ARRIVAL OF
JUBILEE CAPS. Also, TWO PEAKED CAPS
Prices from 4½d. up to 1s. 6d.
KID GLOVES.
For Ladies and Gentlemen, 2, 4, and 6-Buttons, Black and Coloured, 1s. 1½d. to 2s. 11d. per pair.
Largest assortment of Ladies United, Taffeta, and Pure Silk Gloves, from 3½d. up to 1s. 11½d. per pair.
BAIN & CO'S
DRESS AND DRAPERY MART,
NEW TOWN HALL, CONSETT

The Consett Guardian

DERWENT VALLEY ADVERTISER
AND NORTH-WEST DURHAM GAZETTE.

ARRIVAL OF
NEW HATS,
Prices 1s. 11d. up to 9s. 6d.
SCARFS AND COLLARS.
Prices from 3d. up to 1s. 6d.
BRACES AND FRONTS.
Prices 3½d. up to 1s. 6d.
BAIN & CO'S
DRESS AND DRAPERY MART,
NEW TOWN HALL, CONSETT.

No. 1,423. REGISTERED FOR TRANSMISSION ABROAD. FRIDAY EVENING, November 18th, 1887. PRICE ONE PENNY.

Money.

SPECIAL BRANCH.—M. L. ROSKNBERG, 54 Westgate Road, Newcastle, advances MONEY on Reversionary Interest or Legacies under Wills, on Life Policies for £100 and upwards, on Building Society or other Shares, on Household Furniture without removal, and on deposit of Silver Plate, Jewellery, or any goods at a reasonable rate of interest, and on terms of repayment, all as arranged. Established 1866. 730r

MONEY LENT PRIVATELY, From £10 to £2,500,
in town or country, on approved note of hand alone, at 5 per cent. Also upon furniture, trade or farm stock (without removal), and to assist persons into business.
No sureties required. Strictly private, and no delay. Write or call on actual lender,
Mr. F. DUNBAR,
Kent Villa, St. Mary's Road, Harlesden, London

Contracts.

TENDERS will be received up to the 1st of December, 1887, for the WINNING and LEADING of Ganiister Stone. Price per Ton separate.
For particulars apply to Mr. T. J. Muse, Castleside House. 674y

Lost.

LOST, on Tuesday night, November 8th, 887, between Burnopfield and Rowlands Gill, one brown purse Parcel, containing a SILVER WHITE LACE DRESS, directed "Steam Laundry Company, Front Street, Consett." The above reward will be paid on the same being returned to P.C. Rogerson, Burnopfield. 683y

Wanted.

WANTED, a STRONG LAD; one who has been in the trade preferred.—Apply to T. D. Dryden & Co., Grocers, Consett. 690y

WANTED, a strong country GIRL, for housework; age only; say, from 16 to 18.—Apply at *Guardian* Office, Consett. 666y

GOOD GENERAL SERVANT, aged from 18 to 20. WANTED at once.—Royal Hotel, Blackhill. 687y

DELIVERY.—WANTED, at once, Several Smart ASSISTANTS.—Apply T. H. Batchelor, Consett. 640y

A GREENCROFT SCHOOL BOARD.
WANTED, for the above Board School, a CERTIFICATED ASSISTANT MISTRESS (Mixed Department). Salary, £50 per annum, with a Bonus at the discretion of the Managers should the Sewing Grant be good.
Applications, with three recent testimonials, to be sent to me on or before the 30th inst. Duties to commence on the 5th December next.
W. W. THOMPSON, Clerk to the Board.
Lanchester, November 4th, 1887. 660y

GIRLS REQUIRING SITUATIONS, and Ladies requiring SERVANTS.—Apply at Mrs. Bell's Register Office, 54, Sherburn Terrace, Consett. 290r

COCKBURNS REGISTRY OFFICE. FOR SERVANTS, (Established in 1877) 13, Front Street, Consett. A call invited, when best attention will be given. 340w

LADIES REQUIRING SERVANTS and SERVANTS SITUATIONS will do well by applying at Mrs. Cooke's Registry, 38, Durham Road, Blackhill. 280w

Under Distinguished Patronage.
MISS ANDERSON, Register Office for MALE and FEMALE SERVANTS, and GOVERNESSES, 9, Ridley Place, Northumberland Street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne. 343r

WANTED, Ladies' and Gentlemen's CAST-OFF CLOTHES, &c. Personal attendance in Town or Country. Call immediately attended to.—Mrs. J. Quigley, 5, Front Street, Consett. 390r

WATCH CLUBS.—Foremen, Timekeepers, and others WANTED, for the supply of Bensons "Ludgate" Watch at £5 5s. For A three-quarter plate English Lever, now superseding all others. Terms very liberal. Particulars post free. J. W. Benson, the Originator of the Club System, 62 and 64, Ludgate Hill, London, E.C. 623y

FREE PASSAGES to Queensland, Australia.—Female Domestic Servants WANTED for Queensland every Month. Free Passages granted by Mail Steamers. Immediate employment on arrival. Wages £20 to £50 per year. No Passage Money to re-pay.—Apply early to Wm. J. Jonsson, 29, High Street, Gateshead (Queensland Government Agent). N.B.—Cheap Rail to Australia, £12 12s.; America, £3 10s.; Canada, £3; South Africa, from £15 15s.

SPECIAL EMIGRATION.—50 Passengers WANTED to sail from Newcastle Quay every Tuesday, for New York and Philadelphia, at specially reduced rate of £5. Cheap fares to all inland towns.—Apply to Netherlands Emigration Co., 32, Blackett Street, Newcastle, Head Booking Office for County of Durham. Cheap fares from Liverpool, £3 335r

To Let.

TO LET, a good JOINER'S SHOP, now occupied by Mr Thomas Raine, Blackhill.—Apply to Rich and Mordaut. 536y

TO LET, a HOUSE and SHOP, in Derwent Street, Blackhill; a good Stable attached.—Apply to T. Fenwick, Consett. 637y

TO LET, SITTING-ROOM and BED-ROOM, with use of Bath; pleasantly situated.—Apply *Guardian* Office, Consett. 1117

TO LET, a Six-roomed HOUSE, 19, Sherburn Terrace, Consett.—Apply to D. Martin, Fell Farm, Consett. 649y

TO LET, TWO Two-Roomed HOUSES, in Castle Garth.—Apply to John Drummond, Bank House, Blackhill. 574y

TO LET, a Four-Roomed HOUSE, with Yard, in Street, Shotley Bridge.—Apply to Robert Bell, Watling Street, Consett. 235y

TO LET, a comfortable COTTAGE, with good Garden, at Castleside.—Apply for particulars to Wm. Milner, Castleside (opposite Church). 501y

TO LET, and entered on November 11th, 1887, all that HOUSE and SHOP, situate at 25, Durham Road, Blackhill.—Apply to William Appleby, 30, High Street, Blackhill. 459y

TO LET, the TEMPERANCE HALL, Medomsley, for Lectures, Concerts, and Public Meetings and Entertainments.—Apply to Mr Wm. Robinson, Grocer and Draper, Med. msley, Lintz Green. 383y

TO LET (November 11 th) a HOUSE containing Rooms, Yard, &c., in the 4th every Convenience, situated in Medomsley Row, 4, Consett.—Apply to C. Routledge, Sherburn Terrace, Consett. 522y

TO LET, Well Fit-up DINING ROOMS, doing a fair business, near Arms Works, Scotswood.—For terms apply to Messrs. Newcastle. Mor. terms Ingoing.—For particulars apply at *Consett Guardian* Office. 563y

CASTLESIDE.—TO LET, a HOUSE, containing Four Rooms, Large Garde n, Small Close of Land, Byre, and every Conven ience. Also, Two Houses, Gardens, &c., in part, values apply to Mr. T. J. Muse, Castleside House. 675y

For Sale.

FOR SALE, TEN £1 SHARES in the Consett Iron Company. What offers?—Apply, "Local Board Office, Consett. 641y

FOR SALE, COWS and HEIFERS at p ices.—Apply, W. C. Bowman, Hole Lane, Consett. 140r

FOR SALE, VIOLINS, VIOLA, 2 PICCOLOS and FLAGELETT. Good.—Apply to J. W. Taylor, Printer, Dipton. 684y

FOR SALE, a YOUNG COW; third calf, time up on 25th.—Apply to John Hunter, Medomsley Grange. 662y

For Sale.

TO INNKEEPERS—SPIRIT STOCK BOOKS. One Shilling each, may be obtained at the "Guardian" Office, Consett; or sent by Post on receipt of 13 Postage Stamps.

FOR SALE, TWO STOVES, BARS, two COILS, and a quantity of IRON PIPES, for Heating Purposes.—Apply at the *Guardian* Office.

FOR SALE, an excellent Short Horn MILCH COW, newly calved.—Apply to Robert Hall, Greenhead Inn, near Shotley Bridge.

FOR SALE, by Private Contract, a GOTHIC COTTAGE VILLA, with Large GARDEN attached, situate behind Wellington Day-Schools, Consett.—Apply to the Owner upon the Premises.

FOR SALE, 4 WHITECHAPELS, &c., 3 sets of new and second-hand HARNESS; 3 SADDLES, BRIDLES, &c., &c., at Brodie's, Shotley Bridge. 174y

PROPERTY (CATALOGUES.—If you wish to Buy, Sell, Let, or Rent Property of any description, see Mr H. M. Furness's Catalogue, sent post free on application. Entries solicited. No charge for insertion.—Offices: Forth House (close to Central Station), Newcastle-on-Tyne

FOR SALE, CARPETS.
FOR SALE, a current-going BUSINESS, which has been successfully carried on for 20 years by the present proprietor, who is now retiring from the Furniture, Hardware, and Fancy Trade Stock. Can be greatly reduced to suit purchaser; this being a rare chance for one or more pushing men seldom to be met with. Stock and Fixtures taken at valuation, and every instruction given to new beginners.—Apply to Wm. Wilson, Furniture Broker and Ironmonger, Catchgate, vie Lintz Green, Co. Durham. 321y

HARMONIUMS FOR SALE.
HARMONIUMS, Gothic style, Fret Front, Holder and Music Desk, £9. Burr Walnut, 7 Stops, £5; Burr Walnut, 8 Stops, £5; solid American Walnut, by Gilbert Baner, £5 10s; Kelly and Co.'s Burr Walnut, 8 Stops, £10; American Organs, from £5; Bell and Co.'s and Estey and Co.'s from 13 to 70 guineas.—Dawson and Co., 142, Northumberland Street, Newcastle. 942r

Business Announcements.

WEDDING RINGS! WEDDING RINGS!

WE continue to present a Half-Dozen best Nickel Silver TEASPOONS to each PURCHASER of our Standard GOLD WEDDING RINGS.

F. & A. AND E. WELCH
WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS,
ANNFIELD PLAIN. 920

CHAS. F. SANDS
GAS LIGHTING ENGINEER, AND MAKER OF THE BETTER LIGHT, AND LAMPS FOR SHOPS.
Chandeliers, from 8s. 6d. each; Brackets, 5s. 6d.
42, GRAINGER STREET, NEWCASTLE.
WORKSHOP—50, High Friar Street.

H. GUTTERIDGE,
SCALE, BEAM, AND WEIGHING MACHINE MANUFACTURER,
BUTCHERS' STEELYARDS, MINCING MACHINES, &c.
Repairs done on the Shortest Notice.

Note Address:—33, WESTGATE ROAD (next Central Railway Station), NEWCASTLE. 450

WM. RAW, AUCTIONEER & VALUER, Land, House, Insurance, and Emigration Agent, Sheep Broker, &c. Intending Emigrants can be Booked in the finest Ships to America and all our Colonies. Valuations and Auction Sales of Agricultural Stock, Contractors' Plant, Household Furniture, &c., will be conducted with ability and care on Reasonable Terms and prompt payments by
WM. RAW, AUCTIONEER, BLACKHILL.

CHEAP STATIONERY DEPOT

A LARGE and Choice Assortment of Fancy and other Useful Goods, Presents, &c., suitable for the Season, Pocket Books, Purses, Annuals, &c., 1887, Account Books, Pocket Books, &c.,
AT
J. COCKBURN,
GENERAL AND FANCY STATIONER,
13, FRONT STREET, CONSETT.
Schools Supplied. Books Bound. Books not in Stock, procured on a short notice. Newspapers, &c., delivered to order. 342r

QUEENSLAND.
ROYAL MAIL LINE STEAMERS.
PASSAGE £17 ONLY.
LAND ORDER WARRANTS, value £20, are PRESENTED FREE TO all approved PASSENGERS travelling BY THIS LINE.
This young and promising Colony is now offering
FARMERS and OTHERS
may obtain FREEHOLD LAND under the Homestead Clauses of the present Land Act up to 160 Acre Blocks, for 6d. per annum per acre, being paid as Rent for Five Years, making 2s. 6d. per acre in all, when payment ceases and the Land becomes Freehold.
LARGER FREEHOLDS and LEASEHOLDS, on specially favourable conditions, may be had under the recently-passed Land Act.
For further Particulars apply to A. BRODIE, TOWN HALL, CONSETT; GRAY, DAWES, & Co., 3, AUSTIN FRIARS, LONDON, Bankers and Brokers, Gellatly, Hankey, Sewell, & Co., London; Manchester, Liverpool, and Glasgow. 309y

AMERICAN LINE.
UNITED STATES MAIL STEAMERS
LIVERPOOL to PHILADELPHIA,
EVERY WEDNESDAY AND ALTERNATE SATURDAY.
First-class, fully-powered Iron Steamships.
Accommodation for passengers equal to any European Line.
Passengers and Goods landed at Philadelphia on the Wharf of the Pennsylvania Railroad.
This Steamship Company
Is the Property of the Owners
Who Run the Regular Line Between Liverpool and Philadelphia.
Apply to RICHARDSON, SPENCE, & CO. 19 and 22 Water Street, Liverpool. ADAM BRODIE, Town Hall, Consett; E. SLOANE, Postmaster, Blackhill; G. LEADBITTER, Cashgate, and Lintz Green; A. PHILLIPSON, Auctioneer, Dipton; W. ANDERSON & Co., Shipping Agents, Tow Law; J. JOHNSON, 90, High Street, Gateshead-on-Tyne; JAMES FOTH & SON, 25, Sandhill Newcastle-on-Tyne.

