The Consett Guardian

AND DERWENT VALLEY ADVERTISER.

An ADVERTISING MEDIUM for Annfield Plain, Blackhill, Consett, Lanchester, Leadgate, Shotley Bridge, &c.

No. 759. REGISTERED FOR TRANSMISSION ABROAD. SATURDAY, JUNE 19TH, 1875. PRICE ONE PENNY.

Business Announcements.

THOMAS ROWE, BAKER & CONFECTIONER, LEADGATE AND CONSETT.

☞ PIC-NICS AND TEA PARTIES SUPPLIED ON CONTRACTED FOR.

SAMUEL WALKER, HAIRDRESSER, STATIONER, AND NEWSAGENT,
1, DERWENT STREET, BLACKHILL.
Agent for the *Consett Guardian*.

IF YOUR WATCH STOPS, TAKE IT TO
ADOLPHUS MAY, PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER, 4, FRONT STREET, CONSETT.

JENKINS'S REAL ORIGINAL BUTTER-SCOTCH DROPS, Sold Wholesale and Retail by W. JENKINS, CONFECTIONER, MOUNT PLEASANT, CONSETT. 6911

E. FARNSWORTH, Wholesale and Retail FRUIT AND POTATO MERCHANT, NEWMARKET AND VICTORIA STREETS, CONSETT,

HAS always on hand an excellent supply of FRUIT in season. Fresh BUTTER and EGGS and CHEESE of excellent quality. Fresh RABBITS daily. Licensed Dealer in TOBACCO and GAME.

JOHN AITCHISON & CO.'S CELEBRATED SCOTCH AND INDIA PALE ALES.
Office and Stores—
LISLE STREET, NORTHUMBERLAND STREET,
NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.
JOHN BORTHWICK, Agent.

WILLIAM RAW, AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER, AND GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT, DURHAM ROAD, BLACKHILL, COUNTY OF DURHAM.
VALUATIONS MADE FOR PROBATE AND LEGACY DUTIES.

EMIGRATION AGENT.
Agent to the Liverpool, London, and Globe Fire and *Life* Insurance Company.
☞ All Orders attended to with care and punctuality.

MR. JAMES HOE, SURGEON DENTIST, 43, Blackett Street, Newcastle.
ARTIFICIAL TEETH, with all the most recent improvements, natural in appearance, comfort for articulation, whilst accurateness of fit and finest quality of material are guaranteed on moderate terms.
Any Patient being desirous of being under the influence of Nitro Oxide Gas for Dental operation, shall receive Mr. Hoe's best attention, and he will be glad to explain and give every information to those who may desire it.
Teeth from 5s. to 15s.; Sets from £4 to £15.

SECOND YEAR OF ATTENDANCE AT CONSETT.
ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

MR. L. MARKHAM, Surgeon Dentist, attends Consett every MONDAY, at Mr. BENNISON'S, Victoria Hotel, from 11 a.m. to 4 p.m. Persons who have been imposed upon by unskilled pretenders to Dentistry may have their Artificial Teeth Remodelled, and made to Fit the Mouth, thus ensuring true comfort and mastication.
Teeth from 5s. to £1 1s.; Sets from £3 to £12.
TOWN ADDRESS—40, NORTHUMBERLAND STREET. Established 1832. 6930

SHOTLEY BRIDGE AND CONSETT DISTRICT GAS COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that all or any Person or Persons entering into the occupation of any House, Shop, or other Building, to which Gas has been supplied to the previous occupant, upon such entry must first obtain the consent of the Secretary of the Company before consuming the Gas supplied by the said Company. In default therefore, upon proof of the use of the Gas, without first obtaining such leave, such Person or Person will be Prosecuted as the Law directs. The Secretary can be seen daily at the Company's Office, Shotley Bridge, to whom all applications must be made.
By order of the Directors,
M. RICHLEY, Secretary.
Shotley Bridge, October 9, 1870. 24

W. WILKINSON, FURNITURE BROKER AND IRONMONGER, CATCHGATE,

HAS now on hand a large assortment of IRON BEDSTEADS, PERAMBULATORS, PARAFFIN OIL, PARAFFIN LAMPS, &c., from the best makers.
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE in all the different branches; FLOCKS, FEATHERS, and RABBIT DOWN; PAPERHANGINGS, &c.
W. W. has also on hand a large assortment of Gold and Silver WATCHES, ALBERTS, CHAINS, and WEDDING RINGS.
Wholesale and Retail.
OBSERVE THE ADDRESS—
OPPOSITE THE TOWN HALL, CATCHGATE.

MR. R. C. WHINFIELD, ELECTRO-RUBBER, HEALTH RESTORER, AND DROPSY-CURER, HUMSHAUGH, NORTH TYNE,

BEGS to announce to the Public that, at the earnest solicitation of many friends, he has commenced the practice of Electro-Rubber; and in addition Mr. W. would also call attention to his successful treatment—authenticated by many grateful patients—of the following diseases:—Wet and Dry Scurvy, Gravel, Ulcers, Swellings, Scalds and Burns, Built Bronchs, Headaches, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Sciatic, Carbuncles, Diarrhœa, Whitlows, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, Inflammation, Ring Worms, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Wind in the Stomach. Having made arrangements to visit Benfieldside once a week, Mr. Whinfield hereby intimates that he purposes to be at Mr. JOHN RICHLEY'S, mason, 18, Consrete Terrace, Benfieldside, on THURSDAYS, from 1-30 p.m. till 7 p.m., until further alterations, for consultation.
WHINFIELD'S CELEBRATED DIARRHŒA MIXTURE for English Cholera, &c., may be had of W. Davison, Castleside; Co-operative Store, Consett; HENRY POSTLE, Stationer, Leadgate; JOSEPH OLIVER, Grocer, Blanchland; and all patent medicine vendors, at 1s. 1½d. per bottle.

Business Announcements.

BIRD'S EYE RETURNS.

DICKINSON TOBACCO MANUFACTURER, 22 & 24, BIGG MARKET, NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.

JOSEPH ORTY, AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER, 10, WOOD STREET, SHOTLEY BRIDGE. 228c

THE TEST OF TWENTY YEARS HAS FULLY PROVED THAT THE PATENT LEVER WATCHES MADE BY JOHN D. CARIS, 20, HIGH STREET, GATESHEAD, BEST TIMEKEEPERS ON RECORD, WHILE THEY ARE ALSO CHEAPER IN PRICE.
☞ Buyers of the above, within a radius of twelve miles, are allowed third-class railway fare. 235a

GEORGE HOBSON, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MILLER AND SEEDSMAN, GROCER, DRAPER, AND PROVISION MERCHANT, HARPERLEY STEAM AND WATER CORN MILL (NEAR ANNFIELD PLAIN),

HAS always on hand a large Stock of Pure Linseed and Cotton Cakes, Indian Meal, Pea Meal, Barley Meal, Boxings, Sharps, and Bran, Oats (whole and crushed), and Feeding Stuffs of every description.
G. H.'s Mixture of Permanent Clover and Grass Seeds has been tested and approved by the leading Agriculturists of the District upwards of Twenty Years.
Fine Seed Peas, Spring Tares, Seed Barley, &c., on hand. 145b

JOHN W. DAVISON, CABINETMAKER, FURNITURE BROKER, IRONMONGER, &c.
FRONT STREET, CONSETT, AND CATCHGATE,

HAS now on hand the largest and best made Stock of FURNITURE in the district.
IRON BEDSTEADS in great variety, from 16s. 6d. upwards.
MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, FLOCKS, RABBIT DOWN,
A large Stock of New Patterns in PAPER HANGINGS.
PERAMBULATORS. HARDWARE.
Agent for the HOME WASHER and MANGLING MACHINES.
BURY'S and HARDY'S PATENT PICKS and SHAFTS. 6735

IMPROVED CONCRETE FLOORING.

JOHN DOVE & CO., 35, CLOSE, NEWCASTLE.

PORTLAND and ROMAN CEMENT supplied to Contractors, Builders, and others in any quantities.
CONCRETE FLOORING, for Coach-houses, Stables, Kitchens, and Out-houses, done by experienced Workmen. Is not effected by Damp or Heat, more durable than Flags, and not more than HALF THE PRICE.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE, 35, CLOSE.
AGENT FOR HENRY C. WEBB'S WORCESTER GEOMETRICAL, MOSAIC, AND ENCAUSTIC TILES.

SUPERIOR WATCHES, SHIP CHRONOMETERS, ENGLISH AND FRENCH CLOCKS.

	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Silver Patent Lever Watches..	3 10 0 to 27	0 0
Gold Patent Lever Watches..	10 10 0 to 40	0 0
Geneva Silver Watches.....	2 2 0 to 30	0 0
Geneva Gold Watches.....	5 5 0 to 30	0 0
Ship Chronometers.....	27 0 0 to 40	0 0

LISTER AND SONS, WATCHMAKERS TO THE QUEEN; CHRONOMETER MAKERS TO THE ADMIRALTY,
12, 14, & 16, MOSLEY STREET, NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE. 592a

JOSHUA LAX, FURNISHING IRONMONGER, SHOTLEY BRIDGE,

BEGS leave to call attention to a large Stock of CRYSTAL PERISCOPE and EUREKA SPECTACLES and EYE GLASSES, just received, unequalled by any for their strengthening and preserving qualities. Too much cannot be said as to their Superiority over the ordinary Glasses worn. There is no glimmering, wavering of the sight, dissiness, or other unpleasant sensation, but, on the contrary, from the perfect construction of the Lenses, they are soothing and pleasant, causing a feeling of relief to the wearer, and producing a Clear and Distinct Vision, as in the Healthy Sight. They Preserve as well as Assist the Sight.
To those who are in want of an excellent SEWING MACHINE, J. L. begs to call their attention to the Singer, Family, Medium, and Tailoring Machine, for which he has the sole agency in this district. Sold on the instalment system or liberal discount allowed for cash.
Rimington Mangles, the HOME WASHER (never beaten in competition), and Taylor's Patent Sewing Machines supplied on the best terms.
September 30th, 1874.

SPECIAL NOTICE! SPECIAL NOTICE!!

PRINTING neatly and accurately executed on the shortest notice, at H. POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.
Books neatly bound in Morocco, Calf, Sheep, or Cloth, at H. POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.
Day Books, Ledgers, Account Books, Pocket Books, Cyphering Books, and Memorandum Books of all kinds, at H. POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.
Albums, a beautiful assortment, from 1s. to 10s. 6d. each. A large variety of Purses, from 3d. to 4s. 6d. Note-paper from 2s. per Ream. Envelopes from 4s. per thousand, and every description of Stationery Goods, at H. POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.
Bibles, Hymn-books, Church Services, Prayer-books, &c. A large Stock of useful and entertaining Books, on different subjects, suitable for presentation, at POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.
Paper Hangings, a large Stock of the newest patterns, from 6d. per piece upwards. Borderings, a choice assortment, at H. POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.
Patent Medicines of every description kept at H. POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.
Pictures, Portraits, and Memory Cards Framed in appropriate mouldings. A large assortment of Plain and Coloured Plates always in Stock at H. POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.
Indian Tea possesses a degree of strength and richness which renders it not only agreeable to the palate but far cheaper than other Teas. Prices—3s. 4d., 3s. 8d., and 4s. per lb., put up in quarter lb. packets at H. POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.
Note the Address—
HENRY POSTLE,
BOOKSELLER STATIONER, PRINTER, AND BOOKBINDER,
FRONT STREET, LEADGATE. 6867

Business Announcements.

A WORD ABOUT INDIAN TEA.

ENGLISH enterprise, capital, and industry have made India the Finest Tea Garden in the World, and now the British Tea Planting Districts of India have become the great competitors of the Chinese Empire. For years the old people have said, India had not got the Strong Fine Tea of the olden times. It is clear to us that either the Tea Plantations of China have become exhausted, or that the strongest desire of this popular people has been to give quantity rather than quality. It is plain to the most superficial observer that even the Finest Chinese Teas, although it may be exquisite in flavour, lacks that power and richness peculiar to the olden times. It is well for the lover of this refreshing beverage that the cultivation of Tea in India has become a commercial success. Years ago we commenced to combine the Chinese and Indian Teas. This method resulted in a great trade. You may have some idea of its properties when we state that last year we sold 112,035 pounds of Tea to a delighted people.
The question will naturally suggest itself to your mind; why do you not offer Indian Tea to the Public? We answer, the price appears high. We do not say they are dear, for the lasting power of Indian Tea is so great that the second and third, water, in many instances, is better than the first water of China Tea. Taking this consumption view of the question it is cheaper, suppose we say nothing of the increased satisfaction derived in drinking this life-sustaining cup of pleasure. We would like you to test the correctness of the opinion we have as to the strength, lasting power, richness, and economy of Indian Tea. We cannot sell this Tea for less than 4s. per pound. We give you this notice that we do not intend to disturb the present mixed Tea Trade. We therefore desire you, should it be your pleasure to test our judgment, to enquire for Indian Tea at any of our Establishments.
WILLIAM STEWART, THE TEA DEALER,
CENTRAL ESTABLISHMENT, 23, GRAINGER STREET, BRANCH ESTABLISHMENT, 33, SANDHILL, BRANCH ESTABLISHMENT, 32, MOSLEY STREET, } NEWCASTLE.
SUNDERLAND BRANCH, CORNER OF FREDERICK ROAD, HIGH STREET. 344

WILLIAM AYNSLEY,
THE TEA DEALER AND PROVISION MERCHANT,
MIDDLE STREET AND NELSON STREET, CONSETT,
AND
FRONT STREET, LEADGATE,

IS SELLING HIS
Best Superfine FLOUR at 1s. 10d. per stone.
Best Fine FLOUR at 1s. 8d. per stone.
BOXINGS, 12s. 6d. per sack of 12 stones.
Prime HAMS, 8d. per lb. (whole).
Prime BACON, 6d. and 7d. per lb., or 7s. 9d. per stone.
Finest SALT BUTTER, 1s. 3d. per lb.
Every other article equally low in price.
Always on hand OATS and CRUSHED OATS and BEANS.

W & A GILBEY'S NATURAL BEVERAGE WINES
FROM FRANCE, GERMANY, AND HUNGARY.

Owing to the favorable recommendation of the medical profession the increase in the consumption of Light Wines has during the past years been altogether unprecedented. The undermentioned list contains the leading varieties of each class of Light Natural Wines, and while offering an agreeable variety of choice to consumers the Wines will be found of remarkable quality and value at the prices charged. Dr. DRUITT'S report on Sparkling Saumur Wines, which appeared in the *Medical Times*, will be forwarded on application.

AGENT—
WM. AYNSLEY, *Grocer*, CONSETT & LEADGATE

NATURAL RED WINES	Bottle	Dozen	NATURAL WHITE WINES	Bottle	Dozen
Castle A CLARET..	1/	12/	Castle A WHITE BURGUNDY ..	1/6	18/
Castle B CLARET..	1/3	15/	Castle B WHITE BURGUNDY ..	2/	24/
Castle C CLARET..	1/6	18/	Castle A SAUTERNE	1/3	15/
Castle D CLARET..	2/	24/	Castle B SAUTERNE	2/	24/
Castle 1 RED BURGUNDY ..	1/3	15/	Castle A WHITE HUNGARIAN ..	1/6	18/
Castle 2 RED BURGUNDY ..	1/6	18/	Castle B WHITE HUNGARIAN ..	1/9	21/
Castle 1 KARLOWITZ HUNGARIAN	1/6	18/	Castle A HOCK *(Still)* ..	1/6	18/
Castle 2 KARLOWITZ HUNGARIAN	1/9	21/	Castle B HOCK *(Still)* ..	2/	24/

CHAMPAGNE.—The undermentioned embrace all the best-known varieties of Champagne:—Castle 1 & 2 are pure wholesome Wines for ordinary use; Castle 3 & 3A are Champagnes usually sold in this country under special brands and at high prices; Castle 4 & 4A are high-class Wines of extra quality; and Castle 5 & 5A are the highest classed Champagnes produced in France irrespective of price.

Castle 1	*Fruity* CHAMPAGNE ..	2/5	29/	Castle 4 *Fruity* CHAMPAGNE ..	4/9	57/
Castle 2	*Fruity* CHAMPAGNE ..	2/11	35/	Castle 4A *Dry* CHAMPAGNE ..	4/9	57/
Castle 3	*Fruity* CHAMPAGNE ..	3/9	45/	Castle 5 *Dry* CHAMPAGNE ..	5/9	69/
Castle 3A *Dry* CHAMPAGNE ..		3/9	45/	Castle 5A *VeryDry* CHAMPAGNE ..	5/9	69/

SPARKLING SAUMUR WINES.—The Champagnes from Saumur recently introduced into this country by Messrs. W & A Gilbey.—(See *Medical Times and Gazette* of November 7th 1874)

Castle SILVER FOIL *Sparkling* SAUMUR	2/1	25/	Castle GOLD FOIL *Sparkling* SAUMUR	2/6	30/

For particulars of more than 200 varieties of Wines & Spirits see W & A Gilbey's Book of Prices

WILLIAM AYNSLEY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL WINE, SPIRIT, AND ALE MERCHANT,
11, NELSON STREET, CONSETT
(Adjoining his Grocery and Provision Establishment),
AND FRONT STREET, LEADGATE.

FAMILIES supplied with the following MILD and BITTER ALES in Bottles, also in Nine and Eighteen Gallon Casks:—

IN BOTTLES.	Reputed Pint, per Dozen.
Sparkling BURTON ALE—an excellent Ale for general use, ..	2s., 2s. 6d. to 2s. 9d.
WORTHINGTON'S PALE ALE,	3s. 0d.
BASS'S INDIA PALE ALE,	3s. 6d.
GUINNESS'S EXTRA STOUT, the finest quality,	3s. 0d.
DUBLIN STOUT,	2s. 6d. to 2s. 9d.
MAUNDER'S INVALID STOUT,	2s. 6d.
Splendid EDINBURGH ALE (in sparkling condition) on draught, at 4d. per Quart.	

BURTON ALES at 5d. and 6d. per Quart, sold regularly at 6d.
Bottles charged, but allowed for when returned. 6810

V. R.
THE FIRST HOUSE in the North of England, 29, GREY STREET, NEWCASTLE, for ORNAMENTAL HAIR, COMBS, BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, SPONGES, HAIR BRUSHING, SHAMPOOING, and latest styles, which are just to hand, in London and Parisian Articles for Head Ornament and all Toilet Requisites. The only house for the HAIR DE MAUVELLEUSE for restoring the Colour of the Hair in two weeks. First-class attendance at Counter and in Rooms.

C. ROUGIER, PROPRIETOR,
29, GREY STREET, NEWCASTLE.
WHOLESALE HOUSE, YORK.

NOTICE.
WILLIAM KNOX

HAS much pleasure in announcing that he has entered upon his NEW PREMISES, at MOUNT PLEASANT, CONSETT, where he intends carrying on Business as HOUSE CARPENTER, JOINER, &c., and trusts, by strict attention thereto and keeping a staff of good Workmen, to merit a share of Public support.
N.B.—Estimates given for general Repairs, Shop Fronts, &c. 6178

MRS. CHRISTOPHER, NORTH-EASTERN HOTEL, (Near Benfieldside Station, Blackhill),

BEGS to return her sincere thanks for the liberal support accorded to her late husband and self, and respectfully intimates that she continues to LET OUT HORSES and CONVEYANCES on HIRE at moderate terms.
☞ All Orders left at the above Address punctually attended to.
Funerals completely Furnished. 6583

Business Announcements.

J. & J. KYLE, GENERAL & FURNISHING IRONMONGERS, (Next Door to the Post-office), DURHAM ROAD, BLACKHILL.

TOIL NO MORE.
IN Cleaning your Furniture, but try the ROAR FURNITURE CLEANER, manufactured only by W. JACKSON, Tantobie, and sold by all Grocers.

LOST FORFEITED.—First-class Gold and Silver Watches (by the best makers), Gold and Silver Alberts, Guards, Wedding and Fancy Rings at about half the original cost.—J. TAYLOR, Pawnbroker, 19, Broad Chare, Newcastle. 7408

ARTIFICIAL TEETH, Quality and Construction unsurpassed, fixed with every recent improvement in Gold, Silver, Celluloïe, and all pure material known to the profession. Mineral Teeth from 5s. each. Scaling, Stopping, &c. Children's Teeth regulated, and every other operation in Dental Surgery skilfully performed.—DE LACY, Dentist, 57, Grainger Street, Newcastle.

A. RICHARDSON, CABINETMAKER, IRONMONGER, AND HOUSE FURNISHER, DURHAM ROAD, BLACKHILL.
Feathers, Flocks, Rabbit Down, and Mattresses. Patent Picks and Shafts. 822a

WILLIAM HALL, MACHINE AGENT, DIPTON.

EUROPEAN, HOWE'S, BELGRAVIA, TAYLOR'S, or any other SEWING MACHINE in the Trade.
WASHING MACHINES, MANGLING MACHINES, WRINGING MACHINES, and SAUSAGE MACHINES.
Any of these Machines on Hire; the Hire to go as Payment.
Sewing Machines Cleaned, Adjusted, Repaired, or Exchanged.
☞ Instruction Free, for the next half-year, by an Experienced Machinist."

KIRTON AND CO., THE LITTLE BOYS' CLOTHING DEPOT.
EASTER SUITS! EASTER SUITS!!

KIRTON AND CO., CLOTHIERS, GATESHEAD, are showing 800 BOYS' SUITS from 6s. 11d.: The Little Tonic, 12s. 6d.; Velvet Suit, 14s. 6d.; Youths' Suits, 18s. 6d.; Suits to fit Boys from three to nine years old, only 7s. 11d. An early call invited.

KIRTON AND CO., CLOTHIERS, GATESHEAD,

THOMAS LAMB, STATIONER, BOOKSELLER, PRINTER, AND BOOKBINDER,
ANNFIELD PLAIN,

BIBLES, Hymn Books, Ledgers, Day Books, and Memorandum Books of every description. School and Prize Books. Periodicals (Weekly and Monthly) of all kinds. All kinds of Tin and Hardware Goods, Jewellery, &c.
Memorial Cards and Raffle Tickets on the shortest notice. Pictures Framed neatly and cheaply.
Agent for the *Consett Guardian*. Advertisements for which are received and inserted at moderate charges.

ADOLPHUS MAY, PRACTICAL CLOCK AND WATCHMAKER, JEWELLER, &c.
4, FRONT STREET, CONSETT.

LEVER and GENEVA WATCHES, at all Prices.
GOLD and PLATED JEWELLERY in great Variety.
GOLD and SILVER ALBERT CHAINS of the latest Style.
WEDDING RINGS.
English and Foreign Clocks and Watches of every description carefully Examined, Cleaned, and Repaired, and the greatest care and attention is especially paid to that part of the business.
Jewellery neatly Repaired and Doré-up as New.
Work in the Country promptly executed.

NOTED FOR GENUINE ARTICLES.

JOHN MADDISON, GROCER, PROVISION DEALER, AND SPIRIT MERCHANT, DIPTON.

RESPECTFULLY returns his sincere thanks to the Inhabitants of Dipton and surrounding district for the liberal support accorded to him during the many years he has been in business, and begs to intimate that he has now on hand
SPIRITS OF THE FINEST QUALITY,
Which he purposes to dispose of at the following moderate rates:—
Fine Gin (superior quality)..... 2s. 6d. per bot.
Real Irish Whisky..... 3s. 6d. and 4s. "
Fine Scotch Whisky..2s. 3d., 2s. 6d., and 3s. "
Superior Rum..... 2s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. "
Excellent Brandy, 3s. 6d., an cherry brandy quality ..... 4s. 6d. "
☞ A trial is respectfully solicited.

JUDSON'S DYES.—18 Colours, Sixpence each.
RIBBONS, WOOL, SILK, FEATHERS,
Completely Dyed in 5 minutes without soiling the hands.
Full instructions supplied. Of all Chemists and Stationers.

