONS MADE FOR PROBATE AND LEGACY DUTIES.

Agent to the Liverpool, London, and Globe Fire and Life Insurance Company.

☞ All Orders attended to with care and punctuality

EMIGRATION AGENT.

SHOTLEY BRIDGE AND CONSETT DISTRICT GAS COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that all or any Person or Persons entering into the occupation of any House, Sho or other building, to which Gas has been supplio to the previous occupant, upon such entry must first obtain the consent of the Secretary of the Company before consuming the Gas supplied by the said Company. In default thereof, upon proof of the use of the Gas, without first obtaining such leave, such Person or Persons will be Prosecuted as the Law directs. The Secretary can be seen daily at the Company's Office, Shotley Bridge, to whom all applications must be made.

By order of the Directors,
M. RICHLEY Secretary.
Shotley Bridge, October 9, 1870. 24

PRICE THREE SHILLINGS, POST FREE.

THE LANCHESTER COMMON ACT with the AWARDED ROADS, QUARRIES, WELLS, WATERING PLACES, &c., set out by the Commissioners by their Award, dated 13th June, 1871; also a note of the various

CUSTOMS OF THE COPYHOLD OF MANORS
OF THE SEE OF DURHAM.

Edited and Compiled by ROBERT JACKSON, for upwards of thirty years Managing Clerk in the Copyhold Office, Durham, and late Bailiff of the Manor.

The whole of the remaining copies of this useful work, which was published at 3s. 6d., having been purchased by ROBERT JACKSON, *Guardian* Office, Consett, he has determined to reduce the price to *Three Shillings* per copy (post free) in order to effect a speedy clearance.

Also on hand a few copies (being an exact facsimile) of the *Original* LANCHESTER COMMON ACT, recently published by Mr. JOHN CALVERT, at the reduced price of *Two Shillings* (post free).

☞ Every owner or occupier of property within the boundary of Lanchester Common should possess a copy of either of these editions.

Mr. JACKSON will be glad to forward copies of either of these editions by return of Post. For which Halfpenny Postage Stamps or Post-Office Orders made payable to ROBERT JACKSON, Consett, must be received.

Business Announcements.

NOTICE! NOTICE!!

SHAW & ATKINSON

ARE now offering the whole of their SURPLUS STOCK of SUMMER GOODS at a GREAT REDUCTION. In order to make as great a Clearance as possible, they intend to offer their Large and Valuable Stock of

DRAPERIES
AND
READY-MADE CLOTHING

at such prices as will, without doubt, effect the purpose for which it is intended, viz., for the REDUCTION of their STOCKS, so as to make room for AUTUMN GOODS for which they have already made Large Contracts.

SHAW & ATKINSON,
22, MIDDDE STREET, AND 13, FRONT STREET, CONSETT;
FRONT STREET, LEADGATE; AND ANNFIELD PLAIN. 6074

GAS ENGINES.

ALL who require a small amount of mechanical power will find these the most efficient and cheapest Engines. Can be worked by an ordinary jet of gas, and require no attention. No danger of explosion. No extra insurance. Engines made from ¼ to 2-Horse Power. Sole agents for the district, HESLOP, WILSON, and BUDDEN, Engineers and Iron Merchants, 26, Sandhill, Newcastle-on-Tyne. 764d

NEW ARRIVALS of BERLIN, PARISIAN, LONDON, and YORK GOODS in fashionable High Combs, Fancy Arrows, Daggers, Pins, Ornamental Hair Twists and Coils. French Fans and Brushes, Berlin Ivory Fans, Rimmell's Perfumery, Rare Honeycomb Sponge, &c., &c. First-class Artists at counter and in rooms.
29, GREY STREET, NEWCASTLE,
C. ROUGIER, PROPRIETOR.
Wholesale Warehouse, York. 449d

SUMMER CLEARANCE SALE.

J. DOWSON'S
SUMMER CLEARANCE SALE
WILL
COMMENCE ON FRIDAY, JULY 31ST,
When the Summer portion of the Stock will be
REDUCED IN PRICES
to warrant a
SPEEDY AND EFFECTUAL CLEARANCE.

DERWENT STREET, BLACKHILL. 6134

JOHN PARKER,
JEWELLER AND PHOTOGRAPHIC ARTIST,
2, FRONT STREET, CONSETT.

PORTRAIT GALLERY RE-OPENED
for the present season on the 27th of FEBRUARY. Open each day (Sunday excepted) from 10 a.m. till 4 p.m.

J. P. has a Practical Workman on the Premises for repairing Clocks, Watches, Jewellery, &c., on the Shortest Notice. Terms moderate.

Country Orders punctually attended to. 665d

GEORGE PEART,
FURTNITURE BROKER & HARDWAREMAN,
BLACKHILL.

IN thanking his numerous Friends of Blackhill, and surrounding neighbourhood, for their support and patronage during the fourteen years he has been in business, begs to inform them that in consequence of his increased business, he has taken into partnership Mr THOMAS RAINE, Joiner and Cabinet-maker, who has had ten years' practical experience in the various branches of the same. G. PEART and Co. are therefore prepared to do business in every description of Household Furniture, Iron Beds, Flocks, Feathers, Paper Hangings, and Rabbit Down. P. & Co. have on hand an endless variety of Hardware at wholesale and retail prices. P. & Co. are also prepared to execute Funeral Orders on the shortest notice.

OBSERVE THE ADDRESS—
G. PEART & Co.
No. 2, DERWENT STREET,
BLACKHILL. 6112

MR. R. C. WHINFIELD,
ELECTRO-RUBBER,
HUMSHAUGH, NORTH TYNE,

BEGS to announce to the Public that at the earnest solicitation of many friends he has commenced the practice of Electro-Rubber; and in addition Mr. W. would also call attention to his successful treatment—authenticated by many grateful patients—of the following diseases:—Wet and Dry Scurvy, Gravel, Ulcers, Swellings, Scalds and Burns, Built Breasts, Headaches, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Sciatic, Carbuncles, Diarrhœa, Whitlows, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, Inflammation, Ring Worms, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Wool Fire, &c. Having made arrangements to visit Benfieldside once a week, Mr. Whinfield hereby intimates that he purposes to be at Mr. JOHN RICHLEY'S, mason, 18, Concrete Terrace, Benfieldside, on TUESDAYS, from 11 a.m. till 5 p.m.; and at Mrs. ELSDON'S, Sherburn Terrace, Consett, on WEDNESDAYS, from 10 a.m. till 5 p.m., until further alterations, for consultation.

PARTIES visiting Newcastle should CALL at the GALLOWGATE BRITISH WORKMAN, "Come and Welcome," where they can be supplied with Refreshments at the following marvellous low scale of charges:—

Plate of Beef	8d.	Ham Sandwich	2d.
Do. Beefsteak Pie.	8d.	Cup of Tea	1d.
Do. Mutton	8d.	Do. Best	2d.

787d THOMAS SHERRITT, Manager.

NOTICE.

JOHN ROUTLEDGE respectfully intimates to his friends and the public generally, that he has re-commenced business in GIBSON STREET, Consett, near the Co-operative Store, as BUILDER, JOINER, and UNDERTAKER, and dealer in Timber, Plastering Laths, and Hair; and trusts by prompt attention to merit a continuance of their favours.
Consett, May 7th, 1874. 880d

WILLIAM PRATT,
MONUMENTAL MASON, &c.,
DURHAM.

HEADSTONES, TOMBSTONES and INCRIPTPTIONS ENGRAVED on the shortest notice, at moderate terms.

☞ Designs and Estimates free on application to Mr. WILLIAM GOLDEN, Benfieldside Cemetery. 895d

JOSHUA LAX,
FURNISHING IRONMONGER,
SHOTLEY BRIDGE,

AGENT for Rimmington's Mangles; The Home Washer (never beaten in competition, a fair trial allowed before purchasing if desired); Taylor's Patent; The Howe and Singer Sewing Machines, sold on the instalment principle, or a liberal discount given for cash, delivery and instruction free, satisfaction guaranteed.

J. L. has just received a large stock of Iron Bedsteads, Perambulators, and Cricket Goods from the best and cheapest markets, and shall be glad of an early call by his friends.
May 28th, 1874. 929d

SUPERIOR WATCHES, SHIP CHRONOMETERS, ENGLISH AND FRENCH CLOCKS.

	£	s.	d.		£	s	d.
Silver Patent Lever Watches	3	10	0	to	27	0	0
Gold Patent Lever Watches	10	10	0	to	40	0	0
Geneva Silver Watches..........	2	2	0	to	5	5	0
Geneva Gold Watches	5	5	0	to	30	0	0
Ship Chronometers	27	0	0	to	40	0	0

LISTER AND SONS,
WATCHMAKERS TO THE QUEEN,
CHRONOMETER MAKERS TO THE ADMIRALTY,
12, 14, & 16, MOSLEY STREET, NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE. 592a

THOMAS LAMB,
STATIONER, BOOKSELLER, PRINTER, AND BOOKBINDER,
ANNFIELD PLAIN,

BIBLES, Hymn Books, Ledgers, Day Books, and Memorandum Books of every description. School and Prize Books. Periodicals, Weekly and Monthly, of all kinds. All kinds of Tin and Hardware Goods, Jewellery, &c.

Memorial Cards and Raffle Tickets on the shortest notice. Pictures Framed neatly and cheaply.

Agent for the *Consett Guardian*, advertisements for which are received and inserted at moderate charges.

A1 DONCASTER BUTTER-SCOTCH DROPS.

The ORIGINAL
Manufactured by
THOMAS GALLOWAY,
WHOLESALE CONFECTIONER,
86, CLAYTON STREET, NEWCASTLE.

TODD'S QUININE WINE
stands pre-eminent for
PURITY AND STRENGTH.

It is the best known remedy for Indigestion, Nervous Complaints, Debility, Wasting Diseases, &c., and is recommended by the Faculty.

TODD'S QUININE WINE strengthens the whole system. The genuine is manufactured only by JOE TODD, Chemist, Carlisle, and bears his name on the Government Stamp. Sold by all Chemists. Ask for and have only

TODD'S QUININE WINE.

Agents—W. AYNSLEY, grocer, Middle Street, and D. IMRIE, chemist, Front Street, Consett.

Business Announcements

TO PARAFFIN LAMP DEALERS.

J. G. HALLIDAY, 43, Grainger Street, Newcastle, respectfully invites inspection by the trade, of his Season's Stock of Lamps and Fittings. From a personal visit to London and Birmingham, and extensive cash purchases, the stock this year for variety of design, efficiency of burners, and cheapness, will surpass any previous season. The premises No. 14, Nun Street, above Mr Scotter's boot shop, are specially fitted up for the wholesale trade. Samples sent to country to approved customers on application. 6051

Sales by Auction.

By Mr Joseph Oley.

IMPORTANT TO BUTCHERS AND OTHERS

SALE OF FAT SHEEP.

MR JOSEPH OLEY, commissioned by Mr HENRY RITSON, will offer for SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at BENFIEDSIDE FARM, on MONDAY, August 10th, 1874, 100 HALF-BRED FAT SHEEP, in lots to suit purchasers.

Also, 50 HALF-BRED FAT SHEEP on each alternate MONDAY, till further notice.

Sale to commence each evening at Five o'clock.
Sale Office, Wood Street,
Shotley Bridge, July 30th, 1874. 6138

ANNFIELD PLAIN.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION,

AT the House of Mr JOSEPH LUMLEY, Innkeeper, Annfield Plain, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th day of August, 1874, at Two for Three o'clock in the afternoon,

MR. JOSEPH OLEY, Auctioneer,

(Subject to such conditions of Sale as will be then produced), all that

FREEHOLD DWELLING-HOUSE,

containing Four Rooms, situate at Annfield Plain, in the County of Durham, as lately occupied by Mr Thomas Lawson.

For further particulars, apply to the Auctioneer, Shotley Bridge; or to
T. MADDISON, jun., Solicitor,
6139 43, Sadler Street, Durham.

SALE BY AUCTION.

MR JOSEPH OLEY will offer for Sale 1,250 yards of FREEHOLD BUILDING GROUND, adjoining Mr CLARKSON'S, Commercial Hotel, Havanna, Shield Row, County of Durham, on WEDNESDAY, August 12th, 1874, at Six for Seven o'clock, p.m., in lots to suit purchasers. Sale to be held in Mr CLARKSON'S Long-room.

For further particulars, apply to Mr W. SCOTT, Tow Law, or to Mr J. P. DOLPHIN, Solicitor, Wolsingham. 6152

LARGE DRAPERY SALE AT BURNOPFIELD.