SOMETHING FOR HARD TIMES.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE
IS NOW GOING ON,
SWEEPING REDUCTIONS IN THE PRICES
OF
DRAPERY GOODS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING, &c,
SEE OUR SPECIAL
MEN'S BLACK WORSTED SUITS, AT 16s. 11d.
BOYS FROM 2s. 6d.
SOME RARE BARGAINS TO BE OBTAINED
AT
C. F. COOKE'S,
CHEAP DRAPERY WAREHOUSE
ANNFIELD PLAIN.

Business Announcements.

SEND TO THE POST OFFICE
AND ask an Order for One Pound, made Payable to WILLIAM STEWARD AND SON, and you will receive in return, Carriage Paid to any Railway Station or Carrier, 10lbs. of the Cheapest TEA in England, or 5lbs. of INDIAN TEA the Finest Tea in the World. Should it be your pleasure, we can forward Half of each kind as you may direct.

WILLIAM STEWART & SON,
33, GRAINGER STREET, AND SCOTSWOOD ROAD NEWCASTLE 3, HIGH STREET, GATESHEAD; & CORNER OF FREDERICK ROAD, HIGH STREET, SUNDERLAND.

MARBLE AND WOOD CHIMNEY PIECES.
KITCHEN RANGES
(Over 60 Set-up to Select from),
STOVES OF EVERY KIND
AND
DINNING AND COOKE,
HOT WATER ENGINEERS, IRONFOUNDERS, &c.,
PERCY IRONWORKS, NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE.
SHOW ROOMS, 91, 93, AND 95, PERCY STREET.

DENTISTRY.
MR. R. COLLIER,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Supplies PRIZE MEDAL ARTIFICIAL TEETH at Moderate Charges.
PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED. CHILDREN'S TEETH REGULATED WITH GREAT CARE
Teeth Stopped, &c. Consultations Free. Nitrous Oxide Gas administered if desired.
50, GRAINGER STREET, NEAR ART GALLERY, NEWCASTLE

THE BEST
AND CHEAPEST STOCK
OF CALICOES, LINENS, HARNS,
RED, WHITE, BLUE FLANNELS, SHIRTINGS,
FLANNELETTES, HOLANDS, DIAPERS, PRINTS,
TOWELLINGS, SATEENS, COTTON & WOOLLEN DAMASKS,
CRETONNES, TABLINGS, AMERICAN LEATHERS, OILBAIZES,
COSEYS, DAMASK CLOTHS, ANTIMACASSARS, FRINGES, WINDOW
HOLLANDS, LINOLEUMS, FLOOR CLOTHS, FELT and TAPESTRY CARPETS,
MATTINGS and HEMP CARPETS, HASSOCKS, TAPESTRY CURTAINS, CORNICE
POLES and RINGS, HEARTHRUGS, AXMINSTER RUGS, DOOR MATS, TICKINGS,
COLOURED FANCY DRESS MATERIALS, in all the Newest Shades and Patterns for the present
Season, BLACK CASHMERES, CRAPE CLOTHS, CORDS, ALPACAS, DRESS LININGS, DRESS
TRIMMINGS, SKIRTINGS, COLOURED PLAIN and FANCY CASHMERE HOSE, WOOLL HOSIERY,
GLOVES, HABERDASHERY, SMALL WARES, FEATHERS, FLOWERS, RIBBONS, BRAIDS,
FANCY TRIMMINGS, CORSETS, STAYS, FUR BOWS, HATS, LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING,
MILLINERY, SERVANTS' CAPS, APRONS, PINAFORES, COMBS, MANTLES, DOLMANS,
for Ladies and Children; JACKETS, DRESS SHAWLS, SHAWLETTES, Men's and Boys' CAPS,
OVERCOATS, JACKETS, VESTS, TROWSERS, SUITS, FIT CLOTHING, SWANSDOWN and
COTTON DRAWERS, LINSEY DRAWERS, MILITARY TROUSERS, MOLESKINS, CORDS,
CLOTHS, in Newest Patterns for Suitings and Overcoatings, WATERPROOF COATS,
CARRIAGE RUGS, HATS, CAPS, TIES, SOCKS and STOCKINGS, GLOVES, in all
makes, FROCKS and Shapes, COLLARS, Men's and Boys' CUFFS, COTTON,
WINCEY, and WOOLLEN SHIRTS, FIT SHIRTS, CARDIGAN
JACKETS, STRIPED JERSEYS, WOOL and MERINO
PANTS, and TROWSERS, WOOLLEN BODY
SHIRTS, MUFFLERS, &c.,
ARE KEPT BY
THOMAS H. BATCHELOR,
9, AND 9A, MIDDLE STREET, AND LUTON HOUSE, CONSETT.

WANTED!
People who wish to save money to Purchase their Groceries and Provisions at
R. WILLEY'S,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERY AND PROVISION ESTABLISHMENT,
20, MOUNT PLEASANT, CONSETT.
WILLEY'S TEA AT 2s. DEFIES COMPETITION.
WILLEY'S COFFEES ARE OF THE FINEST QUALITY.
WILLEY'S BACON, LARD, CHEESE, BUTTER, &c., are of the Finest Brands only
WILLEY'S SOAPS ARE USED EVERYWHERE.
WILLEY'S FLOUR and FEEDING STUFFS, at Lowest Market Prices.
WILLEY'S FOR FRESH COUNTRY BUTTER AND EGGS, from several Prize-taking Dairies.
Fresh three times every week.
Orders by Post punctually attended to. Goods delivered daily by our own cart.
Bottler of Bass & Co.'s Pale Ale and Guinness's Stout. Mild and Bitter Ales on draught. The Trade supplied.
Note the Address:—R. WILLEY, 20, Mount Pleasant, Consett. 615r

TRY
JOHN HUME & SON'S
CELEBRATED
"GERM MEAL."
South Acomb, Stocksfield-on-Tyne.
June 7th, 1887.
Messrs. John Hume & Son,
Gentlemen,
You may recollect that some time ago I purchased several tons of your Germ Meal, and as I keep an accurate account of the food used by our cows, its cost, quantity used, and the amount of milk produced per week, it may interest you to know the result.
During the week preceding the use of the Germ Meal, the cows had maize meal at the rate of 7¾ lbs. per day, and before that they had the same quantity of barley meal. A slightly less weight, 7¼ lbs. of Germ Meal was given to each cow per day, with as you will see, the most satisfactory results.—The increase in the milk produced was slightly over 5 per cent., which, with the lessened cost of your meal, showed a saving by its use of close upon 20 per cent. The increase in the return of milk for the week on which Germ Meal was used, over that on which maize meal was used, reached 16½ gallons; and as the latter cost 26s. per cr. of 24 stones, as against 20s. 6½d. for the same weight of your Germ Meal, the advantage derived from its use has been strikingly demonstrated in my experience.
I am, yours faithfully,
W. TROTTER.

OPENING OF NEW PREMISES.
ROBERT JACKSON,
PRINTER,
BOOKSELLER, STATIONER, AND BOOKBINDER,
59, FRONT STREET, CONSETT,
Respectfully announces to his Friends and the Public generally the
OPENING OF NEW PREMISES
Which have been specially erected to suit the requirements of his Business.
THE BOOKSELLING DEPARTMENT
Contains a Large and Choice Selection of BIBLES, PRAYER BOOKS, CHURCH SERVICES and HYMN BOOKS in every variety of Style and Binding, and as all prices.
BIRTHDAY BOOKS and BIRTHDAY CARDS in great profusion.
BOOKS SUITABLE FOR REWARDS,
ALBUMS, PHOTO FRAMES,
SCRAPS FOR SCREENS in endless variety.
DIARIES in all sizes for the ensuing year.
Mathematical Instruments, Pocket Knives, Inkstands, &c., &c.
IN THE STATIONERY DEPARTMENT
Will be found WRITING PAPERS, ENVELOPES, PENS, and PENCILS by the best makers, and at remarkably moderate prices.
MOIST AND DRY COLOURS, PURSES, POCKET BOOKS,
ACCOUNT BOOKS of every description, from the large and comprehensive Ledger to the small and concise Memorandum Book.
THE LARGEST STOCK IN THE DISTRICT TO CHOOSE FROM.
BOOKBINDING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION NEATLY AND PROMPTLY EXECUTED AT MODERATE PRICES.

Business Announcements.

GO
FOR FELT HATS, from 1s. 11d.
FOR WOOL SHIRTS, from 2s. 11d.
FOR THE LATEST IN SCARFS, from 6½d.
FOR MEN'S SUITS, from 15s. 11d.
FOR YOUTHS' SUITS, from 10s. 6d.
FOR BOYS' SUITS, from 2s. 11d.
FOR MEN'S AND BOYS' OVERCOATS
GO TO
THE 2 W.'S,
15 NEWMARKET STREET, CONSETT, AND AT NEWCASTLE

W. T. SMITH,
SURGEON DENTIST,
OF 19, ELDON SQUARE, NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE,
Respectfully begs to inform the Inhabitants of Consett and the readers of the *Guardian* that he will visit at Mr. F. Jones', No. 1, Mount Pleasant, every Monday, FROM 11 A.M. TO 5 P.M., where he has every accommodation for receiving his numerous Patrons, and is performing the very highest class operations that can be done in the Dental Profession, in all its branches both Operative and Mechanical, (having received a most thorough dental education in America). Also, all diseases of the oral cavity (the Mouth) facial neuralgia, &c.
Decay can be arrested in the Teeth by stopping them with Gold, Silver, and other Materials, whereby they can be preserved to last a lifetime, if proper care is taken by keeping them cleansed from all foreign matter, such as animal, vegetable, and tartar, which is so often allowed to collect round the necks of the Teeth.
Artificial Teeth inserted with all the latest American inventions and improvements. They can be retained in the mouth by Suction (an American Invention), without the aid of springs, wires, or clasps of any description, which is the only remaining Natural Teeth. The mouth is prepared to receive the Artificial Teeth on the American principal, absolutely different from the English, and no cause is permitted to remain which can in any way endure Neuralgia, or affect the eye and ear. As diseased Teeth and roots is one of the principal reasons of the various ailments of these most valuable organs: I am the Teeth are once inserted they fit perfect without the least pain in any way.
Teeth may be extracted by the aid of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and other means by which the operations become painless.
All fees for services will be most reasonable, especially for Artificial Sets. 965x

SHOTLEY BRIDGE.
GEORGE RICHARDSON,
WHOLESALE DRAPER AND GENERAL OUTFITTER,
Begs to announce to his Customers and the Public the Arrival of NEW GOODS for the WINTER SEASON,
New Dress Materials, New Mantles, New Jackets, Fur Boas, Fur Capes, Wool Shirtings, White and Scarlet Flannels, Wool Blankets, in Witney and Welsh Cloth, at SPECIAL PRICES.
GENT'S SUITINGS AND OVERCOATINGS.
DRESSMAKING AND TAILORING CARRIED ON IN THE PREMISES by Experienced Workpeople.
November, 1887. 685y

VISITED BY OVER 2,000 PERSONS ON SATURDAY, OCTOBER 29TH.
J. W. DAVISON AND SONS'
NEW SHOP AND SHOW ROOMS, FRONT STREET, CONSETT,
ARE
NOW OPEN WITH ONE OF THE LARGEST STOCKS OF HOUSE FURNISHINGS
EVER SEEN IN THE DISTRICT, AT REDUCED PRICES.