JUDSON'S DYES.—DYEING AT HOME.—JUDSON'S simple Dyes are most useful and effectual. Ribbons, silks, feathers, scarfs, lace, wool, veils, hoods, wedding clouds, bernouses, Shetland Shawls, or any small article of dress can easily be dyed in a few minutes without soiling the hands. Blue, magenta, crimson, mauve, purple, pink, scarlet, claret, &c.
JUDSON'S DYES.—PHOTOGRAPHIC PAPER POSITIVES OR PHOTO-PRINTS can be dipped in hot water and then submitted to the action of JUDSON'S Dyes. Beautiful effects are thus obtained in Green, Pink, Brown, and many other beautiful colours. Use Judson's Dyes for general colouring!
JUDSON'S DYES.—PRESS FLOWERS, GRASSES, FLOWERS, and SEA-WEEDS may be dipped in most exquisite colours. Green, Crimson, Purple, Scarlet, &c., by simply dipping them in a solution of JUDSON'S DYES. Charming Bouquets may be composed.
JUDSON'S DYES.—INK! INK!—INK.—A Sixpenny Bottle of JUDSON'S DYES Violet, Blue, or Magenta will make half a pint of brilliant writing ink in one minute by merely adding hot water.
JUDSON'S DYES.—For Colouring Architectural Plans, &c. Much trouble may be saved in grinding up colours to a uniform tint. They may be used either with a brush or pen. Rose Pink, Purple, Canary, Crimson, Orange, Green, Blue, Magenta, and 12 other shades.
JUDSON'S DYES.—For Staining Wood, diluted with water. They sink deeply into the fibre and will not rub off. They form the most economical stain on record. Light Brown for mahogany colour is excellent. No. 2 Black for walnut; Canary for satin; also Black, Lavender, Crimson, and many other colours.
SIXPENCE, EACH BOTTLE.
OF CHEMISTS AND STATIONERS.

THE GUARDIAN.

SATURDAY, JUNE 26, 1875.

BASKET BURIALS.

Social reformers have been divided on the burial question during the last year into two parties. There are the partizans of "ashes to ashes" and those of "earth to earth," and the result is that nothing has been done. We all know the proverb that while doctors disagree who can decide? The undertaker's trade, with its shabby mockery of mediœval heraldry, has been laugh at and denounced in every form of invective. It has been fired in upon from the pulpit and the press, but the stolid tenacity of custom, and that fear of being thought shabby in death which clings to us as a shroud, has enabled the undertakers to stand out against the appeals of common sense. We laughed at them, fling stones at them as the Egyptians did at the physicians who came in to embalm the body, but what does it matter to them so long as their craft is not in danger? They have run up their pirate flag of the death's head and cross bones, and while there is a shot in the locker, they do not mean to strike that flag. The "earth to earth" appeal of Mr SEYMOUR HADEN would have fared no better than the "ashes to ashes" argument of Sir HENRY THOMPSON, but for the happy thought, for such it is, of an exhibition of "basket coffins." It was a strange use to put the terrace slopes of Sutherland House to, thus to convert it into a place for exhibiting the appliances of death. In some convents, notably the Trappists, the novices are set to dig their own graves, to hammer and upholster their own coffins, and then to be down in them for a night or two and meditate on dust and ashes and on being made food for worms. We should not describe the company which met at Sutherland House last week as a band of Trippists— they were too loquacious by far for that, and besides there was a flavour of science in some and of flirtation in others which completely dispelled the notion what they were ascetics met to fit themselves in their coffins. It was not easy, indeed, to think of death at all in such a place, and with such appliances so unlike the usual symbols of mourning in this country. Instead of the hearse there was a neat bier, and for the huge chests of oak, elm, and lead one within the other which necessitate a hearse, there was a variety of long narrow baskets with handles lined with moss and strewed with wild flowers. The reform is so simple, and the return to nature so obvious, that the only difficulty which we anticipate arises from its very simplicity. There was probably not one person who visited the grounds of Sutherland House last week who did not inwardly determine to put it down in his will that he should be buried in that way. But it is easier to will it so than to get executors to carry out our instructions. Death comes suddenly on us all at last. In most cases it finds mourners utterly unprepared to adopt a course of their own and try some new-fangled idea which has the great objectiont of seeming cheap on an occasion on which an instinct of our nature prompts us to be lavish. She who brake the box of spikenard very precious in the anointing of CHRIST'S body for his burial had none of what WORDSWORTH calls the love of nicely calculated less or more. It is on this natural, this laudable weakness of the human heart that the undertaker reckons. He preys on it as a ghost on Churchyard corpses, and nothing will protect us from it but the principle of association. We should have burial socities like the Roman Misericordia, pledged to conduct funerals on this plan. Why should not Co-operation, which has struck off some of our social fetters, release us also from the funeral fetters of the gentleman in scarf and hat-band whose entry into a house seems to add a new terror to death. A Co-operative Burial Society is something which has only to be started to succeed.

OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.

Parliamentary events, as your readers who have ceased to read through the dreary debates, will well know, have been altogether dwarfed in interest by the "unpleasant rumours" which have crossed Temple Bar from "the City" during the last few days. The "crash," for three millions of money of one of our great mercantile firms have spread uneasy feeling in other quarters than a certain palatial residence at Lancaster Gate; and, if credit may be given to croakers upon "Change," we have not yet come to the end of "suspensions." The vultures in the human shape of "Liquidators" who grow fat on the sorrows of Basinghall Street, are evidently in quite a flutter. The worst fears may be realized, and these "birds of prey" may shortly have their fill in many expectant morsels, but I am glad to say that the opinion of Trade here is generally good, and great as the distress will be, spread by this last mercantile failure, its results will be after all very circumscribed. Money is cheap, and on all sides the Banks appear to be strong.

"Dr. Kenealy's great speech"—a line which so often appears on the *Englishman* placard—cannot well be applied to either of his speeches in endeavouring to bring in a bill for triennial Parliaments. His first "great speech" for this purpose consisting of a few words, which were cut short by the three-cornered cocked hat of Mr Speaker while counting out the House. His second attempt at a great speech was somewhat more successful. At two o'clock on Friday morning he rose in the House of Commons and moved for leave to bring in his Bill on this subject. Mr. Gathorne Hardy took the unusual, but in this case perfectly justifiable course of opposing the motion. Several members appealed to the Government to allow the Bill to be brought in, and then the Doctor again rose, at a quarter past two and declared that he should speak as long as he liked. He knew he was tolerably safe there, and that he would not be counted out, for the majority of members had made up their minds to divide on the question and thus settle it for this session; and so the pertinacious member for Stoke went on speaking till three o'clock when a division was taken, and leave to bring in the Bill was refused by 68 to 11. The Doctor, it is well known, advocated triennial Parliaments from a Tichborne point of view. It is on account of "the unhappy nobleman (!) who is languishing in Portland prison" that he wants to cut short the present Parliamentary enforced dissolution next year, and therefore those who agree with Dr. Kenealy *in re* Tichborne doubtless sympathise with him in his defeat, but so far as the main question of triennial Parliaments is concerned we certainly want no alteration in the present system, for the average duration of Parliaments during the last half century has not been more than three years and a half.

"The horse is a noble animal and very useful to man."—when he (the horse, not the man) is made an exhibition of. He brings in heaps of money to his exhibitors and gives entertainment and amusement to sight-seers. The horse show at the Agricultural Hall is always a most popular exhibition, and extremely popular has been that at the Alexandra Park. The place is admirably adapted to any exhibition of the kind, and the arrangements have been so good that the entire affair has been a great success and has put large sums into the coffers of the directors. The jumping was especially attractive, and so anxious were the visitors to get good places to see it that each day that the leaping formed part of the programme considerable numbers of people who sought places on the grand stand at 5s. a head had to be turned away. I think one result of the Alexandra Park Horse Show will be to bring mules into higher favour than before. There were some splendid mules exhibited at this show—strong, well made, compact, and handsome animals better adapted for work than is the horse. The highly valuable character of mules and donkeys had been previously brought out clearer than ever by their exhibition at the Crystal Palace. I would suggest that a similar display be made at Alexandra Park.

I believe no one loves flowers better than your true Cockney, and the efforts that Londoners, living in dingy, unwholesome houses in crowded neighbourhood, make to have a few flowers in pots or a few geraniums, pinks, or wallflowers in the window-sill, form a pleasing feature in the otherwise dull and dreary localities in which the London poor huddle together. It is pleasant therefore to see this love of horticulture under difficulties encouraged by the wealthy. At all our parks there is now an annual distribution of bedding out plants, "free, gratis, for nothing," and thousands of houses, some of them with little bits of garden attached, are thus made more cheery. One of the pleasantest features of the present London season has been an exhibition of children's gardening—a children's flower show, held on Thursday in a conservatory abutting on the Royal Albert Hall. The chief exhibitors were children belonging to the Sunday School of Holy Trinity, Brompton—a semi-fashionable suburb not without its thousands of poor. And a very agreeable display it was. There were many very handsome flowers, but the most interesting feature after all was the exhibition of such common plants as creeping jenny, stone-crop, and house-leek. The Duchess of Teck—universally popular under her better-known name of the Princess Mary of Cambridge—distributed the prizes, consisting of books and pictures, while for the best plant in the show the Royal Horticultural Society gave its bronze medal. This was won by a pretty little girl named Emily Ashby for a splendid lobelia. This highly-coveted gift may perhaps induce her to devote herself to horticulture as a profession! Who knows but that some fine day she may not take a gold medal? Seriously these flowers shows for the poor should be encouraged and developed.

Cremation has never laid hold of the public mind, and although of course it has its advocates it exists but as a scientific crotchet. The last novelty for the entertainment of the living in connection with the dead is wicker-work coffins, an exhibition of which was made the other day at Stafford House, the ducal mansion of the Sutherlands. The inventor advocates burial in a basket so that we may be food for the worms the more speedily. His leading idea is the more rapid destruction of the body. I do not think people will take kindly to the proposal. Looking from a Club-window in St. James's Street the other day I was amused to see the tag-rag and bob-tail following of that powerful potentate and latest victim being broken upon the wheel of West-End Fashion—the Sultan of Zanzibar. He has been dragged about London from sight to sight, theatre and exhibition, with merciless pertinacity, but, having, I suppose, received a surfeit in the visit of the Shah of Persia, the taste for "oriental princes in Fashionable Society seems to have undergone a change. This last "lion" has not been much talked about. Mildly patronized by the Prince of Wales during a short and pleasant domestic interview at Marlborough House, and afterwards by the Archbishop of Canterbury, who received him "in state clothes," whatever that may mean, the Sultan of Zanzibar seems to have been left, together with his suite, pretty much to themselves in the enjoyment of the delights of a London Hotel. Altogether his reception is not calculated to stimulate similar visitations. The days for Lions from the East, like those of International Exhibitions, would seem to have been numbered.

Mr. Tennyson's "Queen Mary" is at last in the hands of the critics, and on all sides the Poet Laureate is greeted with the cheer. It is shortly to be put upon the stage, and will of course be attractive in what ever reason it is produced. The booksellers, I hear have already taken enough copies to exhaust the first edition.

DRESS AND FASHION IN PARIS.

There is at the present moment one very notable peculiarity of our sovereign mistress, La Mode; and this is the employment of the most opposite colours, such as the boldest votary of fashion would not have ventured to appear in a few months since. It is a perfectly new idea, but adopted by our chief elegantes, who drive about clad in a variety of colours that would be shocking to the eye, were it not for the clever arrangements and combinations which produce a certain harmony of tints. Moss-green is the present most fashionable colour, and we have lately seen a bonnet made entirely of gauze of this colour and completely covered with feathers, and worn with a sky-blue dress.

Again, a delicious bonnet is made of white rice-straw; a sky-blue feather surrounds the crown and is united at the back by a bunch of violets; a wreath of violets underneath, and the dress sky-blue!

A complete toilette was made of the colour of wine-lees of a violet shade trimmed with red faille ribbons. This extraordinary mixture of colours is the great novelty of the day; but it is a mode to be avoided, for such a novelty as this is must be confided to very clever hands only.

We have frequently been asked for advice as to the necessary items of an outfit for the sea-side. It is of course evident that such an outfit must depend on the means of the wearer, but at the same time there are certain general rules to be adopted by all. In the first place, it is a good thing to avoid taking a great quantity of luggage, which is tiresome to look after, and the cause of much grumbling on the part of the gentlemen of the party. Real elegance consists in having suitable clothing and costumes for all circumstances; that is to say, a warm vetement for cold, damp days, a lighter one for warm weather, a dressy toilette for ordinary evening wear, and a ball-dress.

For a warm, light dress at the sea-side there is nothing equal to India cashmere; the most fascinating toilettes are made of it in light shades, white, blue, and pink. They are made like a sort of blouse polonaise, quite plain, and raised at the back, without any puff, by bows of black velvet over a black silk or a foulard skirt of the same shade. For instance: a skirt of plain brown silk and tunic of cream-coloured cashmere, striped in front with brown velvet, fan-shaped at the edge. This tunic has no other trimming at the back than a large brown velvet bow, which fastens the pleats formed in front and brought very much to the back. The sleeves are of brown silk with velvet bias bands. For the evening, to wear over the polonaise, there is a sort of little white cashmere cape trimmed with brown velvet with a hood lined with silk. Belgian straw hat, nearly white, with a brown gauze veil tied with tea-roses at the side. The veil is spread out, rolled round the neck, and fastened under the chin by a tea-rose; a bunch of the same roses underneath.

For an evening toilette a dress may be chosen of faille and crepe de Chine, pearl-grey, tea-rose, pale blue, maize, or straw-coloured, or a toilette of cream-white barege. The skirt should have a deep flounce pleated in flat pleats, and a blue ribbon nearly two inches wide should be run through the hem. The heading of the flounce should also be made of a hem with a rather narrower ribbon run through it. This trimming can be repeated on the tunic, only pleatings and ribbons must be in proportion; that is, the pleating must be four inches wide and the ribbon less than an inch. The cuirasse-bodice may be made of plain blue faille or covered with barege. The basques should not be trimmed at all; there are only one or two large bindings at the edge. The sleeves should be made of barege and trimmed at the edge with a pleating. Bows of blue faille will of course be necessary with this toilette, and a wide one must be used to join the draping of the tunic to the bodice.

It is thoroughly understood that no lady-like woman thinks of wearing diamonds or precious stones at the sea-side; fancy jewellery is the only sort allowed; just as rich materials are replaced by gauze de Chambery, Brussels net, tarlatan, &c. White kid shoes, too, are greatly preferred to white satin ones.

Now let us pass on to the late races, and describe a few pretty costumes seen there. The first noticeable toilette was made of two shades of grey in sicilienne faille; the skirt ends in a deep flounce put on in large pleats, of which the outer part is sicilienne and the inner part of a lighter shade of faille. These pleats are fastened down on the outside about six inches from the edge, in order to show the faille; at the edge of this flounce there is a narrow bias flounce of sicilienne; a drawn bouillonne, gathered twice at the top and bottom, hides the place where the flounce, which is much deeper at the back than in front, ends. Square tablier of faille with a bias band of sicilienne; two breadths of sicilienne, pleated straight and flas, fall at the back and appear to continue the fan-shaped pleating which trims the back of the bodice; two bows fasten these two ends and join them together. The bodice has round basques and is laced at the back. The sleeves are made of sicilienne, with a drawn and headed bouillonne forming revers.

Another elegant toilette is made of Parma violet faille; the train skirt is put on at the back in drawn gatherings, the edge is trimmed with a deep pleating stitched twice, and headed by a double-headed bouillonne. The front is diagonally striped with bands of velvet of the same shade, some little distance apart. These bands stop a little below the knee. There are four flounces, alternately faille and velvet, at the edge in front. A velvet scarf helps to form a very slight, nearly flat, puff at the back. The bodice has very short basques, round at the back, pointed in front, and bound with velvet. A faille bow is placed at the waist behind; another bow behind is near the neck. The sleeves are flat, with velvet revers crossed by a band of silk with a bow.

Another rather elegant toilette is blue covered with white gauze; the bodice is of blue satin with *odalisque* sleeves of white gauze; these sleeves are very wide at the top.

A very stylish toilette is made entirely of open embroidery over dark green, otherwise called moss-green.

We have also been shown a very pretty morning toilette made of Swiss muslin; it is princess-shape, and is trimmed at the edge with a flounce twenty inches deep, which is in its turn trimmed with two pleatings at the side and four on the train; the front forms a stole, and is entirely covered with narrowly pleated trimmings put on V-shape and surrounded with bands forming revers; this stole is prolonged into a little pelerine at the back; a Watteau pleat starts from the point of the pelerine. To wear with it there is a coiffure of satin blonde forming a puff and falling at the back *en catalane*.

The following is a pretty costume for a little girl of ten: it is made of grey mohair, and is princess-shaped in front, where it is striped crossways with velvet; these velvet stripes are fastened under quilles on each side; at the back the skirt is trimmed with two flounces in large hollow pleats headed by black velvet. The Louis XV. paletot is edged with velvet in front, and has square velvet pockets at the sides. The back is short, and forms two pleats under which a velvet sash is fastened; the sash forms two bows and an end knotted by a velvet agrafe.

The gloves that are most worn for dressy toilettes this summer are those made of Swedish kid, the Medici shape, that is, without buttons, closed on the fore arm and fastened at the wrist by means of two buttons put on an opening just at this place. White Swedish kid gloves are very elegant, and take the place of kid gloves even in light shades.

Collars and cuffs made of coloured batiste are very much in vogue for morning or country toilettes; they must be worn to correspond with the dress. The shape of collars varies very little; they are still made straight, with the points lightly turned down and wide apart; then there is the *paysan* collar with rolled edges.

There is a charming novelty in the way of cravats, a sort of open plaited braid from two to three inches wide and ending in a fringe. These cravats can be had in all shades—sky-blue, pale pink, cream-colour, &c.

A hat that is really perfectly suited to the sea-side is the Trianon, which can be put on either way in front and be just as pretty one way as the other. The crown is round, and under the brim, which is raised in front, there is a bouillonne and a large bow of *birmane* stuff, an open silk material, blue, cream-coloured, &c.; at the back the brim rests on the hair, and round the crown a torsade of *birmane* stuff is fastened at the back by a bow made of loops and a cross-piece. Such is the trimming of this hat, which can be worn with the raised brim in front or the reverse way.

Another pretty hat is made of white straw with wide flat brims, lined underneath with black velvet, and with a wreath of daisies, buds, and foliage resting on the hair. This wreath is larger on the left side, as the hat is placed a little on one side. The crown is surrounded with a soft white Renaissance ribbon.

We have also seen a grey straw hat, of which the brim was perfectly flat and the low crown surrounded by a wreath of ivy-leaves, with black berries; this wreath forms on the upper part a bouquet of grasses and poppies; a wreath to match is put underneath.

Lastly, here is a chapeau of English straw with a wreath of moss-green wheat-ears and pale-blue cornflowers ending in two sprays of moss-green oats round the crown. Underneath there is a wreath of cornflowers mixed with a few oats.

Dressy chapeaux are very much made of Leghorn straw, with feathers and ribbons to match the shade of the straw. The under part is a wreath of flowers or an arrangement of faille.—*Myra's Journal of Dress and Fashion.*

THE FIRE AT THE NEW TYNE BRIDGE.

The fire which has destroyed the staging of the New Tyne Swing Bridge, at Newcastle, was finally extinguished by the rising of the tide on Friday morning. The amount of destruction, though considerable, is not so great as was believed by every one of the many thousands of people who witnessed the fire. Mr. Jas. Guthrie, the secretary of the River Tyne Commissioners, writes to the Newcastle newspapers to say that "the damage is mostly confined to the wooden platform in the river eastward of the centre pier, and it is estimated will not involve a loss to the Commissioners of more than from £7,000 to £8,000, a considerable portion of which is covered by insurance. It is anticipated," Mr. Guthrie adds, "that little, if any, delay will be occasioned in the opening of the bridge." As the work, which has occupied seven years in construction, was almost on the eve of completion, it is gratifying to learn that the huge mass of iron forming a part of the swing span is but little injured, and that the destruction of the staging will not very much retard the progress of the work. A letter from Sir William Armstrong and Co., who are the contractors for the bridge, states that the ironwork of that portion of the swing span which was already completed is very slightly if at all injured, and the bridge will still be swung round as was previously intended, in ten days or a fortnight, in order that the erection of the other portion may be proceeded with. The staging which has been burnt was intended to protect the lower half of the swinging span when opened for the passage of vessels. This staging had been used for the erection of a part of the bridge, and having served that purpose, is no longer required until the bridge is ready for traffic, by which time it may easily be restored so far as to be available. Little or no delay need therefore occur in the opening of the bridge for traffic in consequence of the unfortunate accident. A young man fell from the High Level Bridge during the progress of the fire, into the river. His body has not yet been found.

DISASTROUS FIRE IN DUBLIN.

The Dublin correspondent of the *Times*, describing the scene at the recent fire, says:—Owing to the inflammable nature of the malt stores, where the fire originated, there was no hope from the first of saving any of the adjoining premises, but fears were entertained that the conflagration would be borne in a resistless flood over the city. The burning liquid streamed out under the doors and through every crevice in the malthouse, and, rushing along the streets, soon found its way into the bonded stores, in which were lodged 1,800 puncheons of whisky, brandy, and other spirits. The barrels of spirits, becoming ignited with the rapidity of gunpowder, blazed and burnt up, sending forth new tributaries to swell the fiery tide, which dashed with increasing fury through the streets. The bonded stores were speedily wrapped in flames, which illuminated the sky and signalled the event for miles beyond the city. When the fire brigade arrived, after some delay, they saw that their engines and appliances for extinguishing ordinary fires were of no avail in such an emergency. To add water to the burning torrent would have been only to render it more widely destructive. As it was, the burning liquid ran down the sewers, and, meeting with the gases which were confined in them, caused them to burst, with explosions which increased the alarm and danger. The inhabitants of the houses in the vicinity were panic-stricken, and it was a pitiable sight to witness their bewilderment and terror. Meanwhile the blazing liquid continued to pour through the streets like lava, and coming in contact with the wood of the houses, which are the oldest in the city, ignited them like matchwood. The whole block of building extending along the western side of Chamber Street and the northern side of Ardee Street, and a range of houses in Mill Street, were speedily absorbed, and the residents in many cases found it hard to escape with their lives. But it was not alone from the conflagration itself that danger of fatal consequences was apprehended. A more serious peril arose from the conduct of the populace. The streams of burning whisky, which to most people were appalling, offered to others a temptation which they could not resist. Although the streets were generally well guarded by the military and police, numbers of people got access through narrow lanes and passages unobserved to places where it ran most freely along the channels or formed in pools in the streets, and they resorted to every possible expedient to obtain draughts. Some tried to collect the liquor in their hats and others in their boots, and, failing to satisfy their passionate craving by such means, they lay down across the channels and lapped the intoxicating streams until some became helpless and almost insensible, and were dragged off to hospitals, while others, seized with the same mania, rushed into their places and followed their example. It would be hard to conceive a more shocking exhibition of degrading vice. Two corn porters, named Healy and McNulty, aged respectively 28 and 30, have died in the hospital from the effects of drinking the whisky which flowed in the streets. They were both found in a lane off Cork Street on the night off the fire, lying insensible with their boots off, which they had evidently used to collect the liquor. There are seventeen other persons in the Meath Hospital who are suffering from the same cause, and it is feared other deaths will follow. A public subscription has commenced for the poor people who have suffered by the fire.

Sir George Elliott, M.P., and Mr. Palmer, M.P., were examined yesterday before the Committee of the House of Commons on the supply of gas to the Metropolis, and gave important evidence as to the likelihood of a rise in the price of coal and its effect upon the price of gas.

AN EXTRAORDINARY BREACH OF PROMISE CASE.

Lord Coldridge was occupied on Tuesday in the Court of Common Pleas in trying with a special jury the case of Levy *v.* Gasper. The plaintiff, Miss Francis Levy, sued the defendant, Mr. Arrakiel Peter Gasper, to recover damages for a breach of his promise to marry her; and the defendant among others pleaded the following peculiar plea:—That the arrangement to marry was made subject to this condition—that the plaintiff and defendent should not marry as agreed unless and until the defendant's parents should within a reasonable time first consent to his renouncing the Armenian religion and become a Jew; and the defendant's parents wholly refused to give such consent. Another plea was that the defendant had been exonerated and discharged from the performance of his promise. Mr. Digby Seymour, Q.C., and Mr. Thomas appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Morgan Howard, Q.C., and Mr. Arathoon for the defendant. The plaintiff was the daughter of a tobacconist and clothier, and she kept a fancy stall for the sale of gloves and other articles at the Oxford Music Hall; the defendant was a member of the bar. After he had been called he went to India for two years, having promised that he would, on his return, marry the plaintiff, but instead of this she learned in September, 1873, that he had married another woman, and hence this action.

Miss Levy was called, and spoke to the circumstances under which she become acquainted with the defendant. She told him that she was a Jewess and he at once said that he had no objection to be ame a Jew. He once accompanied her to the synagogue. In cross-examination Miss Levy denied that the defendant had ever spoken of the difference of religion as an insuperable obstacle to their marriage. She further denied suggestions of intimacy with gentlemen named, but admitted going to a ball which she had told the defendant was "a select ball," but which she had afterwards ascertained was not "select." She admitted that she had been to Cremorne on a Sunday.