MR. JOSEPH OLEY, instructed by Mr. JAMES STONES, who is declining the Drapery Department, will SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on MONDAY, August 17th, 1874, the whole of his Stock of DRAPERY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, and CLOGS, SPRING CART, &c., including—Moleskins; Flannels; Alpacas; Winceys; Shawls and Shawlettes; Women's Jackets and Skirts; Silk and Cotton Handkerchiefs; Wools and Worsteds; Cotton Blankets; Artificial Flowers and Feathers; Men's Shirts; Men and Women's Hose; Men, Women, and Boys' Boots, Shoes, and Clogs; with a quantity of other articles in the drapery trade; also a splendid Spring Cart, nearly new, suitable for a co-operative store; a new Cart Cover; Cart Body; Iron Naphtha Drum, with Tap, holds 40 gallons; Eight-day Clock; 2 Iron Bedsteads and 2 Mattresses; 6 beautiful French-polished Birch Chairs; Child's Perambulator.

Sale to commence with the Drapery at One o'clock in the Afternoon and Six o'clock in the Evening; and with Spring Cart, &c., at Four o'clock in the Afternoon.

DERWENT COTE FARM.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION on the premises, at DERWENT COTE, on WEDNESDAY, August 19th, 1874, the Away-going CROPS OF CORN, on the above farm belonging to JOHN GOUNDRY.

MR. JOSEPH OLEY, Auctioneer,

10 Acres of Wheat.
3 do. Barley.
10 do. Oats.

Three months' credit will be given upon approved security, or sixpence discount for cash.

Sale to commence at Three o'clock in the Afternoon. 6146

By Mr. William Raw.

BLACKHILL, COUNTY OF DURHAM.

MR. WILLIAM RAW, having received instructions will SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at the house of Mr WILLIAM TURNER, Station Hotel, Blackhill, on WEDNESDAY, August 12th, 1874, all those 10 COPYHOLD COTTAGES, situate at Silver Street, Blackhill, now in the occupation of Mrs Leonard, John Johnson and others, as tenants thereof, producing a yearly rental of £54 12s 6d.

For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer.
Sale to commence at Six o'clock p.m., precisely.
Sale Office, Blackhill, County of Durham. 6131

Mr. John Jenkins.

TOWN HALL SALE ROOMS, CONSETT.

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO PARTIES FURNISHING, BROKERS AND OTHERS.

MR JOHN JENKINS will SELL BY AUCTION, at the above Sale Room, on WEDNESDAY, August 12th, 1874, as he is declining Business, to give room to Messrs. WALTON BROS., a large quantity of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, consisting of Mahogany Lobby Drawers; Mahogany Press; Birch Press; Ash Drawers; Pitchpine Drawers; Mahogany Centre Table; Birch Tables; and Toilet Tables; Mahogany Sofas; Mahogany Couches; Leather Sofas and Couches, Desk Beds and Bookcases; Cheffioncer and Iron Bedsteads, Mahogany Chairs and Easy Chairs; Mirrors; Washstands and Dressing Tables; Cornice Poles and Towel Rails; Fenders; Fireirons; Pans; Kettles; Lusters and Vases; Feather Beds and Flock Beds, with a large quantity of Goods connected with the trade.

Sale to commence at One o'clock. 6147

By Mr. Adam Brodie.

DIPTON.—SALE of a First-class STOCK of LINEN and WOOLLEN DRAPERY, comprising French Merinoes, Coburgs, Fancy Dresses, Winceys, Flannels and Calicoes, Linens and Hollands, Ticks, &c., &c.

Mr. ADAM BRODIE is instructed by Mr. MARK HALLIDAY to continue the SALE BY AUCTION as above, on the PREMISES, at DIPTON, on MONDAY and TUESDAY, August 10th and 11th. Sale to commence each Evening at Half-past Six o'clock. 6153

LOOK OUT for the HARPERLEY GALA, on SATURDAY, August 8th, 1874. 6129

Applications for Licenses.

(Continued from page 3.),

"THE WINE AND BEER HOUSE ACT, 1872."
35 and 36 Victoria, cap. 94, sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Tanfield, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may Concern.

I, JOHN CHARLTON, now residing at Stanley, in the Township of Tanfield, in the County of Durham, Beerhouse-keeper, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the 26th day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License or Licenses, to sell, by Retail, under the Intoxicating Liquor Licensing Act, 1828, all intoxicating liquors, to be consumed either on or off the House or Premises thereunto belonging, situate at Stanley, in the said Township, of which Premises, I, JOHN CHARLTON, of Stanley, am the Owner, and which said Premises are occupied by me, the said JOHN CHARLTON.

Given under my hand this 4th day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

6107 JOHN CHARLTON.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, cap. 94, sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish (or Township) of Tanfield, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may Concern.

I, MATTHEW HETHERINGTON, now residing at Burnopfield, in the Parish (or Township) of Tanfield, in the County of Durham, Beerhouse-keeper, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the 26th day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License or Licenses, to sell, by Retail, under the Intoxicating Liquor Licensing Act, 1828, all intoxicating liquors, to be consumed either on or off the House or Premises thereunto belonging, situate at Burnopfield, in the said Parish (or Township) of which Premises MATTHEW HETHERINGTON, of Burnopfield, is the Owner or Lessee, and which said Premises are occupied by me, the said MATTHEW HETHERINGTON.

Given under my hand this 16th day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

6009 MATTHEW HETHERINGTON.

"THE WINE AND BEER HOUSE ACT, 1869."
32 and 33 Victoria, cap. 27, sec. 7.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, and to the Constables thereof, and to all whom it may concern.

I, JOHNSON ELLIOTT, of Burnhope, in the Parish of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply to the Justices assembled at the General Annual Licensing Meeting of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, for the Petty Sessional Division of the West Division of Chester Ward, to be holden in pursuance of an Act of the session of the ninth year of the reign of King George the Fourth, chapter 61, intituled, "An Act to regulate the granting of Licenses, to keepers of Inns, Ale-houses, and Victualling-houses, in England," at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on Wednesday, the 26th day of August next, at the hour of Ten o'clock in the Forenoon of the same day, for a Certificate under "The Wine and Beer House Act, 1869," for a License to sell Beer, Ale, Porter, and Cider, by Retail, to be consumed on the Premises, at a house situate at Burnhope, in the said Parish of Lanchester, belonging to JOHNSON ELLIOTT, of Burnhope, and of which said House and Premises I am now the Occupier.

Given under my hand this 10th day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

6106 JOHNSON ELLIOTT.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 30 Victoria, cap. 94, sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Iveston, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may Concern.

I, JOHN THOMPSON, now residing at Leadgate, in the Township of Iveston, in the County of Durham, Grocer, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the 26th day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License to sell, by Retail, at a Shop, Beer, to be consumed off the Premises, situate at Leadgate aforesaid, in pursuance of the Act 11 George 4 and 1, Will. 4, chap. 64, and Acts amending the same.

Given under my hand this 2nd day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

6136 JOHN THOMPSON.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, cap. 94, sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Tanfield, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may Concern.

I, THOMAS SEVERS, now residing at East Castle, in the Township of Tanfield, in the County of Durham, Grocer, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the 26th day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License, to sell, by Retail, at a shop, Beer, to be consumed off the Premises, situate at East Castle, in pursuance of the Act 11, Geo. 4 and 1 Will. 4, chap. 64, and Acts amending the same.

Given under my hand this 10th day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

6143 THOMAS SEVERS.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, cap. 94, sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish (or Township) of Tanfield, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may Concern.

I, THOMAS SMITH, now residing at Burnopfield, in the Parish or Township of Tanfield, in the County of Durham, Grocer, Draper, and Spirit Merchant, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the 26th day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License to sell, by Retail, at a Shop, Beer, to be consumed off the Premises, situate at Burnopfield, in pursuance of the Act 11 Geo. 4 and 1, Will. 4, chap. 64, and Acts amending the same.

Given under my hand this 2nd day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

6092 THOMAS SMITH.

LOOK OUT for the HARPERLEY GALA, on SATURDAY, August 8th, 1874. 6129

Applications for Licenses.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, cap. 94, sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Esh, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may Concern.

I, HANNAH MYERS, now residing at Cornsay Colliery, in the Township of Esh, in the County of Durham, Grocer, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the 26th day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License to sell, by Retail, at a Shop, Wine, to be consumed off the Premises, situate at Cornsay Colliery aforesaid, in pursuance of the Act, 23 Victoria, chap. 27, sec. 3, and Acts amending the same.

Given under my hand this 2nd day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

6089 HANNAH MYERS.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, cap. 94, sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish (or Township) of Collierley and Pontop, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may Concern.

I, JOHN MADDISON, now residing at Dipton, in the Parish or Township of Collierley and Pontop, in the County of Durham, Grocer, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the 26th day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License to sell, by Retail, at a shop, Spirits, to be consumed off the Premises, situate at Dipton aforesaid, in pursuance of the Act, 24 and 25 Victoria, cap. 21. sec. 2.

Given under my hand this 2nd day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

6091 JOHN MADDISON.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, cap. 94, sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Tanfield, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may Concern.

I, WILLIAM MURRAY, now residing at High Friarside, in the Parish or Township of Tanfield, in the County of Durham, Horse-dealer, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the 26th day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License to sell, by Retail, at a shop, Beer, to be consumed off the Premises, situate at High Friarside, in pursuance of the Act 11 George 4 and 1, Will. 4, chap. 64, and Acts amending the same.

Given under my hand this 16th day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

6093 WILLIAM MURRAY.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, cap. 94, sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Esh, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may Concern.

I, GEORGE SOAMES, now residing at Lanchester, in the Parish or Township of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, Innkeeper, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the 26th day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License to sell, by Retail, at a House, Beer, to be consumed off the House or Premises thereunto belonging, situate at Wall Nook, in pursuance of the Act 11, George 4 and 1, Will. 4, chap. 64, and Acts amending the same.

Given under my hand this 16th day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

6894 GEORGE SOAMES.

"THE WINE AND BEERHOUSE ACT, 1869."
32 and 33 Victoria, cap. 27, sec. 7.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATES.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, and to the Constables thereof, and to all whom it may concern.

I, MICHAEL McGURK, of Consett, in the Parish of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply to the Justices assembled at the General Annual Licensing Meeting of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, for the Petty Sessional Division of the West Division of Chester Ward, to be holden in pursuance of an Act of the session of the ninth year of the reign of King George the Fourth, chapter 61; intituled, "An Act to regulate the granting of Licenses, to keepers of Inns, Ale-houses, and Victualling-houses, in England," at the Justice-Room, in Lanchester, on Wednesday, the 26th day of August next, at the hour of Ten o'clock in the Forenoon of the same day, for a Certificate under "The Wine and Beer House Act, 1869," for a License to sell Wine, by Retail, to be consumed on the premises, at a House situate at Consett, in the said Parish of Lanchester, belonging to Michael McGurk, of Consett, and of which said House and Premises I am now the Occupier.

Given under my hand this 30th day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

6141 MICHAEL McGURK.

"THE WINE AND BEER HOUSE ACT, 1869."
32 and 33 Victoria, cap. 27, sec. 7.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Parish of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, and to the Constable thereof, and to all whom it may concern.

I, MATTHEW HETHERINGTON, of Busty Bank, in the Parish of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply to the Justices assembled at the General Annual Licensing Meeting of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, for the Petty Sessional Division of the West Division of Chester Ward, to be holden in pursuance of an Act of the session of the ninth year of the reign of King George the Fourth, chapter 61, intituled, "An Act to regulate the granting of Licenses, to keepers of Inns, Ale-houses, and Victualling-houses, in England," at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on Wednesday, the 26th day of August next, at the hour of Ten o'clock in the Forenoon of the same day, for a Certificate under "The Wine and Beer House Act, 1869," for a License to sell Wine, by Retail, to be consumed on the premises, at a House situate at Busty Bank, in the said Parish of Lanchester, belonging to MATTHEW HETHERINGTON, of Busty Bank, and of which said House and Premises I am now the Occupier.

Given under my hand this 30th day of July, one thousand eighty hundred and seventy-four.

6144 MATTHEW HETHERINGTON.

LOOK OUT for the HARPERLEY GALA, on SATURDAY, August 8th, 1874. 6129

Applications for Licenses.

THE LICENSING ACT, 1872.
35 and 36 Victoria, cap. 94, sec. 40.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Iveston, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may Concern.

I, JOHN THOMPSON, now residing at Leadgate in the Township of Iveston, in the County of Durham, Grocer, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the 26th day of August next, for a License to hold any Excise License to sell, by Retail, at a Shop, Spirits, to be consumed off the Premises, situate at Leadgate aforesaid, in pursuance of the Act, 24 and 25 Victoria, cap. 21, sec. 2.