HARPERLEY AND CATCHGATE STEAM AND WATER CORN MILLS
NEAR ANNFIELD PLAIN, *VIA* LINTZ GREEN.
GEORGE HOBSON,
WHOLESALE
MILLER AND CORN MERCHANT, FIELD SEEDSMAN, &c.,
HAS ALWAYS ON HAND A LARGE STOCK OF
PURE LINSEED AND COTTON CAKES, WHOLE OR READY BROKEN.
INDIAN MEAL, PEA MEAL, BARLEY MEAL, BOXINGS, SHARPS, AND BRAN.
OATS, WHOLE AND CRUSHED, and FEEDING STUFFS of every Description.
THE CELEBRATED EXCELLO HORSE FEED;
Thoroughly Cleansed by New and Improved Machinery, Spiced, or otherwise, to order.
HOBSON'S IMPROVED CONDIMENT FOR HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, PIGS, POULTRY, STACKING, &c., Cheapest and Best in the Market.
HOBSON'S AROMATIC CALF FOOD, REARS CALVES WITHOUT MILK.
This Calf Meal is an excellent substitute for Milk, and what is of very great importance to Stock Breeders, it tends greatly to save Calves from that Inflammatory Fever commonly called Quarter-ill or Black Leg.
G. H. S MIXTURE OF
PERMANENT CLOVER AND GRASS SEEDS has been selected and approved by the leading Agriculturalists of the district upwards of thirty-eight years.
PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION. 467x

THOMAS MILNER,
DISPENSING AND AGRICULTURAL CHEMIST,
OF THE CENTRAL PHARMACY, CONSETT
SHEEP DIPS. SHEEP DIPS.
T.M. respectfully draws the attention of Farmers to the
TAR ELIXER PRIZE MEDAL SHEEP DIP
Prepared by Messrs Ness & Co., Darlington,
for which he is sole Agent.
PRICE 7s. 6d. PER 100 SHEEP.
T.M. is likewise Agent for Bell & Riddle's Metheuglin's, Little & Co.'s, Hyde, Cooper's and Wilson and Kitchen's Sheep Dips.
Alterative Condition Powders and Purging
FELLON AND CLEANSING DRINKS FOR CATTLE.
MILNER'S BLUE RIBBON ARMY
MIXTURES
For the speedy production of a Delicious Temperance Cordial. Ginger, Pine Apple, &c. 6d. per Bottle.
MILNER'S DANDELION AND PODOPHYLLIN STOMACH AND LIVER PILLS.
The excellent qualities of these Pills are too well known to be enumerated here, while the increasing demand under the Popular Name of Milner's Own Pills, is the best Proof of their efficacy. In Boxes 1s. 1½d. and 2s. 9d.
MILNER'S AFRICAN INSECT POWDER, IN TINS, AT 6d., 1s., AND PACKETS.
BALSAMIC COUGH MIXTURE.
An excellent Remedy for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, and all Diseases of the Chest and Stomach.
1s. per Bottle.
HOME RESTORERS, PERFUMES, POMADES.
TOILET REQUISITES IN GREAT VARIETY.
MILNER'S FINEST NEW SEASON'S COD LIVER OIL.
OILS, PAINTS, COLOURS, VARNISHES, AND CLEANSING REQUISITES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
SPECTACLES TO SUIT ALL SIGHTS.
TRUSSES OF ALL SIZES.
Agents for Mr. Lamont's Magnetic Belts, Chest Protectors, Knee Caps, &c. &c.
MILNER Chemist
OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE, CONSETT.

ROBERT JACKSON'S
CHEAP PRINTING & STATIONERY
ESTABLISHMENTS,
59, FRONT STREET, and 9 & 10, NEWMARKET
STREET, CONSETT.
AGENT FOR DIPTON:—MR. THOMAS CLARK
SOUTH MEDOMSLEY COTTAGES.

CONTINUED
AND INCREASING SUCCESS OF
LAMONT'S
MAGNETIC BELTS.
BELTS for Rheumatism, Lumbago, and Sciatica.
BELTS for Liver and Kidney Complaints.
INVIGORATORS for Females and Asthma.
INVIGORATORS for Weak Lungs and Debility.
CHEST PROTECTORS for Colds, Coughs, &c.
THROAT PROTECTORS for Sore Throats, &c.
KNEE CAPS for Sore and Weak Knees.
ANKLETS for Pains and Cold Feet.
Shoulder, Arm, Leg, Ankle, and Wrist Appliances.
THOUSANDS of Sufferers have been cured, and others more or less substantially benefited by LAMONT'S APPLIANCES after all ordinary remedies had failed. They require no attention, are re-magnetised FREE EVERY YEAR, and are POSITIVELY EFFICACIOUS.
ALL IN SEARCH OF HEALTH are invited to at once communicate with Mr. LAMONT as to their particular ailment. Consultations Personal or by Letter, FREE.
LAMONT'S SPECIAL MAGNETIC BELT at 21s. and LUNG INVIGORATOR at 21s. continue to give unbounded satisfaction. In sending for Belts, please state WAIST MEASURE OVER FIRST GARMENT. Sent free on receipt of 21s.
CALL OR WRITE FOR DESCRIPTIVE PAMPHLET. GRATIS AND POST FREE.
D. LAMONT'S MAGNETIC DEPOT
(Permanent and only Address)
4, BLACKETT ST., NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE
CONSETT AGENT —
MR. MILNER, CHEMIST

COUNTY COURT BUSINESS.

The annual return of the registrars of County Courts in England and Wales, dated 1st October, has just been issued by order of the House of Commons. This gives the number of plaints entered for trial, the amount of debts claimed, and the results. We give the statistics relating to local county circuits :—

Consett.—In this court there were 772 plaints entered for trial, representing £2,221 in claims, and £2,232. Of these in no case were the plaints withdrawn, and judgments obtained on £1,349; entries were made for £167 and fees, £30. The amount paid into court to credit of action was £21,192, against £1,220; and that paid to them £1,074, against £7,330 in the preceding year.

West-moor.—In this court there were 192 plaints entered for trial, representing £1,778 claimed, £1,778, and £991. Of the former 119 were dismissed, and judgments obtained for £1,659, with costs of £99, £25, and fees, £127. The amount paid into the court of credit of actions was £1,350, £737; and that paid to them £570, against £922.

Durham.—In this court there were 2,923 plaints entered for trial, representing £7,906, £7,906, £2,206, and £8,374 in the preceding year. Of the former 1,666 were dismissed, and £1,240 was paid for £4,993; costs—of course, £744; and fees upon all proceedings, £1,022. The amount paid into the court to credit of actions was £4,052 against £7,311; and that paid to them £2,601, against £2,693.

Gateshead.—In this court there were £1,551 plaints entered for trial, representing £1,551, against 1,501, and £1,539. Of these former 1,000 were dismissed, and judgments obtained for £2,033; costs—of course, £1,000, and fees, £76. The amount paid into the court to the credit of actions was £1,027, against £1,721; and that paid to them £1,025, against £1,025.

In the circuit presided over by His Honour Judge Meynell there were 15,415 plaints entered for trial, representing debts £27,000, of these 11,009 were disposed of, and judgments obtained for £27,327; costs—of course, £5,000, and fees, £1,000. The amount paid into the court to credit of actions was £17,921, and that paid to them £13,566.

CELERY SHOW AT ANNFIELD PLAIN.

A celery show was held at the house of Mr G. A. Greener, Annfield Plain, on Saturday week. The show on the occasion of the 4th annual in the neighbourhood of celery and other vegetables, there being exhibited 60 stands of celery and 16 of cabbages. There was a keen competition among the growers of celery for the leading prizes, which was awarded to the old cottage gardener, Mr. William Dawson, Crookgate. The show was brought to a close on Monday night, when a most enjoyable evening was spent. Through the generosity of the kinds as of Mr and Mrs Greener towards the members, numbering about 60, and town and parish of splendid celery and biscuits. Several very amusing comic and sentimental songs were sung, and recitations were given by the following gentlemen :—Messrs Greener, Cockburn, Robson, Bates, and other local gentlemen. The evening was brought to a close by Mr Mason proposing "The health of the host and hostess," which was given with unusual heartiness and some enthusiasm also, "Success to the next show." Mr F. Brewis, as judge, gave general satisfaction. The following is a list of awards :—

CELERY.

1st, William Dawson, shirting piece, 7s 6d, and 2s 6d.
2nd, Hewp Bates, 5s.
3rd, Thomas Mercer, 3s.
4th, Jos. Henderson, 2s.
5th, Edward Cockburn, 6s 6d.
6th, M. Bates, 6s.
7th, T. Chester, 5s 6d.
8th, J. Lowes, pair shades, value 5s.
9th, G. Hoy, pair shades, value 5s.
10th, W. M. Hendrell, present a knife, 4s.
11th, Thos. Dodds, 4s.
12th, B. Mercer, work basket, 3 5d.
13th, Wm. Powell, 2s 6d.
14th, J. Spence, 2s.
15th, Wm. Foster, 2s.
16th, Robert Dodds, jr., 2s 6d.
17th, J. Jallison, 2s.
18th, R. Rutland, 2s.
19th, Wm. Lowes, 2s.
20th, H. W. Simpson, 2s 6d.
21st, Geo. Dodds, 2s 6d.
22nd, Jas. Hudson, 2s 6d.
23rd, W. Gray, 2s 6d.
24th, R. Nicholson, bottle whiskey.
25th, R. Holland, tea tray, 2s 6d.
26th, J. Whitfield, tea spoons.
27th, M. Parkin, towel, 1s 6d.
28th, J. Sadler, tea spoons.
29th, W. Payne, 1s.

CABBAGE.

1st, Thos. Dodds, 5s.
2nd, Wm. Rowell, 4s.
3rd, Sam Southey, 3s.
4th, R. Holland, 2s.
5th, Thos. Hopper, pair pads, 2s.

THE LIFE OF MOZART.

[SPECIALLY CONTRIBUTED.]

(Continued.)

When Mozart outgrew his boyhood he ceased to be a "phenomenon" in the eyes of the public. Every year, always produces its phenomenal child—how few of these children ever manage to alter lift the prouds of their early years! Young as he was, he was at this time appointed director of the Archbishop of Salzburg's Concerts, but the office was almost a purely honorary one, the total emolument being about a guinea a year. Not satisfied with his prospects at Salzburg he tried to establish himself in Munich, Augsburg, and Mannheim respectively, but failed to secure a sufficient livelihood at any of these places. He now went with his mother to Paris, starting the same enthusiasm as before, but at the same time stirring up the jealousy and opposition of the older musicians, and receiving very little in the way of payment. It is pathetic to read his letters from Paris in which he expresses his delight at having succeeded in obtaining two or three pupils. After the death of his mother at Paris he left that place and settled at Vienna. Here he made a proposal of marriage to his future wife, Constance Weber, but was rejected by her friends on the ground of the insufficiency of his means, where upon he composed his "Idomeneus," in which, on its production, the music was over performed. The success of this opera was very great, and secured for him the young lady's hand. His musical labours at this period were incessant. For four or five successive years scarcely any income higher than a guinea a week. Trying to

Local Police Courts.

CONSETT PETTY SESSIONS.

FIRST COURT.

MONDAY, Nov. 14th. — Before JOS. PEIGHTMAN, Esq., J.P. (in the chair), JAS. ANNANDALE, Esq., J.P., WALTER-WHITE, Esq., and W. H. VAN HAUEN BEDDES, Esq.

THE TENANT AND SERVANT'S CASE.

Mary Bolton, a farm servant, residing at Fatfield House, near Chester-le-Street, was brought up on a judgment summons, for default, having taken up an order at the court, and paying to Mrs Peacock, a farmer, of Ashbrooke-side, North Yorks, the sum of £2 10s 6d — costs claimed in the order, £1 1s — and it will be remembered that in May last defendant was hired there at the rate of £18 per year. Mrs Peacock (Hoskins) sworn to Mrs Peacock; but as she subsequently obtained a situation in another house, she declined to go to Mrs Peacock's place. She was accordingly summoned before the court, and the Bench assessed the damages at £7 10s, which had not been paid.—Mr. W. W. Lord represented plaintiff and called defendant, who stated that she was prepared to pay the money now.—An order was therefore made for £2 11s 6d, which was forthcoming.

THE AFFECT AT A CATTLE MART.