Re-examined.—My brother went with me to Cremorne.

MR. THOMAS.—It is rather a dull place on the Sunday.

LORD COLERIDGE.—We cannot cross-examine you upon that subject. (Laughter.)

MR. THOMAS.—I have never been there on Sunday. (A laugh.)

The plaintiff's father was the only other witness examined. He said that the defendant had asked him about the Jewish religion, and had always expressed his willingness to profess it. In cross-examination, he was asked respecting a letter in which the defendant objected to the initiatory rite, though he was willing to be married in a drawing-room. Witness said he did not remember that letter.

MR. HOWARD, for the defence, submitted that if the jury thought there had been a promise, it was a case for small damages only. He did not in any way impugn the plaintiff's character.

MR. GASPER, the defendant, said:—When I saw the plaintiff at the Oxford I was struck with her, and became attached to her. About January, 1872, I promised her marriage. She told me distinctly her name was "Flo Holland." One day I was passing with her down Gover street, and she asked me to go to the synagogue. I refused, as I was an Armenian. I learned then for the first time that the plaintiff was a Jewess. A night or two after I saw her at the Oxford, and she said that her father stated that I could not marry her as I was an Armenian. She referred me to her father, and a long correspondence took place, and I spoke to him several times on the subject of religion.

LORD COLDRIDGE.—But long after that the change of religion was promised.

MR. ARATHOON.—The defendant was under the impression, whether it was so or not, that there were two sects of Jews, high and low, and that he could enter one of them without submitting to the rite which he objected to.

Witness.—I had long conversations with the father upon religious matters.

LORD COLERIDGE.—But these conversations cannot be evidence against the plaintiff; she was not there. If all these things are gone into I shall have to say, with the Emperor Titus, "perdidi diem."

MR. ARATHOON.—But the father was agent for the plaintiff.

Lord COLERIDGE.—Oh, no; she only said, "Go to my father," just in the usual way. (Laughter.)

Witness continued.—I have frequently seen Mr. Newcome standing with the plaintiff at her stall.

Lord COLERIDGE, in answer to an objection, said that after this there was an ardent and unconditional promise, but he would not say that evidence of this kind was not receiveable in mitigation of damages, for which it might be worth a feather's weight.

Witness: On parting to go to India, the plaintiff said, "Won't you try to marry me in time?" and I said that religion was the difficulty. I said I would not mind being a High Church Jew, but would not submit to the rite.

Lord COLERIDGE: You did not object to give up the Christian religion; but only objected to the rite.—She promised me not to go to "out-of-way places."

What are they? Cremorne, Surrey Gardens, and so on.

Lord COLERIDGE.—I should have thought they were in the way. (Loud laughter.)

Witness.—She promised to stay at home, and conduct herself like a lady. I only received one letter from her after my arrival in India. I married on the 15th of July, 1874, having been engaged for four or five months. When I arrived in India I consulted my father as to my marrying Miss Levy. He said if I did such a thing he would not know me.

Cross-examined—I wrote, "My darling Flo, you cannot understand how awfully disappointed my poor father was that you were not with me." He chaffed me, and asked where was my wife; but when the subject of religion came up he was against it.

You wrote about your father sending £100 to pay the expenses of changing your religion?—Well, that was untrue; the whole letter was fabricated.

Then you told a lie for a purpose?—I did not tell a lie, I told a story. (Loud laughter.)

Lord COLERIDGE.—Is it worth while cross-examining a gentleman who says that he told a lie and fabricated a letter.

Re-examined.—My father sent me the £100 for my out-fit. I wrote the letter to try everything to win the girl. My father is a poor man; he manages an estate. I have no means. My father has not more than £250 a year. I have not in India earned more than £10 a month. I have lived since my marriage with my father-in-law.

No other witness was called for the defence.

The jury returned a verdict for the plaintiff—damages £100. His Lordship granted execution in four days.

Serious disturbances are reported from Chin Kiang, resulting from the arrest and confinement in the British Consulate of two native soldiers who had insulted the American Counsul and his wife.

Mr. Pope, Q.C., the umpire of the arbitration between the carpenters and joiners of Manchester and Salford and their employers, has given his award. The men asked for a reduction of hours in the summer months from 51½ to 50 per week, and an advance of one penny per hour—from 8d. to 9d.—in their wages. The award concedes about one-half of the claim.

Some excitement was manifested in the French Assembly on Saturday, owing to a sharp discussion between the Bonapartists and the Left as to the increased taxation necessitated by the war. M. Gambetta declared that the responsibility for the disasters of the war rested upon the Bonapartists, whilst M. Andre attributed all the blame to the Opposition in the old Legislrtive Body.

Poetry: Original and Select.

FRIENDSHIP.

We know not how our hearts are twined
Till ties are snapped, and then we find
That love thrives not on earthly breath,
'Tis only perfected in death.
And those whose loss has left us lone
Have left to make their value known;
Could we but call them back again
Our hearts would chill, set free from pain;
The best of earthly gifts are loss
Without some shadow of the cross.

—"*The Angel of Love*," *by Richard Sturges.*

REGRETS.

As when the seaward ebbing tide doth pour
Out by the low sand spaces,
The parting waves slip back to clasp the shore
With lingering embraces;

So in the tide of life that carries me
From where thy true heart dwells,
Waves of my thoughts and memories turn to thee
With lessening farewells;

Waving of hands; dreams, when the day forgets;
A care half lost in cares;
The saddest of my verses; dim regrets;
Thy name among my prayers.

I would the day might come, so waited for,
So patiently besought,
When I, returning, should fill up once more
Thy desolated thought;

And fill thy loneliness that lies apart
In still, persistent pain.
Shall I content thee, O thou broken heart,
As the tide comes again.

And brims the little sea-shore lakes, and sets
Seaweeds afloat, and fills
The silent pools, rivers, and rivulets
Among the inland hills?

—"*Preludes*," *by A. C. Thompson.*

A MONK'S MOTHER.

I HAD not seen my son's dear face
(He chose the cloister by God's grace)
Since it had come to full flower time.
I hardly guessed at its perfect prime,
That folded flowers of his dear face.

Mine eyes were veiled by mists of tears
When on a day in many years
One of his order came. I thrilled
Facing, I thought, that face fulfilled,
I doubted, for my mists of tears.

His blessing be with me for ever!
My hope and doubt were hard to sever.
—That altered face, those holy weeds.
I filled his wallet and kissed his beads,
And lost his echoing feet for ever.

If to my son my alms were given
I know not, and I wait for Heaven.
He did not plead for child of mine,
But for another Child divine,
And unto Him it was surely given.

There is One alone who cannot change;
Dreams are we, shadows, visions strange;
And all I gave is given to One.
I might mistake my dearest son,
But never the Son who cannot change.

"*Preludes*" *by A. C. Thompson.*

COST OF SCHOOL BUILDINGS.—From a Parliamentary return which has just been issued we gather that the following sums respectively represent the estimated cost of school buildings for each child (including sites) in the places named:—London, £15 7s. 2½d.; Liverpool, £12 10s 0½d; Manchester, £13 2s. 1½d.; Birmingham £11 9s. 11½d.; Bristol, £7 15s. 0½d.; Newcastle, £12 13s 2½d.; Sheffield, £9 14s. 2½d.; Leeds, £11 0s 11½d.; Brighton, £12 3s. 8½d.; Bradford. £12 14s.; Huddersfield, £12 16s.; Leicester, £9 19s. 0½d.; Halifax, £11 16s. 0½d.; Nottingham. £9 12s. 10d. In London and Bradford and purchase of sites increased the cost per child by about £5; in the other towns the additional expense averages £2 3s. per head. Up to the 30th of April last the number of board schools for which loans from Public Works Loan Commissioners had been sanctioned was 94; and the total amount so expended on school buildings in board districts to the same date is £4 021,418. The average attendance for the year ending the 31st of August last was 57 per cent. of the room provided.

HER MAJESTY'S ACCESSION.—On Monday was celebrated as the anniversary of Her Majesty's accession to the Throne, which took place on the 20th June, 1837. The *Daily News* says that of the Ministers who took the oath of allegiance to the new Sovereign at a privy council which was held on that day at Kensington Palace, only two Members of the Cabinet survive—Earl Russell, then Home Secretary, now within a few weeks of completing his eighty-third year; and Earl Grey, then Viscount Howick, and Secretary-at-War, who is ten years younger. A more striking illustration of the changes which thirty eight years have wrought in the *personnel* of our public men is found in the fact that of the entire House of Commons of that time, which was dissolved as a consequence of the Queen's accession, only ten are to be found in the present House. These are Lord Earnest Bruce, Lord George Cavendish, the Right Hon. W. F. Cowper-Temple, Sir Philip Egerton, Mr. Ellice, the Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone, the Right Hon. E. Horsman, Mr. Roebuck, Mr. Christopher Talbot, and the Right Hon C. P. Villiers.

DURHAM CATHEDRAL.—For some years past (*says the Times*) extensive work has been going on in this fine specimen of pure Norman architecture with a view to the clearance of the monstrosities perpetrated in a semibarbarous period which has happily passed away. The "process of purgation" has been carried on under the late and present Dean, and too much praise cannot be awarded to what has been accomplished. We are sorry to hear, however, that rumours are rife, that, now the real work of reconstruction is about to begin, the Dean and Chapter contemplate making changes in the fine old Abbey Church of a nature somewhat similar to that of those which were at one time threatened to be made at St. Paul's Cathedral. It is said that large sums of money are being—or will be spent in showy embellishments of a florid Perpendicular style utterly out of harmony with the massive grandeur of the building. The wonderful effect, also, of the noble vista, from end to end, unique in English cathedrals, is also in danger by the proposed introduction of a screen of alabaster and metal-work. A brass bar is to be take the place of the old marble alter-rail; the simple checks of black and white are to be replaced by a Renaissance Italian pavement, and a Lombard pulpit is to rest on sculptured lions under the lanterns of the central tower. These are a few of the proposed "improvements," and it certainly would seem that those interested in Durham Cathedral would do well to insist that the whole scheme should be submitted to a competent tribunal before any irrevocable steps are taken. Mr. Gilbert Scott has replied as follows:—Allow me to state that no "showy embellishment of a florid Pardendicular style" have ever been proposed or so much as thought of, and that no brass bar," but a very fine brass alter rail, is proposed, not in place of an old marble alter rail, but of one of modern date which was not liked. No Renaissance pavement is proposed, but a rich one in early style instead of a very poor modern one. The pulpit, it is true, is Romanesque, as is the Cathedral itself; but I am not aware that it is "Lombard," though it is true that it rests on sculptured lions. It is true, that a very open and wholly non-obstructive screen is proposed, which is, in my opinion—an opinion I have for many years felt and expressed—essential to the grandeur of the Cathedral.

MURDER IN IRELAND.

On Monday night, two of the Kerry militiamen, who are now at training at Tralee, had a dispute in the guard room. After the quarrel, one of the disputants, named Shehan, fell asleep. The other, named Fitzgerald, seeing him asleep, struck him with a sweeping-brush on the head, causing instant death. On Tuesday morning, while several policemen were conveying Fitzgerald to the Bridewell they were attacked by a number of militiamen, whose object seemed to be to secure the prisoner in order to lynch him. The police had to take refuge in the County Gaol, but retained their prisoner.

ATTEMPTED DOUBLE MURDER AT SHIELDS.

A shoemaker named John McIntyre, aged about sixty years, attempted to murder a woman named Mary Ann Hill, who has lived with him for many years, and an old man named John Madaghan, with whom they both lodged in Stuart's Bank, Bell Street, North Shields. It is stated that McIntyre believed Hill preferred Madaghan to himself, and while she was making the beds, he stabbed her in three places with a shoemaker's knife, and then pursued Madaghan and stabbed him in the back. The state of the woman is critical. When apprehended, prisoner expressed a wish that he had "done for her."

SUICIDE OF THE PRISONER.

John McIntyre was, after being remanded by the magistrates, taken to Tynemouth House of Correction. He was last seen on Saturday night in his cell by Mr. Edward Stanford, the governor. On Mr. Stanford visiting the prisoner's cell on Sunday morning he was greatly shocked to find that during the night prisoner had committed suicide. He had placed the strap which secured his sleeping hammock round his neck and suspended himself from one of the rings. He was quite dead and cold when found. He was over 60 years of age. He had, for a week or two prior to attempting the life of his wife and that of the old man, been drinking.

THE STRIPED PIG.

The London correspondent of the *Leeds Mercury* writes:—It is a great pity that none of the members who replied to Sir Wilfrid Lawson's speech on the Permissive Bill appear to have heard of the existence in London of an exhibition called "The Striped Pig." A description of that place of entertainment would have proved as amusing as Sir Wilfrid's story of the imaginary inhabitant of Maine, who had to go through all manner of adventures in order to get a glass of whisky. In one of the streets adjoining Regent Street there was recently, and there may be now, an exhibition of a striped pig, which the public were invited to visit, more particularly on Sunday forenoons, when the small charge of sixpence was made for admission. The persons who entered the place were very handsomely treated by the proprietor, for whether they admired the pig or not they were allowed to have a glass of whisky, wine, or beer, just as their fancy dictated, for nothing. This generous conduct, of course, could not bring down on the proprietor a prosecution for selling intoxicating liquors during the prohibited hours, because in point of fact he did not sell any intoxicating liquors at all. He merely gave them away out of the abundant benevolence of his heart. The exhibition was, and it may be now, for aught I know, exceedingly popular. Of course, if Sir Wilfrid Lawson had been asked how he was going to provide against the importation from America (and I need not say that this peculiar form of exhibition came from America) of unlimited hordes of striped pigs in the event of the Permissive Bill becoming law, I have no doubt that he would have sought safety, as far as Sunday is concerned, in the provisions of that Act in which Mr. Cross is bold enough to render inoperative but too timid to repeal. The statute which shut up the Brighton Aquarium could assuredly annihilate the exhibition of striped pigs on Sunday, but the question remains whether Mr. Cross would in that case disallow the penalties claimed by the informer. This is the corner into which the Home Secretary has thrust himself. If Parliament grants him power (a power which he imagines he already possesses) to remit the penalties claimed under the now famous Act of George III., he alone must become the judge of what exhibitions should or should not be allowed to remain open on Sundays. Perhaps then, to please Sir Wilfrid Lawson, he would set his face against striped pigs and other such fearful wild-fowl.

A THIEF IN CHURCH.—On the conclusion of Divine service in the Bridgegate Free Church, Glasgow, on Sunday afternoon, a woman named Margaret Smith, well known to the police, was observed to leave the vestry in a stealthy fashion. An officer who saw her at once concluded that she was not likely to attend church for a merely spiritual advantage, and followed her. When she noticed that she was watched she attempted to elude her pursuer, but in this she was frustrated. On being searched, some articles of which she had despoiled the vestry, including the clergyman's umbrella, were found cunningly concealed under her dress.

A DURHAM SOLICITOR VINDICATING HIMSELF.—At the opening of the business of the Durham Borough Police Court on Monday morning, Mr. Wm Brignall, junr., solicitor, Durham (addressing the Bench), said he wished to offer a few observations on a matter personal to himself. He believed the magistrates then present were also present last Thursday when Mr. Baxter's case was heard. In that case, Mr. Dodds, Head Constable, was good enough to introduce his name. Mr. Dodds put a question to witness which carried with it a grave insinuation—namely, that he (Mr. Brignall) was in Mr. Baxter's public-house during prohibited hours which simply ment in English that he was violating the law. He might, however, state for the information of the Bench that, from Saturday night till ten o'clock on Monday morning, he never crossed the threshhold of his father's door, for the best of all reasons—namely, that he was laid on a bed of sickness. Why Mr. Dodds, towards the end of the case, should put the question to the witness, "Was young Brignall not the fourth man?" he was at a loss to know, more especially when Mr. Dodds admitted in his examination in-chief that he did not know who the fourth man was. Before that Bench and in that public court, he gave the most unqualified denial to the insinuation that he was in Mr. Baxter's public-house. He could not conceive why Mr. Dodds should put a question which was calculated to lesson him in the eyes of the magistrates and of the public generally. He spoke with warmth on the matter, because he felt that, being a young man, the question, which had been published through the press all over the country, was calculated to do him considerable harm professionally. Having given an unqualified denial to the insinuation, he considered he had a right to ask Mr. Dodds either to confirm the insinuation which cast an imputation on his character, or withdraw it.—Alderman Stevenson said the Bench was quite satisfied and relied upon his word as a gentleman in saying he was not there.—The Mayor said the Chief-Constable did not say he was there. He merely asked a question, and some mysterious hints were circulated that he (Mr. Brignall) was amongst the party in the house.—Alderman Stevenson said there was no evidence to show that Mr. Brignall was in the house.—Mr. Brignall thought, and he believed it was the feeling of the public, that Mr. Dodds had been inspired by some one to make the insinuation.—Alderman Stevenson said the Bench could not accept the assertion. The subject then dopped, and the business of the Court was proceeded with.

Parliamentary Summary.

FRIDAY.

In the HOUSE OF LORDS, the Marquis of Salisbury, in reply to Lord Oranmore and Browne, stated that the Government were inclined to improve the present system of national education in Ireland by increasing the pay of the teachers. Lord Inchiquin withdrew his bill on the Irish Marriage Law. Several measures of minor importance were advanced a stage, and the House adjourned at half-past seven o'clock.

At the morning sitting of the HOUSE OF COMMONS, Mr. Whalley gave notice of a motion for the appointment of a Select Committee to inquire into the residence in this country of the members of the order of Jesuits. At the end of the questions the Committee on the Merchant Shipping Bill was resumed. Mr. Hamond withdrew his amendment to the ninth clause to abolish advance notes, in favour of another amendment, proposed by Mr. Bates, which limited the advance notes to one month's wages; and this proposal having received the assent of the President of the Board of Trade, was agreed to. Mr. Muntz thereupon moved the omission of the clause altogether, maintaining that in its present shape it was useless. A lengthened discussion followed, in the course of which the clause was severely criticised by Hon. Members on both sides of the House. The Premier, who stated that the clause was only introduced to carry out the recommendations of the Royal Commissioners, agreed to its withdrawal. The Bill was still under discussion when the sitting was suspended at seven o'clock. On the House resuming at nine, a debate took place on Eastern affairs, arising out of a motion by Mr. Reginald Yorke for copies of a correspondence between the Foreign Office and the Porte relating to the non-fulfilment of the provisions of certain treaties. In the course of the discussion, Mr. W. E. Baxter, who has just returned from a lengthened tour in the Levant, gave an alarming account of the social and political condition of Turkey, and warned English speculators against investing in Turkish bonds.

MONDAY.

In the HOUSE OF LORDS some discussion took place respecting the proposed visit of Messrs. Moody and Sankey to Eton. The Marquis of Bath asked whether the Head-master and governing body had given their sanction to the holding of the meeting. Lord Lyttelton and Lord Morley, members of the Governing Body, whilst stating that the subject was to be considered by the Governors to-day, pointed out that the sole responsibility in the matter lay with the Head-master. Lord Overstone called on the Government to interfere, an appeal which the Duke of Richmond answered by moving that the House should proceed to the orders of the day—a motion that was at once agreed to. A resolution by Lord Hanniker for certain returns as to the Law of Settlement, was agreed to after a statement by the Duke of Richmond to the effect that he could hold out no hope of the law being abolished by the Government. Several measures were advanced a stage before the adjournment of the House at five minutes past seven.

In the HOUSE OF COMMONS, Mr. Baillie Cochrane gave notice of a question to Mr. Gladstone as to the action taken by the Right Hon. Gentlemen respecting the visit of the American evangelists to Eton. At the close of the questions the Committee on the Merchant Shipping Bill was resumed with the consideration of Clause 12.

TUESDAY.

The HOUSE OF LORDS sat only half an hour, when the business was purely of a formal nature.

The HOUSE OF COMMONS held a morning sitting. The Home Secretary gave notice of some amendments he proposed to move in Committee on the Employers and Workman's Bill, with the view of obviating the necessity of bringing in a third measure dealing with the Masters and Servants Act. In the absence of the Premier, the Secretary for War moved that for the rest of the Session Government business should on Tuesdays have precedence of notices of motion. Mr. Yorke suggested that the Government should take Wednesday instead of Tuesday; and the Marquis of Hartington thought that before the motion was adopted the House was entitled to know the intentions of the Government with reference to the measures on the notice paper. Mr. Forsyth, Mr. Fawcett, Mr. Foster, and Lord Eslington having expressed the same view of the question, Mr. Hardy agreed to postpone the motion until Thursday, when the Premier would be in his place. The report of amendments to the Friendly Societies Bill was then discussed at some length, and ultimately agreed to. At the evening sitting of the House, Mr. Hanbury-Tracy called attention to the heavy guns supplied for the navy and fortifications, and moved the re-appointment of the Ordnance Select Committee. To this Captain Price moved an amendment, declaring that the condition of our heavy ordnance is such as to demand the serious consideration of the Government, and that a Select Committee be appointed to inquire into the best means of supplying the navy with guns of a more reliable and efficient nature.

WEDNESDAY.

In the HOUSE OF COMMONS, Sir H. Johnstone moved the second reading of the Contagious Diseases Acts Repeal Bill, which, after a debate, was rejected by 126 to 308.

Local and General News.

THE AMERICAN RIFLE TEAM.—We understand that the proprietors of the *Illustrated Sporting and Dramatic News* have placed at the disposal of the committee, who have the management of the forthcoming contest between the American and Irish teams of riflemen a splendid silver cup, value One Hundred Guineas, to be shot for according to conditions to be hereafter decided. The cup, which is being specially manufactured by Messrs. Streeter, of 18, New Bond-street, is of massive silver. It is of the Saxon period, with finely-chased descriptive battle-scenes in medallion on each side. The other portions of the cup are chased to match, and enriched with repousse work. On the top is a finely-modelled figure of Victory. The ebonised base has silver ornaments and shields corresponding in design representing the international match between the American and Irish Rifle Volunteer teams.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE AT STOCKTON.—At the Stockton Borough Police-court on Monday, a young married woman, named Mary Ann Stainsby, was charged with attempting to destroy her own life by jumping into the river Tees. The prisoner lives at a lodging-house in Unicorn-yard, and on Sunday evening, when under the influence of drink, she jumped from a quay into the water. A young man named Joseph Jacques, who witnessed the act, leaped into the water, and caught hold of the woman, but she seized him so violently by the trousers as to almost tear them from his body. Jacques, however, stuck to the woman, and a life buoy was thrown to them, and with the assistance of a man named Jones, who went into the water, the woman was brought ashore. Prisoner told the Bench that she remembered nothing of the affair, and hoped they would deal leniently with her on account of her two children. She was committed for trial. The Bench eulogised Jacques for his conduct, and awarded him 10s. from the poor box, and they recommeded that the case be represented to the Royal Humane Society.

A UNIVERSAL MEDICINE.—It is generally understood that whisky is considered in Scotland to be an infallible remedy for all the ills to which mankind is heir, but a kindly Scot, who writes in a recent number of the *North British Agriculturist*, has gone a step further and imparted it, 'hot with,' to one of his live stock. "I have a calf," says he, "which lost its faculties almost at once. It takes its milk apparently as well as before, although it is not able to rise. I am told that it has paralysis. I have been given it whisky toddy at night, and rubbing it with a preparation of turpentine." He can, however, report no apparent improvement, as yet, and adds that "a number of calves in this quarter are similarly affected." Here is, apparently an opening for the Good Templars, or the Band of Hope Union, perhaps. There is a well-known anecdote of a cow brought before a Scotch bailie charged with drinking a tubful of wort set to cool at an alehouse door, and dismissed, on the ground that as she took the draught standing at the door it was to be regarded as a *droch-an-dorris*, or stir-up cup for which payment is never asked. Perhaps this cow had acquired dissipated habits from having been dosed with toddy in her youth by a too kind master.—*Iron.*

MARSHAL BAZINE AT RAMSGATE.—Marshal Bazaine has taken No. 6, Royal Crescent, Ramsgate, as a residence. On Sunday, the Marshal was present at the morning service at St. Augustine's Roman Catholic Church in that town.

CONSERVATISM AT BRIGHTON.—The *Times*, referring to the gathering of Conservative Associations at Brighton, says—The admirers of the Ministry will act wisely if they praise them for their masterly skill in doing nothing, and we do not see why they should hesitate to claim for them the credit of thus realising the ideal of Conservative aims. To do nothing is to keep things as they are, and to keep things as they are and be thankful was the sum and substance of Conservatism as first expounded by Sir Robert Peel in the Tamworth manifesto, and remains its sum and substance to the present day.