Given under my hand this 2nd day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

6090 JOHN THOMPSON.

VICTUALLERS, No. 2.

NOTICE OF TRANSFER.

To the Overseers of the Poor, and to the Constables of the Parish of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, SARAH HUNTER, Victualler, being authorised by virtue of the Certificate granted to me, at the General Annual Licensing Meeting, held at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, on the 28th day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-three, to sell Exciseable Liquors by Retail, to be drunk or consumed in the House and Premises thereunto belonging, situate at Lanchester, and commonly known by the sign of the Black Bull, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the Special Sessions to be holden at the Justice Room, in Lanchester, in the County of Durham, on the 26th day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, for permission to transfer the above-mentioned Certificate to JOHN WALL, now residing at Lanchester, in the parish of Lanchester, in the County of Durham, and for six months last past having resided at Lanchester, in the County of Durham, that the said JOHN WALL, intending to keep as an Inn, Ale House, or Victualling House, the said House so as aforesaid kept by me, so that he may sell Exciseable Liquors by Retail, to be drunk or consumed in the said House or Premises thereunto belonging.

Given under my hand this 9th day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four.

6145 JOHN WALL.

Public Notices.

CONSETT CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY.

THE Committee of the above Society have great pleasure in announcing to the Members and Inhabitants of Consett, Leadgate, Blackhill, and Shotley Bridge that they will hold their Grand ANNUAL FESTIVAL on SATURDAY, August 15th, 1874.

TEA, with COLD COLLATION, on the Tables at Half-past Three p.m.

After which, a PUBLIC MEETING will be held, when ADDRESSES will be given by Dr. J. H. RUTHERFORD, of Newcastle; Mr. JAMES CRABTREE, of Heckmondwike; and other Friends of the Movement.

WILLIAM JENKINS, Esq., of Consett Hall, has kindly consented to preside on the occasion.

☞ Each Member is entitled to one free ticket, which will be given at the office on production of the Share Book, on and after August 6th. All other tickets, One Shilling each. 6140

THEATRE ROYAL, CONSETT.

Lessee, ...Mr. EDWARD FIELDING.

Licensed to Play the Pieces of the Dramatic Authors' Society.

GRAND ATTRACTION FOR THE OPENING ON MONDAY, AUGUST 10th, 1874.

ENTIRE NEW SCENERY

Of the most gorgeous description, painted under the superintendence of Mr. RUPERT CORRBY.

The AUDITORIUM has been painted and redecorated throughout, the FRONT SEATS stuffed and matted, the END GALLERY raised so as to afford a better view of the stage, and no expense has been spared in making such improvements as will ensure the comfort of the audience.

The ORCHESTRA will consist of Violin, Pianoforte, and Cornet, presided over by eminent artistes.

The PRICES OF ADMISSION in future will be on Mondays, Fridays, and Saturdays, Front Seats, 1s. 6d.; Pit, 9d.; and Gallery, 6d.; and on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Thursdays, Front Seats, 1s.; Pit, 6d.; and Gallery, 4d.

First Appearance of

SIGNOR BLITZ,

The great Plate and Tambourine Performer, also Bone Soloist and Spade Dancer.

First Appearance of

MR. CHARLES DUVAL,

In conjunction with

MRS. DUVAL,

Comic Duettists.

First Appearance of

MESSRS. DAVIS AND GREELEY,

Negro Comedians.

First Appearance of

MR. CLARKSON,

Comic Vocalist.

Doors open at 7.30 p.m.; to commence at 8 p.m.

On FRIDAY, August 13th, a HANDSOME COPPER TEA KETTLE will be given away. 6154

THE CONSETT IRON COMPANY.—At a meeting of the Directors of the Consett Iron Company, Limited, held on Tuesday, it was resolved to recommend to the general meeting of the company, to be held on the 5th of next month, that a dividend, of £2 10s per share be paid to the members registered in the company's books on that day.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—For Indigestion, Stomach, and Liver Complaints.—Persons suffering from any derangements of the liver, stomach, or the organs of digestion, should have recourse to Holloway's Pills, as there is no medicine known that acts on these particular complaints with such certain success. They strengthen the tone of the stomach, increase the appetite, purify the blood, and correct depraved secretions. In bowel complaints, they remove all morbid humours, and soon restore the patient to sound health; nervous or sick headaches and depression of spirits may be speedily removed by these Pills. They are composed of rare balsams, without the admixture of a grain of mercury or any noxious substance, and are as safe as they are efficacious.

LOOK OUT for the KYO FLOWER SHOW, on SATURDAY, September 5th, 1874. 6129

TO ADVERTISERS.

☞ In consequence of the great increase in the circulation of the *Consett Guardian*, it is necessary to commence to print the newpapers at an earlier hour. Advertisements intended for insertion should be received at the office not later than ten o'clock on Friday morning.

*** Alterations to, or Notices to discontinue, Advertments must be received at the Office not later than Wednesday.

All orders for advertisements in the *Guardian* should state the number of insertions for such advertisement. When this is not stated the insertion of the advertisement will be continued until an order to stop the announcement is received, up to which time it will be charged for.

The Consett Guardian.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 8TH, 1874.

Local and District News.

Mr. Robert Dickinson, relieving-officer of Chester-le-Street district, has been appointed clerk to the Guardians of the Chester-le-Street Union.

PRIZES FOR COTTAGERS' PIGS.—We beg to remind our readers that several valuable prizes will be awarded by the Beamish, Pontop, and Consett Agricultural Society for the best pigs belonging to cottagers. The last day for entry is on the 12th inst.

MEDOMSLEY CRICKET CLUB.—We beg to remind our readers that the annual gala of this cricket club will be held at Medomsley to-day (Saturday), when upwards of £20 will be given in prizes for wrestling, running, and other sports.

FIRE AT CONSETT.—At an early hour on Sunday morning last, a fire was discovered on the premises of Mr Matthew Dugan, beerhouse keeper, Middle Street, Consett. Intimation of the conflagration was at once despatched to Mr Dawson, surveyor, who speedily called together the the fire brigade. The fire was confined to a bed-room, and there being a plentiful supply of water the flames were speedily extinguished. The whole of the contents of the bedroom were destroyed.

LEADGATE WESLEYAN CHAPEL.—On Sunday last, two sermons were preached by the Rev. T. W. Blanshard, of Otley, formerly of the Shotley Bridge Circuit, in connection with the opening of the organ recently placed in the above chapel. The services were well attended by a large number of visitors for the neighbouring places, who thus testified their appreciation of Mr Blanshard as a preacher, and their sympathy with the Leadgate brethren in getting an organ into their commodious place of worship. Liberal collections were taken.

FATAL FALL DOWN STAIRS.—On Friday morning, a shocking and fatal accident happened to a hawker named Edward Lochren, at Consett, Deceased lodged with Mr John McCartan, another hawker, in Sherburn Terrace, and about two o'clock on the morning in question he seems to have got out of bed for the purpose, it is thought, of proceeding downstairs for a drink of water. He seems to have staggered at the top of the stairs and clutched at a picture. The latter, however, gave way, and Lochlan fell to the bottom of the steps. His head was found to be severely cut, and he died shortly after. Deceased was seventy-five years of age, and was a native of Ireland.

CHRIST CHURCH, CONSETT.—The Anniversary of the opening of the above church was celebrated on Wednesday last. A special sermon was preached in the afternoon by the Rev John Woodhouse, vicar of Byker, which was followed by a public tea in the British Schools A bazaar was also held and realized a considerable sum, which will go towards defraying the expenses of a peal of bells which it is the Vicar's intention to erect as soon as the necessary funds can be collected. The proceedings of the day concluded with a public meeting, at which stirring addresses were delivered by the Vicar (Rev F. Steggall), Rev John Woodhouse, J. R. Alexander, Esq. (Newcastle), Mr John Murray, and other gentlemen.

MARLEY HILL PENNY SAVINGS BANK.—The nineteenth half-yearly meeting of the committee was held in the overman's office, at the colliery, on Saturday last—C. Berkley, Esq., presiding. The treasurer's account for the half-year ending June 20th, shows that the total receipts from depositors were £71 12s 1d; pass books sold 2s; balance from December, 1873, £33 10s 10d; making a total of £105 4s 11d. Of this amount £54 5s 1d has been transferred to the private account of depositors in the Newcastle Savings Bank; and £9 13s 8d has been withdrawn; leaving a balance of £41 6s 2d in the hands of the treasurer, C. Berkley, Esq. The number of depositors now on the books is 74. A vote of thanks to Messrs Gilchrist, R. Lucock, M. Errington, L. Roddom, jun., and the chairman for past services concluded the meeting

TOW LAW LOCAL BOARD.—The monthly meeting of this Board was held in the Board-room on Tuesday evening. Present: Messrs. W. Ridley (chairman), J. Band, W. Smith, J. Ridley, A. Robinson), W. R. Teasdale, and T. Hall. The minutes of the meeting held on July 7th, were read and confirmed. Correspondence was read from the Weardale and Shildon Waterworks Company, on "Regular supply"; T. T. Smith, Esq., on "Sewage discharge"; from H. Lee, on "Accidents;" from A. Reid, esq., and T. Westgarth, on "Observance of the Board's Bye-Laws." Amended plans for A. Reid were put in, but still objected to by the Board. The erection of urinals was again deferred. The Inspecter's report was read, the usual complaints being found therein. Important alterations in social government law were reported by the Clerk. The members then dispersed.

STRANGE STORY FROM THE SEA.—Mr Francis Unthank, master of the fishing yawl Lilly, which has just returned to Staithes from off the sea fishing ground, reports that on the 21st, whilst proceeding outwards, and about twenty miles from land, Rawcliffe bearing S.W. by W., they saw a man floating in an upwright position on the water, his head and shoulders being quite out of it. They hauled the body on board, and examined it. It appeared to be that of a man between sixty and seventy years of age, with rather long white hair and whiskers, dressed in superior black cloth coat, vest, and trousers, apparently nearly new; black silk necktie, very fine white linen shirt, new elastic-side boots, white cotton stockings, and a pair of dark coloured striped kid gloves. In his pockets were a six-bladed knife, comb, pair of spectacles in case, yellow silk handkerchief, and a part of a *Northern Daily Express*. He had every appearance of not having been long in the water, as the body was not in the least swollen. He had no money or other valuables upon him, and there was no marks or initials on his clothes to lead to his identification. As the fishing-yawl was outward bound they fastened some ballast round the body, and sunk it. And half an hour before finding the body they saw a screw steamer on the tack, and they conjectured that the unfortunate man must have fallen from her. The articles found in the deceased's pocket have been deposited with the receiver of wreck at Whitby.

LOOK OUT for the KYO FLOWER SHOW, on SATURDAY, September 5th, 1874. 6129

The Lord Bishop of Durham has presented the Rev. Wm. Cockin, jun., M.A., to the Vicarage of Medomsley, vacant by the death of the late Vicar. Mr Cockin has been a curate in the diocese for upwards of ten years, and during the last four years has been successively in sole charge of the parishes of Lowick and Dalton-le-Dale.

HEALTH OF THE DISTRICT.—From the Registrar-General's returns of births, deaths, and marriages during the quarter ending 30th June, we observe that there has been a considerable decrease in the number of deaths in all the sub-districts, and this is more particularly so in the sub-district of Lanchester. The Registrar-General says—"Taking the average for the last three years we were led to expect 238, but only 193 deaths took place, so that there is a saving of 45 lives. It is a matter of regret that small-pox still continues its sway at Lanchester. There is hardly a sub-district in the whole country where that scourge is credited with so many deaths, and certainly the authorities of the district ought to leave no stone unturned in endeavouring to stamp it out. It is such a place as Lanchester that is a curse to the country, for it affords a harbour to diseases, and at a fitting moment opens its door for the dissemination of the pest. This place has also suffered from an outbreak of scarlet fever and fever—these two diseases alone being credited with 26 deaths. No less than 70 children died under twelve months." Speaking of Tanfield, the Registrar-General says there is an improvement in the health of Tanfield on comparison with last quarter. It is, however, short of what it should be. In the last quarter there were seven deaths from small-pox—there being none in the first quarter of the year.