George Bainbridge, cattle dealer, of Allansford, appeared to answer a summons charging him with having assaulted Michael Barron, also a cattle dealer, of Consett, on the 5th inst. Complainant's statement, on which Barron was sworn of a sudden, happened at the corn cross and cattle market. He enquired of the defendant as to several of the previous sales, and defendant replied that he would not tell him for them on the head and face with a stick. Defendant, on being sworn, said he struck complainant with a piece of wood in self-defence, and he did not strike him more than once. He struck him on the head and face with his stick.—Mr. Lord, who appeared for complainant, said that Barron struck Bainbridge with his stick, but he (Bainbridge) struck him with a piece of wood, and some money was also found between the two pieces of wood. The case of assault arose out of a dispute between Barron and Bainbridge with regard to a horse which Barron had purchased from Bainbridge, and which he (Barron) alleged was unsound. Barron was sworn and said that he bought a horse from defendant at the corn cross and cattle market, and paid £5 for it. He was to have it on the following Monday, but when he went for it defendant refused to let him have it. He asked him what was the matter with the horse, and he said that it was lame. Witness then asked him if he would take £5 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £5 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £6 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £6 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £7 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £7 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £8 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £8 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £9 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £9 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £10 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £10 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £11 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £11 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £12 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £12 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £13 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £13 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £14 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £14 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £15 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £15 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £16 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £16 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £17 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £17 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £18 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £18 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £19 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £19 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £20 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £20 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £21 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £21 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £22 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £22 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £23 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £23 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £24 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £24 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £25 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £25 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £26 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £26 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £27 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £27 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £28 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £28 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £29 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £29 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £30 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £30 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £31 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £31 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £32 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £32 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £33 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £33 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £34 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £34 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £35 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £35 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £36 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £36 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £37 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £37 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £38 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £38 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £39 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £39 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £40 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £40 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £41 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £41 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £42 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £42 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £43 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £43 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £44 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £44 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £45 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £45 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £46 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £46 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £47 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £47 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £48 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £48 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £49 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £49 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £50 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £50 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £51 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £51 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £52 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £52 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £53 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £53 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £54 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £54 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £55 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £55 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £56 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £56 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £57 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £57 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £58 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £58 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £59 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £59 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £60 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £60 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £61 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £61 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £62 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £62 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £63 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £63 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £64 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £64 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £65 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £65 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £66 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £66 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £67 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £67 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £68 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £68 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £69 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £69 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £70 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £70 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £71 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £71 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £72 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £72 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £73 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £73 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £74 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £74 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £75 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £75 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £76 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £76 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £77 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £77 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £78 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £78 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £79 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £79 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £80 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £80 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £81 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £81 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £82 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £82 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £83 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £83 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £84 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £84 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £85 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £85 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £86 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £86 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £87 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £87 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £88 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £88 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £89 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £89 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £90 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £90 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £91 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £91 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £92 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £92 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £93 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £93 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £94 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £94 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £95 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £95 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £96 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £96 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £97 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £97 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £98 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £98 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £99 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £99 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £100 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £100 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £101 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £101 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £102 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £102 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £103 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £103 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £104 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £104 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £105 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £105 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £106 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £106 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £107 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £107 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £108 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £108 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £109 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £109 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £110 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £110 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £111 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £111 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £112 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £112 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £113 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £113 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £114 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £114 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £115 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £115 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £116 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £116 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £117 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £117 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £118 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £118 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £119 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £119 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £120 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £120 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £121 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £121 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £122 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £122 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £123 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £123 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £124 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £124 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £125 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £125 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £126 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £126 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £127 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £127 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £128 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £128 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £129 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £129 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £130 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £130 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £131 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £131 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £132 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £132 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £133 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £133 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £134 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £134 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £135 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £135 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £136 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £136 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £137 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £137 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £138 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £138 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £139 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £139 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £140 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £140 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £141 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £141 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £142 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £142 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £143 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £143 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £144 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £144 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £145 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £145 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £146 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £146 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £147 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £147 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £148 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £148 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £149 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £149 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £150 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £150 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £151 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £151 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £152 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £152 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £153 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £153 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £154 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £154 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £155 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £155 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £156 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £156 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £157 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £157 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £158 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £158 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £159 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £159 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £160 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £160 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £161 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £161 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £162 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £162 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £163 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £163 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £164 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £164 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £165 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £165 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £166 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £166 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £167 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £167 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £168 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £168 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £169 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £169 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £170 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £170 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £171 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £171 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £172 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £172 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £173 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £173 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £174 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £174 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £175 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £175 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £176 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £176 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £177 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £177 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £178 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £178 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £179 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £179 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £180 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £180 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £181 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £181 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £182 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £182 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £183 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £183 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £184 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £184 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £185 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £185 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £186 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £186 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £187 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £187 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £188 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £188 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £189 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £189 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £190 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £190 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £191 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £191 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £192 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £192 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £193 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £193 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £194 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £194 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £195 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £195 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £196 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £196 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £197 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £197 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £198 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £198 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £199 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £199 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £200 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £200 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £201 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £201 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £202 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £202 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £203 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £203 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £204 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £204 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £205 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £205 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £206 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £206 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £207 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £207 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £208 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £208 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £209 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £209 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £210 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £210 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £211 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £211 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £212 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £212 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £213 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £213 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £214 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £214 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £215 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £215 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £216 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £216 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £217 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £217 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £218 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £218 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £219 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £219 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £220 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £220 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £221 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £221 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £222 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £222 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £223 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £223 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £224 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £224 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £225 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £225 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £226 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £226 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £227 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £227 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £228 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £228 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £229 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £229 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £230 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £230 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £231 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £231 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £232 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £232 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £233 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £233 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £234 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £234 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £235 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £235 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £236 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £236 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £237 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £237 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £238 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £238 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £239 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £239 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £240 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £240 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £241 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £241 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £242 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £242 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £243 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £243 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £244 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £244 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £245 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £245 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £246 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £246 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £247 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £247 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £248 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £248 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £249 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £249 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £250 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £250 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £251 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £251 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £252 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £252 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £253 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £253 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £254 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £254 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £255 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £255 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £256 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £256 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £257 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £257 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £258 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £258 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £259 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £259 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £260 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £260 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £261 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £261 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £262 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £262 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £263 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £263 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £264 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £264 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £265 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £265 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £266 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £266 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £267 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £267 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £268 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £268 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £269 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £269 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £270 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £270 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £271 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £271 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £272 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £272 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £273 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £273 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £274 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £274 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £275 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £275 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £276 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £276 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £277 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £277 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £278 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £278 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £279 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £279 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £280 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £280 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £281 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £281 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £282 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £282 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £283 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £283 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £284 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £284 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £285 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £285 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £286 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £286 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £287 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £287 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £288 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £288 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £289 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £289 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £290 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £290 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £291 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £291 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £292 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £292 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £293 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £293 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £294 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £294 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £295 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £295 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £296 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £296 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £297 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £297 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £298 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £298 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £299 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £299 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £300 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £300 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £301 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £301 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £302 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £302 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £303 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £303 10s for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £304 for it, and he said he would not. Witness then asked him if he would take £304 10s for it, and he said he would not. Wit

Business Announcements.

FIFTEENTH YEAR OF ATTENDANCE.

MR. H. MARKHAM,
SURGEON DENTIST,
OF 50, NORTHUMBERLAND STREET, NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE,

ATTENDS CONSETT EVERY MONDAY, from 1 p.m., to 5 p.m., at Mrs LAWSON'S, 22, MOUNT PLEASANT. ARTIFICIAL TEETH, to suit Youth or Age, inserted with all the latest and Best Enabling and American Improvements, at Moderate Charges. A Perfect Fit Guaranteed.

ADJOINING CONSERVATIVE CLUB, MOUNT PLEASANT. ESTABLISHED 1830.

THE COVENTRY CYCLE CO., LIMITED,
WHITEFRIAR LANE, COVENTRY.

SOLE MAKERS OF THE COVENTRY IMPERIAL BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES, SAFETIES, and TANDEMS.

ALL GUARANTEED MACHINES BEAR THE REGISTERED TRADE MARK OF THE COMPANY.

PRICE LISTS, 3 STAMPS. 876v

WATCHES ! WATCHES ! ! WATCHES ! ! !

MARSHALL & SONS,
WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS,
CONSETT AND BLACKHILL,

BEG to announce that they have opened a BRANCH SHOP in the NEW TOWN HALL BUILD INGS, where they are now showing a fine assortment of CLOCKS, WATCHES, & JEWELLERY Splendid Silver Patent Lever Watches from 70s. and upwards. Ladies and Gentlemen's Silver Geneva Watches from 30s. and upwards. Timepieces from 5s. All kinds of Repairs will be executed at Moderate Charges, combined with Good Workmanship.

KINDLY NOTE ADDRESS :—
MARSHALL AND SONS.
WATCHMAKERS AND JEWELLERS,
NEW TOWN HALL, FRONT STREET, CONSETT, & HIGHGATE, BLACKHILL. 311x.

JOSEPH MARSHALL
Begs to call attention to his Large and CHOICE STOCK of
CLOCKS, WATCHES & JEWELLERY,
All of which are of the Newest Designs, and will be found, in point of Quality, Price, and Completeness, to be unequalled by any similar Establishment in Town.
WATCHES : Ladies' and Gentlemen's Silver Lever, Geneva, Chronograph, Keyless, &c. Nickel Silver, from 11s. 6d.
JEWELLERY : Gold and Silver Dress Rings, Keepers, Bracelets, Bangles, Necklets, Scarf Pins, Solitaire, Brooches, &c., &c., in Great Variety, at the Consett Jewellery Emporium.
CLOCKS : American, English, Swiss, French, &c., in Wood and Nickel Silver Cases. Alarums, &c.
☞ Watches and Jewellery of every Description Repaired. Clocks Cleaned in Town or Country.
PRESENT of Half-Dozen Nickel Silver Tea Spoons given to purchasers of a Gold Wedding Ring.
PLACED ALUMINIUM AND STEEL JEWELLERY. JOSEPH MARSHALL, Watchmaker, Jeweller, &c. BIRTHDAY AND WEDDING PRESENTS.
Articles for Presentation at 15, MOUNT PLEASANT, CONSETT, and LEAZES, BURNOPFIELD. Reduced Rates. Aneroid Barometers, &c.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST IN NEWCASTLE.

MRS. GRAVES, late of Bedale, Yorkshire, will be pleased to see her Friends at her YORKSHIRE DINING ROOMS, 43, Bigg Market, (just above Town Hall.) Good Beds. Don't forget to call.

E. J. SLOANE,
PRACTICAL PIANOFORTE TUNER,
POST OFFICE, BLACKHILL, Co. DURHAM.
ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

MUSIC!
MUSIC LESSONS given—Piano, Harmoniums, and American Organs Tuned and Repaired. Dealer in Harmoniums, &c.—T. JONES, 4, Gibson Street, near Co-operative Store, Consett 927x

THOMAS HENRY KIRKUP,
FRONT STREET, CONSETT,
Respectfully announces that he supplies on the shortest notice, and at the lowest prices, BRICKS, SANITARY PIPES, CHIMNEY POTS, LATHS, HAIR, CEMENT, PARIS PLASTER, &c. 31x

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

MRS. FRANCES CHRISTOPHER, widow of the late ROBERT CHRISTOPHER, Hackmaster, Delves Lane, Consett, in returning thanks for the liberal patronage accorded to him during the many years in which he carried on the business, respectfully intimates that the same will be conducted as usual, and trusts that by keeping a superior turn-out of Horses and Conveyances, she may be favoured to secure a continuance of the favours of her friends and the public of the district. 662x

WHITER THAN SNOW.

What ! Why Clothes, Linen, Floors, &c., when Washed with
HARRISON'S
MAGIC ARIZONIC SOAP,
Which does twice the Work of any Soap with half the labour. It also Cures Scurvy, Ringworm, Corns, and Sores, and when used with
FURNIVAL'S MAGIC WASHING FLUID,
Sets Washing Day of half its troubles.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL OF
J. W. BERRY,
NEWMARKET STREET, CONSETT.

EVENING CLASSES.

MR. J. W. MULCASTER, Principal of the HIGH SCHOOL, CONSETT, begs to announce that he has arranged for the holding of EVENING CLASSES for Young Men, on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from 7 p.m. to 9 p.m., in the Primitive Methodist School-Room, Consett, commencing on Monday Evening next, the 2nd May.

Mr. Mulcaster's long experience and success in the Public Examinations of the day, enables him to guarantee thorough Preparation for Good Service and other Examinations, as well as for General, Commercial Life, and the higher branches of a sound English Education.

FEES, according to requirements, in all cases payable in advance.

Consett, April 27th, 1887. 801x

S. SWALWELL,
TAILOR AND DRAPER, DIPTON,
IS now showing a splendid Stock of the most Fashionable CLOTHS, comprising SCOTCH and WEST OF ENGLAND TWEEDS, WORSTED AND OTHER COATINGS, suitable for the present Season's wear, which have been bought on the most advantageous terms, and will be made up much below ordinary trade prices. Patterns of which will be forwarded by post or Otherwise on application.

The quality of our Goods have been tested for the last 20 years, and have given the greatest satisfaction.

A FASHIONABLE STYLE, CORRECT FIT, AND GOOD WORKMANSHIP GUARANTEED.

N.B.—Liberal Discount allowed for Cash. 973x

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.
SPECIAL NOTICE AS TO PRICES.

MR G. RICHARDSON, SURGEON DENTIST, Inserts His Wonderful "Superior Quality" ARTIFICIAL TEETH (by a New Painless Process) as less prices than usually charged for common quality and inferior workmanship. For comfort, durability, and natural appearance they are unsurpassed. Every Tooth Guaranteed.

☞ Please Note the only Address—
6, BLACKETT STREET, NEWCASTLE,
Third door from Northumberland Street.

NOTE.—Rail Fare allowed to Country Patients.

TEETH!
MR. SUTCLIFFE,
DENTAL SURGEON.
Dentistry in all its branches. ARTIFICIAL TEETH at all prices, made so as to attain the natural functions in each case, as 5s. 6d., 7s. 6d., and 10s. per Tooth. All work guaranteed. Misfits by other Dentists adjusted. Nitrous Oxide Gas for painless operations.

Note the Address : 4, NUN STREET, NEWCASTLE.

BOOKS suitable for PRIZES and SUNDAY SCHOLARS can be had at ROBERT JACKSON'S, "GUARDIAN" OFFICE, and 9, NEWMARKET STREET, CONSETT.

HONEY ! HONEY ! !
BEE HIVES ! BEE HIVES ! !
STANDARD SIZE.
J. SINTON, of Lanchester, IS MAKER OF THE BEST BAR FRAME HIVES IN ENGLAND, now ready for Sale at the following prices complete :—Telescope, 5s. 6d. ; Association, 5s. 6d. ; Sinton, 8s. 6d. Burgess, 10s ; Dixon, 10s. Honey, Finest Sections, 1s. 359y

O JOE ! O JOE ! O JOE THE SWEEP ! !

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—

Clean the flues, clean the flues,
Let it be your end and aim
The same to keep clear ;
For should they get into a flame,
At Court they'll cost you dear.
—Faithfully yours,
HARRISON, Sweep, Shotley Bridge.
PLEASE NOTE ADDRESS.
Mayor's Chambers, Shotley Brides.

PRESENTATION BIBLES.
Some of them are really MANY VOLUMES IN ONE, and include such Aids to the Student as Summaries of the Books ; Notes on the Natural History, General History, Mineralogy, Chronology, &c., of the Bible ; also, an Atlas, Concordance, Dictionary, &c., *forming a portable Biblical Library*, so to speak. The contributors are authors of note. Each Bible in this stock contains the Psalms and Paraphrases, and prices range from 1s upwards.
ROBERT JACKSON'S,
GUARDIAN OFFICE, FRONT STREET,
AND
9 & 10, NEWMARKET STREET CONSETT.

AUTUMN CLOTHING
AT
HEPWORTH'S
PILES OF CLOTHING AT
HEPWORTH'S.
LARGE DELIVERIES AT
HEPWORTH'S.
DIRECT FROM THEIR OWN FACTORY
TO THE PEOPLE AT
HEPWORTH'S.
WHOLESALE PRICES AT
HEPWORTH'S.
NO SECOND PROFITS AT
HEPWORTH'S.
SEE WINDOWS AT HEPWORTH'S.
ADDRESS :—
J. HEPWORTH AND SON
12, SHAKESPEARE STREET,
CONSETT
631y

Business Announcements.
EDUCATIONAL.

JOHN C. WYLIE, PRIVATE TEACHER IN LANGUAGES AND MATHEMATICS.
☞ PUPILS ATTENDED AT THEIR OWN HOMES.
Evening School, from 6d. to 1s. per week. Commences on Monday, 12th NOVEMBER. 854x

Public Notices.
SUFFERERS from Stammering, Sleep Walking, Fits, St. Vitus' (or St. Agnes') Dance, Hypochondria, or any form of nervous system.—Apply by letter to Box X, Office of this Paper. Terms free. 653z

AN EVENING IN THE HOLY LAND.
A LECTURE, on Saturday First, in the Primitive Methodist Chapel, Allendale Cottages, by Mr. G. PARKINSON, of Sherburn. Tea Bills, 676y
NOTICE.—WILLIAM JOHNSON, Carrboose will DELIVER ALL HEAVY GOODS from Lynes Lane Siding to any Shop in Consett, at 1s per ton. 569y

NOTICE,
HAVE YOU SEEN those WONDERFUL WATCHES price 12s. 6d., Good Time-keepers, at T. McCOURTE'S, Watchmaker, Newmarket Street, Consett, and only Practical Spectacle Maker in the County of Durham. 679x

MRS. A. SHIPLEY is prepared to supply a Choice Lot of NEW GOODS for the Season, with a New Stock of Perforated, 2 Stitch, and other things. BABY LINEN AND UNDERCLOTHING kept always in a really good Stock. Also LADIES' MOB and DRESS CAPS, SERVANTS' CAPS, and a Choice Selection of WOOLS. 614y

ROOFING TANTILES.
DRAINING PIPES, all sizes. PRESSED and COMMON BRICKS. Good quality ! Low Prices.
DEARNESS BRICK CO.,
7, WADDINGTON STREET, DURHAM. 635y
CONSETT INDUSTRIAL AND PROVIDENT SOCIETY, LIMITED.

OPENING OF NEW PREMISES.
THE NEW PREMISES WILL BE OPENED OUT on December 17th, and not as advertised in the *Record* on November 26th. Particulars will be given in bills and future advertisements.
BY ORDER OF THE COMMITTEE.
SHOTLEY BRIDGE & CONSETT DISTRICT GAS COMPANY.

ANY Person Removing, Altering, or Tampering with any Meter, Pipe, or other Property of the above Gas Company, or Consuming Gas upon any Premises without first having obtained permission from the Secretary to the said Company, will be prosecuted as the Law directs.—By order,
MONTAGUE HADLEY, Secretary.

MUSICAL TUITION.
JOHN SURTEES, Organist of Christ Church Consett, gives thorough instruction in Pianoforte Harmonium, Organ Playing, Harmony, &c. Special preparation for examinations. Lessons given at pupil's or his own residence. Orders for Tuning promptly attended to. Terms moderate.—Address 2, Cemetery Road, Blackhill. 644y

TESTIMONIAL TO THE FAMILY OF SERGEANT NORMAN.
A MEETING will be held in the Infant School-Room, Leadgate, on Monday evening, November 21st at Seven o'clock, to open a Subscription List to provide suitable aid for the Children, of the late Sergeant Norman. All parties interested are respectfully invited to attend. Chair to be taken by the Rev. J. W. MITCHELL. 642y

THEATRE ROYAL, CONSETT.
Lessee, Mr. T. B. Appleby. Acting Manager, Mr. Jones.
FRIDAY and SATURDAY, November 18th and 19th, ? "FAITHFUL JOHN."
HARRISON, Sweep, Shotley Bridge.
PLEASE NOTE ADDRESS.
Mayor's Chambers, Shotley Brides.

REV. HUGH GILMORE
WILL
PREACH AND LECTURE
IN THE
CONSETT PRIMITIVE CHAPEL,
ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 21st, 1887.
Subject of Lecture—"Principles of Social Progress."
For particulars see Bills. 645y

CONSETT DISTRICT INDUSTRIAL AND PROVIDENT SOCIETY.
A GREAT REMOVAL
CLEARANCE SALE
OF
DRAPERY GOODS.
WILL BE COMMENCED ON
SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12TH, 1887,
And continued for fourteen days.
2s. in the £ returned on Non-Members' purchases.
All Goods reduced for absolute clearance previous to removal into new premises. 634y

LOOK OUT FOR
RICHARDSON'S CASH DRAPERY
ESTABLISHMENT, DESSEMER HOUSE,
BLACKHILL.
"Ken when to spend, and when to spare,
When and where to buy that shall never be bare.
WE beg to inform the inhabitants of Blackhill and District that he will OPEN in a few days at the above PLACE OF BUSINESS (lately occupied by Mr. J. Gibson as a Boot and Shoe Shop) with an entirely New Stock of Goods of the Newest Style, and having bought in the best Markets for Cash enables him to sell at the very lowest Prices.
By strict attention to Business, W. R. hopes to gain a fair share of Public patronage.

HOTLEY BRIDGE & CONSETT WESLEYAN CIRCUIT.
GRAND TEMPERANCE DEMONSTRATION.
IN CONNECTION WITH THE ABOVE
A PUBLIC MEETING
WILL BE HELD IN THE
BLACKHILL WESLEYAN CHAPEL,
ON
MONDAY, NOVEMBER 21ST, 1887.
ADDRESSES will be given by the Rev. W. W. WALTON, Gateshead, (Newcastle District Temperance Secretary), and the Rev. JOSEPH DAWSON, Newcastle.—The Revs. A. BAILIE, W. JENKIN, J. ALDERSON, J. MARTIN, H. PARKES, and J. W. KEYWORTH will be present and take part in the meeting.
SELECTIONS OF MUSIC will be given by the united Wesleyan Choirs of Shotley Bridge, Consett, Blackhill, and Leadgate.
Chair to be taken at Seven o'clock p.m., by JOSHUA LAX, Esq., of Shotley Bridge. 597y
A Collection will be taken for defrayal of expenses.

CONSETT LOCAL BOARD.
REGISTRATION OF COWKEEPERS, DAIRY MEN, AND PURVEYORS OF MILK.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that under Section 16, of the Cowkeepers, Cowsheds, and Milkshops Order of 1885, it is not lawful for any person to carry on, in the District of any Local Authority, the Trade of a Cowkeeper, Dairyman, or Purveyor of Milk, unless he is registered as such therein in accordance with that Article, and that under the "Contagious Disease (Animals) Act, 1878," the Consett Local Board, are Superintending the Urban Sanitary Authority for the District of the same Board, are the Local Authority for that District ; and Notice is Hereby also given that every person carrying on the Trade of Cowkeeper, Dairyman, or Purveyor of Milk within the district of the said Urban Sanitary Authority, who is not already Registered as such with the said Authority, can be Registered on application to me, the undersigned ; and that forms of application can be obtained at the Office of the said Board, Parliament Street, Consett.
Dated this 27th day of November, 1887.
THOMAS WM. WEIRD, JUN., Clerk to the said Board.

Public Notices.
GRAND CONCERT in Temperance Hall, Burnopfield, on Wednesday, November 23rd, at 7.15 p.m., by Vocalists and Instrumentalists :—The Misses Watson (Piano and Harp), Dr Johnson (Banjo), Dr. Duncan, Rev. C. H. Newman, Messrs Saunders, Charlton, Abbott, Hogarth, Rose, Allan (Violin), and others. Admission—1s ; few back seats, 6d For Church Choir Fund. 669y

RE : CHRISTOPHER FOSTER, DECEASED.
ALL PERSONS having Claims against, or owing money to the Estate of CHRISTOPHER FOSTER, late of No. 43, Sunniside Old Row, near Tow Law in the county of Durham, miner, deceased, (who died on the 29th day of July last, and to whose personal Estate and Effects Letters of Administration were granted by the Durham District Registry, on the 25th day of October last, to JOHN FOSTER, the brother, and one of the next of kin of the Deceased,) are required to send particulars of such Claims, and to pay such Debts to us, the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of December next, after which date the Administrator will proceed to distribute the Assets having regard only to the Claims then received.
Dated this 15th day of November, 1887.
FORSTER, BROWN, and FORSTER,
29, Grainger St. West, Newcastle-on-Tyne
Solicitors to the said Administrator.
668y

Sales by Auction.
By Messrs A. & R. J. Brodie.
ADAM BRODIE and ROBERT J. BRODIE, Members of the Institute of Auctioneers and Surveyors, and of the Institute of Estate Agents, Queen Hall Corner, undertake the Management and Collection of Rents of every description of real Property, and have always prepared also for Sale of Farming Stock and Produce, Houses and Land, Household Furniture, Collections of Books and Effects of every description, in the best manner, and on the most Reasonable Terms. Sales by Auction in Sale Rooms in Victoria Street, Consett, are always open for the reception of Goods for absolute Sale, when removal is considered necessary by the owners ; and, as a rule, Sales are held there Fortnightly. Instructions by letter or otherwise receive prompt attention.
☞ Sole Agents in Consett for the principal Lines of Steamers to the United States, Canada, and Australia ; and also for the Queensland Government.
ADDRESS :—Victoria Sale Rooms. Office : Town Hall, Consett. 662y

Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, November 21st, 22nd, and 23rd, Sale of Sale Rooms, Dwelling House, including Breakfast, Dinner, and Dessert sets, Single and Double Chamber sets, and Art Pottery of every description.
MESSRS A. and R. J. BRODIE are instructed by Mr Jas Rosser, of the Bath Stores China Works, Hanley, Staffordshire, to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, in the Victoria Sale-rooms, Consett, on Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, November 21st, 22nd, and 23rd, a choice selection of High-class CHINA and other WARE.—Particulars in posters and future advertisements.—Sale to commence at ten o'clock in the afternoon, and six o'clock in the evening of each day.

Monday, November 28th, 1887, Victoria Sale Rooms, Consett.—Important Sale of Superior Mahogany and Walnut Household Furniture, Fine-toned Piano, Handsome, Good Harmonium, Domestic Sewing Machine, Choice Library and Miscellaneous Effects.
MESSRS. A. & R. J. BRODIE are instructed to receive and SELL BY AUCTION, in the Victoria Sale Rooms, Consett, on Monday, November 28th, 1887, the Superior Household FURNITURE and EFFECTS belonging to a Gentleman declining housekeeping, including :—Handsome Walnut Sideboard, with Plate Glass Back ; Superior Drawers and Bookcase ; Mahogany Bookcase ; Mahogany Couch, in Hair-Seating ; Easy Chair, in Hair ; 2 Easy Chairs, in Spring-Stuffed Leather Chairs ; Mahogany Centre Table ; Mahogany Sofa Table ; Mahogany Telescope Dining Table ; Mahogany Bedsteads ; 3 Iron Bedsteads and Mattresses ; 2 Spring Mattresses ; Feather and Down Beds ; Bolster and Pillows ; 2 Handsome Bedroom Mirrors ; Carpets and Hearthrugs ; Fenders and Fireirons ; and all the Miscellaneous Effects and Sundries. Also, the following, with other Valuable Books :—Fordyce's History of Durham, 2 Vols. ; History of Northumberland ; Ireland ; its Scenery and Charater, by S. C. Hall ; Tomlinson's Cyclopædia ; The World as it is. 3 Vols. ; Life and Times of Sir Robert Peel, 12 Vols. ; and a great variety of other useful works. Superior Piano, Thirty-three Octaves, Check Action ; Harmonium, in perfect order ; Music Stool ; Family Washing Machine ; Domestic Sewing Machine, &c.
Sale to commence at One o'clock prompt, as the lots are numerous. No Reserve. 672y

Monday and Tuesday, November 28th and 29th, 1887.—Consett Iron Company, Limited.—Important Sale of Surplus Stock of Linen and Woollen Drapery.
MESSRS. A. & R. J. BRODIE are instructed by the Committee of the above Society to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, in the Society's Premises, at Consett, on Monday and Tuesday, November 28th and 29th, 1887, the Surplus Stock of LINEN and WOOLLEN DRAPERY.
Sale to commence at Seven o'clock each evening. No reserve. 667y

By Mr Joseph Oley.
Freehold Property for Sale at Hill Top, Dipton.
MR. JOSEPH OLEY is honoured with instructions from Mrs. Dixon Stout (Executrix and Owner), to SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at the above place, on Wednesday, November 23rd, 1887, at Five o'clock p.m., and subject to such Conditions as will be read at the time of Sale, all that
FREEHOLD
FULL-LICENSED PUBLIC-HOUSE,
Called the Grey Horse Inn,
Situate at Hill Top, in the Parish of Tanfield, County of Durham ; containing Bar, Tap Room, and Kitchen on ground Floor, with a good Cellar ; Three Bed-rooms on the Second Flat ; a Panelled Bed, and other Bed-Building ; also, a Two-Roomed COTTAGE-HOUSE, adjoining the same, with Stable, Garden, Piggeries, &c., &c.
The Property may be viewed on application to the Owner, on the Premises ; or to Mr. JOHN STOTT, who will show the Property ; and to the AUCTIONEER, Shotley Bridge. 638y

MR. JOSEPH OLEY, instructed by the Representatives of the late Mr. Jas. Reid HEDDAN, will SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at KYO, on Thursday, November 24th, 1887, all her very Valuable Household FURNITURE, &c., comprising :—Sitting-Room Suite, in Mahogany, including Oval Three-quarter Chest of Drawers, Sofa, Easy Chair, Couch, in Hair-seating, Spring Bottom, 6 Chairs, in Hair ; Set of Mahogany Dining Tables, Sideboard, Green Cloth Table Cover ; Mahogany Card Table ; Splendid Brussels Carpet, Hearthrug, and Fender and rug ; Mantel Mirror, in Rosewood Frame ; Oil Stove, Fire-irons, Fenders, Ironing Stove, in do. ; Pearl of Sir Wilfred Lawson, in do. ; 2 Pictures, in Black and Gold Frames ; 3 Ancient China Ornaments ; Stone China Tea and Dinner Service, and Glass ; Hassocks ; 2 Spittoons ; 2 Mahogany Window Cornice Poles ; 2 Pairs of Lace Window Curtains, and Window Blinds and Rollers.
No. 1 Room contains—Mahogany Three-quarter Chest of Drawers ; Painted Chest of Drawers ; Dressing Table and Wash-stand, Double Set of Chamber Ware ; Four-poled Bedstead and Mattress ; Feather Bed ; 4 Cane-bottomed Bed-Room Chairs ; Mantel Mirror ; Chimneypiece Ornaments ; Carpet and Hearthrug ; 5 Pictures ; Pair of Lace Window Shades ; Blind and Roller.
ATTIC BED-ROOM consists of Camp Bedstead, Hangings, and Mattress ; Painted Chest and Frame ; 6 Chairs ; Bewley Boy ; Bed-Room Carpet ; Window Blind and Roller.
KITCHEN FURNITURE comprises Birch Press ; Four-poled Bedstead and Mattress ; Twenty-four Hours' Clock, in Oak Case ; Kitchen Table and 1 Top Table Form ; 5 Kitchen Chairs ; Windsor Arm Chair ; American Clock-stitch Sewing Machine ; Set of Earthenware, including a Splendid Set of China Tea Ware ; 2 Large and 2 Small Mats ; Kitchen Fender and Fireirons ; Metal Tea and Coffee Pot ; Wringing Machine ; Washing Tube, and other Sundries ; 2 Metal Fire Ranges.
Also, at the close of the above,
A LOT OF LAND,
Containing 1140 Square Yards more or less, will be Sold subject to such Conditions as will be stated at time of Sale.
Sale to commence at Twelve o'clock at noon. 717y

JOSEPH OLEY,
THE AGRICULTURAL AUCTIONEER AND VALUER,
10, WOOD STREET, SHOTLEY BRIDGE.

JOHN LOWES,
AUCTIONEER & LOAN AGENT, STANLEY, R.S.O.
Auction Sales of every description undertaken on the most reasonable terms. Prompt settlement.
VALUATIONS EFFECTED FOR PROBATE, &c. 603y

Sales by Auction.
By Mr. John S. Murray.
Annual Sale of Shrubs, Flowers, Table and Window Plants, Evergreens, Bulbs, Fruit Trees, Rose Cases, &c., &c.
MR. JOHN S. MURRAY will SELL BY AUCTION, in Middle Street, Consett, on Saturday, November 19th, 1887, a Large CONSIGNMENT OF THE ABOVE, including among others :—Roses, Rhododendrons, Weeping Willows, Scarlet Thorns, Coniferous Evergreen and Deciduous Shrubs, Fruit Trees and Bushes ; Rose Cases, consisting of Baumforth Seedling, Semper Fidelis and Carter's Prolific ; and Rhubarb Sloth's Monarch ; very large exhibition variety. Also, several Table and Window Plants, including Ferns and Primroses, well set with bud ; Picus Elastica India Rubber ; and Aralea Reticulata.
J. S. M. has pleasure in drawing attention to the above, as they are vigorous and well-rooted, and can with confidence recommend them to the public.
Sale to commence at Two o'clock. 659y

JOHN SWINBURN MURRAY,
AUCTIONEER,
AGRICULTURAL VALUER, AND GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
ROYAL AUCTION MART, BENFIELDSIDE

By Messrs. Nicholson and Murray.
ROYAL AUCTION MART, BENFIELDSIDE.
MONDAY, NOVEMBER 21st, 1887.
Present Entries.
14 Fat Cattle.
120 Fat Sheep.
3 Veal Calves.
A Number of Pork and Store Pigs.
6 Fat Turkeys.
10 to 15 Lots of Cows.
6 S.H. Stirks.
Calves, Poultry, &c.
Powerful Brown Cart Horse, 16 h.h.
Grey Colt, 2½ years old, by 'Highland Laddy.'
Potatoes prime quality ; 20 Bags of Oats.
Pig Nets ; Copy Cart, with Shelvings ; &c.
Sale to commence at One o'clock prompt.
638y NICHOLSON & MURRAY, Auctioneers.

By Mr. W. Richardson.
Tow Law.—Freehold Dwelling-Houses for Sale.
TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Queen's Head Hotel, Newgate Mews, the Mile Stone Inn, Tow Law, on Friday, December 2nd, 1887, at Four o'clock in the Afternoon,
Mr. W. RICHARDSON, Auctioneer,
All those
THREE FREEHOLD DWELLING-HOUSES, One containing 6 Rooms, and Two containing 2 Rooms each, with Enclosed Yard, and all Conveniences, situate in the High Street, Tow Law, as now occupied by Messrs. Hodgson, Armstrong, and Moses.
The Property is well built, and in good repair. Plans will give inspection, and further particulars can be obtained on application to the AUCTIONEER, Tow Law ; or of
Messrs. TROTTER, BRUCE, & TROTTER,
665y Solicitors, Bishop Auckland.

By Mr. Biggs.
Ousterley West House Farm.
MR. BIGGS, favoured with instructions from Mr. Robert Wood, will SELL BY AUCTION the whole of the FARMING STOCK on the above Farm, on Monday, November 28th, 1887.
HORSES.
Brown Mare, Blossom, by "Bismarck," (S B. 50).
Brown Colt, 2½ years, by "Diddington."
CATTLE.
Roan S.H. Cow, due January 16th next.
Roan and White S.H. Cow, due April 6th next.
Red S.H. Cow, Milking.
Roan Heifer.
Roan and White Heifer, due to Calve June 9th.
White Heifer, due to Calve March 15th.
2 Shorthorn Heifers, 1½ old.
1½
3 Heifers, 5 to 8 months old.
1 Fat Heifer, nine years old.
SHEEP.
52 Cross Leicester Ewes, in lamb to "Oxford Down."
7 Fat Ewes, 500 quality.
2 Tup Lambs.
Sundry Poultry.
IMPLEMENTS.
2 Crop Carts, with harvest bodies ; Pair of Harrows ; Two-Horse Grub Harrows, little used ; Three-Horse Grubber ; Hay Rake (Ransome and Sims), nearly new ; Metal Drill Turnip Sowing Machine, nearly new ; Hay Shed ; Small Plough ; 2 Scuffles ; Milk Cans, with Stands ; Four-wheeled Dog Cart, with Lamps, &c., neat ; Long Ladder, and the usual small Implements and Stacks ; Stack of Wellwon Hay, under cover, insured, and can remain to May 11th, 1888 ; Stack of Well-won Hay.
Sale to commence at One p.m. prompt.
Terms—Cash.
A Brake runs from Consett to Street Station.
23, Grey Street, Newcastle-on-Tyne. 670y

By Mr. J. Vickers.
TOW LAW AUCTION MART.
A WEEKLY SALE every Monday for Fat and Store Cattle and Sheep, Dairy Cows, Horses, Conveyances, Farm Produce, &c., commencing at 12 o'clock with Cows, for Sale or Return.
Entries should be sent on Wednesday each week.
JOSEPH VICKERS Auctioneer,
Grove Villa, Tow Law. 454x

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
PEOPLE that are leaving this District can have their FURNITURE TURNED into CASH, at once, by applying to JOHN CRAWFORD, Auctioneer, 25, Victoria Street, Consett. 801x

JOHN CRAWFORD,
AGRICULTURAL VALUER & FURNITURE AUCTIONEER,
25, VICTORIA STREET, CONSETT.
Business done promptly, and on reasonable terms.

GEORGE R. HODSON,
AUCTIONEER & VALUER.
CATCHGATE *VIA* LINTZ GREEN 0r

SPECIAL EMIGRATION OFFICE.
ASSISTED PASSAGES TO CANADA, Cheap Rates to Australia by the WHITE STAR, AMERICAN, and other popular Lines. Also Lowest possible Fares to NEW ZEALAND, COLONIES, SOUTH AFRICA, and other parts of the World. Auction Sales carried on monthly and upon the very Best Terms.
All Emigrants and Luggage taken to the Railway Station Free of Charge ; and forthe most useful and reliable information and assistance, apply at once to R. PHILLIPSON, Auctioneer, and Emigration Agent, Dipton. 402x

Business Announcements
THE CONSETT AND DISTRICT PERMANENT
BENEFIT BUILDING SOCIETY
TOWN HALL, CONSETT.
☞ SHARES MAY BE TAKEN ANY DAY
Advances made on Freehold or Copyhold Property repayable as arranged, or for fixed periods.
ADAM RODDIE, F.S.A., Secretary.

"The weary find new strength in generous wine." *Homer.*

No wine is so generous, so full of nutriment, as good Port Wine. It seems, indeed, as though moulded by man's skill, had done its best to produce a wine far above all other wines in richness of body, lovely colour, and elegant flavour.

GLENDENNINGS INVALID PORT
WILLIAM GLENDINNING draws attention to this Wine, which is specially imported and sold by him as the Wine most suited for those who are sick or recovering from sickness. Its characteristics are, freedom from acidity and heat, light fruity flavour, age in wood and richness of body without being heavy and sweet. Carriage paid upon half-a-dozen and upwards.
W. GLENDENNING,
WINE MERCHANT,
9, GRAINGER STREET (between Nun Street and Newmarket), NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE.

Business Announcements.
TEETH AT ALL PRICES.
MR. D. POWELL,
SURGEON DENTIST,
2, NUN STREET (Corner of Clayton Street),
NEWCASTLE,
May be personally Consulted every Week Day, from 11 a.m. until 4 p.m.
CONSULTATION FREE.
IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.—Before seeking the aid of the Dental Profession, ask the people where you live, and take the recommendation of the many, they are the best judge. Don't go by one or a few persons, who are paid agents ; have the advice and experience of at least a dozen individuals. If you act on this principle, we leave advice you might save yourself endless pain and disappointment.
OBSERVE LARGE BRASS LAMP and SEE THAT YOU GET INTO THE RIGHT DOOR.
Over 20 Years at the same Address. 506x

MOST MONEY LENT
On Silver Plate, Watches, Jewellery, Diamonds, other Precious Stones, Plate, Goods, Cutlery, &c., &c., at
J. & E. WILSON'S,
The Oldest Established and Largest Pawnbroking Businessin the North of England.
Established 1750.
12, PILGRIM STREET
FOUR DOORS BELOW BLACKETT STREET
PRIVATE ENTRANCE : From 32, PILGRIM STREET and 1, FRIAR LANE,
NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE.
N.B.—A Large Stock of New and Second-hand WATCHES, Gold & Silver GUARDS ALBERTS &c., on Sale at the Lowest Prices.

THE THRILLING TALE
ENTITLED
"THE SILENT WATCHERS,"
BY
MISS DORA RUSSELL,
APPEARS IN THIS ISSUE.

HIGH CLASS DENTISTRY.
MR. T. C. CAMPBELL
SURGEON DENTIST,
9, GRAINGER STREET,
NEWCASTLE.
☞ ARTIFICIAL TEETH AT REASONABLE PRICES COMPLETE UPPER OR LOWER SET From 5s. to 10s.
PARTIAL SETS OR SINGLE TEETH From 2s. to 10s. per Tooth.
Every Set is adapted to the mouth on the most improved principles, without extraction of Stumps or other painful operation, guaranteed to fit perfectly and warranted.
Teeth painlessly extracted by the aid of Nitrous Oxide Gas.
Operations in Dental Surgery skilfully performed, and all charges strictly moderate.
☞ Country Patients visiting MR. CAMPBELL'S Establishment in Newcastle will be allowed a drawing of a most complete Dental Appearance, and whenever possible will be allowed their railway fare

TO ADVERTISERS.
ALL Orders for Advertisements for insertion in the *Consett Guardian* must be WRITTEN, and sent in not later than Noon o'clock on Friday mornings to ensure publication.
WE use great care to secure the correct printing of advertisements ; but we cannot hold ourselves sponsible for inaccuracies nor from any consequences arising therefrom.
PARTIES making inquiries by letter respecting advertisements must enclose an addressed stamped envelope.
IT is contrary to Post-office Regulations for letters to be addressed to initials or fictitious names at any Post-office. Advertisers are desired to bear this in mind.
APPLICANTS for situations and others who reply to advertisements are recommended to forward copies of their testimonials, and not the original documents.

The Consett Guardian.
FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 18TH, 1887.

JOTTINGS BY THE WAY.

[BY "INCEDO."]

WINTER.

"O, winter, ruler of the inverted year."
—Cowper.

There is an old saying to the effect that the devil is not so black as he is painted. Rather a rude form of expression certainly ; but it serves to illustrate a popular truism. Winter may not be lovely in itself, but its characteristics are relieved by the pleasing, social features they tend to cultivate. I was alarmed to learn from the last issue of the *Guardian* that the dull November weather was exercising a depressing influence on Her Majesty's subjects in the Annfield Plain district. No antidote was spoke of, the return of good weather being hopefully looked forward to ? the only sure panacea for this form of melancholy. To speak of the welcome voices of the Spring before we have well tasted of the less joyous presence of the Winter requires a keener sense of imagination than the majority of people are endowed with. It will be a long time before better weather need be expected either at Annfield Plain or elsewhere. People who feel out of sorts in dreary weather are usually those who have very little to do. There is nothing like application for keeping mental at a respectable pitch. Study might be said in praise of winter. The days are short and the air keen and bracing. Unpleasant to some extent it may be, but the discomforts of the day are more than compensated by the social and domestic pleasures of the evening. Let me speak peace to my Annfield Plain readers, and, others of similar temperament, if such there be. The man who becomes peevish because he cannot revel in perpetual sunshine is the architect of his own misery. We are explicitly told in Holy Writ that the sun shines on the evil and on the good, and as our kinsmen at the Antipodes have quite as much claim on the monarch of the day as we have, it would be ungenerous on our part to seek, even in thought, to deprive them of seed time and harvest. People who are troubled with suicidal thoughts in gloomy weather should treat themselves to a course of medicine. The general reader may, preadventure, imagine that I am

disposed to be cynical. I have no desire to treat so important a subject with indifference. Medicine has long been regarded as a remedy for a mind diseased, no less than for a disordered stomach. It is recorded that it was a common practice among the philosophers of antiquity to feed copious doses of an aperient as a needful preparation in order to refute the dogmas of their opponents. To come to latter times, Dryden, the poet, thought no shame to inform posterity that he made progress for a season only by a course of purgative medicine. Lord Byron declared that the thing that gave him the highest spirits was a dose of salts! My tack is now done, having prescribed a cure case for nothing, if all tales be true, there will be a ready sale for salts next week at a point to suit local parlance as the "Plain."

PRESENTATIONS.

There is a spirit of benevolence abroad, and so general and far-spreading is its influence that one almost led to conjecture that a latent chord has been touched, the dulcet notes falling in inspiring numbers on the impressible hearts of those who have ears and to spare. In scanning the columns of the weekly newspapers of late, the word "presentation" meets the eye at every glance. It is gratifying to note that this spirit of generosity is not confined to any particular section of the community. It is well to encourage the deserving, for many a worthy spirit has drooped and died for want of an approving voice. The man who has no friends is a curious animal, and two admirers are quite capable of originating and carrying to a successful issue any testimonial of appreciation of esteem, that the central figure has some standing in the social scale. It sometimes happens that men who have striven to benefit nobody but themselves, awaken in some fine morning to find themselves famous. They are feasted and made the recipients of gifts for which they never toiled, whilst the vastly more deserving are permitted to go their way, without receiving even a cheap, but scarce commendation of "Well done." There is abundant room for improvement in these presentation observances. It is a curious feature in our social life that a man must either die or leave a locality before any kind thing is worth their pains to speak of his useful ness, unless at the tea table. Modesty forbids that sort of thing, besides it is not in keeping with the usages of modern etiquette, whispers the conscientious of how the deserving should come to the light in this respect. I could point out some two or three local gentlemen who have served the public gratuitously, if not for all the days of their lives, at least long enough to have received some token of recognition; but the fatted calf has not yet been killed on their account.

KILLED THROUGH KINDNESS.

Dr Rendle has been drawn for the position of the Lindgate Local Board to the high rate of infant mortality within their jurisdiction. The worthy doctor has put on record the astounding statement, that six out of eleven deaths are the result of improper feeding. I have not heard that there are many of my readers are in exactly the same position in that respect—to understand the literal rendering of the term "improper feeding." Dr Rendle is not the man to make a charge of the kind unless he is well satisfied that he can prove it to be guarded against, it is of the utmost importance that its cause and cure should be clearly put before the public. Improper feeding is a phrase, that may be easily rendered such as the preconceived ideas of the reader may determine. It may be that the fault is wholly on my side, not being "gifted with the requisite power of apprehension essential to grasp the full import of the statement. If so, I plead, read it, "improper feeding" may imply that the infants are not provided with sufficient food, or it may mean that they get too much; and lastly, it may be a stylistic phrase, in which case that the quality of the food supplied is not what it should be. I draw public attention to this question, not for the sake of mere criticism, but purely on the ground of infantile welfare. Dr Rendle has the largest need for reform in the very interesting business of baby culture; but the nature of the disease must first be ascertained before the skilful physician can prescribe a remedy. It is true that the mortality in the Board limited exceeds that of rather the mis-use, of "bolley" is the chief cause of the infantile mortality complained of; but with all deference to their skill in family matters, I would not prefer to have a Mrs Partington to take up the part of his humble servant. The last time he must be read me a lecture anent one or more acts of convulsion on my part, but I fancy that now I have found him napping! Eh, doctor?

TEMPERANCE.

I see by the advertising columns, that the district Temperance Council announced for next week are a "Grand temperance demonstration" at Blackhill on Monday evening. A good feature in the proceedings is the number of the speakers. "Many hands make light work," is an old saying, and it is quite as true in its application to mental exertion as it is to physical toil. Plenty of speakers and short speeches is now the order of the hour. Faith is many-sided, and its effect is heightened when presented with divers naturals limbs—to the dividuality of the respective speakers. The proposition of temperance habits amongst its members has long been a cardinal feature in Methodist preaching and teaching, week in and week out. Methodist circles. The fire is never allowed to burn low, they believe in keeping up the steam. A large gathering is expected on Monday evening on central meeting-place having been chosen for the occasion, the clans of the friends in Shotley Bridge, Consett, and Leadgate—for I know by experience that Methodists, and notably Wesleyan Methodists, welcome the stranger quite as heartily as they do the lambs of the flock. The time is to some extent true now-a-days of most sections of the Christian Church, but I am pretty sure my friend in saying that the Methodists were the first to show the example. So good a lesson is worthy of imitation.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC JOTTINGS.

[BY THE "OLD CROW."]

Mr Jonathan Stephenson is to be congratulated on the success, artistically an financially, of his concert on Monday night, at the Drill Hall. The programme rendered very creditably. To say that it was rendered faultlessly would be to go, perhaps, a little out of bounds, but it may be remarked, how ever, that the faults were more than made up for by the good points. In the second part of the programme Miss Calvea (Consett) was undoubtedly the success. This young lady has wonderfully improved in voice and method, and it is not too much to say, that in the particular style of ballad she selects to sing she is far in advance of other lady amateurs in the district. Her songs were encored with charming effect. Altogether the concert was more pleasing than any "Old Crow" has attended for some time past.

This week at the Theatre Royal, Consett, Mr Charles Hermann's *Buffalo Bill Company* occupy the boards. Without speaking of the play itself which is quite unnecessary, from the fact that it has been so recently produced, "Old Crow" feels bound to say that the various rôles are very creditably rendered, special praise being due to Master Thos. Paxton, Edward Chester, and G. J. Phipps, and to Miss Audrey Canning and Miss Nellie Ashurst.

—o—

For next week is promised Mr Brinsley Sheridan's Company in *Ormiss's Affair*, the play in which Mr Sheridan has shone for very many years. It is quite unnecessary for "Old Crow" to speak in favour of a company so well known.

—o—

Mr T. B. Appleby has appointed Mr Henry Sale to look after his interests here, in the capacity of bill-posting manager, and a right business-like and courteous gentleman he is too! Mr Sale informs "Old Crow" that no expense will be spared to bring to the theatre from time to time really worthy companies. Some of the prospective engagements he named quite surpris d your old bird. It will not do to anticipate the treat in store things in store, as, to do so might tend to detract from the effect later. Suffice it to say, that Mr Appleby, subject of course to proper and fitting patronage, will do for Consett in a dramatic way, what has never previously been attempted in the town. May his efforts to please meet with the success they deserve.

—o—

The theatre, too, is to be structurally altered in order to meet the views of the Board. There are proposed to be two entrances, one to the two-and-a-penny gallery, the other to the pit and back of the building. The advantages to the house is to be much more easy of ascent and descent; seats in the gallery will have backs put to them, as well as those in the pit; and many other alterations and improvements are to be made with a view of increasing the ease and comfort of the audience. The theatre is at present badly lighted outside, and not the least noticeable of the improvements, will be the fixing of three gas lamps in front of the building. This will meet a long-felt want.

—o—

Time and want of space forbade a notice in this column last week of Mr Mulholland's company in *Uncle Tom's Cabin*. The company was limited to two or three of the company deserved more than a passing mention. Miss Edith Blanche, who hitherto has been better known in another branch of the profession than as an actress vis.—as a clever singer and dancer—was very happy in the part of Bessie Merry bright. She was charming alike in humorousness, as in her more sober and dignified moments, and proved herself a clever actress. Mr J. W. Ryder, as Jack Salt, was equally successful; his boisterous, affectionate sailor to the life. Mr Preston Marchant, as Harold, gave an effective rendering of the part; Mr Royston was capital as the villainous Legree, Arnold Taylor, and several heavily; whilst Mr Nat Wallace (Pat Mahony) Mr F. L. Arthur (Jimmy) and Miss Lizzie Stirling (Louise) made the most of their respective parts.

Local and District News.

CONSETT.

A report of the Wesleyan Missionary Meeting at Consett this week will be regularly held over for our next issue.

SNOWDRIFTS.—A heavy fall of snow was experienced in Consett district on Monday and Tuesday, the ground being covered to a depth of several inches.

THE NOMINATION OF SHERIFFS.—Mr D. Dale, Hallelujon; Mr L. Wood, Chester-le-Street; and Mr W. J. Joicey, Chester-le-Street, have been nominated as sheriffs for the county of Durham for the ensuing year.

A CANARD.—A rumour was circulating in Consett on Saturday night and Sunday, to the effect that a woman and a child had committed suicide by throwing themselves into the Tinmill Dam. It appears that a tramp had threatened to end the lives of herself and child in this manner; but it was proved beyond doubt that she did not carry her threat into execution.

CONSETT AND DISTRICT 741ST STARR-BOWKETT BUILDING SOCIETY.—The ninth monthly meeting took place on Wednesday evening, in the Small Hall, Town Hall, Consett. The number drawn was 207, representing £200. Mr John Thompson, Field, who held two shares, and, being clear on his books, is entitled to the use of £200, free of interest, for 10 or 12½ years.

MR ATHERLEY-JONES AT WORK.—Last (Thursday) night, Mr Atherley-Jones, M.P., addressed a large public meeting in the Good Templars' Hall, Low Spennymoor. The meeting was also addressed by Mr W. L. Paterson, Durham, and the usual resolutions condemning the action of the present Government in Ireland, a vote of confidence in Mr Crawford, M.P., in his illness, were unanimously carried.

We will be seen from our advertising columns that the Rev. Hugh Gilmore, of Preston, is coming to Consett Primitive Methodist Chapel, on Wednesday next. To those who have heard him, or read his productions on "Democracy," "Ireland," and "Socialism," no further word of introduction; to those who have not, we only say he equals in ability the best men in that Connexion, and is a speaker worth hearing.

TRAP ACCIDENT.—Between nine and ten o'clock on Sunday night, Mr and Mrs Aynsley and family were returning from Leadgate to Consett, they met with a slight mishap. Their phaeton was standing in the "slack," when it was run into by a party of gentlemen driving in an opposite direction. The phaeton was damaged to the extent that one of the wheels was smashed, but the occupants fortunately escaped without injury. The party in the convey ance drove onward without staying to ascertain the result of their negligence.

THEATRE ROYAL.—At this place of amusement the company has been announced for next week as of a unusually interesting character. The piece is "Cruelty's Money," which has had a gigantic success after a run of 1,600 nights in the provinces, has been pronounced by the London Press the most sensational drama of the day. The principal character—"Soft Tommy Shuttleworth"—will be taken by Mr Brinsley Sheridan, of whom the Sheffield Press said—"High praise is due to Mr Sheridan for his really excellent acting of Shuttleworth." During the present week, Mr C. Herrmann's "Buffalo Bill's" Company having occupied the stage, and have attracted very fair audiences.

CHRISTIAN LAY CHURCH.—Anniversary services in connection with the above Church took place at Consett on Sunday last. On Saturday, a tea was a public tea, to which a good company sat down to the tables were ably presided over by Mesdames Williams, Coleman, Sanderson, and Sheldon. In the evening, an entertainment was given by the church choir. Songs and solos were nicely sung by Messrs Sinclair, Sheldon, Bolton, and the Misses Sheldon and Dunne. Recitations were given in capital style by Messrs Davis, Unsworth, and Sheldon. Master Thos. Eldon was harmonium, and Mr Tom Sinclair conducted. Mr T. Williams occupied the chair.—On Sunday, two sermons were preached by Mr James Moore, Durham, to good congregations. Collections were taken in aid of the church funds.

BLACKHILL.

It may not be generally known that, through the instrumentality of Mr David Dale, J.P., the footbridge crossing the line at Consett and Shotley Railway Station is now open to the public on Sundays. The gates have been removed, and the bridge will be open for the first time all day last Sunday.

THE SUPERLEBRIDGE STOCK AUCTION MART.—Messrs Nicholson and Murray had forward on Monday 13 fat cattle, which sold up to £18, from Mr W. Hall, Shotley Bridge; 133 fat sheep, up to 58s, from Mr Teesas, East Law; 4 pork pigs, to 63s; 2 calves, to £5, 14 small pigs, to 30s; 7 stirks, to £6 each; 4 gald cows, £3 12s 6d to £8; and a quantity of pottery, pointoes, harness, and traps, which sold at fair prices.

FIRST SHOTLEY BRIDGE AND DISTRICT 370TH STARR-BOWKETT BUILDING SOCIETY.—The 25th monthly meeting was held on Monday night, at the office, Sons of Temperance Hall, Blackhill. Mr Noble presided, and Messrs Gillies and Robinson were appointed scrutineers. The first three numbers drawn—102, 8, and 145—were disqualified on account of subscriptions being in arrears and shares withdrawn. The next number drawn was 93, held by Miss Ann Gibson, Durham Road, Blackhill, who, being found clear on the books, and holding two shares, was declared entitled to an advance of £200, free of interest, for 11 years.

WESLEYAN CIRCUIT TEMPERANCE MEETING.—We beg to draw the attention of our readers to the Wesleyan circuit temperance meeting to be held in the Blackhill Wesleyan Chapel, on Monday evening next. The speakers will be Rev W. W. Walton, Gateshead, and Rev Joseph Dawson, late Consett, both of whom are minist rs of some standing in the Wesleyan body. Mr W. Walton is the temperance secretary of the Newcastle district, and has travelled in Gateshead since the Conference of 1886, his predecessor in the district being the acceptable service in Sunderland Mr Walton combines evangelical zeal with refinement of diction, and a powerful intellectual power. Wherever he has travelled his name is mentioned with respect, and his preaching is generally admired. Mr Dawson is a north-country man, and entered the Wesleyan ministry in 1865, travelling first three Joseph Dawson, late Consett, both of whom are minist rs of some standing in the Wesleyan body. Mr W. Walton is the temperance secretary of the Newcastle district, and has travelled in Gateshead since the Conference of 1886, his predecessor in the district being the acceptable service in Sunderland Mr Walton combines evangelical zeal with refinement of diction, and a powerful intellectual power. Wherever he has travelled his name is mentioned with respect, and his preaching is generally admired. Mr Dawson is a north-country man, and entered the Wesleyan ministry in 1865, travelling first three Joseph Dawson, late Consett, both of whom are minist rs of some standing in the Wesleyan body. Mr W. Walton is the temperance secretary of the Newcastle district, and has travelled in Gateshead since the Conference of 1886, his predecessor in the district being the acceptable service in Sunderland Mr Walton combines evangelical zeal with refinement of diction, and a powerful intellectual power. Wherever he has travelled his name is mentioned with respect, and his preaching is generally admired. Mr Dawson is a north-country man, and entered the Wesleyan ministry in 1865, travelling first three Joseph Dawson, late Consett, both of whom are minist rs of some standing in the Wesleyan body. Mr W. Walton is the temperance secretary of the Newcastle district, and has travelled in Gateshead since the Conference of 1886, his predecessor in the district being the acceptable service in Sunderland Mr Walton combines evangelical zeal with refinement of diction, and a powerful intellectual power. Wherever he has travelled his name is mentioned with respect, and his preaching is generally admired. Mr Dawson is a north-country man, and entered the Wesleyan ministry in 1865, travelling first three Joseph Dawson, late Consett, both of whom are minist rs of some standing in the Wesleyan body. Mr W. Walton is the temperance secretary of the Newcastle district, and has travelled in Gateshead since the Conference of 1886, his predecessor in the district being the acceptable service in Sunderland Mr Walton combines evangelical zeal with refinement of diction, and a powerful intellectual power. Wherever he has travelled his name is mentioned with respect, and his preaching is generally admired. Mr Dawson is a north-country man, and entered the Wesleyan ministry in 1865, travelling first three Joseph Dawson, late Consett, both of whom are minist rs of some standing in the Wesleyan body. Mr W. Walton is the temperance secretary of the Newcastle district, and has travelled in Gateshead since the Conference of 1886, his predecessor in the district being the acceptable service in Sunderland Mr Walton combines evangelical zeal with refinement of diction, and a powerful intellectual power. Wherever he has travelled his name is mentioned with respect, and his preaching is generally admired. Mr Dawson is a north-country man, and entered the Wesleyan ministry in 1865, travelling first three Joseph Dawson, late Consett, both of whom are minist rs of some standing in the Wesleyan body. Mr W. Walton is the temperance secretary of the Newcastle district, and has travelled in Gateshead since the Conference of 1886, his predecessor in the district being the acceptable service in Sunderland Mr Walton combines evangelical zeal with refinement of diction, and a powerful intellectual power. Wherever he has travelled his name is mentioned with respect, and his preaching is generally admired. Mr Dawson is a north-country man, and entered the Wesleyan ministry in 1865, travelling first three Joseph Dawson, late Consett, both of whom are minist rs of some standing in the Wesleyan body. Mr W. Walton is the temperance secretary of the Newcastle district, and has travelled in Gateshead since the Conference of 1886, his predecessor in the district being the acceptable service in Sunderland Mr Walton combines evangelical zeal with refinement of diction, and a powerful intellectual power. Wherever he has travelled his name is mentioned with respect, and his preaching is generally admired. Mr Dawson is a north-country man, and entered the Wesleyan ministry in 1865, travelling first three Joseph Dawson, late Consett, both of whom are minist rs of some standing in the Wesleyan body. Mr W. Walton is the temperance secretary of the Newcastle district, and has travelled in Gateshead since the Conference of 1886, his predecessor in the district being the acceptable service in Sunderland Mr Walton combines evangelical zeal with refinement of diction, and a powerful intellectual power. Wherever he has travelled his name is mentioned with respect, and his preaching is generally admired. Mr Dawson is a north-country man, and entered the Wesleyan ministry in 1865, travelling first three Joseph Dawson, late Consett, both of whom are minist rs of some standing in the Wesleyan body. Mr W. Walton is the temperance secretary of the Newcastle district, and has travelled in Gateshead since the Conference of 1886, his predecessor in the district being the acceptable service in Sunderland Mr Walton combines evangelical zeal with refinement of diction, and a powerful intellectual power. Wherever he has travelled his name is mentioned with respect, and his preaching is generally admired. Mr Dawson is a north-country man, and entered the Wesleyan ministry in 1865, travelling first three

TO OUR READERS.

THE OPENING CHAPTERS

OF A

NEW AND THRILLING STORY

ENTITLED

CRŒSUS' WIDOW

By Miss DORA RUSSELL,

Authoress of "The Silent Watcher,"

APPEARS IN THIS ISSUE.

PRUDHOE.

CURIOUS ACTION RESPECTING A GREYHOUND.—On Friday, at Hexham County Court, before Judge Holl, Q.C., John Robson, the younger, sawyer, of Prudhoe, claimed from Ralph Hodgson, mason, the sum of £50 for personal injuries caused to him by a grey-hound belonging to the latter, or in the custody of the defendant on the 12th Nov., 1886. Mr Fresbury appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr Clark (Newcastle) defended.—The facts of the case were not called in question, but Mr Clark submitted that there was no case of negligence on the part of the participators.—His Honour decided to hear the evidence before coming to a decision on the point of law involved. It appeared that in the afternoon of 12th Nov. plaintiff was walking along a narrow field, three within a public foot path runs, on his way home. There were three dogs in the field. One of them went past him, and another came against his leg and knocked him down, breaking his leg. The three dogs came away from no men named English and Lathey, the latter, it was alleged, being employed by defendant, Hodgson. Plaintiff said he could not say that the men urged the dogs on.—His Honour said he did know that there was any law against taking out greyhounds.—Mr Freshere: I will show your Honour as a matter of fact that the dogs were started to race.—Mr Clark: There was nothing to race.—Judge Holl: I have decided that he was there for the purpose of racing the dogs. He met Lathey the moment he left the field they stood and talked they let three of the dogs loose, there being four altogether.—His Honour dismissed the case, adding that he considered that there was no cause of action, and struck out the hearing fee.

WHICKHAM.

PRESENTATION.—On Wednesday evening, Mr John Turnbull, who is leaving Whickham to take a position in London, was presented with a handsome leg bag and a gold albert and accept pin. The presentation was made in the Wesley Church Institute, where a large number of members and friends were present. Mr Geo. Reed, one of the vice-presidents of the society, made the presentation, and in doing so spoke very highly of Mr Turnbull as regarded the part in which the place would sustain by the removal of such a valuable and able worker. He also wished him every success in his new undertaking.—Mr Turnbull, who has been connected with the institute for upwards of eleven years, having been present at its formation, suitably responded; thanking the subscribers for their kindness, and the high compliment paid to him. The united Wesleyan choirs of Shotley Bridge, Consett, Blackhill, and Leadgate, then meeting, which we believe is the first of the kind held in Whickham, proved to be of a most interesting and instructive character.

LEADGATE.

YEARLY CLUB SUPPER.—The yearly fund held at the house of Mr T. Longard, Miner's Arms, Front Street, on Saturday last. The supper was served at eight, when an excellent repast was served up to a large number of members under the able superintendence of Mrs Longard. After which the cloths had been removed, Mr Geo Nicholson was appointed chairman, while Mr Richardson Smith (Tanfield) occupied the vice-chair.—Mr John Forster, secretary, submitted a report, which was unanimously adopted. The steady club had been established that night, and over 30 members had joined, after singing "The loyal toasts, and the Chairman proposed "The health of the society," and expressed the gratification it afforded him at seeing so many present, and formed into such societies for the purpose of helping one another in times of difficulty and distress. It was their duty to assist each other in the time of need. (Applause.)—Mr Joseph Ridley, a steward, replied in the name of the members. Votes of thanks were given, the speeches being inte-spersed by a number of songs, which were well rendered and heartily received, making a very enjoyable evening.

LOCAL BOARD.—At the last ordinary meeting of the Leadgate Local Board, subsequent to the proceedings reported in last week's issue, a memorial, signed by six inhabitants, was read, asking the Board to take measures to provide them with a proper road or path over the ground.—After some discussion, the Clerk (Mr M. Coupland) was directed to make enquiries regarding the matter, and it was generally believed that the application should have been made to the board of Guardians.—Mr Hudson called attention to the fact that Mr George Watson (a member of that Board) had again taken the liberty of publishing a footpath crossing by fields towards Iveston. He urged upon the Board to take legal proceedings against Mr Nicholson.—The matter was eventually left in the hands of (Mr W. H. Hedley), Mr Hudson, and the Clerk, during the absence of the latter. Nicholson and most of the members left the room.—The result was that the Clerk will prosecute further enquiries touching the matter complained of.—The Board, after a protracted sitting, adjourned after six p.m.

IVESTON.

CONCERT AND SOCIAL.—On Wednesday evening, a concert of miscellaneous music was given in the Primitive Methodist Chapel, by several friends from Leadgate, comprising:—Miss Annie Bell, Miss M. Bell, and Miss F. Power; Messrs F. Hedley, W. Hedley, J. Stewart, and T. Lane, the latter gentleman being down for a recitation. Mr J. W. Hedley, Leadgate, acted as organist. The chair was occupied by Mr Thos. Dipton. The concert was fairly well attended, the number of entries drawn and programmes being sufficient—exclusive of the supper following—to warrant a good company. The singing was decidedly good, and the friends did credit by their performance to the reputation they have achieved. The organist Mr J. W. Hedley, also rendered a satisfying the company by the manner in which he played the various pieces. After the concert, a supper, which was well attended, was held in the school-room, the ladies of the congregation kindly having the tables provided, and carrying out of the same, winning the good-will of the whole company by their courteous and attentive manner. The proceeds were in aid of the church funds.

MEDOMSLEY.

SERVICE OF SONG.—On Monday night, a service of song was given in the Primitive Methodist Chapel by the choir of the Medomsley Wesleyan Chapel. There was not a large company present, owing, no doubt, to the inclement state of the weather. Mr T. Teasdale (Medomsley) occupied the chair. After the opening hymn had been sung, the chairman gave a short address. He felt exceedingly happy to meet with the friends that night, and hoped that the service would be productive of much good. They had selected as reader at the rehearsal on the previous Monday night, and he was very much interested in the piece. He was confident that the audience, both young and old, would be quite satisfied after hearing the various pieces performed.—The opening hymn was a well-known tune out of Sankey's co-lection, "Scatter seeds of kindness," which was rendered in spirited style, and the whole of the music, from beginning to end, was come through in a most creditable manner. The piece, "Master passing away," was taken by Miss Mary Robinson, who deserves special mention for the able manner in which she rendered the piece. This young lady not only has a rich soprano voice, but also sings with much taste, and was well received by the audience. The other pieces under the leadership of Mr J. A. Adamson, who conducted the entire evening, were very praiseworthy in manner. The connective readings, which were of an impressive character, were given by Mr Wm. Robinson, in a very excellent and distinct manner, and it was quite evident that the proper gentleman had been chosen to take that part of the proceedings. At the conclusion, the "Vital spark" was rendered in very good style by the choir, the audience joining in the refrain. The meeting continued applause. Mr T. Adamson presided at the harmonium.

BLAYDON.

LIBERAL ASSOCIATION.—The annual meeting was recently held at Blaydon, at which there was a good attendance. The report showed the association to be in a sound condition, having a balance to its credit. Mr Wm. Paxton was re-elected president. It was resolved to hold a series of meetings during the winter months. A resolution condemning the policy of the present Government was passed.

WATERHOUSES.

YEARLY CLUB SUPPER.—On Saturday night, the annual meeting of the yearly club was held at Mrs A. Dawson's, Mainsike House, when a full attendance of members, who met at seven o'clock, and sat down to a substantial supper, which was provided by the hostess. There was a good balance from the past year's accounts in the treasurer's hands. After the supper, was proceeded equally amongst the members. Mr J. Pinkeney was called to the chair, and Mr R. Watson to the vice. Several interesting songs were sung by Messrs H. Mays, Steelburn; T. Bell, Mr Rogers, and Miss Hall, Burnhope. The worthy hostess obtained from the authorities a two-hours' extension for the occasion, which was fully appreciated by the company up till the appointed hour.

WANSBELEY.

PRIMITIVE METHODISM.—Mr H. Turnbull, of Consett, delivered his popular and instructive lecture on the "Social scene, Wanderings on many days' one bit, entitled "Sweep behind scenery, a description of things a appearance." There was a good attendance, and a large amount of satisfaction attached to the description practiced in the Connexional and religious world, and strongly evidenced reading the really literature which is being issued by the Press as being demoralising in its tendency. The lecture was highly relished by the people. He denounced theatrecms the harbingers of sin and immorality among the young and raising generally. Was the sport, Mr C. