

Lieutenant Colonel Craigh-Oberus, of the first battalion 6th Regiment, has been made a C.B.

returned to London in the afternoon. Mr. Mellyn Turner, Mayor of Carnarvon, and Mr.

HINT TO VOLUNTEERS.—At a meeting at Foster's day night, the Earl of Devon stated that the use of the Rifle Volunteers had decided upon the removal of all non-efficient. He was not an amateur, but in case of actual operations being required those who had the command of men should be able to do so. **THE CHILIAN GOVERNMENT AND THE NAVAL OFFICERS OF BELLIGERENTS.**—The Chilean Government has issued the following decree on the 29th ult.: "The Government, in fulfillment of the duty imposed upon it by the laws of the Republic, and in obedience of the Government of France and Prussia, and of all other Governments with which it is actually at war with each other, gives its representatives the following instructions, in order that they may be imparted to those under their command:—That they are to take care to see that no acts of belligerents that may be in ports, waters or rivers

to the jurisdiction of the Republic abstain from acts of hostility, and from taking on board any arms or warlike purposes. 2. Care must also be taken that no persons are permitted to leave any port or other place in the territory of the Republic before the expiration of 24 hours after the sailing of a merchant ship or a man-of-war on either port. 3. The sale of articles reputed as contraband is prohibited. 4. No vessel belonging to one or other of the belligerents shall be allowed to enter the ports or the waters of the Republic with prizes."

DEATH OF LORD BYRON.—We have to announce the death of Lord Byron, eighth Baron Byron, of Rochdale, county Lincoln, who died yesterday last, after a lingering illness. The deceased was the eldest son of George, seventh Baron, succeeded his cousin, the celebrated poet, in 1806. He married Miss Anne Beaumont, daughter of Mr. Reginald Charles Chapman Esq., of Redgrave,

BY DERBY. He was born June, 26, 1818, and served for some years in the army in the 19th Foot, which regiment he retired in 1843. In August 1845 he married Elizabeth Jone, daughter of the late Sir William Jone Lloyd, Bart., of Ludlow, Essex. He succeeded to the death of his father in 1868, but does not reside, consequently the title devolves upon his younger son, Lord John, and his daughter, the Hon. Mrs. Augusta Byron. His only peer was born June 18, 1847, at 10, Grosvenor Place, London, and was educated at Eton College, Oxford; was appointed in 1872 p.e. of Corton-Denham, Somerset, and in 1871 p.e. of Killy Marney, Leicestershire. He married July 18, 1870, the Hon. Mrs. Anne, daughter of the General Sir Thomas M'Mahon, Bart.

FOUND DEAD IN A RAILWAY CARRIAGE.—On last night, Mr. Sergeant Payne held an inquest at St. George's Hospital, London, on the body of a male person, which was found in a first-class carriage at

employed on the South-Eastern Railway, that on Friday last, shortly after eleven o'clock in the forenoon, he was searching the carriages of a train which had arrived at London Bridge from Dartford. He happened to enter a first-class carriage, and observed a parcel under one of the seats. He picked it up and carried it to the office for lost property. The parcel was opened, and was found to contain the body of the deceased child. He called the coroner, and the coroner's medical officer, Dr. Thomas, surgeon, stated that he was called to examine the body, and found it to be that of a male child, who had been born alive. There was a large wound on the side of the face. The nose was flattened, and there was a fracture of the upper jawbone. The child caused death. Police constable 133 was called to the scene, and the police had made every inquiry in order to find the person who left the child in the carriage, without any result. At the coroner's request

WELLS. "I followed the matter up," said the police officer.

INVESTIGATION IN THE BOROUGH.—Mr. W. J. Jones and a jury were on Tuesday engaged in investigating the death of the woman Stevens, alleged to have been caused by two women, who were examined by Southport Police-officers on Monday, and remanded. Mary Ann Stedgall, on Monday, at Southport, said that on Saturday Mrs. Stevens was at her house, and asked to see Mrs. Shepton, a sister of the deceased. Shepton, a widow, and witness to the murder, said that she was trying to push Stevens from the landing window, and that afterwards she saw deceased lying at the bottom of the stairs, with Mrs. Shepton and another woman, Miss Hannah Stedgall, standing over her. The witness said that she did not know whether the women were able to do so, they drew her down the stairs into the kitchen by her heels. In reply to the coroner, the witness stated that the women

to depose that she was afraid to interfere, because she was afraid of the high-toned woman who had been the victim of the murder. She found the deceased with her clothes on a great rug, lying on her back, apparently asleep. A chair was over her head, and a chair was on the floor. Late in the afternoon the two women, who were carrying the body to the morgue, took it to the morgue, and left her lying on the flagstones. She then carried to the police-station on a stretcher, where she was found dead in her cell in the evening. Medical evidence proved that death had resulted from a fall down stairs. The jury might have been caused by a fall downstairs. The jury returned a verdict of "manslaughter" against Annie Shepton Hannah Stedgall.

ADMISSION ON THE SALE OF ESTATES.—The name of Williams & Wychton was heard in the Court of Chancery at Monday. It was a case to rescind the commission of 21 per cent on the estate of the late. The plaintiff, Mr. Bell Graham Williams,

estate agent carrying on business in Liverpool and the defendant, the Rev. H. Highton, was attorney-at-law in the same city. The defendant was selling estates. Among other properties which had he to dispose of was one known as the Ickley Hall Estate, on the borders of Shropshire. He put the plaintiff to work, having communicated with the latter, to find a man in the way to find a purchaser. Accordingly, the plaintiff found the property in two of his advertisements for sale which appeared in the *Manchester Times* of Sept. 1869, and he received a letter from a gentleman offering to purchase. In reply, the plaintiff sent a circular for particulars. In answer to this, the defendant wrote the plaintiff, stating that the price was £250,000. Subsequently he ascertained that Kane had purchased the estate through Messrs. Reibemann and Co., and that the defendant had been in collusion with them in his commission, he declined to proceed, and that the sale was not effected through his agency.

mentality. The defence was that after Mr. wrote to the plaintiff he saw another advertisement in the *Standard* of a similar property, stating that applications were invited to Mr. Wareham, of Liverpool, that he addressed a letter to that person, and received an answer from Mr. Christian offering the identical property for sale at a price of £17,500, intimating that the sale had been effected on the hands of Messrs. Debenham and Tewson, whom he should communicate; and that, price being £2,500 less than that named in the resolution to treat with the firm named in the advertisement, he had accepted the offer of the plaintiff. The defendant had already made a commission to Messrs. Debenham and Tewson, he questioned now was whether the plaintiff was bound to commission on the sale.—Mr. Baron James said that he was not sure whether the plaintiff was bound in truth the agent was not sure of the sale of the estate, intimating that if he

not the defendant was entitled to a verdict in
favour.—The jury returned a verdict for the
defendant.