CRICKET.—LEADGATE 1ST ELEVEN *v.* CONSETT NOVICES.—On Saturday last a match was played between the above clubs on the ground of the latter. The Leadgate team proved much too powerful for their opponents and attained a victory of 44 runs over the Consett team. Subjoined is the score:—

LEADGATE.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
J. Power, b Wilkinson	0	b Hall	2
J. Burnhope st Turley	0	b Hall	21
S. Bustead, b Turley	6	run out	1
H. Whitfield, c Cornforth	14	b Hall	7
W. Miller, l b w	17	b Hall	0
M. Gardiner c Collinson	5	c Wilson	28
J. Bell, run out	1	b Hall	0
T. Miller, l b w	3	b Collinson	2
W. Iley, b Wilkinson	4	b Hall	6
W. Willis, not out	0	b Hall	2
R. Trevena, b Hall	1	not out	0
Extras	12	Extras	7
Total	63	Total	76

CONSETT.

1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
J. Hall, b Bell	10	b Bell	1
J. Collinson, l b w	8	l b w	0
J. Malpass, b Bell	1	b Miller	0
E. Lennox, b Bell	0	b Miller	10
C. Cornforth, c Power	1	b Bell	5
R. Thompson, c Bell	0	b Miller	0
W. Wilkinson, b Bell	1	b Bell	0
R. Turley, b Miller	5	b Bell	5
G. Collinson, not out	2	not out	23
T. Wilson, b Bell	0	b Miller	13
R. Wilson, run out	1	b Bell	0
Extras	4	Extras	5
Total	33	Total	62

SINGULAR AND FATAL ACCIDENT TO A BOY AT CONSETT.—On Saturday last, about noon, an accident, which has since terminated fatally, occurred to a lad named Peter Pescod, son of an ironworker of that name, residing in Puddlers' Row, Consett. On the day in question the deceased was amusing himself with a kite in the vicinity of his own home. The thread which held the kite appears to have broken, and in order to recover the kite Pescod crossed the Iron Company's railway. After securing the kite the deceased attempted to re-cross the line, and in doing so his foot slipped between one of the points. An engine and several waggons were approaching at the time, and a young lad named Bell at once signalled to the driver to stop. Before this could be done, however, the wheel of one of the waggons knocked him down, breaking one leg, and inflicting internal injuries. The poor lad was taken to the home of his father, where he was attended by Dr. Renton, who happened to be at the time within a short distance of where the accident happened. Pescod, however, never rallied, and expired on Monday afternoon. An inquest was held on the body before Mr. Trueman Graham, deputy-coroner, on Wednesday night. The first witness called was the father of the deceased, who said that his son's life was insured.—Matthew Bell, a young lad, spoke to seeing the deceased near the line on the day of the accident. The engine went along the line, and witness told the deceased to keep off the line until the engine and waggons got back. The deceased, however, attempted to cross over, and in doing so his foot slipped between the points. Witness signalled to the engine-driver to stop but the train could not be brought up in time to prevent the first waggon striking the deceased.—The engine-driver was also called, and stated that he was employed by the Consett Iron Company. On Saturday last he was shunting some waggons from one line to another, and in returning along the embankment the last witness signalled for him to stop. He did so, and immediately afterwards Bell told him there was a boy fastened between the points, and that the wheel of the last waggon was upon him. Witness at once reversed the engine, and drew the waggons back in the direction he had brought them. He afterwards assisted to carry the deceased to his father's house.—The jury returned a verdict of "Accidental death."

PROPOSED ESTABLISHMENT OF A "MINERS' HOME" FOR DURHAM AND NORTHUMBERLAND.—A large gathering of miners belonging to the district of Framwellgate Moor, near Durham, took place in the Lodge-room of that place, on Thursday evening, having for its object the establishment of a "Miners' Home" for permanently disabled miners. Mr. W. E. Williamson was voted to the chair, and after a few introductory remarks called upon Mr. J. Howard of Consett, the promoter and general secretary of the movement, to explain his views on the subject. Mr. Howard endeavoured, in a plain, forcible, and pointed manner, to show the great necessity of establishing such an institution amongst the miners, they as a body being so subject to direful calamities. The speaker enlarged upon the life-long sufferings of many of the miners, and the difficulties that were placed in the way of cripples earning a livelihood. Other trades and societies, observed Mr Howard, had amongst them hospitals, asylums, and homes for their more unfortunate fellow-workmen; and the miners, who were now a large and important body of men, having obtained for themselves a greatly improved position of late, ought to look to at least a few of their more unfortunate brethren.—Mr Joseph Halliday proposed "that this meeting pledges itself to support the movement, and use every fair and reasonable means in its power to establish a 'Miners' Home' for the permanently disabled miner."—William Bambourgh seconded the motion, which being put to the meeting, was unanimously carried.—Mr James Gavan then submitted the following proposition—"That each man upon these collieries pay five shillings towards the establishment of a 'Miner's Home,' three months to be allowed to meet the payment, and that the subject be brought before the Miners' Association, and that they be solicited to subscribe £503 towards the institution." —The proposition was seconded by Mr George Winwood and duly carried.

Parliamentary Summary.

THURSDAY.

In the HOUSE OF LORDS, the Royal Assent was given by Commission to a number of public and private bills. The Sanitary Laws Amendment Bill and the Evidence Law Amendment (Scotland) Bill were read a second time, the Public Health (Ireland) Bill passed through Committee, and several other measures were advanced a stage. Before their Lordships adjourned, Prince Leopold's Annuity Bill and the Endowed Schools Bill were brought up from the Commons and read a first time.

In the COMMONS the Home Secretary moved the adoption of a series of Standing Orders providing that houses inhabited by the labouring classes should not be removed to make way for new railways or other similar undertakings until other accommodation had been provided for the dispossessed tenants. Mr Kay-Shuttleworth and Mr Whitwell expressed their approval of the standing orders, which were then agreed to. The Endowed Schools Bill was read a third time, but previous to this being done the Premier announced that the three Commissioners to be appointed under the measure would be Mr Langley, Chief Inspector to the Local Government Board; the Rev. Canon Robinson, a member of the late Commission; and Lord Clinton. After a brief protest by Mr Burt, Prince Leopold's Annuity Bill was read a third time. On the order for going into committee on the Expiring Bills Continuance Bill, Mr Butt interposed with a motion declaring it to be inexpedient that such measures as the Irish Coercion Acts should be included in such a bill. After a lengthened debate Mr Butt's motion was rejected by 156 to 83; and the House went into committee on the bill.

FRIDAY.

The HOUSE OF LORDS sat an hour, and the business transacted was purely of a formal nature. Prince Leopold's Annuity Bill was read a second time.

The HOUSE OF COMMONS met at two o'clock. The Home Secretary, replying to questions, intimated that he hoped before the end of the session to lay on the table the final report of the Judicature Commission, and the returns relative to the general election ordered in March last. The bill for suspending the Judicature Act was read a second time after the Attorney-General had promised to consider a suggestion made by Sir H. James that the date at which the measure would come into operation should be named in the bill, and that the date should be the 2nd November, 1875. The Premier withdrew the resolution authorising the payment of the salary of the Judge to be appointed under the Public Worship Bill—remarking that an arrangement had been made by which the services would be secured of a Judge of the highest eminence, who would require no remuneration beyond his present pension. The report of the committee on the bill was then brought up, and its consideration had not been brought to a close when the sitting was suspended at seven o'clock. When the House resumed at nine o'clock the first order proceeded with was the report of the amendments to the Expiring Laws Continuance Bill. Mr Butt announced that he did not intend to press the further amendments to this measure of which notice had been given, but stated that as the Government proposed to continue the Peace Preservation Act it would be necessary to take a division on that point. This was done after the Premier had complimented Mr Butt on the course he had adopted, and resulted in a majority for the Government of 81, the numbers being—For the omission from the bill of the Peace Preservation Act, 56; and for its retention, 137. The report was then agreed to.

SATURDAY.

The HOUSE OF COMMONS had a brief sitting on Saturday, when several bills were advanced a stage. Some discussion took place on a motion by the Attorney-General to postpone until to-day the order for the second reading of the County Courts Bill. Mr Bass, who stated that many Members interested in the measure had remained solely to take part in the discussion, moved that the order should be discharged. On a division, however, the motion for postponing the order was carried by 50 to 31.

MONDAY.

In the COMMONS, Sir William Fraser, the newly-elected Member for Kidderminster, took his seat. After the questions, the Attorney-General intimated the withdrawal of the County Courts Bill and of the Bills of Sale Amendment Bill. The Expiring Laws Continuance Bill having been read a third time without discussion, the Premier read a letter from the Archbishops, stating that Lord Penzance had consented to undertake the office of Judge under the Public Worship Bill, and expressing their belief that the salary might be provided for by the rearrangement of the ecclesiastical fees. The Home Secretary congratulated the House on the completion of its labours in regard to a bill which he believed would have a good effect in compelling the clergy to obey the law. Mr Gladstone trusted that all parties would do their best to avert any evil consequences which might ensue from the passing of the bill, and Mr Russell Gurney having pointed out that the measure was introduced to put down, not any particular party, but disobedience in the Church, the bill was read a third time, amidst the cheers of the House.—The Under Secretary for India then brought in the Indian Budget, explaining that whilst the estimated expenditure for 1874-5 was £54,935,050, the estimated revenue was £48,984,000—showing an excess of expenditure over income amounting to nearly six millions. During the last three years the actual excess of expenditure had been £12,013 890, a result more than accounted for by the fact that £6,500,000 had been spent in relief of the Bengal famine, while £10,239,000 had been spent on public works. The financial proposals of the Indian Government were criticised by Mr Fawcett and others, and ultimately the usual formal resolutions concerning the Budget were agreed to.

In the HOUSE OF LORDS, Prince Leopold's Annuity Bill passd through Committee. The Duke of Richmond, in moving the second reading of the Endowed Schools Bill, explained the circumstances under which the measure was introduced, and whilst admitting the zeal and energy with which Lord Lyttelton and his colleagues had carried out their task, maintained that it was impossible for the Government to retain them in office after his Lordship's expression of opinion with reference to the wills of founders. A brief discussion followed, in the course of which Lord Lyttelton criticised the measure and defended his own conduct. The Bill was ultimately read a second time, and the Committee fixed for to-day.

TUESDAY.

In the HOUSE OF LORDS, Prince Leopold's Annuity Bill was read a third time, and a large number of other measures, including the Endowed Schools Bill, were advanced a stage. On the order for the consideration of the Commons' Amendments to the Public Worship Bill, the Archbishop of Canterbury suggested with respect to the proposed appeal to the Archbishops—the only amendment on which any difference of opinion might be anticipated—that the Bishops and Archbishops should confer together on the matter. After considerable discussion the Commons' amendment on this point was rejected by 44 to 32. The other amendments made by the Commons were agreed to, with the exception of the provisions relating to college chapels. Their Lordships adjourned shortly before nine o'clock.

In the HOUSE OF COMMONS, the Under Foreign Secretary, replying to Sir George Bowyer, stated that no armed intervention in Spanish affairs was contemplated by the Government, and that no encouragement would be given to such intervention by any other Power. In answer to Sir W. Edmonstone, the Secretary for War intimated that in lieu of prize money, all the forces engaged in the Ashantee War would receive thirty days' extra pay. At an early period of the sitting an opportunity was given to Mr W. M'Arthur to move his resolution to the effect that the House was gratified to learn that Her Majesty's Government had yielded to the unanimous request of the chiefs, native population, and white residents of Fiji, for annexation to this country, as far as to direct Sir Hercules Robinson to proceed to those islands with a view to the accomplishment of that object. Mr Baillie Cochrane having seconded the resolution, Sir Chas. Dilke brought forward an amendment declaring that the House considered that, having regard to the existence in the case of Fiji of difficulties caused by the necessity of "subjugating and removing" 20,000 ferocious mountaineers, and by the fact that domestic slavery is pronounced by Commodore Goodenough and Consul Layard, in their official report, to be "the foundation of social order" in Fiji, it was necessary that great caution should be used in approaching the subject of annexation. This amendment found a seconder in Sir F. Goldsmid. Mr Gladstone objected to the House being made sharers in the responsibility of the Government, and declined to express his gratitude to the Government for taking a step for which he was by no means grateful. The Under Secretary for the Colonies, whilst stating that the cession had not yet been accepted, pointed out that if it were accepted the responsibility would rest upon the Government alone. Ultimately, Sir Chas. Dilke's amendment was defeated on its own merits by 81 to 28, and Mr M'Arthur's resolution was negatived without a division.

WEDNESDAY.

The HOUSE OF COMMONS met soon after twelve o'clock, and was occupied during the greater part of the sitting in discussing the Lords' reasons for disagreeing with certain of the Commons' amendments to the Public Worship Bill. After some discussion the Lords' amendments were agreed to.

MANUFACTURE OF COCOA.—"We will now give an account of the process adopted by Messrs. James Epps' & Co., manufacturers of dietetic articles, at their works in the Euston Road, London."—See Article in *Cassell's Household Guide*

"A VISIT TO EPPS'S COCOA MANUFACTORY.—Through the kindness of Messrs. Epps, I recently had an opportunity of seeing the many complicated and varied processes the Cacao bean passes through ere it is sold for public use, and, being both interested and highly pleased with what I saw during my visit to the manufactory, I thought a brief account of the Cacao, and the way it is manufactured by Messrs. Epps, to fit it for a wholesome and nutritious beverage might be of interest to the readers of 'Land and Water.'"—See Article in "Land and Water," October 14.

BREAKFAST. — EPPS'S COCOA. — GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills."—*Civil Service Gazette*. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Each packet is labelled—"JAMES EPPS & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London."

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Certificate from Dr. Versmann on every bottle, with full particulars. Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," prepared by HENRY C. GALLUP, 493 Oxford Street, London, and sold by all Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at 3s 6d per Bottle.

HEALTH AND MANLY VIGOUR.—A Medical Man of 30 years' experience in the Treatment of Nervous Debility, Spermatorrhœa, and other affections which are often acquired in early life, and unfit sufferers for marriage, and other social duties, has published a book, giving the full benefit of his long experience, gratis, with plain directions for the recovery of health and strength. A single copy sent to any address on receipt of one stamp.—Address to the SECRETARY, INSTITUTE OF ANATOMY, BIRMINGHAM. 216a

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it *will positively restore in every case Grey or White Hair* to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Certificate from Dr Versmann on every bottle, with full particulars. Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," prepared by HENRY C. GALLUP, 493, Oxford-street, London, and sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere, at 3s 6d per bottle.

THROAT AFFECTIONS AND HOARSENESS.—All suffering from irritation of the throat and hoarseness will be agreeably surprised at the almost immediate relief afforded by the use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches." These famous "lozenges" are now sold by most respectable chemists in this country at 1s 1½d per box. People troubled with a "hacking cough," a "slight cold," or bronchial affections, cannot try them too soon, as similar troubles, if allowed to progress, result in serious Pulmonary and Asthmatic affections. See that the words "Brown's Bronchial Troches" are on the Government Stamp around each box.—Manufactured by JOHN I. BROWN & SONS, Boston, United States. Depot, 493 Oxford Street, London.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS!—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s 1½d per bottle.—Manufactured in New York, and at 493 Oxford Street, London.

THE SECRET OF LONG LIFE consists in health and vigour of body and mind, to obtain and retain which read the new edition of "Life Worth Living For," sent direct from the author, Dr. Jaques, 41, Carliol-street, Newcastle, post free in a secured envelope, for six stamps.—The Cordial Balm of Meccaum, never-failing remedy for all cases of sexual debility, having had unlimited success for forty years. Sold in bottles at 4s 6d and 11s from the sole inventor and proprietor, Dr. Jaques 41, Carliol-street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, who may be consulted daily free of charge. 866c

BEWARE OF PIRATICAL IMITATIONS OF ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTER.—Owing to the wonderful sale these celebrated plasters have obtained by their curative properties in lumbago, sciatica, rheumatism, pains in side and back, and, in short, all pains and local affections, some unpricipled parties have been manufacturing and offering for sale spurious plasters, put up in such a manner so as to deceive the unwary, and, as sole agent for Great Britain and Ireland, I can guarantee none genuine save they bear on the Revenue Stamp, in white letters, the words—"THOS. ALLCOCK & CO. POROUS PLASTERS," and the public, by never purchasing unless this is on, will secure to themselves the genuine Porous Plaster. Henry D. Brandreth, Liverpool, sole agent for Europe and the Colonies. Dealers in spurious plasters will be prosecuted. 1542

FLORILINE!—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the Teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline," being composed in part of Honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Price 2s 6d for the liquid, and 1s per jar for the Floriline "Powder," of all Chemists and Perfumers. Prepared by HENRY C. GALLUP, 493, Oxford-street, London.

FOR THE COMPLEXION.—HAGAN'S MAGNOLIA BALM gives a pure blooming complexion, and restores youthful beauty. Its effects are gradual, natural and perfect. It removes redness, blotches, pimples, tan, sunburn, and freckles, and makes a lady of thirty appear but twenty. The Magnolia Balm makes the skin smooth, and imparts a fresh appearance to the countenance. In use in America for the last twenty-five years. Sold by all Chemists and Perfumers, in bottles at Three Shillings. European Depot, 266, High Holborn, London.

Also, from the same Author for 1s., or 16 stamps sealed,
DR. CURTIS'S MEDICAL GUIDE TO MARRIAGE: Practical Treatise on its Physical and Personal Obligations. With rules for removing certain disqualifications which destroy the happiness of wedded life.
The above works may also be obtained at the Author's residence, 15, Albemarle Street, W., London.

TODD'S QUININE WINE stands pre-eminent for PURITY AND STRENGTH.
It is the best known remedy for Indigestion, Nervous Complaints, Debility, Wasting Diseases, &c., and is recommended by the Faculty.
TODD'S QUININE WINE strengthens the whole system. The genuine is manufactured only by JOE TODD, Chemist, Carlisle, and bears his name on the Government Stamp. Sold by all Chemists. Ask for and have only
TODD'S QUININE WINE.
Agent—R. T. WATSON, Chemist, Jarrow. 3

POWELL'S RHEUMATIC EMBROCATION FOR RHEUMATISM, RHEUMATIC GOUT, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, etc. Its Marvellous Efficacy is attested by H.R.H. the Duke d' Aumale, the late Earl of Clarendon, the Right Hon. Frances Countess Waldegrave, the Right Hon. the Countess of Radnor, and many other eminent persons, copies of whose testimonials accompany each bottle. Being exclusively for outward use, its action is direct and speedy. Immediate relief attends its application, and all unpleasantness and frequent danger of internal remedies are avoided. Sold by all Chemists, Price 1s. 1½d. and 2s. 9d. Laboratory, 266, High Holborn, London. 385c

Railway Time Tables,

NEWCASTLE TO JARROW AND SOUTH SHIELDS.

Leaves Newcastle (Week days)—5·0, 6·50, 7·35 (*), 7·55 9·0, 9·45, 10·55, 11·45 (*), 12·30, 2·10, 3·0, 3·35 (*) 4·5, 5·5, 6·5, 7·10, 8·5, 9·35, 10·55.

Leaves Newcastle (Sundays)—6·10, 8·0, 9·30, 2·0, 5·0, 7·10, 8·10, 9·30.

These trains leave intermediate stations as follows:—Gateshead, 3; Felling, 8; Pelaw, 15; Hebburn, 20; Jarrow, 25; Tyne Dock, 30; and High Shields, 36 minutes after the above times, arriving at South Shields about 40 minutes after the time they leave Newcastle.

* First, second, and third-class express trains, stopping at Gateshead at 3 minutes, Jarrow at 15 minutes, and Tyne Dock at 18 minutes after the above times, arriving at South Shields about 25 minutes after the time they leave Newcastle.

Fares from Newcastle to Gateshead: First, 3d; second, 2d.; third, 1d.
Felling: First, 6d.; second, 4d.; third, 3d.
Pelaw: First, 8d.; second, 6d.; third, 3½d. Return, first, 1s. 2d., second, 10d., third, 7d.
Hebburn: First, 10d,, second, 7d., third, 5d, Return, first, 1s. 6d., second, 1s. third, 9d.
Jarrow, Tyne Dock, High Shields, or South Shields: First, 1s.; second, 9d.; third, 6d. Return, 1s. 8d., 1s. 3d., 10d.

SOUTH SHIELDS TO JARROW AND NEWCASTLE.

Leaves South Shields (Week days).—4·55, 7·0, 8·0 8·30(*), 9·0, 10·5, 10·30, 11·45, 12·30 (*), 1·50, 3·15, 4·0 (*), 4·15, 5·10, 6·15, 7·15, 8·15, 9·15, 10·40.

Leaves South Shields (Sundays).—6·15, 8·0, 9·55, 2·10 5·0. 7·15, 8·20, 9·35.

These trains leave intermediate stations as follows:—High Shields, 3; Tyne Dock, 8; Jarrow, 14; Hebburn, 19; Pelaw, 24; Felling 30; and Gateshead, 35 minutes after the above times, arriving at Newcastle about 40 minutes after the times they leave South Shields.

ON SATURDAYS

Relief trains leave JARROW for NEWCASTLE at 2·5 p.m. and 3·5 p.m., calling at all intermediate stations.

* First, second, and third-class express trains calling at Tyne Dock, Jarrow, and Gateshead, leaving Jarrow 10 minutes after the above times, arriving at Newcastle about 25 minutes after they leave South Shields.

Fares from South Shields to High Shields or Tyne Dock: First, 3d.; second, 2d.; third, 1d.
Jarrow: First, 8d; second, 6d.; third, 3½d.
Pelaw, Felling, Gateshead, or Newcastle: First, 1s.; second, 9d.; third, 6d.

SUNDERLAND TO SOUTH SHIELDS AND JARROW.

Leaves Sunderland (Week days).—4·50, 6·50, 7·50, 8·50 9·55, 11·5 12·15, 1·40, 2·5, 3·55, 5·0, 6·5, 7·5, 8·5, 9·5, 10·30.

Leaves Sunderland (Sundays).—6·5, 7·50, 9·25, 2·0 4.50, 7·5, 8·10, 9·25.

These trains leave intermediate stations as follows:—Cleadon Lane, 7: Tyne Dock, 13; High Shields, 17. minutes after the above times, arriving at South Shields about 20 minutes after the time they leave Sunderland.

Passengers between Sunderland and Jarrow *change carriages* at Tyne Dock.

Fares from Sunderland to Cleadon Lane: first 6d. second, 5d; third, 3d.; Tyne Dock, first, 10d.; second 8d. third,. 6d., High Shields and South Shields first, 10d.; second, 8d.; third, 6d.; Jarrow, first, 1s. 4d.; second, 1s.; third, 7½d. Return tickets to Jarrow: first, 2s. 3d.; second, 1s. 8d.; third, 1s. 2d.

JARROW TO SOUTH SHIELDS AND SUNDERLAND.

Leaves Jarrow (Week days).—6·25 7·13, 8.18, 9·23. 10·8, 11·18, 12·53, 2·33, 3·23, 4·28, 5·28, 6·28. 7·33 8·28, 9·58, 11.18,

Leaves Jarrow (Sundays)—6·33, 8·32, 9·53, 2·23, 5·23, 7·33, 8·33, 9·53.

These trains leave intermediate Stations as follows:—South Shields 4, High Shields 7, Tyne Dock 11, and Cleaden Lane 16 minutes after the train leaves Jarrow arriving in Sunderland in about 24 minutes.

Fares from Jarrow to South Shields: first, 8d.; second, 6d.; third, 3½d.; High Shields: first, 8d.; second, 6d.; third, 3d.; Tyne Dock, first, 6d.; second, 4d.; third, 2d.; Cleadon Lane, first, 10d.; second, 8d.; third, 4½d. Sunderland, first, 1s. 4d.; second, 1s.; third, 7½d. Return tickets to Jarrow, first, 2s. 3d.; second, 1s. 8d.; third, 1s. 2d.

NEWCASTLE TO TYNEMOUTH.

Leaves Newcastle—Central Station—(Week days)—6·10 (a), 7·0, 8·5, 9·0 (*), 9·15, 9·45, (c), 10·15, 11·0, 12·0, 1·0, 1·45 (†), 2·0, 2·30(†), 3·5 (†), 4·10, 4·45 (†), 5·15, 5·50 (†), 6·10, 6·45 (†), 7·10, 8·10, 9·0, 10·0, 11·30 (c).

Leaves Newcastle—Central Station—(Sundays).—6·10 (a), 8·30, 9.30, 10·5, 1·0.1·15 (†), 2·0 2·15 (†), 3·0, 3·15, 4·0, 5·0, 6·0, 6·35. 7·0, 8·0, 8·45, 9·15.

These trains leave intermediate stations as follows:—Manors 3, Heaton 7, Walker 11, Wallsend 16, Howdon 21, Percy Main 25, and North Shields 30 minutes after the above times, arriving at Tynemouth 35 minutes after leaving Newcastle.

* First, second, and third class express trains, stopping only at North Shields.

† These trains stop only at Manors and North Shields Stations.

a.—This train stops at intermediate stations when required, to set down passengers arriving from the south by either the 4.38 or 5·58 a.m trains.

b.—The 6·45 p.m. train from Newcastle will stop at all Stations on Saturdays and reach Tynemouth at 7·20 p.m.

c.—The 11·30 p.m. train stops at intermediate Stations when required, to set down passengers.

Fares from Newcastle to Tynemouth: First, 1s. 3d., second, 1s., third, 8d. Return, first, 2s. 0d., second, 1s. 6d., third, 1s.
North Shields, first, 1s., second, 9d., third, 6d. Return, first, 1s. 8d., second, 1s. 3d., third, 10d.
Percy Main: First, 10d., second, 8d., third, 6d. Return, first, 1s. 6d., second, 1s. 2d., third, 10d.
Howdon: First, 10d., second, 8d., third, 5d. Return, first, 1s. 6d., second, 1s. 2d., third, 9d.
Wallsend: First, 8d., second, 6d., third, 3½d. Return, first, 1s. 2d., second, 10d., third, 7d.
Walker; First, 5d., second, 4d., third, 2½d. Return, first, 9d., second, 7d., third, 5d.

TYNEMOUTH TO NEWCASTLE.

Leaves Tynemouth (Week days)—5·20, 6·40 (a), 7·45, 8·30 (*), 9·0. 9·30 (*), 10·0, 10·30 (*), 11·0, 12·0, 12 45 (*), 1·50, 2·15, 3·0, 3·30,(*), 4·5, 5·0 (*), 5·35, 6·0, 6·30. 7·0, 7·30, 8·0, 9·0, 10·0, 10·50.

Leaves Tynemouth (Sundays)—7·35, 9·40, 1·0 (*) 1·45, 2·0, 3·0, 4·0, 5·0, 5·45, 6·0, 6·35, 7·0, 7·45, 8·0, 8·45, 9,0, 10·0.

These trains leave intermediate stations as follows:—North Shields 3, Percy Main 9, Howdon 11, Wallsend 15, Walker 19, Heaton 23, and Manors 30 minutes after the above times, arriving at Central Station, Newcastle about 35 minutes after leaving Tynemouth.

* First, second, and third class express trains, stopping only at North Shields and Manors stations.

a.—The 6·40 a.m. train stops at intermediate Stations to take up passengers booked to the Central Stations.

b.—The 10·50 p.m. train stops at Stations up to and including Walker on Saturdays, and does not reach the Central Station until 11·20 p.m.

Fares from Tynemouth to North Shields, first, 4d.; second, 3d.; third, 2d.; Percy Main, first, 6d.: second, 4d.: third, 3d.; Howdon, first, 8d.; second, 6d.; third, 4d.; Wallsend, first, 10d.; second, 8d.; third, 6d.; Walker first, 1s.; second 9d.; third, 6d.; Heaton, first, 1s.; second 9d.; third, 6d.; Newcastle (Manors or Central), first, 1s. 3d.; second, 1s.; third, 8d.

STOCKTON AND DARLINGTON RAILWAY

GOING EAST.—WEEK DAYS ONLY.

STATIONS.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Newcastle	dep.	5·45	12·30	2·30
Benfieldside	„	6·50	1·30	4·25
Rowley	„	7·0	1·40	4·35
Burnhill Junction	„	7·10	1·50	4·45
Tow Law	„	7·23	2·3	4·58
Crook	arr.	7·35	2·15	5.10
Crook	dep.	7.38	2·25	5·20
Bishop Auckland	„	8·5	2·55	5·50
Darlington	„	8·55	3·35	6·40
Stockton	„	9·25	4·5	7·10
Middlesbro'	„	9·35	4·15	7·22
Saltburn	„	10·10	4·50	8·0

GOING WEST.—WEEK DAYS ONLY.

STATIONS.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Saltburn	dep.	5·45	11·20	2·0
Middlesbro'	„	6·22	14·57	2·35
Stockton	„	6·34	12·7	2·45
Darlington	„	7·15	1·5	4·40
Bishop Auckland	„	7·48	1·35	5·10
Crook	arr.	8·10	1·57	5·32
Crook	dep.	8·15	2·20	5·35
Tow Law	„	8·27	2·32	5·45
Burnhill Junction	„	8·42	2·45	6·0
Rowley	„	8·52	2·55	6·10
Benfieldside	arr.	9·5	3·5	6·20
Newcastle	arr.	10·5	4·30	9·35

CONSETT BRANCH.

UP TRAINS.—WEEK DAYS.

		1,2,G.	1,2,G.	1,2,G	1,2,G.	1,2,G
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Newcastle	dep.	5·45	10·0	12·30	2·30	5·35
Scotswood	„	5·52	10·7	12·37	2·37	5·42
Swalwell	„	5·59	10·14	12·43	2·44	5·94
Rowland's Gill	„	6·9	10·24	12·51	2·54	5·65
Lintz Green	„	6·15	10·30	12·59	3·0	6·6
Ebchester	„	6·28	10·43	1·9	3·13	6·18
Shotley Bridge	„	6·31	10·49	1·14	3·19	6·24
Benfieldside (Consett & Blackhill)	arr.			1·20	3·25	..
	dep.	6·40	10·55	..	4·20	6·30
Knitsley	„	6·54	11·9	..	4·34	6·44
Lanchester	„	7·3	11·18	..	4·43	6·53
Witton Gilbert	„	7.10	11·27	..	4·50	7·26
Durham	arr.	7·25	11·40	..	5·5	7·15

DOWN TRAINS—WEEK DAYS.

STATIONS		1,2,G.	1.2 G.	1,2,G.	1,2,G	1,2,G
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Durham	dep.	7·40		12·5	3·20	7·55
Witton Gilbert	„	7·55		12·19	3·33	8·9
Lanchester	„	8·6		12·30	3·44	8·20
Knitsley	„	8·17		12·41	3·55	8·31
Benfieldside (Consett & Blackhill)	arr.				4·5	
	dep	8·32	9·15	12·55	3·35	8·43
Shotley Bridge	„	8·37	9·20	1·0	3·42	8·48
Ebchester	„	8·40	9·23	1·4	3·44	8·52
Lintz Green	„	8·50	9·33	1.14	3·54	9·3
Rowland's Gill	„	8·55	9·38	1·19	3·59	9·8
Swalwell	„	9·4	9·47	1·28	4·5	9·17
Scotswood	„	9·10	9·53	1·34	4·16	9·24
Newcastle	arr.	9·20	10·5	1·45	4·30	9·35

MARKET TRAINS ON SATURDAYS.

First, second, and third class return tickets will be issued on Saturdays by the following trains—

STATIONS.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Newcastle	dep.	7·10	4·0	7·30
Scotswood	„	7·17	4·9	7·37
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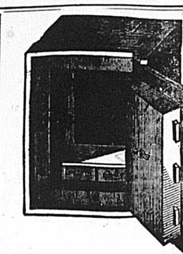
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CONSETT LOCAL BOARD.

On Wednesday afternoon the ordinary meeting of the Consett Local Board was held at Consett, Mr William Jenkins (chairman) presiding. The following members were also present—Rev. T. Smith, Mr John Calvert, Mr J. W. Davison, Mr J. Dickinson, Mr Edward Charlton, Mr Hudson, Mr Dunne, Mr Murray, Mr McNally, and Mr Gledstone.

THE ENCROACHMENT QUESTION.

The minutes of the previous meeting having been read and confirmed, the CHAIRMAN asked what had been done in reference to Mr Murray's projection.

The Clerk (Mr Elliott) replied that at a previous meeting it had been decided to get an awarded plan, which was now on the table. The Surveyor had given his attention to the matter, and would inform the meeting of the result of his investigations.

The Surveyor (Mr Dawson) said he had measured the width of the road in several places, but had not been able to complete his report. Mr Dawson was proceeding to read out the width of the various roads when

The CHAIRMAN said he thought that the Local Board had a perfect right to lessen the width of a road where it was found to be conducive to the public good.

Mr CALVERT observed that the roads were public property, and could not be encroached upon.

The CHAIRMAN thought the Local Board had the power to make a road 50 ft. instead of 60 ft. if it were for the public good.

Mr CALVERT begged to differ from the previous speaker. The roads in question were set out under a special Act of Parliament, which could not be set aside by the Board.

Mr MURRAY wished to know if an Enclosure Act had not been passed giving owners of property leave to take in a portion of the road adjoining their property.

Mr CALVERT replied in the negative.

Mr MURRAY: Then we are different to other places.

Mr CALVERT: The roads were set out under a special Act of Parliament, which has never been repealed.

Mr MURRAY said an awarded plan of the roads had been obtained, but Delves Lane was not marked on it.

The CHAIRMAN observed that Mr Murray appeared to be desirous of going into the general question of encroachments. The question before them was Mr Murray's projection, which, if a projection, should be removed.

Mr MURRAY thought the Board were whipping the willing horse.

The CHAIRMAN: We are accepting the terms of the willing horse. Mr Murray himself had offered to remove the obstruction.

Mr MURRAY: Under certain conditions.

The CHAIRMAN: What were the conditions?

Mr MURRAY: Rather than pay more than £2 a-year.

The CHAIRMAN: There was no condition stipulated. Mr Murray preferred to clear the obstruction away rather than pay the amount that was asked.

Mr MURRAY: I did not say that I should not continue to hold the property as long as I could.

Mr DICKINSON considered the discussion quite out of order. The matter had already been before the meeting, and Mr Murray's offer to pull down the building had been accepted. It was a waste of time, he observed, for the Board to sit there month after month discussing and re-discussing matters which had already been disposed of.

Mr SIDDELL said a motion had already been made in reference to this particular encroachment, which had better be read.

The CHAIRMAN (referring to the minute book) said at the January meeting it was resolved "that the minute of last meeting stand, and that Mr Murray's offer to remove the building be accepted, and that the other encroachments be carried forward for future consideration." He would ask Mr Murray—did he or did he not offer to pull it down?

Mr MURRAY: I said that I had been paying £2 a-year ground rent, and rather than pay £4 I should pull it down. I was under the impression that this Board should have given me twelve months notice, seeing that I was a yearly tenant. Why is the whole question of encroachments not gone into at once? He did not wish to be favoured by the Board, but, on the contrary, was willing to pay double as much as any other person.

The CHAIRMAN: The members of this Board came to the conclusion that the encroachment was of an objectionable character, and consequently decided to have it pulled down.

Mr MURRAY observed that, for the good of the township, he should pay £10 per year for the encroachment provided other parties paid in the same ratio.

The CHAIRMAN said the Board did not ask Mr Murray's charity. They simply wished Mr Murray to remove the objection according to his own terms.

Mr HUDSON said the rent of Mr Murray's building was some time ago lowered on account of a depression in trade. The latter, however, had again become brisk, and he considered they were justified in again raising the rent.

Mr DUNNE understood that Mr Murray would not object to pay £4 a-year provided other parties were similarly dealt with.

Mr DICKINSON again rose to protest against the discussion. It had been decided, he said, to pull down the projection, and it was a great waste of time to argue the question further.

The CHAIRMAN said he found, on referring to the minute book, that at a later meeting it had been decided to serve fresh notices on the owner of the building.

The Clerk said the notice had been served.

Mr CALVERT observed this course had been adopted because it had been found that the Board could only deal with the party in possession of the encroachment. Strictly speaking, the Board had nothing to do with Mr Murray. They could give notice to the party occuping the encroachment to remove it, and if the notice was not acted upon the Board themselves had power to remove it.

The CHAIRMAN: Then are we right in asking Mr Murray for the rent?

Mr CALVERT: No.

Mr DICKINSON: From whom do we receive the rent?

Mr MURRAY: I pay the rent.

Mr DICKINSON: If Mr Murray pays the rent he is the tenant.

Mr CALVERT: The occupier is the tenant.

The CHAIRMAN thought Mr Murray was wasting the time of the Board.

Mr MURRAY said he had waited nine months in order that the whole question of encroachments might be gone into. One or two of the members appeared to have a strong feeling in the matter, and he could not understand why he should have been singled out when there were other persons in the place who held encroachments. He believed it was the intention of the Board to settle his particular encroachment and set aside the others.

The CHAIRMAN thought Mr Murray should withdraw such an assertion. He for one disclaimed any personal feeling in the matter, and if Mr Murray meant his remark to apply to him (the speaker) he was simply stating that which was untrue.

Mr DICKINSON also disclaimed any hostile feeling towards Mr Murray.

Mr CALVERT said perhaps Mr Murray's remarks were meant for him. He might say that when the encroachment was first erected Mr Murray's father was summoned before the magistrates and ordered to remove it in fourteen days. Rather than take it down, however, Mr Murray agreed to pay £5 a year to the township of Ebchester. This sum was paid until the formation of the Local Board, when the rent was reduced to £2.

Mr DICKINSON said it had been decided to pull down the projection, and he should like to know why that resolution had not been carried out. Was it the fault of the Clerk and Surveyor?

The Clerk said the fault did not rest with him.

A conversation ensued as to who was the proper party on whom to serve the notice. The Clerk read the Act bearing on the subject, from which it appeared that the Board could give notice to the occupier to remove or alter any house or building which was an obstruction to the safe and convenient passage along any street.

Mr HUDSON said it was quite clear that the occupier was the proper party to be served with the notice.

Mr SIDDELL said that Mr Murray was the occupier, he having paid the rent.

Mr DICKINSON begged to move that notice be served on Mr Murray to remove it within fourteen days, and in default that the Board should complete the work, and charge Mr Murray with the cost of the same.

The CHAIRMAN did not consider that Mr Murray was dealing fairly with the Board by putting his tongue in his cheek and laughing at them. Mr Murray, he thought, was obstructing the business of the Board. He did not see the necessity of putting Mr Dickinson's motion to the meeting, as it had already been decided to have the obstruction removed.

Mr DUNNE thought a good deal of time would be saved if the Board gave Mr Murray a guarantee that the whole question of encroachments would be considered.

The CHAIRMAN: The general question has nothing to do with the point at issue.

Mr DUNNE: Mr Murray seems to think that he has been selected from amongst the rest.

The CHAIRMAN: Because Mr Murray says that he has been selected out it does follow that it is true. I deny that it is true.

Mr DUNNE considered that Mr Murray would have ground for complaint so long as other encroachments were allowed to remain unnoticed.

The CHAIRMAN said there were various kinds of encroachments. It had been proved that Mr Murray's was an obstruction, and it should therefore be removed.

Mr DUNNE did not think it was an obstruction.

The CHAIRMAN: If Mr Murray has had second thoughts and does not wish to remove the building, why does he not come here like a man and say that he will pay the money we ask?

Mr SIDDELL: He is simply setting the Board at defiance.

Mr MURRAY said a good deal of venom had been exhibited during the discussion. He did not wish, as he had previously remarked, to keep the land for less than its value, but at the same time he did not want to pay more than his neighbours. He might state that in one street in Consett the pantries of the Consett Iron Company's houses encroached upon the road 6 ft.

The CHAIRMAN observed that "two blacks did not make a white."

Mr CHARLTON said the pantries in question were erected before the Local Board came into existence.

Mr HUDSON considered that £4 a year was not too much for Mr Murray's encroachment. Mr Young paid 3s a year for the strip of land in front of his house.

Mr DICKINSON said there was a great deal of difference between buildings and land unbuilt upon. He considered they might as well stay at home as spend their time in the manner they were doing.

The CHAIRMAN said Mr Murray was the only person to blame in the matter. He first of all refused to pay the £4 rent, preferring to have it pulled down, and now he will do neither.

Mr SIDDELL thought the notice should be carried out forwith.

The CHAIRMAN: Will some member make a resolution.

Mr DICKINSON: I move that the former resolution be carried out.

The proposition was seconded by Mr SIDDELL and carried.

THE RAILWAY CROSSINGS.

The SURVEYOR reported that nothing had been done to the crossings since last meeting.

Mr CALVERT understood that it was the intention of the North-Eastern Railway Company to lessen the width between the rails and the protectors and also to lower the latter where required.

HEALTH OF THE DISTRICT.

The CHAIRMAN read the following report:—

GENTLEMEN,—I have to report that the last quarter ended June 30th, has been one of the most unhealthy, and the death-rate has been the highest (thirty-two per thousand) of any quarter since the adoption of the Local Government Act in your district. There has been, however, a marked improvement in the health of the township during the past month. Thanks for this, partly to the energy of your Inspector in exposing the overcrowding, and your action in bringing the law to bear upon this longstanding nuisance, the evils of which cannot be over-estimated. As a result of this increased energy on your part, the probability there was of an outbreak of typhus has been nipped in the bud, and the epidemics of scarlatina and erysiplas have gradually declined, as will be seen from the accompanying table compared with the last report, until at the present time scarcely a case of either disease remains.

	Cases.	Deaths.
Measles,	5	0
Scarlatina,	69	11
Enteric fever,	2	1
Continued fever,	7	0
Erysipelas,	15	2
Puerperal fever,	2	2
	100	16

The above have occurred during the quarter, ended 30th June. I have viewed several houses that have been represented to me as unfit for human habitation. Hitherto, I have declined giving orders for their closure, because I naturally inferred that their occupants would take shelter in other houses in the district already overcrowded, which would have much more disastrous results than living in roofless or doorless houses. Now, however, means being enforced to diminish the overcrowding, we may safely close the worst of them, consequently, orders have been issued to that effect. The exposure of the overcrowding and the wretched condition of many of the houses is a blot to the town of Consett that will take a length of time to efface. Sounder words than were recently uttered by the Premier could not form a more appropriate conclusion to the subject of house accommodation. "I have always thought the best security for civilzation is in the dwellings of the people, and upon becoming and appropriate dwellings more than anything else depends the improvement of mankind. It is the real nursery of all domestic virtues, and without a becoming home the exercise of those virtues is impossible."—I remain, your obedient servant,

W. M. RENTON, Officer of Health.

THE SEWAGE QUESTION.—SETTLING PONDS.

The CHAIRMAN was about to open a uumber of tenders that had been received for the erection of settling pits, when

Mr. CALVERT rose and proceeded to read a copy of a letter sent to the Warwick Union by the Local Government Board in reference to the pollution of streams. The letter said "a sanitory authority has no power to interfere in questions between riparian owners as regards their respective rights in flowing water, and that a sanitary authority cannot take precedence in order to protect a watercourse from pollution unless such pollution arose from sewage, and is of such a character as to render the watercourse so foul as to be a nuisance and injurious to health. The Board further says that, as a rule, it is not incumbent on a rural sanitary authority to provide sewers for the reception of other matter than sewage." It was quite clear, continued Mr. Calvert, that they could not be prevented putting the sewage into the river Derwent until it could be shown that the same was injurious to health.

Mr. CHARLTON said very serious complaints had been made respecting the sewage that was allowed to flow into the river.

Mr. HUDSON was afraid that the nuisance in Howdon Burn would always exist.

Mr. GLEDSTONE said he had looked particularly to find a nuisance in Howdon Burn, put had failed to discover one. He would like to be informed of its whereabouts.

Mr. DICKINSON said the whole length of the watercourse was a nuisance.

Mr. CALVERT: Is any person injured by it?

Mr. DAVISON: The Messrs. Annandale complain that they are injured by the filthy state of the water.

Mr. CALVERT said they could carry the sewage down Howdon Burn in pipes, and this would obviate the alleged nuisance. It had already been decided to take the sewage in pipes past the burn in question.

The CHAIRMAN: It is no use going into the question of pipes now. It was decided to advertise for tenders for the erection of settling ponds, and here they are before us. Is there a feeling in opposition to the ponds?

Mr. CALVERT: Yes. The spot selected is not a proper place for settling pits; it is right in the midst of a large population. Mr. Jenkins himself had some time ago called the attention of the Board to the fact that the old pits were a nuisance to the men employed at the works.

The CHAIRMAN: They are certainly a nuisance, because the ponds are never cleaned out. Cleaning them out will make all the difference.

Mr. CALVERT said it was strange that Messrs. Annandale did not complain of the filthy state of the water until after Mr. Jenkins drew the attention of the Board to the mater. Besides, the Company were selling building sites in close proximity to the proposed settling ponds. He did not oppose the principle of making settling ponds, but objected to have them erected so near the homes of the people. He considered that the sewage ought to be taken down to the Derwent, where settling ponds of a less costly nature might be made.

The CHAIRMAN said such a plan as Mr. Calvert suggested would entail great expense.

Mr. CALVERT observed that at Consett the ponds would have to be on a much more substantial scale than at the place he had suggested. In connection with settiing ponds at Consett, four large chimneys would have to be built, which would be unnecessary near to the Derwent.

The CHAIRMAN did not see why the ponds would not answer as well as those at Lanchester.

Mr. CALVERT said the settling pits at Lanchester were offensive, notwithstanding that they were regularly cleaned out.

The CHAIRMAN said he felt rather disappointed that at the last moment any member should have obstructed the scheme.

Mr. CALVERT also thought £100 per acre an unreasonable price to pay for the land. It was not worth £5 an acre.

The CHAIRMAN: If the land was yours what would you sell it for?

Mr. CALVERT: Perhaps I should not sell it at all.

The CHAIRMAN: Are you in earnest about the value of the land?

Mr. CALVERT: Yes, you can only value land according to its worth.

The CHAIRMAN: Would you be surprised to learn that a gentleman has paid £300 for the same amount of land in the same place.

Mr. DICKINSON was rather astonished to hear Mr. Calvert condemn the settling ponds at Lanchester. At a former meeting, he remembered, Mr. Calvert had stated that the ponds were first-class, and Mr. Ground, the surveyor, was to be consulted about them. Now, however, Mr. Calvert turned round, and told them that the ponds were a nuisance.

Mr. CALVERT: Who told you that they were a nuisance?

The CHAIRMAN: You said that there was a smell.

Mr. CALVERT: Quite true; but this is natural to sewage, and cannot be prevented until the ponds are covered over. Very little sewage went into the ponds at Lanchester, and still they were offensive; but at Consett, where they had so many water-closets, the smell proceeding from the ponds would become unbearable.

The CHAIRMAN: Was it not understood that Mr. Calvert and Mr. Hudson were advocates for this system, and did they not carry their views to Mr. Ground?

Mr. CALVERT: He were in favour of settling ponds, but never wished to place them on the site of the old ponds

The CHAIRMAN: Yes, you did.

Mr. CALVERT: Never, never.

Mr. DICKINSON: Have the Lanchester people built any large chimneys?

Mr. CALVERT: No.

The CHAIRMAN: Have the people of Hexham done so?

Mr. CALVERT: No.

The CHAIRMAN: The Inspector went to Hexham, and perhaps he will repeat to us what he saw.

The INSPECTOR said he had been told by members of the Hexham Board that the ponds worked well as long as they were properly attended to. The ponds had been untouched for about a year, and became a nuisance.

Mr. MURRAY said that matter was decided last meeting, and it was only a waste of time to rediscuss it.

Mr. SIDDLE: The subject received every consideration at our last meeting.

Mr. DICKINSON observed that a motion had been made at the last meeting and carried. Several members were not present at that meeting, but he considered that the absentees should abide by the decision come to. (Mr. Calvert: Hear, hear).

Mr. CALVERT: May I ask you who gave notice to rescind the minute that was made about taking the sewage in pipes down Howdon Burn?

The CHAIRMAN: We did.

Mr. CALVERT: Where is the notice of the motion? The proposition was carried at a special meeting, and had no more right to be rescinded than we have to alter it now.

Mr. HUDSON said Howdon Burn was the only stream that had been complained of. By taking the sewage in pipes, as had been suggested by Mr. Calvert, the nuisance would be got rid of; otherwise the stream wouldalways be polluted.

The CHAIRMAN said the surface water of the district flowed down Howden Burn. Messrs. Annandale had complained of the water being largely mixed with sewage matter, and this could only be remedied by erecting filtering ponds at the place proposed.

Mr. CALVERT said he only proposed taking the sewage matter in pipes; the surface water would still flow down the burn.

The CHAIRMAN: How do you propose to separate the filth from the water?

Mr. CALVERT: By carrying the filth in pipes past Messrs. Annandale's premises into the Derwent. If we erect settling ponds on the old site, which is near the public road, and in close proximity to the houses of the people, we might subsequently be compelled to remove them as nuisances.

The CHAIRMAN: Nothing of the kind.

Mr. DICKINSON said that Messrs. Annandale would not allow the Board to take the sewage past them in the manner proposed by Mr. Calvert. They were entitled to the whole of the surface water that flowed into the drains at Consett. Besides, the Board could not enter Messrs. Annandale's grounds with their pipes.

Mr. CALVERT said they were a corporate body, and could take the land by arbitration.

The CHAIRMAN: The land would cost ten times its value.

Mr. SIDDELL thought Mr. Calvert was wrong in stating that it had been decided at a special meeting to take the water to the Derwent in pipes. It was a mere suggestion on the part of some one, and the matter was left to be considered at the ordinary meeting.

Mr. CALVERT remarked that at the special meeting Mr. Siddell acquiesced in the plan of taking the sewage down in pipes.

Mr. DUNNE: Mr. Siddell was the gentleman who proposed it.

Mr. SIDDELL: It was a mere suggestion.

Mr. CALVERT: Mr. Siddell at that meeting said it was the best plan to take the sewage in the pipes; now, however, he puts his foot on it.

Mr. SIDDELL explained that Mr. Jenkins had protested against the old settling ponds, and in the absence of any other scheme of getting rid of the sewage, he certainly was in favour of taking it away in pipes. Now, however, Mr. Jenkins had decided to let them have land, providing proper settling ponds were erected.

Mr. DICKINSON: It has been stated by Mr. Calvert that the Consett Iron Company are selling building sites near the proposed settling ponds. Mr. Calvert was labouring under a mistake, as it was not the Iron Company who proposed building on the land referred to. The Board had got the land cheap, and he for one certainly objected to the expense of laying the pipes 500 or 600 yards.

Mr. CALVERT said some people might not object to the settling ponds, but he thought the majority would. There were parties who could live in a pig-stye.

Mr. DICKINSON (warmly): I live at Shotley Bridge and not in a pig-stye. I really think Mr. Calvert should not be allowed to make such observations.

Mr CALVERT did not intend his remarks to apply to Mr Dickinson. Puddlers' Row was not far from the proposed site, and it was possible that the people living in these houses would have cause to complain.

Mr MURRAY: Have the tenders been received?

The CHAIRMAN: Yes.

Mr MURRAY: Then I move that the tenders be opened and considered.

The CHAIRMAN said he should like to have the sense of the meeting before the tenders were considered.

Mr CALVERT moved that the Clerk ascertain the cost of conveying the sewage in pipes to the Derwent.

The CHAIRMAN said 500 yards of 12 inch piping would cost a great deal of money. What object could Mr Calvert have in making such a motion other than delaying the question.

Mr CALVERT: By taking the sewage in pipes we should be getting rid of the nuisance entirely.

The CHAIRMAN: We should be getting rid of the sewage by paying four times the money we would otherwise pay.

Mr CALVERT: Nothing of the kind.

Mr DICKINSON understood the Benfieldside Local Board intended to erect settling ponds, Mr Wilson having objected to the sewage being poured into the Derwent. Sooner or later the Consett Local Board would be similarly dealt with.

Mr HUDSON: Do the people of Shields object to the Newcastle people pouring the sewage into the Tyne?

The CHAIRMAN: The Tyne is a tidal river, and altogether different to the Derwent. With reference to the settling ponds, were the Board prepared to spend £3000 or £4000 in taking the sewage down to the Derwent in the manner proposed by Mr Calvert.

Mr CALVERT: It has not been shown that it would cost £3000 or £4000.

The CHAIRMAN: It does not require a mathematician to show that 500 yards of piping will cost more than merely erecting settling ponds at Consett.

Mr CALVERT: If you erect filtering ponds at Consett they will have to be covered over, and chimneys will also have to be built. At Hexham the ponds are not covered over, as they are a distance from the town.

The CHAIRMAN: It was stated at the last meeting that the cost of covering the ponds would only be something like £100.

Mr DAVISON said he had given the subject a good deal of careful consideration. If they took the sewage to the Derwent in pipes it would cost not less than £500. He considered that it would be a saving to the Board by erecting settling ponds at Consett. Moreover, the sewage was mixed with heavy matter, which would soon block up the pipes.

Mr CALVERT said there was a fall of 600 ft from Consett to the Derwent.

Mr SIDDELL: We are only wasting our time. It has been proposed that we open the tenders. Let the proposition be put to the meeting.

Mr CALVERT: Before we commence to make settling ponds I move that we have an Inspector from London to give his opinion as to the fitness of the place for filtering ponds.

Mr DICKINSON: Who is going to pay the expense?

Mr CALVERT considered that there was nothing unreasonable in the suggestion he had made.

The CHAIRMAN: It is easy enough to make a motion of this description, but will Mr Calvert pay the cost of bringing down an Inspector? I quite admit that the proposed site is not the best one that could have been obtained, but it is the cheapest.

Mr CALVERT: Why not take sewage so far down the Burn in pipes and then erect settling ponds.

Mr DICKINSON: I move that Mr Calvert pays the expenses of the Inspector.

After some further discussion, Mr CALVERT proposed a resolution to the effect that the settling ponds should be cleaned out.

The proposition was seconded by Mr HUDSON.

The CHAIRMAN: I move as an amendment that we abandon the idea of doing such a thing, and that we open the tenders.

The amendment was put to the meeting and carried, three members only voting against it.

Mr CALVERT: I protest against the minute being entered on the book, as the previous minute was not rescinded.

The CHAIRMAN: The resolution you speak off does not appear upon the minutes.

Mr CALVERT: It ought to have been there.

The CHAIRMAN: I observe that at a special meeting held on Wednesday, the 20th of May, it was resolved "that no further proceedings be taking till the regular meeting, and that the advertisement for tenders be withdrawn."

The meeting then proceeded to consider the tenders, which were as follows:—Mr Shell, Consett, £689 3s; Messes Clarke and Sons, Consett, £546; Mr John Dixon, £559; Messrs Rutherford and Stobbs, £716; Mr Geo. B. Kell, £580; Mr George Robson, £339 15s 4d; and Messrs Omerod, Shotley Bridge and Consett, £450.

A discussion ensued as to whether Messrs Omerod's tender should be considered, they offering to erect the ponds of cement. With reference to Mr Robson's tender, it was thought that the latter gentleman had made no mistake. It was ultimately resolved to accept Messrs. Clarke's tender, the work to be completed within six months. It was also resolved to buy half-an-acre of land on which to erect the ponds.

PASTURE DRIFT ROAD.

Several tenders had been received for the erection of a retaining wall in the above road, and that of Messrs Clarke and Sons was accepted.

STREET AT BLACKHILL.

Mr Kell's tender for the formation of a street at Blackhill was accepted.

URINALS.

The Inspector reported that urinals had been ordered, but had not yet come to hand.

OVERCROWDING.

The Inspector reported that the sanitary condition of the district had much improved. The overcrowding still existed, even among those who had already been fined. Mrs McIntyre, of Medomsley Road, had been twice convicted before the Lanchester Magistrates, nevertheless on proceeding to her house on Sunday night last he found the house overcrowded.

The CHAIRMAN said Mrs McIntyre was outside and wished to have an interview with the Board respecting what Mr Dawson had been speaking about.

Mrs McIntyre was ushered into the room, and asked the Board not to prosecute her for overcrowding a third time.

The Inspector said Mrs McIntyre had not yet paid the two first fines.

The Board declined to consider the matter and Mrs McIntyre withdrew.

THE FIRE AT CONSETT.

The Inspector, referring to the fire in Middle Street on Sunday morning, said the fire brigade had not a ladder, and he recommended that one should be got.

Mr DUNNE also considered that there should be a fire-bell.

Mr Dawson was ordered to procure a ladder, but the question of a fire-bell was allowed to stand over for the present.

COMPULSORY ATTENDANCE OF CHILDREN AT SCHOOL.

The CHAIRMAN observed that at the close of the previous meeting a complaint reached the ears of the members as to the number of children in Consett who did not attend school, and it was decided to ask the Education Department in London if the Board had power to constitute themselves into a School Board for the purpose of making attendance at school compulsory. An answer had been received, but it was evident that the Education Department had misunderstood the question submitted to them. He believed that there was plenty of school accommodation in Consett; what was wanted was the power to compel children to attend school, the same as was done in Durham.

The CLERK said the first thing to be done was to send a requisition, signed by fifty ratepayers, to Mr Thompson, clerk to the Board of Guardians.

Mr DUNNE suggested that the names had better be got as early as possible.

Mr CALVERT said it was possible the ratepayers would have the education of a couple of hundred children to pay for.

The CHAIRMAN did not think they would be called upon to do so. He knew of no place where the parents were better able to pay for the education of their children than at Consett.

Mr CALVERT: In the first instance we should have to guarantee payment to a schoolmaster.

Mr DUNNE: We don't require a schoolmaster; what we want is the power of compelling children to attend school.

After some further remarks, Mr. Dunne moved that the Clerk be instructed to obtain the signatures of fifty ratepayers, and forward the same to the proper quarter.

The motion was seconded by the Chairman and carried.

THE GAS SUPPLY.

The Clerk read a letter from the Shotley Bridge Gas Company, offering to supply the public lamps with gas as follows:—1,200 hours, £2 6s. 6d. per lamp; 1,400 hours, £2 15s. 9d. per lamp; and 1,600 hours, £3 per lamp. It was decided to accept the Company's offer for 1,600 hours.

THE WATER SUPPLY.—THE QUALITY OF THE WATER.

Mr. DUNNE called the attention of the Board to the manner, in which the water had recently been turned off, and considered that the Company ought to lay down a second main, in case of accident.

The CHAIRMAN was very glad that the water question had been mentioned. He might say that numerous complaints had reached him as to the water supplied for domestic purposes, which was alleged to be of a very objectionable kind. He did not wish to alarm the people unnecessarily, but he had been told that the water not only was of a bad colour, but contained a large amount of animal matter, which could be seen with the naked eye.

Mr. GLEDSTONE said he had been informed by a medical gentleman, who had within the last week analyzed the water, that it contained a very small portion of objectionable matter, and was quite fit for drinking purposes.

The CHAIRMAN said it was a matter of the utmost importance. (Hear, hear). Nothing was so conducive to health as clear good water.

Mr. CHARLTON said a public analyst had been appointed by the county, and he might be asked to test the water of the Water Company.

Mr. DUNNE thought something should also be done as to the quantity of water. He considered that the vagaries of the Water Company in cutting off the supply without notice should not be passed unnoticed by the Board. At the present time there was only one main between the Waterworks and Consett, and when an accident occurred the people were unable to get water. This state of things might be remedied by laying a second main.

The CHAIRMAN, while admitting the necessity of a second main, said it was a large question, and one that would involve a great outlay of money. He thought they should be careful not to ask for more than they could get. At the same time, however, he was of opinion that a good supply of water should always be kept in the reservoir at Consett.

Mr. DUNNE: There should be a reserve supply for the town of Consett.

The CHAIRMAN observed that the water was supplied to the neighbourhood just as it ran into the reservoir. Now, he considered that it should be allowed to filter before being used by the inhabitants.

The Clerk was requested to communicate with the Water Company, asking them to make a proper filtering bed, and also, that not less than twenty-four hours' supply should always be kept in reserve.

PLANS.

Mr. N. McNally's plan of alteration to his house and a plan for a new house for Mr. John Allison, in Medomsley Road were passed.

The Board then adjourned.

PIC-NIC NEAR CONSETT.—On Monday, a picnic was held in a field near Consett Terrace, which had been granted for the occasion by Mr Henry Lanchester, in connection with the Consett Wesleyan Sunday School. The weather was not very suitable for pic-nicing, although a good number of scholars and friends assembled in the field. Tea was provided, and was dispensed by Misses Wildsmith, A. Perry, H. Perry, J. A. Batey, M. Smith, J. Jones, T. Hutchinson, Jarvis, and Thirwell. Various games were indulged in until the shades of evening bade the lovers of pleasure disperse.

Births, Marriages, and Deaths.

The insertion of anything beyond the simple announcement of Births, Marriages, or Deaths, will be charged as Advertisements.

BIRTHS.

CONSETT—At 17, Medomsley Road, on the 3rd inst., the wife of Mr Venice Dunn, of a daughter.

At Templetown, on the 5th inst., the wife of Mr Grant, of a son.

At Cutlers' Hall Road, on the 3rd inst., the wife of Mr Septimus Lumley, of a daughter.

BLACKHILL—At 3, Cement Row, on the 29th ult., the wife of Mr W. Stobbs, of a son.

HEBBURN—At Robin Hood's Bay, the wife of Mr T. S. Brooks (late of the Leadgate Wesleyan School), of a son.

MARRIAGES.

HALTWHISTLE—At the Parish Church, on the 2nd inst., Mr Thomas Watson, butcher, Burnhope, to Miss Elizabeth Robinson, Slaggyford, second daughter of Mr J. Robinson, Greenland Terrace, South Moor.

DEATHS.

CONSETT.—At Sherburn Terrace, on the 7th inst., Mr Edward Lochran, hawker, aged 75 years.

At Puddlers' Row, on the 3rd inst., aged 7 years, Peter Pescot.

BENFIELDSIDE—At Cutlers' Hall Road, on the 2nd inst., aged 9 years, Surtees Barron.

BLACKHILL—At 3, Cement Row, on the 29th ult., John, the infant of Mr W. Stobbs.

WATERHOUSES—On the 29th ult., aged 33 years, John, son of Emmerson Allison, much regretted.

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