THE PROPOSED ANGLO-RUSSIAN ALLIANCE.—The *Morning Post* thinks it is clear, from the utterances of the *Moscow Gazette*, that the old Russian party is still the old Russian party, and, if that party is allowed to have its way, there can be neither alliance nor good understanding between Russia and England. The Emperor of Russia seems to be directing the foreign policy of his country more than he did. At all events, he has intervened personally to prevent a collision between Germany and France and he has shown a desire for the establishment of really friendly relations between his country and England. The old Russian policy is not his policy, now at any rate. While matters remain thus it will be, the *Post* is convinced, all the better for the cause of peace.

A POOR MARTYR.—Dr. Kenealy says, in response to a requisition from Inverness for a Tichborne lecture, that a tempest of mean annoyances has prevented him from responding, and—"I am so overworked, and so overwhelmed with troubles that I have hardly leisure to give to daily food and my nights are passed without healthy slumber. Since my election to Parliament I have had such an additional quantity of toil and frightful defamation thrown upon me that I have scarcely five minutes which I can call my own, or when my mind is unburdened from pain and anxiety. For the last three months I have received at an average 250 letters, tracts, and post-cards every day. The post-cards are of the filthiest kind, and are usually addressed to me at the House of Commons." He then alludes to the "yelps and howls" of four members of Parliament, whom he specifies.

MORE COCK-FIGHTING.—On Monday morning Superintendent Alexander Burnley received information that a number of men with cocks and bags had got off a train at Burnley Barracks Station and into an omnibus in waiting, and that they had gone in the direction of Padiham. Mr. Alexander despatched Inspector Redin, two sergeants, and nine constables in plain clothes in pursuit of the supposed cock-fighters. They drove through Padiham in the direction of Whalley, but on reaching Whalley they found they were foiled. They then drove back near Reed Hall, where the inspector and his men searched the estate, and found two men like colliers with dead cocks in their possession. Other men ran across the fields, but were pursued and brought back by the police, who found on them weights scales, and bags. They gave their names and said they belonged Bolton. Wading through a stream, the police came to a little dell, where they found evidence of a cock-fight having taken place. Blood, feathers, and straw lay on the ground. This was on the estate of Mr. J. G. Potter. Had the police been half an hour earlier, they would have caught the cock-fighters in the act.

VALUE OF ADVERTISING.—It has been frequently asserted that America produces the greatest advertisers of our day, and while admitting to a great extent the truth of this statement, still we find that we can point to several of our own countrymen who equal, if not surpass, the greatest of our Transatlantic brethren as advertising giants. Perhaps the most enterprising advertiser of our time is Mr F. J. Clarke of Lincoln, proprietor of Clarke's world-famed Blood Mixture, who must have expended several large fortunes in placing his now popular medicine before the world. True he has been backed, in his Blood Mixture, by an article of wonderful efficacy; but there are few who possess the spirit, or rather faith, necessary to make a thoroughly successful advertiser. Within a few years only his Blood Mixture has become "world-famed," and his advertisements are to be seen in every newspaper and periodical throughout the world, and we notice, this week, as if to prove beyond question his belief in advertising—at the same time as effectually showing the acknowledged range of his medicine—a whole page advertisement in the three great London daily papers—*Daily Telegraph, Standard*, and *Daily News*. This is certainly the most astonishing thing in advertising that we remember.

BETWEEN TWO THUNDER STORMS.—A correspondent writes:—"While walking on the Perth road between Invergowrie and Dundee I had the peculiar experience of being between two thunder storms of great severity. Overhead, the sun was shining brightly; but behind me, apparently above the woods of Rossie Priory, hung a great black cloud, which extended on nearly to the Sidlaws, and over-shadowed the neighbourhood of Longforgan. From this cloud at brief intervals came vivid flashes of forked lightning, followed by loud peals of thunder. Several of the flashes were of great brilliancy, and these were always followed by thunder peals of proportionate loudness. This continued until I was nearing Ninewells Junction, when from a thunder cloud which had been gradually gathering over the neighbourhood of Wormit Bay and the Tay Bridge Works, a flash of lightning suddenly broke, followed by a long, rumbling peal of thunder. Then began what may be called a "thundering duel." The Carse cloud sent forth a flash and a peal, to which shortly afterwards Fife replied with a flash and a peal. For nearly twenty minutes I stood watching this grand war of the elements. Gradually the Fife cloud travelled over the river towards Dundee, all the way flashing and roaring in a way which prosaic individuals like myself need not attempt to describe. Rossie continued to rumble on quite pluckily, but the storm cloud appeared to pass slowly over the Carse hills. While opposite Wormit Bay I noticed that many of the fields there were white with hail."

ROBBERIES BY A STOCKTON LETTER-CARRIER.—On Monday, at the Borough Police Court, Stockton, George Henry Green, a letter-carrier, was brought up charged with stealing a box containing money, the property of the Post-master General from the Stockton Post Office, on the 19th June. Mr. John Trotter prosecuted, and said that he should only tender evidence sufficient to justify the bench in granting a remand, in order that more investigations might be made, and a report sent to the Post-master-General, for further instructions. He then called Mr. Brown, Postmaster at Stockton, who said that the box produced was the property of the Post-master-General, and was used at Stockton Post Office for receipts of money received for rent of private letter-boxes, and moneys received by the postmen as payment of postage for unstamped letters. There was usually money in the box, but he could not say whether it contained any on Saturday morning.—Robert Urwin, a telegram boy, said: On Saturday morning, between eleven and twelve o'clock, I saw prisoner passing Carter Brothers' with the box produced under his coat, jolting about as he ran along. I heard the money in the box jingling. It was ten minutes past eleven o'clock.—Mr. Knowles said that prisoner stood remanded till next Monday at twelve o'clock.—The Postmaster said that another charge of concealing letters would then be preferred against the prisoner. Mr. Hodgson, district postal inspector, was present in Court during the hearing.

A Wrexham man named Walker is in custody at Northampton, charged with having four wives, all of whom are still alive.

Three workmen were drowned at Cardiff on Saturday morning by the capsizing of a boat caused by a person jumping into it after it had left the bank.

Three men have died in the Meath Hospital, Dublin, from the effects of drinking burning whiskey during the fire at the Bonded Stores on Friday night. Seventeen others are in the hospital suffering from the same cause.

Pulmonary consumption, it it stated, has been found by Dr. Churchill to yield to the influence of phosphorus given in a mild form. The practice has been so successful that it has to be tried at one of the consumption hospitals.

SUICIDE OF A MOTHER PREVENTED BY HER CHILD.—On Monday, before the Langhaurgh West magistrates at South Stockton, Hannah Chapman, single woman, was charged with attempting to commit suicide on the 5th June. Prisoner is 32 years old, and has for the past twelve years acted as housekeeper to her widowed father. She has a son named Christopher, aged 10 years, and a baby, born in February last, a man named William Anderson being the father of the last-named. He had courted her several years, but about a month ago quarrelled with her, and it was alleged that this had led to great depression of spirit on the part of the woman. On the morning of the 5th June she attempted to commit suicide by cutting her throat with a razor, but her son seized her arm and stopped her in the act. His cries speedily brought some neighbours into the house. Surgical aid was procured, and prisoner is so far recovered as to be able to appear before the magistrates on Monday. In answer to the charge, the prisoner pleaded that she wanted to die, and was committed for trial at the next Northallerton sessions.

THE RIGHT OF THE CLERGY TO PREACH IN DISSENTING CHAPELS.—An opinion has been given by Mr. Fitzjames Stephen, Q.C., and Mr. Benjamin Shaw on a series of questions submitted to them by the Rev. the Hon. W. H. Freemantle, with the concurrence of the Bishop of London, on the right of the clergy of the Church of England to preach or officiate in Nonconformist places of worship. The two learned counsel generally concur but make separate reports. Mr. Stephen is clearly of opinion that for a clergyman to officiate or preach in a licensed place of Dissenting worship, or at any Dissenting meeting mainly for religious purposes, is illegal, not by statute law, but by "King's Ecclesiastical Law." He considers that each case of alleged illegality, respecting not a licensed place of worship but religious meetings elsewhere, would have to be dealt with on its merits. If the main object of the meeting were devotional, then attendance at it would be illegal; if the objects were of a charitable character, say, and the meeting were merely opened with prayer, it would probably not be contrary to law. Mr. Stephen does not think an Anglican clergyman would be acting illegally in preaching in a church of Scotland or Ireland, in the Colonies, or abroad, whether the community to which they belong were established or not, so long as he did not preach heretical doctrines.

THE MINES INSPECTORS' REPORTS.—The reports of H.M.'s inspectors for the twelve districts under the Coal Mines Regulation Act during 1874 have just been issued. They contain facts and statistics of great interest. We learn from them that nearly six hundred thousand persons were employed during the year in and about the coal, fir clay, ironstone, and shale mines of Great Britain and Ireland, about four fifths of whom were employed underground. These hardy gnomes detached and passed up to the surface nearly one hundred and twenty-seven million tons of coal, more than two million tons of fire clay, and nearly four hundred tons of shale, chiefly oil-producing. The number of persons employed during the previous year in the mines under the Metalliferous Mines Regulation Act in Great Britton and Ireland is returned at over 39,000, of whom about one-half only are engaged underground. The return of fatal accidents and deaths shows that at the mines under the Coal Mines Acts one fatal accident occurred amongst every 602 persons employed, and one death by accident amongst every 510, a death by accident for each 133,251 tons of coal raised, being a lower proportion than in the previous year, when the numbers were respectively 526 and 479. In the metalliferous district in the same year the deaths by accident were in the rate of 1 to every 614 men employed, much the larger number, as might be expected, occurring among the underground hands. In the class of metalliferous mines are included salt and several other mines, where other minerals beside those usually termed metallic ores are dug; and it is expected that before long, despite the opposition of the owners, the men employed in slate quarries will also be brought under the beneficent protection of the Act.

FIRE.—Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher (Inventor of the Patent Galvanic Chain Bands, Belts, &c., &c.) begs to inform his numerous Clients and Friends in Town and Country, that, through a fire which unfortunately occurred on Saturday May 22nd, in the upper portion of his premises, No. 194, Regent-street, W., the books containing the addresses of his many correspondents have been destroyed, therefore Mr. Pulvermacher asks the favour of such to put themselves in communication with him, in order that a fresh list of their present addresses may be at once prepared, to prevent delay in replying. The Business is not otherwise disturbed by the occurrence of the fire, and all communications will receive prompt and careful attention, as hitherto, at Mr. Pulvermacher's Galvanic Establishment, 194, Regent-street, London.—

"31, Taylor Street, Glasgow, Oct. 1, 1868.—I have tried Mr. Todd'sar Quinine Wine, and have found an excellent preparation as a tonic wherever such is required.—JAMES GIBSON, L.R.C.P.E., L.R.C.S.E." This elegant and renowned preparation of genuine quinine stands unsurpassed as the most reliable and pleasant medicine known in all cases of indigestion nervousness and neuralgia, and more especially in prostration after long sickness, where through its great strength and perfect purity it has gained the universal recommendation of the medical profession. The genuine is manufactured only by Joe Todd, Chemist, Carlisle, and bears his name on the Government stamp.

POWELL'S RHEUMATIC EMBROCATION FOR RHEUMATISM, RHEUMATIC GOUT, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA, etc. Its Marvellous Efficacy is attested by H.R.H. the Duke d' Aumale, the late Earl of Clarendon, the Right Hon. Frances Countess Waldegrave, the Right Hon. the Countess of Radnor, and many other eminent persons, copies of whose testimonials accompany each bottle. Being exclusively for outward use, its action is direct and speedy. Immediate relief attends its application, and all unpleasantness and frequent danger of internal remedies are avoided. Sold by all Chemists, Price 1s. 1½d. and 2s. 9d. Laboratory, 266, High Holborn, London.
385a

THE INVALID'S FRIEND—TODD'S QUNINE WINE—This elegant and reowned preparation of genuine English Quinine stands unsurpassed for purity, strength and flavour, and is universally approved by the Medical profession, as a valuable and wholesome bitter, an efficient tonic, and an unequalled stomachic. It has been tested by thousands, and proved to be one of the best, safest and most agreeable remedy known for indigestion, loss of appetite, tic or neuralgia, nervousness, scrofulous affections, ague, debility, spasms, and all derangements of the stomach. Manufactured only by Joe Todd, Chemist Carlisle.

In consequence of the unparalleled success attending the administration of Todd's Quinine Wine in cases of nervousness, debility, indigestion, and all stomach complaints, some unprincipled tradesmen for the sake of greater profit are endeavouring to deceive the public by offering spurious imitation at a low price. It is therefore abolutely necessary to ask for and have only Todd's Quinine Wine, and to see that the name of "Joe Todd" is upon the Government Stamp pasted over the cork of each bottle. Manufactured by Joe Todd, Chemist Carlisle.

Business Announcements.

GIVEN AWAY! GIVEN AWAY!! GIVEN AWAY!!!
BY THE
LONDON AND NEWCASTLE TEA CO.
17, WEST GRAINGER STREET,
AND 29, SANDHILL,
NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.

EVERY PURCHASER OF TEA has a choice of the following Articles:—Butter Dishes, Sugars and Creams, Vases, Teapots, Work Boxes, Jewel Bags, Copper Kettles, &c.
Prices of Tea:—2s. 6d., 2s. 8d., 3s., 3s. 6d., and 4s. per lb.
Finest Indian Tea Imported, 4s. per lb. 6235

WILLIAM FITZPATRICK,
TAILOR,
CATCHGATE, NEAR ANNFIELD PLAIN.

A FIRST-CLASS assortment of CLOTHS for the present season. A large assortment of FIT FLANNELS always on hand.

LOOK HERE! LOOK HERE!!
SHORTER HOURS FOR WOMEN.

BY using WILKINSON'S WASHING SOLUTION your Washing can be done in half the time without either Boiling or Rubbing.—Sold in Bottles, at Threepence each, by all respectable grocers.

HARMONIUMS! PIANOFORTES!!
CARR AND SMITH,
HARMONIUM DEALERS,
ANNFIELD PLAIN.

HARMONIUMS from £4 10s. to £80. PIANOFORTES from £20 to £100. Harmoniums exchanged.

FOR
WINES, SPIRITS, AND ALES
OF THE FINEST QUALITY,
GO TO
JOHN THOMPSON'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
WINE AND SPIRIT STORES,
LEADGATE.

OPENING OF A NEW WHOLESALE AND RETAIL SPIRIT STORE IN VICTORIA STREET, CONSETT.

JAMES DONNELLY

BEGS to inform his Friends and the Public generally that he has OPENED a Wholesale and Retail SPIRIT STORE, in Victoria Street, Consett, and, by keeping SCOTCH and IRISH WHISKEYS and other SPIRITS of Good Quality, he hopes to obtain their patronage and support.

TODD'S QUININE WINE
STANDS PRE-EMINENT FOR
PURITY AND STRENGTH.

IT is the best known remedy for Indigestion, Nervous Complaints, Debility, Wasting Diseases, &c., and is recommended by the Faculty.
TODD'S QUININE WINE strengthens the whole system. The genuine is manufactured only by JOE TODD, Chemist, Carlisle, and bears his name on the Government Stamp. Sold by all Chemists. Ask for and have only
TODD'S QUININE WINE.
Agents—W. Aynsley, Grocer, Middle Street, and D. Imrie, Chemist, Front Street, Consett; J. A. Curry, Grocer, Dipton; T. J. Muse, Castleside; and Joseph Robinson, Chemist, Stanley.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

WM. MIDDLEMASS,
Sole Agent for
WM. WHITELAW AND SON,
Brewers,
Fisher-row, Edinburgh.
THE CITY OF DUBLIN BREWERY CO.
(Limited),
Blackpits, Dublin.
ROBERTSON, SANDERSON, AND CO.,
Distillery Agents and Wine Importers,
Leith and Liverpool.
HAS REMOVED
To more Extensive Premises,
CENTRAL BUILDINGS,
161, WESTGATE ROAD,
NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE.

A FEW FACTS WORTH SPECIAL ATTENTION.

THAT our INDIAN TEA, at Four Shillings per pound, is really first-class.
That our INDIAN TEA, at Three Shillings and Sixpence per pound, is really good value.
That our NEW CURRANTS, at Fourpence per pound, are beautifully cleaned by patent machinery and ready for use.
That our PALE and MOTTLED SOAPS, at Threepence per pound, are the cheapest and best value in the district.
That OUR SHOP is noted for FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES and PROVISIONS generally, at remarkably low prices.

☞ THE ADDRESS—
NEWCASTLE TEA WAREHOUSE,
14, NEWMARKET STREET, CONSETT.
JAMES LAKE, PROPRIETOR.

2 AND 3, DELVES LANE, CONSETT,
COUNTY OF DURHAM.
GEORGE YOUNG,
Wholesale and Retail
ALE, PORTER, AND SPIRIT MERCHANT,

BEGS to return thanks to his Friends and the Public for their kind patronage and support during the last Fifteen Years he has been in Business, and trusts, that by his constant exertion and attention to the claims of his Customers and Friends, to merit a continuance of their favour. G. Y., having laid in a large Stock of the best Brands of
WINES AND SPIRITS,
is now prepared to compete with any house in the trade for Quality, Flavour, and Price.

LIST OF PRICES.
SPIRITS.
Brandy, from 3s. 6d. to 5s. 6d. per Bottle.
Whiskeys (Irish), from 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. per Bottle.
Whiskeys (Scotch), from 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. per Bottle.
Rum (Jamaica), from 2s. 8d. to 3s. 8d. per Bottle.
Gin (Geneva), from 4s. 6d. per Bottle.
Old Tom, from 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. per Bottle.
WINES AND CHAMPAGNE.
Wines—Port and Sherry, from 2s. 6d. to 5s. per Bottle.
Champagne, from 8s. 6d. to 18s. 6d. per Bottle.
BURTON AND EDINBURGH ALES.
Burton Ales at 4s. 6d. per Dozen Quarts.
Burton Ales at 3s. per Dozen Pints.
Edinburgh Ales at 3s. 9d. per Dozen Quarts.
Edinburgh Ales at 2s. 3d. per Dozen Pints.
LONDON AND DUBLIN STOUT.
London Stout at 4s. per Dozen Quarts.
London Stout at 2s. 3d. per Dozen Pints.
Dublin Stout at 4s. per Dozen Quarts.
Dublin Stout at 3s. per Dozen Pints.

☞ Orders will be punctually attended to, and delivered free of charge by G. Young's own Waggon.

Business Announcements.

JOHN BRYSON,
COACH AND HOUSE PAINTER, GLAZIER, &c.,
BEGS to inform his Friends and the Public generally that he has entered the Shop lately occupied by Mr. J. DAWSON, plumber, 6, VICTORIA STREET, CONSETT.
All Orders punctually attended to. 6926

MAIN AND ROBINSON,
MILLWRIGHTS AND ENGINEERS,
GIBSON STREET, CONSETT,
BEG to announce that they have commenced business as above, where they are prepared to execute all Mill Work, together with the Manufacture of Crushing Machines and Crusher and Endless Saws, Thrashing Machines, Reaping Machines, together with every description of Agricultural Implements. All orders promptly attended to. 6874

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THOMAS CRESSWELL,
BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,
RESPECTFULLY announces that he HAS NOW REMOVED from Middle Street to VICTORIA STREET, CONSETT, and trusts by Selling Boots and Shoes of good quality at moderate prices, together with strict attention to Business, to merit the continued support of his Friends and the public.
Repairing executed on the Premises.
Note the address—
THOMAS CRESSWELL,
BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,
VICTORIA STREET, CONSETT,
AND
DERWENT STREET, BLACKHILL. 6929

SHAW AND ATKINSON
Have now in Stock a Splendid Assortment of
HOLLAND COSTUMES,
From 8c. 11d. to 26s.
MANTILLAS,
FANCY DRESSES,
MILLINERY,
UMBRELLAS,
DRESS TRIMMINGS,
SATIN AND MOHAIR SKIRTS,
PRINTS,
SILK SCARFS, &c., &c.
Also, the Largest Assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING of every description in the District.

SHAW AND ATKINSON,
CONSETT, LEADGATE,
AND
ANNFIELD PLAIN.

NEW MILLINERY! NEW MILLINERY!! NEW MILLINERY!!!
A TREAT FOR CONSETT.
T. ROWE,
THE CHEAP DRAPER,
16, VICTORIA STREET,
BEGS to inform the people of Consett and surrounding district that he has brought for ready cash an entirely NEW STOCK of MILLINERY. Beautiful HATS and BONNETS in all the Newest Styles of the day.
SPECIAL NOTICE.—The above Department will be under the able management of Mrs. RALPH ORD, late of Middle Street, Consett, who will be glad to see any of her old friends.
NEW DRESSES in great variety. Hundreds to choose from at nominal prices.
NEW PRINTS, all beautiful patterns, from 3½d per yard; Hoyle's best, at 6d. per yard.
The Cheapest CALICOS in the World from 1¼d per yard.
NEW HOSIERY, GLOVES, TIES, COLLARS, LINEN SETTS, &c.
NEW SKIRTS in every make and style.
NEW FLOWERS, FEATHERS, RIBBONS, &c.
A special lot of TRIMMINGS, BUTTONS, RIBBONS, VELVETS, YAK LACE, &c. This is a rare chance for Dressmakers, who will be supplied at the lowest London Wholesale Prices.
READY MADES! READY MADES!! READY MADES!!!
New arrival of Men's, Youth's and Boys' READY-MADE CLOTHING, suitable for the present Season, at most reasonable prices.
The largest and best assorted STOCK of ALLOA YARNS, WOOLS, and WORSTEDS in Consett.
NOTICE.—Agent for ALEXANDER ELDER, Dyer and Cleaner, Newcastle. Goods Dyed and Cleaned on the shortest Notice, and on reasonable terms.
Note the address—
THOMAS ROWE,
16, VICTORIA STREET, CONSETT. 6927

Business Announcements.

THIS Space is reserved by Mr. THOMAS SWAINSTON, Grocer, Consett, for his Trade Announcements.

GREAT SHOW OF NEW GOODS.

JOHN POTTS,
DRAPER AND CLOTHIER,
MIDDLE STREET, CONSETT,

IS now showing, in the various departments of his business, all the Latest and Leading Styles.

Having made extensive purchases for the Spring and Summer Trades, he is satisfied that at no previous Season he could offer anything like the class of Goods he is now prepared to show.

In connection with the SILK and DRESS Department, he is prepared to make up LADIES' DRESSES and MANTLES in all the present Styles, on the shortest notice.

The Stock comprises BLACK and COLOURED SILKS, FANCY DRESSES, MERINOES, REPPS, MOHAIRS, CHALLIES, BROCADES, &c.

All the Latest Fashions in MILLINERY, BONNETS, HATS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS, ORNAMENTS, &c.

LADIES' FANCY GOODS of every description.

HOYLE'S PRINTS, this year's new patterns. CALICOES, FLANNELS, TABLE LINEN, CARPETS, FELTS, and MATTINGS.

The largest Stock of BOOTS in the district.

A large Stock of BOYS' SUITS, bought expressly for EASTER. MEN and BOYS' SUITS, TROUSERS, VESTS, COATS &c.

The Newest Makes in SILK and FELT HATS, CAPS, &c.

SUITS, &c., made to Order on the shortest notice.

Agent for the EUROPEAN SEWING and KNITTING MACHINES.
Also, HOWE'S, SINGER'S, WHEELER AND WILSON'S, FLORENCE, &c. SEWING MACHINES.
☞ A few Second-hand MACHINES in Stock for Sale.

JOHN POTTS,
DRAPER AND CLOTHIER,
MIDDLE STREET, CONSETT. 6725

W. F. TAIT,
PRACTICAL WATCH AND CLOCKMAKER,
31, VICTORIA STREET, CONSETT,
BEGS to return thanks to the Inhabitants of Consett and its Vicinity for the liberal support he has received since he has resided amongst them, and hopes by civility and strict attention to business to still merit a share of their patronage. W. F. T. begs to remind them that all kinds of ENGLISH and FOREIGN WATCHES and CLOCKS are Repaired and Cleaned on the premises under his own supervision; and any Orders he may be favoured with will be done in a workmanlike manner, and on the most reasonable terms.
Orders from the Country punctually attended to.

SPRING FASHIONS
AT
JACOB DOWSON'S,
BLACKHILL.

AN excellent assortment of CASHMERE CAPES and Sleeveless JACKETS, Beaded and Trimmed with Yak Lace, from 4s. 11d. to 30s. each.
A large lot of FANCY SKIRTS—all the New Designs from 3s. 11d.
The Newest Styles in Ladies' and Children's STRAW HATS, FLOWERS, and FEATHERS in great variety.
RIBBONS in all the New Shades.
COLLARS and CUFFS.
LACE COLLARS.
FANCY SILK TIES.
BELTS and SATCHELS.
A large delivery of SPRING CLOTHING.
TROUSERS and VESTS from 18s. 6d. to 30s.
Men's COATS, 21s. to 35s. each.
Gents SUITS, 55s. each. 6846

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO THE LADIES OF CONSETT AND DISTRICT.

JOHN POTTS,
DRAPER, &c.,
MIDDLE STREET, CONSETT,
HAS much pleasure in intimating to his friends and customers that he has succeeded, at considerable expense, in obtaining the services of Miss JOHNSTONE, as Practical DRESS and MANTLE-MAKER, and is therefore now in a position to execute in every detail all Orders with which he may be entrusted.
Miss J. having had considerable experience in Dress and Mantle-Making, will be glad to wait upon Ladies who may desire her services, at their own residences.
☞ Ladies' own Materials made-up. 6726

J. BATES
HOUSE CARPENTER, JOINER, UNDERTAKER, HARDWAREMAN,
HARVEY STREET, CONSETT. 6758

JOHN JENKINS
AUCTIONEER,
HOUSE AGENT, AND APPRAISER
TRAFALGAR STREET CONSETT.

PARTIES leaving the Neighbourhood can have their Furniture, &c., turned into Cash on the shortest notice. 660a

HALF MOON YARD HORSE REPOSITORY,
BIGG MARKET, NEWCASTLE.

SALES BY AUCTION every TUESDAY and SATURDAY at Two p.m. of HORSES, CARRIAGES, DOGS, &c., by W. SUTTON, Auctioneer and Proprietor.
NOTICE.—All Entries free of charge if not sold (Dogs excepted).
Accommodation for Horses at Livery.
Horses Let on Job. 6847

JOHN COLE,
Late of the Queen's Head,
CONSETT,
BEGS to acquaint his Friends and the Public that he has commenced business on his own account at Front Street, Leadgate, as A. L. E. PORTER, and SPIRIT MERCHANT, where he will supply Spirits of the Finest Quality in Bottles or Jars.
BURTON and EDINBURGH ALES, from noted Brewers, in Casks from 9 to 36 Gallons, at reasonable prices.
Delivered by his own waggon.
Orders by Post promptly attended to. 6927

OPENING OF THE CENTRAL EXCHANGE
FISH, GAME, AND POULTRY
EMPORIUM,
TOP OF GREY STREET, NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE.

The above premises ARE NOW OPEN
With a Magnificent Display of
FISH, GAME, AND POULTRY
(In Season.)
Family Orders promptly attended to.
Country Fishmongers supplied.

A. K. BAINES, MANAGER. 6917

RECOMMENDED BY THE FACULTY.

ROBINSON'S EFFERVESCING VEGETABLE APERIENT is the best Remedy for Bilious Attacks, Sick Headache, Vomiting, Heartburn, Constipation, Impure Blood, Skin Eruptions, Giddiness, &c.
No one should be without it, as it purifies and invigorates the blood, thus acting as a preventative of Small Pox, &c.
Sold retail by all Chemists, in bottles 2s. 3d. each; wholesale, JOHN ISMAY, Newcastle.
Prepared only by JOSEPH ROBINSON, Chemist, Stanley. 6887

Business Announcements.

B. MOODY
WATCH-MAKER, ROCHESTER.

MR. JOHN QUINN,
AUCTIONEER,
CATCHGATE, NEAR ANNFIELD PLAIN.
By Linta Green, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the GAME over the Estates of Priestfield, Linta Green, and Loft House, is strictly PRESERVED. Anyone found Trespassing will be prosecuted according to law. 8314

JOHNSON ROBSON,
PAINTER, GLAZIER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.,
40, DURHAM ROAD, BLACKHILL.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT of PAPER HANGINGS. 6919

P. OSBORNE,
AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER,
FRONT STREET,
SHOTLEY BRIDGE.
☞ Valuations effected for Probate, &c. 227

THOMAS CRESSWELL,
BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,
FRONT STREET, LEADGATE,
HAS OPENED the Shop adjoining Mr. John James, Draper, for the Sale of his
NOTED BOOTS AND SHOES,
And requests the favour of an early call from those who desire to purchase a good article at a moderate price.

J. PARKER'S
CHEAP JEWELLERY ESTABLISHMENT,
2, FRONT STREET, CONSETT.
LADIES' and Gents' Silver Watches, from 30s., warranted. Gents' New Albert Chains, 3s. 6d. Eight-day Spring Clocks, from 21s., warranted. A large Stock of Cheap Ornaments. Wall Papers and Pictures for Sale.
Portrait Gallery open for the Season. 7007

SHOTLEY BRIDGE AND CONSETT DISTRICT GAS COMPANY.
TO FARMERS AND OTHERS.
OWING to want of space, the Gas Company will dispose of about 60 Tons of GAS LIME, free, to be Carted away before the end of June. Apply at the Gas Works.

BLACKETT STREET TEA AND GROCERY WAREHOUSE,
91 & 93, BLACKETT STREET,
NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.
JAMES JOHNSON, Family Grocer and Tea Dealer. Teas, Coffees, and Spices of the Choicest quality. Good Useful Teas from 2s. per pound. Coffees, 1s. per pound. Household Soaps from 3d. per pound. All kinds of Drysaltery Goods cheap and of the best quality. Hotels and families supplied at wholesale prices.
TERMS—CASH. 870

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

JOHN DAWSON,
PLUMBER AND GAS FITTER,
RESPECTFULLY returns his sincere thanks to his Friends and the Public of Consett and surrounding district, for the patronage already accorded to him, and begs to intimate that he has now
REMOVED
To more commodious premises,
No. 7, SHAKESPEARE STREET,
(below the Town Hall)
CONSETT,
Where he has always on hand a large assortment of Chandeliers, Water Closets, Spouting and Gas Fittings.

IMPORTANT SALE OF CARRIAGES AND HARNESS.

OWING to intended Alterations and Improvements of Premises occupied by
ATKINSON AND PHILIPSON,
NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE,
ESTABLISHED 1794,
They are anxious to reduce their Stock of Carriages previous to commencing the Alterations, and, as an inducement to Purchasers, they propose reducing the price of their
SECOND-HAND CARRIAGES and HARNESS
£10 per Cent. beyond the usual £5 per Cent., for Cash, FOR THE NEXT THREE MONTHS.
As their present large Stock of Carriages and Harness must be reduced before commencing the Alterations, which, when made, will make their establishment more compact and convenient.
The Carriages for Sale comprise almost every possible variety at present in use.
N.B.—A Book of New Designs of Carriages and Harness sent (post free) upon application. 7009

THE RIGHT THING AT LAST.

THE EAGLE BOOT COMPANY'S WHOLESALE SHOE MANUFACTURER'S RETAIL BRANCH SHOP AT CONSETT.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—Seeing the necessity in your district for a Good, Useful, and Cheap Shoe Shop, the Eagle Boot Company have opened a Branch Retail Shop in Consett, where you can have any Goods at Wholesale Prices.
Everything that can be done shall be done to secure your favours, in every Branch of the Trade.

	s.	d.
A good and gentlemanly looking pair of Elastic Boots	5	6
A good Working Boot (strong)	7	6
Ladies' Elastic Boots (calf)	3	6
" Block Kid Boots, lady looking	6	6

Both Ladies' and Gentlemen's up to 16s.
Children's in proportion.

REPAIRING DEPARTMENT.
Your Shoes mended at once.

Boots brought to Repair at	9	o'clock	done at	12	
"	"	"	12	"	3
"	3	"	"	"	7

Punctuality will have the greatest attention.
N.B.—Note the address,
THE EAGLE BOOT COMPANY,
SHAKESPEARE STREET, CONSETT,
G. ROYCE & CO., Proprietors,
6958 Leicester and Mansfield.

DRAPERIES! DRAPERIES!! DRAPERIES!!!
DRAPERIES!!!!
DRAPERIES!!!!
R. PICKERING,
LINEN AND WOOLLEN DRAPER,
20, NEWMARKET STREET, CONSETT;
BEGS most respectfully to inform the inhabitants of Consett and the surrounding District, that he is in a position to offer all that may patronise him, with very cheap DRAPERY GOODS of all kinds, from an entire new Stock, which has been recently bought at some of the Best and Cheapest Markets. The Stock comprises—Blankets, Flannels, Quilts, Sheets, Sheetings, Hollands, Diapers, Calicoes, Shirts, Shirtings, Linseys, Wincys, Black and Coloured Cable and Fancy Cords, Black and Coloured Merinoes, Black and Coloured Alpacas, Black and Coloured Thibets, Fast Dyes Materials of all kinds, Silks, Velvets, Crapes, Velveteens, Ribbons, Feathers, Flowers, Gloves, Ties, Scarfs, Collars, Cuffs, Frills, Frillings, Stays, Corsets, Mantels, Capes, Black and White Dress Caps, Scotch and Muslin Work, Black and White Laces, Fringes and Gimps, Yak Laces, Silk and Alpaca Umbrellas.
CHILDREN'S.
Coats and Capes, Frocks and Pinafores, Silk and Satin Hoods, Velvet and Cloth Turbans, White Robes, Boots and Shoes.
READY-MADES.
Men's Suits, Moleskin and Cord Trousers, Drawers, Flannel, Serge, Twill Cotton, and Swansdown, Hats and Caps, Ties, Collars, and Fronts.
Boots and Shoes.
Ladies' Underclothing of every description.
Scotch Wools of various kinds, etc.
R.P. would take this opportunity of assuring all that may visit him that he will supply them with Drapery of all kinds at most reasonable prices, as it will be his daily study to serve all to the best of his ability.
An inspection is invited to the above STOCK on Sale at
20, NEWMARKET STREET, CONSETT.

Public Notices.

LOOK OUT for the MECHANICS' PIC-NIC, at DIPTON, on SATURDAY, 17th July, 1875. 7068

42 is the WINNING NUMBER of the QUILT disposed of by Lottery at 470, Leadgate. 7042

48 is the WINNING NUMBER of the MODEL HORSE, in Case, disposed of by Lottery, at Leadgate, on Thursday, June 17, 1875. 7053

LOOK OUT for the FORESTERS' GALA and SPORTS, at TANTOBIE, on June 26th, 1875. ☞ No Carts or Stalls allowed on the Grounds.

LOOK OUT! LOOK OUT!! for DERWENT and WESTWOOD SPORTS at MEDOMSLEY, on SATURDAY, 24th July, 1875. 7058

LOOK OUT for the LEADGATE BRASS BAND PIC-NIC and SPORTS, at REDWELL HILLS, on SATURDAY, June 26th, 1875.

LOOK OUT for the WEST STANLEY LODGE OF ANCIENT SHEPHERDS' TEA and SPORTS on July 24th, 1875.—For further particulars see handbills. 7029

BANDMASTER.

THE BANDMASTER of a First-class Prize Brass Band is open to accept an Engagement. Highest References and Testimonials.—Address, in first instance, to BANDMASTER, *Guardian* Office, Consett. 7065

BEAMISH, PONTOP, AND CONSETT AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE SEVENTH ANNUAL SHOW of this Society will be held at BIRTLEY, on WEDNESDAY, August 25th, 1875, when upwards of £400, in Plate and Money Prizes, will be offered for Competition.

Prize Lists and Forms of Entry may be had on application to

JOHN RICHARDS, GEORGE RIDLEY, } Secretaries.

Beamish, 24th June, 1875. 7067

I.U.O. OF MECHANICS.

THE MEMBERS of the "Rising Sun" Lodge, Sunniside, will celebrate their SIXTEENTH ANNIVERSARY by a SOIREE, on SATURDAY, July 31st, 1875, consisting of a Public Tea, Concert, and Ball, in the Field where the Marley Hill Soiree has always been held, and with the same class of entertainment.—For particulars, see handbills.

MATTHEW ERRINGTON, Sec., Marley Colliery.

7066

KYO PIG SHOW.

COTTAGERS WITHIN A RADIUS OF THREE MILES.

BEST FAT PIG (under 12 Months old)—1st prize, £1 5s.; 2nd, 15s.; 3rd, 10s.

OPEN CLASS.

Best Breeding Sow—1st Prize, £1 5s.; 2nd, 15s.; 3rd, 10s.

Entrance for each Class, 1s. 6988

RACE WEDNESDAY AND THURSDAY.

HAMSTERLEY FETE AND GALA.

LINTZ GREEN STATION, CONSETT BRANCH.

EXTENSIVE PARK, WOODS, & WATERFALLS

SPORTS of all kinds with Prizes. Band and Dancing. Refreshments.

Admission to the Grounds—Adults, 6d.; Children, 3d. Schools, 3d., if Tickets are taken before June 24th.—Apply to JOHN G. EAST, 7, Side, Newcastle.

Arrangements have been made for the Running of a BRAKE from Shotley Bridge and Ebchester in the Morning and returning in the Evening. 6975

THE LICENSING ACTS, 1872—1874.

ADDITIONAL EXCISE LICENSE,—BEER OFF.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Iveston, in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may Concern.

I, JOHN COLE, now residing at Leadgate, in the Township of Iveston, in the County of Durham, Wholesale Beer Dealer, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the Special Sessions for Licensing purposes, to be holden at the JUSTICE-ROOM, in LANCHESTER, on the Eighth day of July next, for an additional Excise License to Sell, by Retail, at a House situate at Leadgate, aforesaid, Beer to be consumed off the Premises, in pursuance of the Acts, 26th and 27th Vic., cap. 33, sec. 1, and 37th and 38th Vic., cap. 49, sec. 31.

Given under my hand this 11th day of June, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy five.

JOHN COLE.

7047

THE LICENSING ACTS, 1872—1874.

ADDITIONAL EXCISE LICENSE,—BEER OFF.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO APPLY FOR JUSTICES' CERTIFICATE.

To the Overseers of the Poor of the Township of Conside and Knitsley in the County of Durham, and to the Superintendent of Police of the West Division of Chester Ward, in the said County of Durham, and to all whom it may concern.

I, JOHN POUNDER, now residing at Foundry Row, Blackhill, in the Township of Conside and Knitsley, in the County of Durham, Wholesale Beer Dealer, DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE, that it is my intention to apply at the Special Sessions for Licensing purposes, to be holden at the JUSTICE ROOM, in LANCHESTER, on the Eighth day of July next, for an additional Excise License to Sell, by Retail, at a house situate at Foundry Row, Blackhill, aforesaid, Beer to be consumed off the Premises, in pursuance of the Acts, 26th and 27th Vic., cap. 33, sec. 1, and 37th and 38th Vic., cap. 49, sec. 31.

Given under my hand this 10th day of June, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Seventy-five.

JOHN POUNDER.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS REGISTRATION ACT, 1874.

THE following places and times have been appointed by the Registrar for the requirements of Registration:—

First TUESDAY in each Month, at Mrs CHRISTOPHER'S, Blackhill, from Nine a.m. to Eleven a.m.

First TUESDAY in each Month, at the LOCAL BOARD-ROOM, Consett, from Twelve noon to Two p.m.

First TUESDAY in each Month, at Mr LAIDLOW'S, 119, Leadgate, from Three p.m. to Five p.m.

Second MONDAY in each Month, at Mrs MARY ROBSON'S, Medomsley, from Nine a.m. to Ten a.m.

Second MONDAY in each Month, at Mr STOKER'S, Westwood Colliery, from Eleven a.m. to Two p.m.

Second MONDAY in each Month, at Mr WILLIAM CHARLTON'S, Ebchester Hill, from Three p.m. to Five p.m.

Second TUESDAY in each Month, at Mr WALTON'S, Castleside, from Two p.m. to Four p.m.

First FRIDAY in each Month, at Mr WILSON'S, Satley, from One p.m. to Three p.m.

Second FRIDAY in each Month, at Mr THOMAS HUNTER'S, Annfield Plain Wood Cottages, from Ten a.m. to Twelve noon.

Third MONDAY in each Month, at Mr JACKSON'S, National School, Holmside, from Eleven a.m to One p.m.

First MONDAY in each Month, at Mr THOMAS WAUGH'S, Hill Top, from Eight a.m. to Ten a.m.

First MONDAY in each Month, at Mr COCKBRILL'S, Quebec, from Eleven a.m. to One p.m.

First MONDAY in each Month, at Mr SIDDELL'S, Old Cornsay, from Three p.m. to Five p.m.

At my OFFICE, Lanchester, on WEDNESDAYS, from Eleven a.m. to Four p.m.; and SATURDAYS, from Eleven a.m. to Four p.m.

It is now compulsory for all persons to attend on the Registrar under pain of prosecution.

JOHN JAMES THOMPSON,
Registrar of Births and Deaths for the Sub-district of Lanchester.

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

THE LEADGATE BRASS BAND will perform a selection of Operatic, Sacred, and Dance Music in MR. TEASDALE'S FIELD, CONSETT, every Saturday, commencing on SATURDAY FIRST, June 19th, 1875, from Five o'clock till Half-past Eight p.m., until further notice, weather permitting.

Admission, Twopence. 7045

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1858.

LEADGATE LOCAL BOARD.

IN PURSUANCE of the 60th Section of the Local Government Act, 1858, I DO HEREBY GIVE NOTICE that JAMES RADFORD, Esquire, will attend at the Board-room, Leadgate, on FRIDAY, the Ninth day of July, next coming, at Ten o'clock in the Forenoon of the same day, for the purpose of Auditing the Accounts relative to, and connected with the said Board, and that Seven Days previous to the said Audit, all Books of Account, Contracts, Bills, or Receipts, or other Documents therewith connected, mentioned, or referred to in such Accounts, will be deposited at the Board-room aforesaid, and may be inspected thereat, on application, between the hours of Ten a.m. and Four p.m. by all persons interested therein, who are at liberty to take copies thereof, and extracts therefrom, without Fee or Reward.

Given under my hand this Eighteenth day of June, 1875.

M. COUPLAND,
Clerk to the Board.

7037

OPENING OF THE NEW ORGAN IN THE WESLEYAN CHAPEL, CONSETT.

ON THURSDAY, July 1st, 1875, the Services in connection with the DEDICATION OF THE ORGAN will be commenced at Half-past Three o'clock. The following gentlemen are expected to take part in the proceedings:—Rev. J. BUSH, Chairman of the District; Rev. F. STEGGALL, Vicar of Consett; T. A. POTTS, Esq., of Newcastle; and the Circuit Ministers.

A PUBLIC TEA will be provided in the SCHOOL-ROOM, NELSON STREET, from Half-past Four till Six o'clock. Tickets for the Tea, One Shilling each, to be had from Messrs. J. W. DAVISON, D IMRIE, J. POTTS, J. LAKE, and at the Door.

The Rev. J. BUSH will preach in the Chapel at Half-past Six o' clock.

On SUNDAY, July 4th, the Rev. R. STEPNEY, of Bishop Auckland, and late of Shotley Bridge Circuit, will preach in the Morning at Half-past Ten and Evening at Six o'clock.

Mr. NICHOLSON, of Newcastle, will preside at the Organ on each occasion.

☞ A Collection will be made at the close of each Service in aid of the Organ Fund. 7064

Lost.

LOST or STOLEN from WOODLANDS, several FANCY PIGEONS. Anyone giving information leading to the conviction of the thieves will be liberally rewarded.—Apply to Mr. HAANSBERGEN, Woodlands, near Consett. 7056

To Lend.

LOANS AND MORTGAGES.—Money to lend in sums of £50 and upwards, on personal security, at 5 per cent. per annum interest, repayable in one to seven years. Also several sums upon mortgage of freeholds and leaseholds from 3½ per cent. Terms 10 to 21 years. No commission charged. Apply to Messrs. BEVAN, 10, Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, W.C., personally (preferred) or by letter.—N.B.—Interest is payable half-yearly, and is not required in advance. 6929

Contracts.

TO MASONS.

TENDERS are invited for the MASON WORK only of an ENGINE-HOUSE for the Consett Iron Company, Limited, at their Blackhill Colliery.

Plans and Specification may be seen at the Colliery Office, Leadgate. 7037

TO BUILDERS AND OTHERS.

WANTED, Tenders for the ERECTION of a HOUSE at Leadgate. The lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted. Plan and Specifications may be seen on application to GEO. HAWDON, Pont Terrace, Leadgate.

TO BUILDERS AND OTHERS.

WANTED, Tenders for the ERECTION of a Six-Roomed HOUSE, at Castleside. Plans and Specifications may be seen, and Tenders in writing will be received, up to the 21st June, at the house of JOHN RIPLEY, Castleside. The lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted.

TO BUILDERS.

PERSONS desirous of Tendering for the whole or any part of the WORKS required in the ERECTION of a United Methodist Free Church, at Dipton, County of Durham, may obtain all particulars of Mr. JAMES GRAY, 56, South Medomsley Cottages, Dipton, by whom Tenders will be received up to the 10th July, 1875. The lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted.

Dipton, 16th June, 1865. 7031

COAL LEADING.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE ANNFIELD PLAIN GAS COMPANY, LIMITED, invite Tenders for the CARTAGE OF COAL to their Works at Kyo. Particulars may be obtained on application at the Works. Sealed Tenders, endorsed "Tender for Coal Leading," and addressed to the Chairman of the Company, will be received by me on or before the 3rd of July, 1875.

WM. HENRY RITSON, Secretary.

Kyo, by Lintz Green,
June 16th, 1875. 7038

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

THE CONSETT IRON COMPANY (LIMITED) invite Tenders for the ERECTION of a Viewer's House at Medomsley.

Plans and Specifications can be seen on application to Mr. HEDLEY, Medomsley, near Ebchester Station; or to Mr. J. GRAHAM, Architect, Tow Law.

Sealed Tenders to be addressed to the Consett Iron Company (Limited), Blackhill, R.S.O., Durham, on or before the 2nd July next.

The lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted.

Consett Ironworks,
15th June, 1875. 7052

THE CONSETT LOCAL BOARD invite Tenders—

First—For the Erection of about 250 Yards of Fencing, marked "Fencing;"

Second—The Cutting and Laying a Sewer from Mount Pleasant towards the Brickworks, and lifting and re-laying about 90 Yards of Sewer in Church Street—marked "Sewer."

Plans and Specifications may be seen at the Board-room, on and after MONDAY, the 21st inst.

Tenders, addressed "Consett Local Board, Consett," will be received up to MONDAY, July 5th.

The Board do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By order of the Board,
JOHN ELLIOTT, Clerk.

Local Board Office, Consett,
17th June, 1875. 7046

TO BUILDERS, CONTRACTORS, DRYWALLERS, &c.

EXTENSION OF TIME.

TO LET, the BUILDING of a Superintendent's HOUSE and about 1,100 Lineal Yards of RUBBLE WALLING, at the Smiddy Shaw Reservoir of the Consett Water Company. Time unlimited. The Contractor to find all material and labour.

The Contractor will be allowed the use of the Company's Railways and Waggons until the completion of the work.

Forms of Tender and all particulars may be had on application to Mr. J. E. HANNAH, on the Works, at Waskerley, and Tenders must be delivered to him on or before the 24th day of June, 1875.

The lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,
JOHN GLEDSTONE,
Secretary.

Secretary's Office Consett,
June 9th, 1875.

LOOK OUT for the NINTH ANNUAL SPORTS and PIC-NIC at EDMONDBYERS, on SATURDAY, June 26th, 1875. 7024

For Sale.

FOR SALE, at High Woodside, near Iveston, a Young POINTER DOG. 7054

FOR SALE, a Pure-bred Black BERKSHIRE BOAR, Two years old.—Apply to JOHN WHITFIELD, Low Town, Greencroft Park. 6977

GOOD SAND FOR SALE at 1s. 6d. per Load.—Apply to Mr. ROBERT HENDERSON, Blacksmith, Catchgate. 6925

FREEHOLD BUILDING SITES FOR SALE, pleasantly situated.—Apply to JOSEPH PORTER, Boundary Cottage, by Lintz Green. 7026

FOR SALE, BY PRIVATE CONTRACT, 20 Strong SHOTT PIGS.—Apply to G. BLAIR, Knitsley Mill. 7061

FOR SALE, a WOOD HOUSE, 15 feet by 8 feet; also a DOG-KENNEL, 3 feet by 2 feet.—Apply to WILLIAM RICHARDSON, 30, Durham Road, Blackhill. 7060

FOR SALE, Two In-calving HEIFERS and One Newly-calved COW (Irish).—Apply to JOSEPH ANDERSON, Hurbuck, or JAMES ELLISON, China Hall Farm.

HARMONIUM FOR SALE, English make, two Keyboards, cost 50 Guineas. Will be sold for half-price, being replaced by an Organ, in the Consett Wesleyan Chapel.—Apply to Mr. JOHN PESCOD or Mr. J. W. DAVISON, Consett. 7023

FOR SALE BY PRIVATE CONTRACT, Two COTTAGES and ODDFELLOWS' HALL, and BUILDING SITES for Five good Cottages, situate at Annfield Plain. Offers will be received up to June 19, 1875.—For full particulars apply to J. AMBLER and J. SIMPSON, Annfield Plain. 6985

FOR SALE, BY TENDER, a Good DWELLING-HOUSE, situate in Durham Road, Blackhill, containing Eight Rooms and other outdoor appurtenances; a Painter's Shop, with a large Yard, in the occupation of James Lovat, painter; and a Joiner's Shop, in the occupation of John Lamb, joiner and cartwright. These are commodious premises, and suitable for Builders, Ale and Porter Merchants, Hackney Coach Proprietors, &c.

Also, at Cutlers' Hal, near Highgate, Two COTTAGES, Two Rooms each, one story high, with Outoffices and Gardens back and front, in the occupation of Messrs. Robert Laing and John Dowsey.

Offers by Tender will be received up to TUESDAY, July 14th, 1875, by THOMAS LONGSTAFF, Leadgate.

Sales by Auction.

By Mr. J. Murray.

VALUABLE FREEHOLD PROPERTY FOR SALE SITUATE AT MOUNT PLEASANT CONSETT.

MR. JOHN MURRAY is instructed to SELL BY AUCTION, on MONDAY, July 5, 1875, at the QUEEN'S HEAD, CONSETT, all those Five SHOPS with Good DWELLING-HOUSES attached; also a Stable with Joiner's Shop above. These premises are now let at a Yearly Rental of £105.

Sale at Seven o'clock p.m. 7063

By J. S. Thubron.

LUNSHOUSE LANE, NEAR IVESTON IN THE COUNTY OF DURHAM.

FOR SALE BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at the house of Mr. JOSEPH TOWNS, Innkeeper, Lanchester, on MONDAY, June 28th, 1875, at Two o'clock in the Afternoon,

Mr. J. S. THUBRON, Auctioneer,

(In Lots to suit Purchasers, subject to such conditions as shall then be read,) all those Five Substantially Built FREEHOLD COTTAGES with the Outbuildings and Appurtenances, situate at Lunsheuse Lane, near Iveston, in the County of Durham. Also the Orchard adjoining the same, containing about 266 square yards or thereabouts. Also all that piece of Ground now used as a Potato Garth adjoining the same, containing an area of about 524 square yards or thereabouts. Also all that piece of Ground situate at Lunshouse Lane aforesaid, containing an area of about 420 square yards or thereabouts. The same is now used as a Potato Garth. Also, all that other piece or parcel of Land situate at Lunshouse Lane aforesaid, containing an area of about 359 square yards or thereabouts, as the same is now used as a Potato Garth.

The whole of the above Premises are in the occupation of the East Castle Coal Company.

The respective Tenants will show the Premises, and further particulars obtained on application to the AUCTIONEER, 3, Deane Terrace, Southwick, Sunderland; H. J. MARSHALL, Solicitor, Durham; or W. MARSHALL and SON, Solicitors, Durham. 7049

By Mr Joseph Oley.

SHOTLEY BRIDGE.

TO INNKEEPERS AND OTHERS.

TO BE SOLD BY AUCTION at the BRIDGE END, SHOTLEY BRIDGE, on MONDAY, June 28th, 1875, part of the HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and BAR UTENSILS belonging to the late Mr. Wm. Beckwith, deceased,

MR. JOSEPH OLEY, Auctioneer,

Comprising; 1 Iron French Bedstead and Mattress; 1 Camp Bedstead; 1 Twenty-four-hour Clock, in oak case; 1 Kitchen Table, with two drawers in front; 1 do., with oak frame; 1 Taproom Table, 5ft. by 3ft. 8in.; 1 do., 7ft. by 2ft. 4in.; 1 small Taproom Table; 1 Trestle Table, 12ft., with 6 trestles, 2 new Forms. 9ft. 6in.; 1 do., 8ft. 6in.; 1 do., 7ft.; Dressing Table and Chamber Ware; 6 Cane-bottomed Bedroom Chairs; 4 Kitchen Chairs; 1 Smoking Chair; Plate Warmer, lined with tin; 2 Fenders; Poss Tub; Pewter and Tin Ale and Spirit Measures; 6 Hot-water Jugs; a number of Sugar Crushers; a large quantity of Ale, Spirit, and Wine Glasses; large and small Trays; several dozens of quart, pint, and half-pint Jugs, &c., &c.; also a new Woodman's Felling Axe.

N.B.—The principal part of the above articles are new, and have only been in use a short time. 7028

Sale to commence at Two o'clock in the Afternoon.

By Mr. John Jenkins.

GREAT SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AT DIPTON.

MR. JOHN JENKINS will SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on TUESDAY, June 29th, 1875, at the house of Mr. ROBERT CLARK, Sportsmen's Arms, Dipton, a large quantity of New HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, removed for convenience of sale, comprising—3 Chests of Drawers; Mahogany Bookcase; 2 Desk Bedsteads; 1 Chefflonier do.; 3 Round Tables; 1 Square do.; 3 Easy Chairs; 2 Couches; 1 Sofa; 1 Longsettle; 6 Kitchen Chairs; 3 Arm Chairs; 3 Iron Bedsteads and Mattresses; 1 Four-poled Bedstead; 10 pairs of Blankets; Hearthrugs; Matting; Oilcloth; Fenders and Fireirons; Pans and Kettles; Brushes of every description; together with a large assortment of other goods too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at One o'clock. 7051

TOWN HALL SALE-ROOM, CONSETT.

MR. JOHN JENKINS will SELL BY AUCTION, at the above SALE-ROOM, on MONDAY, June 28, 1875, a large quantity of First-class HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and Miscellaneous Effects, comprising—1 very handsome Mahogany Loo Table; Mahogany Pembroke Tables; 2 Tea Tables; 2 Mahogany Half-Chests of Drawers; Mahogany Lobby Drawers; Bedroom Drawers; Dressing Chest Drawers; Mahogany Couches and Sofas, in Hair-seating; 6 Mahogany Bolloon-backed Chairs, in Hair-seating; 2 Mahogany Easy Chairs, in Hair-seating; 12 Smoking Chairs, nearly new; 12 Polished Chairs; 12 Cane Chairs; 1 handsome Half-Tester Mahogany Bedstead; Camp and Four-poled Bedsteads; Desk Bedsteads; several French and Half-Tester Iron Bedsteads; 2 splendid Mahogany Bookcases; Washstands and Dressing Tables; 2 noble Mantlepiece Mirrors, in Gilt Frames; 1 excellent Eight-day Clock; 2 superior Timepieces; 2 Feather Beds; 1 Down Bed; 2 Flock Beds; and a quantity of Bedding; 1 full-sized Bagatelle Table; 2 Mattresses; Carpets and Hearthrugs; 1 double Perambulator; Fenders and Fireirons; 2 Rocking Chairs; a quantity of useful Hardware; Electro-plated Tea and Coffee Services; Metal Pans; several very handsomely framed Steel Engravings and Oil Paintings; together with all the usual Kitchen Requisites, Earthenware, Pots, Pans, and Cooking Utensils.

Sale to commence at One o'clock p.m. precisely.

LOOK OUT for the NINTH ANNUAL SPORTS and PIC-NIC at EDMONDBYERS, on SATURDAY, June 26th, 1875. 7024

To Let.

TO LET, GRAZING for Two or Three Cattle.—Apply to the *Guardian* Office. 7041

Wanted.

WANTED, at once, a Good Strong BOY, about 16 years of age, as an APPRENTICE to the DRAPERY.—Apply to R. PICKERING, 20, Newmarket Street, Consett. 7050

TO JOINERS.

WANTED, Four Good JOINERS.—Apply to WM. KNOX, Builder, Mount Pleasant, Consett.

STONEBREAKERS WANTED to Break about 1,000 Tones of Limestone between Lintz Green, Medomsley, Consett, and Leadgate.—Apply to THOMAS ROBINSON, Church Street, Consett.

WANTED, Good GENERAL SERVANTS.—Apply at Miss ATKINSON'S, Register Office, 14, Bensham Road, opposite the Catholic Church, Gateshead.

WANTED, 20 to 30 Good DRYWALLERS, at the Smiddy Shaw Reservoir of the Consett Water Works Company. Good wages.—Apply to Mr. J. E. HANNAH, on the Works, at Waskerley, near Darlington.

WANTED, a Steady MARRIED MAN, as GROOM, where Cows are kept, to assist in the Garden, and make himself generally useful. Wife to assist in washing, &c., occasionally.—For reference, apply to office of this paper. 7040

Local and District News.

On Wednesday evening last, Miss McKinney, of Paisley, preached in Knitsley Primitive Methodist Chapel.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.—Sick Headaches—Thousands suffer from this worrying annoyance when the body and brain are depressed in warm damp weather. Holloway's purifying Pills present a ready means of cure for indigestion, billiousness, and flatulency; in debilitated constitutions and nervous habits these Pills are the best restoratives; they correct all the unpleasant consequences of torpidity of the liver, they remove distention and never fail to secure regular action. For all abdominal ailments Holloway's Pills are the safest possible medicine, they at once give ease and comfort, and naturally strengthen the whole series of organs concerned in the process of digestion, and will be found useful in every household.

PROPOSED UNITED GALA OF FRIENDLY SOCIETIES.—A meeting of representatives from the various friendly societies in the district, including Oddfellows, Free Gardeners, Mechanics, Foresters, Sons of Temperance, &c., was held in the Welsh Chapel, Consett, on Saturday last, to promote a united gala. Ten lodges were represented, each lodge sending two delegates. This is a step in the right direction, and, if it be gone into in a proper way, should prove a great boon to those interested in every society in the district. We wish the cause every success, and trust it will induce many to patronise the object in view. After a lively discussion, in which several delegates took part, and overcame some obstacles of a minor nature, the meeting was unanimously adjourned until the 12th of July, when all lodges &c. will have considered the matter fairly, and some definite arrangements be made and proceeded with.—*Correspondent.*

MARLEY HILL.—The fourth annual gala of the Marley Hill Lodge of the Durham Miners' Association was held on Saturday last, in a field kindly lent by Mr. Robson, of the Sun Inn, Sunniside, and was a most unqualified success. The members of the lodge assembled at their lodge room, at noon, and headed by an excellent band (which during the afternoon very materially contributed to the entertainment of those present at the gala), they marched through the villages and reached the field about two o'clock. Sports were improvised, and liberal prizes offered. Tea of an excellent and substantial character was served up at half-past three o'clock, in a marquee. A public meeting was held in the marquee under the presidency of Mr. Edbrook. The speakers were Mr. N. Wilkinson and Mr. W. H. Patterson, of Durham, who delivered addresses pointing out the results of combination in the past, and what it was capable of doing in the future. A ball took place in the marquee at the conclusion of the gala.

SHOTLEY BRIDGE DISTRICT WESLEYAN SUNDAY SCHOOL UNION.—The visitors and teachers connected with the above union held their yearly meeting in the Wesleyan Day School, Leadgate, which was presided over by Mr. Joseph Johnson, of Consett. The secretary, Mr. G. P. Metcalf, of Annfield Plain, read a very favourable report of the schools connected with the union, which are 17 in number, having a total of 380 teachers, and 1,915 scholars, being an increase for the year of 97 teachers and 286 scholars. 318 of the teachers and 180 of the scholars are members of society, which is an increase of 52 teachers and 30 scholars. During the year three new schools were reported to have joined the union. This being the yearly meeting, the election of officers took place, of which the following is the result:—Mr. G. Brown, Tantobie, president; Mr. R. Johnson, Consett, treasurer; Mr. G. P. Metcalf, secretary; and the superintendents of each school the committee. After other business belonging to the union had been transacted, the company partook of a social cup of tea.—In the evening, a public meeting was held in the Wesleyan Chapel, at which Mr. Joseph Johnson presided. Addresses were delivered by Messrs. R. Whitehead, Annfield Plain; W. Shimmin, Blackhill; and H. Rogers, Consett.

DISORDERLY PROCEEDINGS AT BLACKHILL.—At Consett Petty Sessions, on Monday, before A. Town (chairman) and J. Priestman, Esqs., Robert McGee and Owen Green, members of the North Durham Militia, were charged with assaulting the police whilst in the execution of their duty, at Blackhill.—Staff-Sergeant Lawson, of the North Durham Militia, stationed at Consett, said the defendants left their quarters at Durham on Friday night, without leave. Witness gave instructions to Sergt. Nattress to have them apprehended if they made their appearance in Blackhill. Hitherto it had been the custom to issue passes to the men in order that they might visit their friends, but during the past few days the men had so misconducted themselves that the authorities had determined to punish them by granting no more passes. One of the defendants, Green, had a fortnight previously made away with his "kit," and the Captain sent witness word to have him apprehended. The other man, McGee, bore a good character in the regiment.—Sergt. Nattress said about five o'clock on Saturday night, the last witness went to his house and instructed him to apprehend the defendants. At seven the same evening witness and P.C. Watson found them in Herron's beerhouse at Blackhill. Failing to produce their passes witness told them they would have to go to Consett Police Station. They refused, however, and took up a quart jug and a glass to throw at them. Witness and the other officer succeeded in handcuffing the defendants, but on bringing them into the street they became very violent, McGee kicking witness severely about the legs. On the way to his (witness's) house, witness called on several of the bystanders for assistance, but the friends of the prisoners threatened them with violence if they did so.—Police-constable Watson spoke to apprehending Green, and to the latter's conduct on the way to Sergt. Nattress's house. On the way Green kicked and "ground his teeth like a mad bull."—Other evidence having been called, the magistrates said McGee would be sent to prison for a month with hard labour; Green, who had been repeatedly convicted of assaults, was committed for two months, with an additional fourteen days in default of payment of costs.

LOOK OUT for the NINTH ANNUAL SPORTS and PIC-NIC at EDMONDBYERS, on SATURDAY, June 26th, 1875. 7024

ACCIDENT ASSURANCE.—Mr. George Young, spirit merchant, Consett, requests us to state that, on the 2nd of January last, he effected an insurance with the "Ocean, Railway, and General Accident Assurance Company," through their agent, Mr. Adam Brodie, Consett, by a policy against accidents of all kinds, covering £1,000 in case of death or £5 a week during total disablement, for which he paid the annual premium of £2 10s. On the 3rd of June, he had the misfortune to injure his arm severely in alighting from his conveyance, by which he was unable to attend to his business for three weeks, and, on forwarding his claim to the office in London, it was at once admitted, and he has promptly received a cheque for £15 as compensation.

DERWENT COTTAGES WESLEYAN SUNDAY SCHOOL.—The anniversary of this school was celebrated on Saturday and Sunday, June 12th and 13th. On Saturday afternoon a public tea was provided in the School-room, and, notwithstanding the inclement weather, was well attended. The tables were tastefully presided over by Miss J. Edgar, Miss M. Edgar, Miss M. Bulman, and Miss E. Dixon. After tea, a public meeting took place, Mr. Henry Lee, of Leadgate, occupying the chair. The secretary read a report, which showed the school to be in a good condition. Addresses were delivered by Mr. T. Crick and Mr. J. Hunter, of Derwent Cottages; Mr. T. Hardy, of Leadgate; and Mr. W. Robinson, of Medomsley. A dialogue was recited by two of the teachers on the "Secret of success." The usual votes of thanks having been given the meeting separated. On Sunday, the 13th, services were conducted by Mr. H. Lee, of Leadgate. At each service the scholars recited pieces of Scripture, dialogues and poetry, and sung hymns suitable for the occasion. Collections were taken at each service in aid of the school funds.

PRESENTATION AT MEDOMSLEY.—A number of friends met at the residence of Dr. Dale, at Allendale House, near Medomsley, on Thursday sen., to present that gentleman with a splendid gold medal, and a purse of gold, as a token of esteem on the occasion of his leaving the neighbourhood for a more lucrative appointment near Durham. The medal bore the following inscription:—"Presented to Mr. Crossley Dale, surgeon, with a purse of gold, by a few friends, on leaving Medomsley. June, 1875." Much regret was felt by his friends when it became known that Dr. Dale was about to leave them, and they were determined that he should not depart from amongst them without some substantial recognition being accorded to him of the valuable medical services he had rendered to the district, as well as of his genial and social qualities as a gentleman. Mr. J. Close, of Medomsley, was called to the chair, and Mr. T. W. Wright, of Westwood, to the vice-chair.—The Chairman said they had met together that evening for the purpose of presenting Dr. Dale with a testimonial in the shape of a gold medal and a purse of gold as a worthy recognition of his professional services as a medical gentleman, as well as of his kind and gentlemanly disposition. He had had the pleasure of knowing Dr. Dale almost ever since he came to reside in the district, and he felt sure that, from what he knew of Dr. Dale himself, and having heard the opinions of others in the district, he had been well appreciated as a doctor, and was much respected, both as a friend and a neighbour, and they felt sorry that he was about to leave them. The presentation, he hoped, would afford Dr. Dale great satisfaction to learn that he was leaving the district with such tokens of respect from his friends. Gold was a perishable article, but the gold medal he trusted Dr. Dale would value and appreciate, not only for its intrinsic value, but for the genuine good feeling that characterised the presentation, and that it would also serve as a permanent memento of the kindly feeling of respect that was entertained towards him by his friends in the district of Medomsley. The Chairman then said that as Mr. Tweedy, of Medomsley, had to make the presentation, he had great pleasure in calling upon that gentleman to do so.—Mr. Tweedy said that as he had been appointed to make the presentation he felt that he had to perform a pleasing duty, as he had known Dr. Dale for a period of two years. He had known him to be a valuable doctor and a kind-hearted friend, and as such, he felt proud that his friends had so liberally responded to the cause of the testimonial; and, in the name of the subscribers, he had great pleasure in presenting Dr. Dale with a gold medal and a purse of gold, and wishing him every success in the future.—Dr. Dale responded in feeling terms, and said that he felt the greatest pleasure in accepting the handsome presentation that his friends had been pleased to make him; and as he was about to leave them he would carry it away with him as a record of the honour they had conferred upon him, as well as of the respect they had manifested towards him. He would wear the gold medal as an appendage to his watch chain as long as he lived, and after that it would be handed down to posterity. He said he would ever remember all his kind friends in the district of Medomsley, and particularly those who were present on that occasion, and he begged to thank them all most kindly for the presentation.—The Vice-Chairman then made a few able remarks, in the course of which he said he fully endorsed all that had been said by their worthy Chairman and Mr. Tweedy, as his family had had the benefit of Dr. Dale's medical services, and he had given every satisfaction. He respected Mr. Dale very much indeed, as he had always proved himself to be a gentleman in the highest sense of the term, and he hoped that it might always be his good fortune to merit such a mark of respect as had been conferred upon him that evening.—Several speeches of a like character followed, by other gentlemen present, and the evening was spent in a harmonious manner.

Cricket

All cricket communications intended for insertion must reach this office before mid-day on Thursdays.

TANFIELD v. BURNOPFIELD.

This match was played on the ground of the former on Saturday last, and resulted in an easy victory for the home team by 43 runs. Tanfield were the first to handle the willow. The batting of Messrs. Laidler, Smith, and C. Fawcett was highly commended, eliciting great applause from the company present. The bowling of A. Davis for Burnopfield was very effective, and required a skilful batsman to withstand it. Burnopfield next went to the wickets, but were soon disposed of, owing to the close bowling of Messrs. Laidler and Temple, aided by the excellent fielding of the other members. Subjoined is the score:—

TANFIELD.	
G. Horner, b Davis	1
W. Taylor, c Turnbull, b Davis	3
S. Smith, b Davis	15
G. Ridley, b Davis	6
J. Greener, b Davis	0
J. Laidler, c Kyle, b Davis	20
M. Fawcett, b Davis	0
C. Fawcett, c Cooper, b Davis	13
A. Temple, b Davis	5
S. Gibson, b Davis	0
D. Temple, not out	1
Extras	9
Total	73

BURNOPFIELD.	
J. Potts, b Temple	0
J. Cuthbertson, b Temple	6
G. Cooper, run out	0
G. Davis, b Temple	0
E. Turnbull, c Smith, b Laidler	1
A. Davis, c Robson, b Laidler	4
R. Minto, c Taylor, b Temple	1
R. Armstrong, b Temple	0
A. Kyle, run out	1
W. Lamb, not out	4
J. Dixon, b Laidler	3
Extras	10
Total	30

FACETIÆ.

Legal forgers—Blacksmiths.

A light business—Making gas.

Song for the maimed—"Then you'll remember me."

Uttering false notes—Sick men singing "All' Well."

People who must draw the line somewhere—Anglers.

QUERY.—Every now and then a "safe" robbery is reported. But if the robber is caught, what sort of a robbery is it then?

The following appeared lately in the "agony column" of a daily paper: "Dear Tom,—Come immediately, if you see this. If not, come on Saturday."

At the end of an Indian marriage ceremony recently, the bride advanced gracefully to the clergyman, and requested him to announce the hymn, "This is the way I long have sought."

In the streets of Leicester, one day, Dean Swift was accosted by a drunken weaver, who, staggering against him said, "I have been spinning it out." "Yes," said the Dean, "and now you are reeling it home."

Some one has said the three hardest words to pronounce consecutively are, "I was mistaken." Let the person who made this assertion try his articulation on the names of the lakes in Maine—Cree for instance—Huknztyabob, Zitmornumgohic, Mahogrspragohgug.

An Indian came to a certain agent in the northern part of Iowa to procure some whiskey for a young warrior who had been bitten by a rattlesnake. "Four quarts!" repeated the agent, with surprise. "As much as that?" "Yes," replied the Indian, "four quarts—snake very big."

Two countrymen gazing around a Saratoga hotel were approached by a lady wearing a fashionable train. One of the party dodged it, but the other walked straight across it, and on finding out his error apologised with, "I beg your pardon, madam; I thought you had passed some time ago."

An honest old burgher of Peebles was recently enabled, by some strange chance, to visit Paris, and was eagerly questioned when he came back as to the character of that capital of capitals; to which, it is said, he answered that "Paris, of a' things considered, was a wonderfu' place; but still, Peebles for pleasure."

An elderly lady, who with her daughter has just returned from rather a rapid journey through France, part of Germany, and Italy, was asked the other day if they had visited Rome, and she replied in the negative. "La, ma, yes we did," said her daughter; "that was the place where we bought the bad stockings."—*American paper.*

Lord Bridport, when he commanded the Channel fleet, was called the "Whiting Catcher," from his being so often in port. At a dinner given by the Mayor of Plymouth he said, "Captain Trowbridge, I suppose you have no objection to fill a bumper to the health of the Commander-in Chief?" "Not I," replied the captain; "but hand me the claret, for I am quite tired of drinking him in port."

A good story is told of the late Dr. Norman Macleod's experiences after his translation to Dalkeith, where he was set down in the immediate vicinity of the palace belonging to his Grace the Duke of Buccleuch, where he found the people unhappily pliant and servile. Being asked how he relished the change, his rejoinder was, "Not at all; I would like to be back at London, were it only for the sake of hearing now and then a fine emphatic 'No.'"—*London paper.*

"Cæsar," said a planter to his negro, when slavery was in vogue in the southern states of America, "climb up that tree and thin out the branches." The negro showed no disposition to comply, and upon being pressed for a reason, answered, "Well, look heah, massa, if I go up dar an' fall down and broke my neck, dat'll be a thousand dollars out o' you pocket. Now, why don't massa hire an Irishman to go up? Den if he falls and kills heself dar won't be no loss to nobody."

Though Cowper, the poet, had attacks of despondency and religious gloom which at times shattered his reason, he could write the wonderful tale of "John Gil in," and wind up a letter to the Rev. John Newton with such stuff as this: "And now I have writ, in a rhyming fit, what will make you dance, as you advance, or will keep you still, though against your will, 'til you come to the end of what I have penned; which that you may do, ere madam and you are quite worn out by jigging about, I take my leave, and here you receive, a bow profound down to the ground, from your humble me, W.O."

A lady ordered her newly-hired Irish cook to give them Bologna sausage, on a certain evening, for tea. Seeing only bread upon the table, the lady supposed her order had been misunderstood, and, resigned, poured out her husband's tea. On the first taste, the gentleman said there was a strange, very odd flavour about the tea; it seemed smoky and spicy. The lady naturally lifted the teapot, and soon discovered that the cook had, in truth, literally obeyed her order, by giving them Bologna sausage for tea. There it was, sure enough, crammed into the pot, with the usual quantity of hot water.

This is how an American authoress says it feels: "Take a man and pin three or four large tablecloths about him, fastened back with elastic, and looped up with ribbons; drag all his own hair to the middle of his head and tie it tight, and hairpin on about five pounds of other hair and a big bow of ribbon. Keep the front locks on pins all night, and let them tickle his eyes all day; pinch his waist into a corset, and give him gloves a size too small, and shoes ditto, and a hat that will not stay on without a torturing elastic, and a frill to tickle his chin, and a little lace veil to blind his eyes whenever he goes out to walk, and he will know what woman's dress is."

A bagman was travelling not long since in Illinois, and called at a house near the road to solicit a drink of water, when the following conversation occurred:—"Well, my boy, how long have you lived here?" "I don't know; but mother says ever since I was born."—"Have you any brothers and sisters?" "Yes, a few."—"How many?" "Ten or eleven, I reckon."—"Pretty healthy here, isn't it?" "Yes; but sometimes we have a little ager."—"Any of you got it now?" "Yes, a few on us goin' to have shakers this afternoon."—"How many?" "Why, all on us, except sister Nancy, and she is sich a darnation cross critter the ager won't take on her; and if it did, she is so cussed contrary she would not shake to show you could fix it!"

Mr Frost, in his recent book on circus celebrities, tells an amusing story of the ignorance of music of Philip Astley, the originator of the circus at Westminster, which for nearly a century has been known by his name. As the story goes, Astley, on one occasion, on some of the musicians suspending their performances, demanded the reason. "It is a rest," returned the leader. "Let them go on, then," said the equestrian; "I pay them to play, not to rest." Presently a chromatic passage occurred "What do you call that?" demanded he. "A chromatic passage," rejoined the leader, with a smile. "Rheumatic passage?" said Astley, not comprehending the term. "It is in your arm, I suppose, but I hope you'll get rid of it before you play with the people in front." "You misunderstand me, Mr. Astley," returned the leader. "It is a chromatic passage; all the instruments have to run up the passage." "The deuce they do!" exclaimed Astley. "Then I hope they'll soon run back again, or the audience will think they are running away."

Railway Time Tables

NEWCASTLE TO JARROW AND SOUTH SHIELDS.

Leaves Newcastle (Week days) 5·0, 6·50, 7·35 (*), 7·55 9·0, 9·45, 10·55, 11·50(*), 12·30, 2·10, 3·0, 3·35 (*) 4·5, 5·5, 6·5, 7·10, 8·5, 9·35, 10·55.

Leaves Newcastle (Sundays)—6·10, 8·0, 9·40, 2·0, 5·0, 7·10, 8·10, 9·30.

These trains leave intermediate stations as follows:—Gateshead, 3; Felling, 8; Pelaw, 15; Hebburn, 20; Jarrow, 25; Tyne Dock, 30; and High Shields, 36 minutes after the above times, arriving at South Shields about 40 minutes after the time they leave Newcastle.

* First, second, and third-class express trains, stopping at Gateshead at 3 minutes, Jarrow at 15 minutes, and Tyne Dock at 18 minutes after the above times, arriving at South Shields about 25 minutes after the time they leave Newcastle.

Fares from Newcastle to Gateshead: First, 3d; second, 2d.; third, 1d.

Felling: First, 6d.; second, 4d.; third, 3d.

Pelaw: First, 8d.; second, 6d.; third, 3½d. Return, first, 1s. 2d., second, 10d., third, 7d.

Hebburn: First, 10d., second, 7d., third, 5d, Return, first, 1s. 6d., second, 1s. third, 9d.

Jarrow, Tyne Dock, High Shields, or South Shields: First, 1s.; second, 9d.; third, 6d. Return, 1s. 8d., 1s. 3d., 10d.

Relief Trains leaves Newcastle for Jarrow on SATURDAYS at 7·5, 8.0, 9·30, and 10·50 p.m.

ON SATURDAYS ONLY, a relief train leaves Hebburn for Shields at 2·2 p.m.

SOUTH SHIELDS TO JARROW AND NEWCASTLE.

Leaves South Shields (Week days).—4·55, 7·0, 8·0 8·30(*), 9·0, 10·5, 10·30, 11·45, 12·30, 1·50, 3·15, 4·0 (*), 4·15, 5·10, 6·15, 7·15, 8·15, 9·15, 10·35.

Leaves South Shields (Sundays).—6·15, 8·0, 9·55, 2·10 5·0, 7·15, 8·20, 9·35.

These trains leave intermediate stations as follows:—High Shields, 3; Tyne Dock, 8; Jarrow, 14; Hebburn, 19; Pelaw, 24; Felling 30; and Gateshead, 35 minutes after the above times, arriving at Newcastle about 40 minutes after the times they leave South Shields.

ON SATURDAYS

Relief trains leave JARROW for NEWCASTLE at 1·55 3·18, 8.23, 9·23, and 10·43 p.m. calling at all intermediate stations.

* First, second, and third-class express trains calling at Tyne Dock, Jarrow, and Gateshead, leaving Jarrow 11 minutes after the above times, arriving at Newcastle about 25 minutes after they leave South Shields.

Fares from South Shields to High Shields or Tyne Dock: First, 3d.; second, 2d.; third, 1d.

Jarrow: First, 8d; second, 6d.; third, 3½d.

Pelaw, Felling, Gateshead, or Newcastle: First, 1s; second, 9d.; third, 6d.

SUNDERLAND TO SOUTH SHIELDS AND JARROW.

Leaves Sunderland (Week days).—4·45, 6·50, 7·50, 8·50 9·55, 11·5 12·15, 1·40, 3·5, 3·55, 5·0, 6·5, 7·5, 8·5, 9·5, 10 25.

Leaves Sunderland (Sundays).—6·5, 7·50, 9·25, 2·0 4.50, 7·5, 8·10, 9·25.

These trains leave intermediate stations as follows:—Cleadon Lane, 7: Tyne Dock, 13; High Shields, 17, minutes after the above times, arriving at South Shields about 20 minutes after the time they leave Sunderland.

Passengers between Sunderland and Jarrow *change carriages* at Tyne Dock.

Fares from Sunderland to Cleadon Lane: first 6d. second, 5d; third, 3d.; Tyne Dock, first, 10d.; second 8d. third, 6d., High Shields and South Shields first, 10d.; second, 8d.; third, 6d.; Jarrow, first, 1s. 4d.; second, 1s.; third, 7½d. Return tickets to Jarrow first, 2s. 3d.; second, 1s. 8d.; third, 1s. 2d.

JARROW TO SOUTH SHIELDS AND SUNDERLAND.

Leaves Jarrow (Week days).—5·25 7·13, 8.18, 9·23 10·8, 11·18, 12·53, 2·33, 3·23, 4·28, 5·28, 6·28, 7·33, 8·28, 9·58, 11.18,

Leaves Jarrow (Sundays)—6·33, 8·23, 9·53, 2·23, 5·23, 7·33, 8·33, 9·53.

These trains leave intermediate Stations as follows:—South Shields 4, High Shields 7, Tyne Dock 11, and Cleaden Lane 16 minutes after the train leaves Jarrow arriving in Sunderland in about 24 minutes.

Fares from Jarrow to South Shields: first, 8d.; second, 6d.; third, 3½d.; High Shields: first, 8d.; second, 6d.; third, 3d.; Tyne Dock, first, 6d.; second, 4d.; third, 2d.; Cleadon Lane, first, 10d.; second, 8d.; third, 4½d.; Sunderland, first, 1s. 4d.; second, 1s.; third, 7½d Return tickets to Jarrow, first, 2s. 3d.; second, 1s. 8d.; third 1s. 2d.

NEWCASTLE TO TYNEMOUTH.

Leaves Newcastle—Central Station—(Week days)—6·10(a), 7·0, 8·10, 9·0(*), 9·15, 9·45, (c), 10·15, 11·0, 12·0, 12·15, 1·15, 2·0 2·30, 3·5, 4·10 4·45(†), 5·10, 5.50, 6·5, 6·45, (†), 7·10, 8·10, 9·0, 10·0, 11·30.

Leaves Newcastle—Central Station—(Sundays)—6·10 (a), 9·0, 10·5, 1·0, 1·15, 2·0, 2·15, 3·0, 3.15, 4·0, 5·0, 6·35, 7·0, 7.35, 8·0, 8·45, 9·15.

These trains leave intermediate stations as follows:—Manors 3, Heaton 7, Walker 11, Wallsend 16, Howdon 21, Percy Main 25, and North Shields 30 minutes after above times, arriving at Tynemouth 35 minutes after leaving Newcastle.

* First, second, and third class express trains, stopping only at North Shields.

† These trains stop only at Manors and North Shields Stations.

a.—This train stops at intermediate stations when required, to set down passengers arriving from the south by either the 4.38 or 5·58 a.m trains.

b.—The 6·45 p.m. train from Newcastle will stop at all Stations on Saturdays and reach Tynemouth at 7·20 p.m.

c.—The 11·30 p.m. train stops at intermediate Station when required, to set down passengers.

3d.; third, 2d.; Walker, first, 6d; second, 4d.; third

Fares from Newcastle to Tynemouth: First, 1s. 3d., second, 1s., third, 8d. Return, first, 2s. 0d., second, 1s. 6d., third, 1s.

North Shields, first, 1s., second, 9d., third, 6d. Return, first, 1s. 8d., second, 1s. 3d., third, 10d.

Percy Main: First. 10d., second, 8d., third, 6d. Return, first, 1s. 6d. Second, 1s. 2d., third, 10d.

Howdon: First, 10d., Second, 8d., third, 5d. Return, first, 1s. 6d., second, 1s. 2d., third, 9d.

Wallsend: First, 8d., second, 6d., third, 3½d. Return, first, 1s. 2d., second, 10d., third, 7d.

Walker: First, 5d., second, 4d., third, 2½d. Return, first, 9d., second, 7d., third, 5d.

TYNEMOUTH TO NEWCASTLE.

Leaves Tynemouth (Week days)—5·20, 6·40 (a), 7·45, 8·30 (*), 9·0, 9·30 (*), 10·0, 10·30 (*), 11·0, 12·0, 12·45, 1·50, 2·10, 3·0, 3·30, 4·0, 5·0, 5·35 (*), 5·55, 6·30, 7·30, 7·30, (*), 8·0, 9·0, 10·0, 10·50 (*).

Leaves Tynemouth (Sundays)—7·35, 9·45, 1·0, 1·45, 2·0, 3·0, 4·0, 5·0, 5·45, 6·0, 6·35, 7·0, 7·35, 8·0, 8·45, 9·15.

These trains leave intermediate stations as follows North Shields 3, Percy Main 9, Howdon 11, Wallsend 16, Walker 19, Heaton 23, and Manors 30 minutes after above times, arriving at Central Station, Newcastle about 35 minutes after leaving Tynemouth.

* First, second, and third class express trains, stopping only at North Shields and Manors stations.

a.—The 6·40 a.m. train stops at intermediate Stations to take up passengers booked to the Central Stations

b.—The 10·50 p.m. train stops at Stations up to and including Walker on Saturdays, and does not reach the Central Station until 11·20 p.m.

Fares from Tynemouth to North Shields, first, 4d., second, 3d.; third, 2d.; Percy Main, first, 6d.; second, 4d.; third, 3d.; Howdon, first, 8d.; second, 6d.; third, 4d.; Wallsend, first, 10d.; second, 8d.; third, 6d.; Walker first, 1s.; second 9d.; third, 6d.; Heaton, first, 1s; second 9d.; third, 6d.; Newcastle (Manors or Central), first, 1s. 3d.; second, 1s.; third, 8d.

STOCKTON AND DARLINGTON RAILWAY

GOING EAST.—WEEK DAYS ONLY.

STATIONS.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Newcastle	dep.	5·45	12·30	2·30
Benfieldside	„	6·50	1·30	4·25
Rowley	„	7·0	1·40	4·35
Burnhill Junction	„	7·10	1·50	4·45
Tow Law	„	7·23	2·3	4·58
Crook	arr.	7·35	2·15	5·10
	dep.	7·38	2·25	5·25
Bishop Auckland	„	8·5	2·55	5·55
Darlington	„	8·55	3·35	7·0
Stockton	„	9·25	4·5	7·30
Middlesbro'	„	9·35	4·15	7·43
Saltburn	„	10·10	4·50	8·20

GOING WEST.—WEEK DAYS ONLY.

STATIONS.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Saltburn	dep.	5·45	11·30	4·30
Middlesbro'	„	6·22	12·5	5·5
Stockton	„	6·34	12·15	5·5
Darlington	„	7·15	1·5	5·55
Bishop Auckland	„	7·48	1·35	6·5
Crook	arr	8·10	1·57	6·4
	dep	8·15	2·20	6·8
Tow Law	„	[illegible]	2·44	7 [illegible]
Burnhill Junction	„	8·42	2·45	7·5
Rowley	„	8·52	2·55	7·5
Benfieldside	arr.	9·5	3·5	..
Newcastle	arr.	10·5	4·30	9·40

CONSETT BRANCH

UP TRAINS.—WEEK DAYS.

		1,2,G.	1,2,G.	1,2,G	1,2,G.	1,2,G
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Newcastle	dep.	5·45	10·0	12·30	2·30	5·35
Scotswood	„	5·52	10·7	12·37	2·37	5·42
Swalwell	„	5·59	10·14	12·43	2·44	5·49
Rowland's Gill	„	6·9	10·24	12·51	2·54	5·59
Lintz Green	„	6·15	10·30	12·59	3·0	6·5
Ebchester	„	6·28	10·43	1·12	3·13	6·18
Shotley Bridge	„	6·34	10·49	1·18	3·19	6·24
Benfieldside (Consett & Blackhill)	arr.			1·25	3·25	
	dep	6·40	10·55		4·35	6·30
Knitsley	„	6·54	11·9		4·49	6·45
Lanchester	„	7·3	11·18		4·58	6·55
Witton Gilbert	„	7·10	11·27		5·5	7·4
Durham	arr.	7·25	11·40		5·5	7·20

DOWN TRAINS—WEEK DAYS.

STATIONS		1,2,G.	1,2 G.	1,2,G.	1,2,G	1,2,G
		A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Durham	dep.	7·35		12·10	3·3	8·0
Witton Gilbert	„	7·40		12·24	3·48	8·16
Lanchester	„	7·55		12·35	3·59	8·25
Knitsley	„	8·12		12·49	4·4	8·36
Benfieldside (Consett & Blackhill)	arr.				4·20	
	dep	8·27	9·16	1·0	3·35	8·48
Shotley Bridge	„	8·32	9·20	1·5	3·40	8·53
Ebchester	„	8·36	9·23	1·9	3·44	8·57
Lintz Green	„	8·47	9·33	1·19	3·54	9·8
Rowland's Gill	„	8·53	9·38	1·24	3·59	9·13
Swalwell	„	9·2	9·47	1·33	4·5	9·22
Scotswood	„	9·9	9·53	1·39	4·14	9·29
Newcastle	arr.	9·20	10·5	1·50	4·30	9·40

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Scotswood	„	7·17	4·9	5·32	7·37
Swalwell	„	7·23	4·15	5·39	7·44
Rowland's Gill	„	7·31	4·25	5·49	8·55
Lintz Green	„	7·37	4·29	5·55	8·2
Ebchester	„	7·50	4·42	6·8	8·16
Shotley Bridge	„	7·57	4·47	6·14	8·23
Benfieldside (for Consett and Blackhill)	arr.	8·5	4·55	6·20	8·30
	dep.	9·10	5·10		
Knitsley		9·21	5·21		
Lanchester		9·34	5·34		
Witton Gilbert		9·46	5·46		
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STATIONS.		A.M.	P.M.
Durham	dep.		4·0
Witton Gilbert	„	8·5	4·13
Lanchester	„	8·17	4·25
Knitsley	„	8·30	4·38
Benfieldside (for Consett and Blackhill)	arr.	8·42	4·50
	dep.	8·50	5·30
Shotley Bridge	„	8·55	5·35
Ebchester	„	9·0	5·40
Lintz Green	„	9·9	5·49
Rowland's Gill	„	9·16	5·59
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PRESENTATION TO CANON KEARNEY.

On Monday evening last, the members of his congregation, and other friends, assembled at The Brooms School-room for the purpose of presenting the Very Rev. Canon Kearney with a token of their devotion and esteem on his twenty-fifth anniversary at The Brooms. The Rev. Canon Watson, of Tudhoe Home, occupied the chair.

The Chairman, in opening the interesting proceedings, said it was only at the last moment that he had been called upon to take the chair. Had they given him more notice, perhaps he might have endeavoured to prepare a more elaborate speech, but they would, under the circumstances, have to be content with a very short one. He might say that he had not been initiated into the beginning, progress, and success of their undertaking, but he knew the object of the meeting that night: it was to give a practical expression of their love, esteem, attachment, and gratitude to their worthy Pastor. (Hear, hear, and applause.) In speaking of the Very Rev. Canon Kearney as their worthy Pastor he did not allude to him merely as an acquaintance: he had known him for upwards of thirty years, and during that time Mr. Kearney had been not only an acquaintance, but a very warm and attached friend. (Applause.) For thirteen years, while the speaker was at Minsteracres, he had watched Mr. Kearney's movements very closely, and had seen the difficulties which surrounded him. On one occasion, he remembered, he was sitting in his arm-chair at Minsteracres when a messenger arrived with the intelligence that the Church at Blackhill, on which Mr. Kearney had spent so much labour, had been blown down. Nothing discouraged, however, Mr. Kearney resolved to start again, and he might say that this firmness of purpose had characterised all the acts of their worthy Pastor. (Cheers.) As he had already remarked, Mr. Kearney had had his difficulties. After building two churches for other people, he saw that one was wanted for that parish, and he need only point to the noble structure close by to show with what success his efforts had been attended. (Applause.) He was sure that all those who were living in that parish would pray for Canon Kearney, and not only would he gain the prayers of those now living, but his name would be handed down to posterity with praise. (Renewed applause.) The Chairman then read a letter from Mr. William Jenkins, General Manager of the Iron-works, in which that gentleman regretted his inability to attend, in consequence of the indisposition of one of his children, and adding that he had a very high opinion of the labours of Mr. Kearney in the moral and social condition of the population around him.

The Rev. Father Riley, of St. Joseph's, Gateshead, was then called upon to read the address and make the presentation. Their worthy Chairman, he observed, had expressed himself as being sorry he had so little notice given him of the duties that he would have to perform, but he could not say that he had had short notice, having been invited to take part in the proceedings some time during the big storm at the latter end of January. (Laughter and applause.) The more time he had had to think about the duty that had fallen to his lot, however, the more difficult it seemed to do justice to it. The proper course, he knew, would be for him to express his regret that the committee had not chosen some one else for the post. He was not sorry, however; he was not sorry that he had to discharge a debt of gratitude, and to express the kindly feelings that he entertained for Canon Kearney. (Applause.) He did not know whether the Canon was aware that the meeting was an act of disobedience to him. The latter gentleman had wished that the "little affair" should be done quietly in his own room by three or four of the committee who were to call in by chance. That was the Canon's own wish, but as soon as the speaker heard of it he told the Committee not to obey him, and that he would take the responsibility. (Laughter.) Therefore, he hoped, if Canon Kearney was angry, he would not be angry with the committee but with him. (Renewed laughter.) Before reading the address, which was a genuine expression of the feeling of love that was entertained for Canon Kearney, he wished to say that it had been written by one of his own congregation. (Applause.) After some further remarks, Mr. Riley presented the address and also the purse of gold. The address ran as follows:—

To the Very Revd. F. Canon Kearney, on his 25th anniversary at the Brooms.

Very Rev. and Dear Sir,—

We, members of your flock, and other friends, on this, the 25th anniversary of your coming amongst us as Pastor, desire to express the deep feelings of filial love and devotion we have for you.

Like your glorious patron and namesake, St. Francis de Sales, who, years ago, in his zeal for souls, undertook the conversion and care of God's children in the Chablais, so you, twenty-five years ago, came like a bright gleam of sunshine to what was then the poor obscure mission of The Brooms. Day after day you have worked and toiled for our temporal as well as our spiritual welfare; encouraging, advising, and consoling us, and, when necessary, mildly reproving; but angry look or sharp reproof you have never used when cheerful smile or kindly word could be employed; thus showing us "your anger ever was but the graven countenance of love."

Our noble and beautiful Church, not to speak of our Schools, all raised by your untiring energy, are proofs of your zealous labour on our behalf. On entering that sacred edifice you may well exclaim, from the very depths of your generous heart, "I have loved, O Lord, the beauty of Thy house, and the place where Thy glory dwelleth;" and as we gaze upon it with admiration we feel convinced that there is nothing you would not do for us, and with pride we ask—Where is the Pastor like unto our own? From very slender means, and under many difficulties, you have raised memorials which, please God, will stimulate us to imitate your virtues, and ever keep green your memory in the affections of our children.

There are feelings that words are too weak to express, and never were they more so than on the present occasion. We ask you then, dear Father, not to measure our devotion by words, but by the feelings which dictate them; and accept this purse of gold, of the value of £100, as a small tribute of love and gratitude towards one who has spent the best years of his life amongst us, like the Good Shepherd—never losing sight of his flock.

May you be long spared to us. May Almighty God pour down his choicest blessings upon you in this life; and in the next may you hear the happy words which will for ever unite you to your beloved St. Francis, whom you have so well imitated—"well done, thou good and faithful servant, enter thou into the joy of thy Lord."

Such, dear Father, is the fervent and heartfelt prayer of your flock and other friends.

The Brooms, Co. Durham,
21st June, 1875.

The Very Rev. Canon Kearney, who was loudly applauded on rising, said in the fullness and depth of his heart he thanked them one and all for the feelings which they had expressed to him in the beautiful address that had just been read to them by his friend, Father Riley, accompanied by such a generous and substantial proof of their regard. In attempting to put his own feelings into words he found himself in no small difficulty, because he felt that there was a wide difference between the sentiments which had been expressed towards him, and the many shortcomings in his character and labours, of which he was only too conscious. He felt that the picture was too flattering to the original, and that in the glow of their affection towards him they had kept back all the dark lines and given too much prominence to the bright ones. It only remained for him to endeavour to make the portrait more real during the years he might be left amongst them, and become still more what he, like themselves, had ever wished him to be—the devoted shepherd of a devoted flock. Be those shortcomings what they may, however, one thing was certain, that throughout the whole course of his career amongst them—now upwards of a quarter of a century—he could honestly say that there had been one thing uppermost in his mind, and that had been to devote to the people confided to his care all the energy and all the ability with which Almighty God had blessed him, and that if he had had one ambition during life that ambition had been to serve his people faithfully and loyally. (Applause.) Allusion had been made in the beautiful address to the interest which he took in all of them, especially to the little children confided to his care. That was especially gratifying to him, for to gain the affection and the confidence, to win the hearts of "the little ones," he had always regarded as one of the surest tests of a genuine vocation to the Christian priesthood. (Applause.) Reference had also been made to the mutual cordiality which existed amongst them, and the many happy years that they had spent together. He had had proofs of this strong affection on their part during the brief and occasional absences which had occurred. It had been exceedingly gratifying to him on his return to be told that a feeling of loneliness seemed to have crept over them, and that they were asking each other "when is he to be back again?" (Applause.) That feeling, he could only say in his innermost heart, had been mutual. When he had been far away from them, his heart had still been in the old place, in fancy he loved to gaze upon the old faces and scenes, and wished to be back once more to the old house at home. (Renewed applause.) They had also referred to his labours and the result of those labours during the period of his duties amongst them. No man, be he ever so clever, ever so gifted, could accomplish anything unless the materials were put into his hands, unless he were also assisted by clever workmen. He had been instrumental in doing a little good in the locality which God had been pleased to place him, but they must not forget that he had had many willing hands to assist and many warm hearts to help him through the difficulties he had to encounter. (Applause.) It was not himself that had done the work—it was them. There yet remained, however, heavy burthens to be lifted off those shoulders, that were not so young as when some of them first knew him, but with God's help and their co-operation, he hoped to see the happy day when no man could claim a farthing for all that had been done. (Loud applause.) There was one thing which specially enhanced the proceedings of the evening, and the value of the handsome address and the very substantial gift with which it was accompanied, and it was the fact that the movement had been so earnestly taken up and supported by so many of his respected and trusty Protestant friends and neighbours. (Applause.) It was to him intensely gratifying when he heard that the movement was so widely countenanced and so warmly taken up by those whose good opinion he had ever valued and would continue to value to his last day. (Renewed applause.) To have lived for twenty-five years in one locality, and during that time to have gained the confidence, the esteem, and even affection of the most influential, down to the poor trapper boy, was indeed a distinction of which any man might be proud. (Applause.) If he were asked what was the secret of this success, he would say—If there be one thing more than another that an Englishman looks for, and regards and esteems and values in the character of any man, it is duty. (Loud applause.) He might differ from you as to what duty is, his opinions upon many subjects might be widely at variance with your own, but only take a certain line of duty, following it faithfully, steadily, consistently from the first to the last, and you have won your way to the good opinion, esteem, and regard, and the very heart of an Englishman. (Renewed applause.) If he were asked to put into one single sentence the history of his career during the quarter of a century he had been among his Protestant friends he would say "I have tried to do my duty." (Applause.) From that line he had never swerved; he had never courted the smile or feared the frown of any man; he had done his duty, and that was how he had won his way to the proud position that he held before that assemblage. (Applause.) The course that he had hitherto pursued, he hardly need tell them, was the course which, with the help of God, he hoped to pursue to the end. (Hear, hear and applause.) He thanked his friends one and all for the co-operation they had lent to him. He also thanked Canon Watson for his presence that evening, and for the manner in which he had accepted the invitation, which came hurriedly upon him at the last, owing, he might say, to a mild conspiracy that had been going on between Father Riley and his dear friends the committee. (Laughter and applause.) As to Father Riley's disobedience, he might say that gentleman had his full forgiveness—(laughter)—and he only wished that he and the committee had got their heads together a little sooner in order that Father Watson might not have been taken unawares. (Renewed laughter.) The Chairman had alluded to the friendship that had existed between them and his affection for the speaker: he need scarcely tell them that these kindly feelings were reciprocated on his part. (Applause.) The rev. speaker then referred to the calamity that befel them in the destruction of the new church at Blackhill, remarking that in these days of trial he had always been cheered and supported by the Rev. Canon Watson, of Minsteracres. (Applause.) The day that Canon Watson went to The Brooms was a day of sunshine; that had been a day of sunshine, and when he came again, be it winter or summer, he would be "as welcome as the flowers of May." (Loud applause.) His friend Father Smith, who had worked shoulder to shoulder with him in the great work, he also thanked for his presence on that occasion, and to Father Riley he also returned his most heartfelt thanks. It was consoling to him, who had now borne the brunt of the fight, to see men rising around him—men who, as the veterans dropped from the ranks, would be ready to step forward and take their places. (Applause.) To his friend Father Forten—who was looked upon as the "child of the family," the child of the diocese,—(laughter)—he also returned his heartfelt thanks. He, too, would come forward as the veterans passed away, and would, he had no doubt, give a good account of himself wherever he was to be found. (Applause.) They would no doubt be anxious to hear some more of their friends address them, and he would not therefore detain them further, but would conclude with this, to him, rather melancholy reflection: they had lived to see that interesting day, but it would not be for them to see another. (Yes, yes.) However, when it pleased God to call their humble Pastor to give an account of his stewardship, he hoped he would have been found "faithful to the post to the end." (Applause.) In the course of the afternoon one of his brethern had asked him where he expected to be buried. (Laughter.) He thought this rather a significant remark, as he did not think he was like dying yet. (Laughter and applause.) Though he had seen these twenty-five years—a period long before many of them were born—he had a little fire left in him yet. (Applause.) He had lived and laboured amongst them to some good, and he felt certain of this—that he had won their hearts. (Applause.) Their hearts had been united close during life, so should they be in death—(applause)—and when it pleased his Divine Master to call him to his last home, that home would be the humble resting-place of The Brooms. (Renewed applause.) And, perhaps, when that day came they would stand over his grave, and the Catholic would whisper a prayer for the Pastor who had loved them so well, the friend who served them so faithfully; and the Protestant would perhaps join with him, and both pronounce his epitaph, and his wish was that it might be—"That was a man that did his duty." (Loud and prolonged applause.)

The Rev. Father Smith, St. Mary's, Blackhill, rose to propose a vote of thanks to the committee for their exertions in collecting together such a large sum of money as had been presented to Canon Kearney that evening. (Applause.) The sight of so much money almost made him wish that he had been twenty-five years amongst his people. (Laughter.) Begging was in itself not a very agreeable task, but in this particular case he had no doubt the task had been a labour of love. (Renewed applause.)

Mr. W. H. Hedley said he wished to be allowed to add a few words of testimony as to the general feeling of respect with which Canon Kearney was regarded throughout the district, not only by his own congregation, but by his Protestant neighbours—(hear, hear and applause)—and which had so fitly found expression in the presentation which had been made that night. (Renewed applause.) However much he himself might differ from Canon Kearney on religious formulæ, he could not but admire the earnest zeal, the unflagging energy with which he had devoted himself to the service of his flock—(hear, hear)—and in his efforts towards which end he had so successfully reared, to the adornment of the district, the noble structures that were to be found at Blackhill and The Brooms. (Applause.) It was not as a minister of religion only that Canon Kearney had found acceptance amongst the inhabitants of the locality. Since the formation of the Leadgate Local Board, he had been a member of that body, and, as Chairman for several years past—by his assiduous attention to business, his painstaking manner, and the acumen, almost legal, with which he had devoted himself to the intricacies of the law, as exemplified in the Local Government and other relative Acts—had shown himself fitted for the post that he held. (Applause.)

Canon Kearney said the remarks made by Mr. Hedley called for a reply from him. If anything could add to the pleasure of that gathering that pleasure would arise from the observations that had fallen from Mr. Hedley's lips. (Applause.) He had known Mr. Hedley since the latter came to the district, and from his knowledge of Mr. Hedley, which had been pretty intimate, he knew what had been said came sincerely from the heart—(hear, hear),—and that every word that had been spoken was the words of a man that meant what he said. (Applause).

The Rev. Father Forten, of Newhouse, also addressed the meeting at considerable length, after which, a hearty vote of thanks having been accorded to the Chairman, the proceedings terminated.

MINERS' DEMONSTRATION AT SHOTLEY BRIDGE.

A demonstration and open-air mass meeting, to promote the extension of the county franchise, was held at Shotley Bridge on Saturday. The Westwood, Derwent, Medomsley, Hamsterley, and Tin Mill Collieries assembled at Medomsley in the afternoon, and with silk banners unfurled, and headed by the Blackhill Teetotal Brass Band, proceeded by way of Derwent Cottages, Blackhill and Shotley Bridge, to to the Spa Grounds, where the open-air mass meeting was held. Mr. Robert Charlton, Westwood, presided.

The Chairman, in opening the meeting, briefly reviewed the position of the miners with regard to the franchise, asserting that at present they were little better than serfs in the country of their birth. It was unjust that there should be so much inequality with regard to representation, and especially was this the case with reference to the working classes of the counties.

Mr. Richards, Allendale, moved the first resolution, "That in the opinion of this meeting, the present system of Parliamentary representation is exclusive and unjust, especially to the working class population of the counties, and, whilst believing that manhood suffrage is the only true basis of Parliamentary representation, this meeting pledges itself by every legitimate means to secure the equalisation of the counties with the borough franchise."

Mr. John Turnbull, Westwood, seconded the resolution.

Mr. James Foxton, Boldon, supported the resolution, and in the course of his remarks said that this was essentially a working class question. They had been too long deprived of their rights, and they ought really to be more stirring in their own interests, with a view to getting themselves placed upon an equality with their brethren in the boroughs. Their opponents sometimes twitted them with their want of education, and their want of intellectual fitness generally for the exercise of the franchise; but he generally made answer by asking who it was that had been mainly instrumental in keeping the working classes in an ignorant state. No thanks to the Tories yet for what little intelligence they had obtained. They would be only too glad to keep the masses in the condition they were in thirty years ago. When the farmer was being told of the blessings of education he took occasion to dissent from what was being urged in its favour by remarking that as soon as his men got a little knowledge they wanted eighteenpence more per week. (Laughter.) He hoped, however, that men would read and improve their minds, and altogether fit themselves more and more for the great blessings which were in store for a free people. If they but showed themselves worthy of the franchise, and then demanded it with an energy worthy of its importance, no Government would be able to withhold it from them. (Applause.) He glanced at the agitations in connection with the Reform Bill of 1867, and hoped that soon a measure would be passed which (equally with that measure) would give to the working classes a share of political power in the country. He warned them against indifferentism, because if they once lacked energy in their own immediate concerns—and he considered this about the most important—they would certainly fail in enlisting the sympathies of others. By being united and earnest they were sure to obtain what they so much wished. He encouraged them to pursue this course, for it was only by evincing the greatest possible desire and determination in the matter that they would be able to get enfranchised, and so made free. (Loud applause.)

The Chairman put the resolution and it was adopted.

Mr. Maughan, Sunniside, moved the second resolution, "That in the opinion of this meeting no further measure of reform can be satisfactory or complete unless accompanied with an early redistribution of seats, and equal electoral districts, placing all constituencies upon an equal footing of equality, and, as a matter of political justice, completely removing the representative monopolies so long enjoyed by the small and privileged constituencies of the United Kingdom."

Mr. Carr, Consett, seconded the resolution.

Mr. Thompson supported the resolution, which was adopted.

It was also unanimously agreed, on the motion of Mr. Wardle, Westwood, seconded by Mr. Liddle, Allendale, and supported by Mr. Tweddle, Medomsley, "That a petition, embodying the views of this meeting, be signed by the Chairman and forwarded to one of the members for presentation to Parliament."

The meeting closed with a vote of thanks to the Chairman.

Hamsterley Fetes.—We beg to remind our readers of the fete and gala to be held next Wednesday and Thursday, at Hamsterley Park, in aid of the fund for the restoration of Ebchester Church. This being the first time for several years that the delightful grounds of Hamsterley have been thrown open to the public, we have no doubt a large number of the inhabitants of the district will avail themselves of this rare opportunity, and, by their presence, show their appreciation of the object in view.

Assault on a Woman by a Policeman at Cornsay.—At the Durham County Court, a young woman named Mary Jane Price sought to recover the sum of £5 from P.C. Beckwith, of the Durham Constabulary, for injuries inflicted on her by that officer. Mr. W. Brignal, jun., was for the plaintiff, while Mr. A. W. Granger was for the defendant. The officer is stationed at Quebec, and about two months ago he was with Sergt. Reed, engaged in quelling a disturbance in that neighbourhood, a large crowd being assembled round the officers. The plaintiff alleged that she was passing through the outside of the crowd when the defendant came and deliberately struck her a blow with his truncheon on the back of her head, driving in a hairpin and inflicting a painful wound, and breaking three or four teeth out of her back comb. The defendant denied the assault *in toto*, and, evidence having been heard on both sides, his Honour found for the plaintiff, with £1 damages and costs.

A SUNDAY TRAIN ON THE CONSETT BRANCH.

A meeting in favour of a Sunday train was held at the Coach and Horses Inn, Consett, on Wednesday evening, Mr. Edward Fielding presiding. The business was commenced by the Chairman reading the following circular, convening the meeting:—

55, Derwent Street, Backhill,
June 10th, 1875.

Sir,—Having from time to time received very pressing invitations to request the North-Eastern Railway Company to run a Sunday train on the Consett branch, I have within the last week or two consulted with several influential tradesmen and commercial men of this district, and the general opinion is that, if a meeting could be arranged amongst ourselves, and the question talked over, we might devise some way of inducing the said Company to accede to our wishes. I have got consent to hold a meeting in the Coach and Horses Inn (Mr. H. Lee's), Consett, on the evening of Wednesday, June 23rd, at eight o'clock, so that, if you could make it convenient to attend, and bring any friend with you who is favourable to our cause, you will much oblige, Sir, very truly yours,

Daniel Harris, tailor and draper.

Mr. Harris said, as they had just heard, he had on several occasions received pressing invitations to continue the movement inaugurated four years ago in favour of a Sunday train on the Consett railway. He might say that his heart was as much in the cause as it was four years ago. (Hear, hear.) At that time, he believed, there existed a good deal of jealousy, there being a feeling that the movement ought to have been championed by some older resident of the district. Since then, however, nothing had been done, hence the present meeting. As they would be aware, an agitation of that sort required a large amount of energy on the part of all. In the first place they would need a little capital to meet the working expenses, as persons would have to be employed to go from door to door to obtain signatures for and against a Sunday train, so that the comparative strength of themselves and their opponents might be tested. During the present agitation, however, he did not anticipate much opposition from their opponents. To show the inconsistency of their opponents he would mention the following facts. One Sunday, shortly after the last agitation, he was driving to Lanchester when a gentleman, who had made himself conspicuous by his strenuous opposition to Sunday trains, and who had tried to get the speaker taken into custody on one occasion, drove up behind him in a conveyance. Another gentleman, also an opponent of theirs, had become too indolent to walk to Church, and occasionally hired a livery-stable keeper to drive him. The other person of whom he would speak resided at Blackhill. On a certain Sunday morning some time ago, this gentleman wanted to go to Newcastle, but, wishing to be out of sight of the people, he walked to Ebchester to meet the brake which left Blackhill. Unfortunately for him, however, on reaching Ebchester and getting into the conveyance this upholder of the Sabbath found it was occupied by the speaker and several other supporters of the Sunday train movement whom he had previously denounced. (Laughter.) Mr. Harris then read over a number of resolutions that had been drawn up for the meeting's approval, suggesting the appointment of a committee of management, Chairman and Secretary, &c., also recommending a deputation to be sent to the directors of the North-Eastern Railway, and that a deputation wait upon the three Local Boards asking them to use their influence in the matter.

Mr. Calvert was of opinion that all of the resolutions read by Mr. Harris were useless. He considered that petitions, signed by the principal inhabitants and tradespeople, should be sent to the Local Boards of Consett, Benfieldside and Leadgate, calling their attention to the requirements of the district, and also setting forth that Sunday trains were run to places containing only a tenth part of the population that they had in the Consett district. He had no doubt if that course were adopted the Local Boards—excepting perhaps Benfieldside, which had peculiar ideas—would support the movement. He did not see the necessity of appointing officers and collecting money to carry on the agitation. As soon as people were asked for money they were apt to back out of the matter. As he had already stated, there was no necessity of incurring expense, because, if the Local Boards had no influence with the directors of the North-Eastern Railway it would be useless agitating further. In conclusion Mr. Calvert recommended that a memorial to each Local Board be drawn up for presentation.

Mr. Harris asked if it would be necessary to hold similar meetings at Benfieldside and Leadgate.

Mr. Calvert did not think so. That meeting could appoint a committee, with power to draw up memorials and obtain signatures for presentation to the three Boards. He had no doubt they would find volunteers ready to canvass the district.

Mr. Harris said the petition which was presented to the Company between three and four years ago contained 4,000 names and only cost £4.

Mr. Calvert observed that the greatest number of signatures was not always the most effective. A good deal depended upon the position of the parties whose names appeared.

Mr. Geo. Eltringham thought that a memorial from the three Local Boards would have more weight than any number of names.

Mr. Calvert said any number of names could be obtained to a petition by merely standing at a street end.

Mr. Harris said he for one would not accept such signatures as Mr. Calvert had referred to.

Mr. Calvert thought only the tradesmen and respectable people of the place should be asked to sign the memorial.

Mr. Joseph Eltringham said he endorsed the major part of the suggestions made by Mr. Calvert. It would not be advisable, he thought, seeing that the meeting was only a preliminary one, to adopt the whole of the resolutions sketched out by Mr. Harris, as he considered some of them premature.

The Chairman considered that the plan suggested by Mr Calvert a very good one. Failing to get the support of the three Local Boards he thought it would be useless memorialising the Company. It only rested with the meeting to appoint persons to canvass the district for signatures.

Mr. Calvert suggested that nothing but respectable trustworthy persons should be employed in the work.

Mr. Harris concurred. He also mentioned that they had dangerous enemies to contend against. During the last agitation prayer meetings, consisting of six or a dozen persons, were held, and at the conclusion these gatherings were formed into public meetings, when petitions were signed protesting against the Sunday train movement.

A desultory conversation followed, and it was ultimately decided to appoint a committee to draw up memorials and obtain signatures for presentation to the Local Boards of Consett, Leadgate, and Benfieldside.

A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.—In the course of the meeting a letter was read from W. B. Van Haansbergen, Esq., of Woodlands, approving of the object of the meeting, and hoping that their endeavours to get a train on Sunday would be successful, for there could be no doubt of its desirability.

Throat Irritation.—The throat and windpipe are especially liable to inflammation, causing soreness and dryness, tickling and irritation, inducing cough and affecting the voice. For these symptoms use glycerine in the form of jujubes. Glycerine in these agreeable confections, being in proximity to the glands, at the moment they are excited by the act of sucking, becomes actively healing. 6d. and 1s. packets (by post 8 or 15 stamps), labelled "James Epps and Co., Homœopathic Chemists, 48, Threadneedle Street, and 170, Piccadilly, London.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our Correspondents.

THE HOLE AND CORNER SCHOOL BOARD MEETING AT CASTLESIDE.

To the Editor of the Consett Guardian.

Sir,—I have not observed that you have taken any notice of the question in abeyance at Castleside—ycleped—the formation of a School Board. Such being the case, I beg you will pardon me this letter, which, at the request of the "non-self-pocket-clique villagers," I ask you to publish in the next impression of your paper.

A few weeks since an order came from the Educational Department, London, to provide proper accommodation for the education of the children of Rowley. Subsequently, however, a meeting of ratepayers was called by Mr. Thompson, of Lanchester, to decide whether a School Board should be formed for the parish of Healeyfield, or Castleside, as it may be called, together with portions of other townships included in the boundary. The motion for a School Board was lost by 11 to 4, the meeting being held at a most unsuitable time, but to suit the convenience of the said Mr. Thompson. These very "self pocket eleven," buttoning up their own pockets, with the proverbial slap, let their "filty lucre" know that it was to lie there, most liberally and magnanimously resolved at "a hole and corner meeting," held in the Smelters' Arms Inn, on Wednesday evening (amidst the fragrance of shag and the still more exhilarating effect of steaming whiskey toddy) that the proper accommodation required should be provided for out of voluntary subscriptions to be raised. Where?

I, hearing a meeting was held in the aforesaid Inn, naturally, as a ratepayer, and the representative of the largest employers of labour in the district, entered the public room, and was cooly informed that my presence was not required, and, with an oath, I was also informed by this person that he was at perfect liberty to invite his friends to a glass of grog in the public room of the Inn without being intruded upon. Had I even known that these self-pocket-eleven had been concocting a futile scheme to relieve them from an additional rate, I was still justified in "intruding" in a public room in an Inn. As an Englishman, and a true lover of my fatherland, I dared, in spite of creed or insult, to maintain and advocate that great undeniable source of England's past and coming greatness—education.

A meeting of the non-pocket villagers will be held on Wednesday evening in the Reading-room, where no stimulants are allowed, but the honest manly wish of every ratepayer and villager that their children shall be better educated than themselves, and that the legacy they thus leave to posterity will have a hundredfold reward.

Yours faithfully,
Wm. F. Muschamp.

Healyfield Lead Mines, Castleside.

P.S.—After seeing the landlady of the Smelters' Arm, Inn, I am informed that she never knew the meeting to be otherwise than public, and had it been mentioned that it was a party or private meeting, the usual room for such a purpose would have been prepared for them.

Markets.

Newcastle Corn Market, Tuesday.—At this day's market there was a small supply of both country and coasting wheat, but a good arrival from abroad, mostly, however, from Danzic. Fine red being scarce, brought an advance of 6d to 1s on the prices of this day week, but in the value of white there was little improvement. Barley firm. Malt, beans, and peas unchanged. Oats dull at 6d decline. Maize 6d to 1s lower. Flour 6d dearer.

Hexham Corn Market, Tuesday.—The wheat market was rather better, while barley, which was a medium show, sold at an average of 23s per Hexham boll. Oats were a small show, and sold at 23s to 23s 6d per boll.

Newcastle Cattle Market, Tuesday.—The show of stock presented for sale exhibited an increase of 111 beasts, and 200 sheep and lambs, as compared with that of last week. Respecting quality, that of cattle was considerably below a seasonable average, while sheep were middling, and lambs inferior. The supply of beef comprised 1,879 head. The number of sheep and lambs was 7,310. Lambs, the demand for which ruled somewhat inactive, as they were never weighing so badly at this season of the year, and in every instance the rates of last week were well maintained. Pigs: 722 were shown. Beasts, prime heifers, per stone, 11s 0d to 11s 6d; secondary sorts, 9s 6d to 10s 3d; good oxen, 11s to 11s 3d; middling, 10s 0d to 10s 3d; cows and inferior, 8s 6d to 9s 6d; pork, large, 5s 3d to 7s 3d; do. small, 8s 0d to 8s 6d; sheep, good vendable wedders, per lb., 1 d to 10½d; middling, 8½d to 9d.

Durham Provision, Saturday.—Oats, 7s 3d to 9s 0d; barley, 8s 3d to 9s 3d; wheat, 11s to 11s 6d; beans, 11s 3d to 13s 6d; peas, 11s per boll. Beef, 9d to 11½d; mutton, 9d to 11d; lamb, 1s; veal 9d to 10½d; bacon, 5½d to 7d; hams, 7½d to 8½d; pork, 9d to 10d per lb. Chickens, 1s 6d to 2s 6d; ducks, 3s 6d to 4s 0d; hens 1s to 2s each; butter, 1s 6d to 1s 8d per lb.; eggs, 10 to 11 for 1s; gooseberries, 4d, and strawberries, 1s 4d per quart; cherries, 4d to 6d per lb.; onions, 1s 6d per peck.

Durham Potato, Saturday.—Potatoes, 8d to 9d; new 2s to 2s 6d per stone.

Newcastle Hay and Straw, Tuesday.—Old land hay, 170s to 210s; new land hay, 180s to 220s per ton; wheat straw, 1s 9d to 2s 9d; barley straw, 2s 0d to 2s 7d; oat straw, 2s 6d to 3s 0d per thrave.

Shotley Bridge Wesleyan Circuit.—The quarterly meeting of the above circuit was held in the School-room, Nelson Street, Consett, on Monday, June 21st. The superintendent minister, the Rev. A. Edman, presided. The financial report, read by J. Dickinson, Esq., circuit steward showed a small balance in hand after paying the various demands. The schedule, containing the numerical state of the several societies in the circuit, was read by the chairman. The following figures will show the number of recognised members at each place:—Shotley Bridge, 66; Castleside, 59; Consett, 156; Blackhill, 153; Leadgate, 16; Blackhall Mill, 39; Derwent Cottages, 22; Medomsley, 38; Ebchester, 21; Blanchland, 39; Ramshaw, 48; Roughside and Espershields, 13; Edmondbyers, 10; Prudhoe, 61; Crawcrook, 51; Hedley, 23; Mickley, 13; Ridley Mill, 16; Fotherly, 7; Whittonstall, 18; Newlands, 21; Lanchester, 57; Annfield Plain, 121; Iveston, 22; East Castle, 33; Dipton, 96; Tantobie, 65; Kip Hill, 24; South Moor, 13; Stanley, 26; Tanfield Lea, 35; making a total of 1,526, an increase for the quarter of 52, and for the last two years of 320. 260 were also reported on trial for membership. The society at Blackhall Mill received the sanction of the quarterly meeting to build a new Sunday-school-room. The committee appointed to arrange for the building of a minister's house at Consett reported that a site had been obtained at Sherburn Terrace, from Mr. E. Ormerod, on favour b[…] terms. After other matters connected with the circuit had been transacted, the company partook of a substantial tea. The tables were presided over by Mrs. T. Jones, Mrs. J. Bell, Mrs. H. Rogers, Mrs. T. Pescod, Miss Wildsmith, the Misses Jarvis, and Miss Jones. After tea, a hearty vote of thanks was passed to the Consett friends for their liberality. In the evening, a special religious experience meeting was held in the chapel, conducted by the Rev. A. Edman.

Births, Marriages, and Deaths.

The insertion of anything beyond the simple announcement of Births, Marriages, or Deaths, will be charged as Advertisements.

MARRIAGES.

Collierley.—At St. Thomas's Church, on the 10th inst., by the Rev. Dr. Hurst, Vicar, T. Lumley, of East Pontop Colliery, to Caroline, youngest daughter of the late Henry Watson, chemist, Annfield Plain

DEATHS.

Shotley Bridge—At the Commercial Hotel, aged 73, J. Osborne.

Annfield Plain—On the 22nd inst., aged 40, J. G. Bulmer.

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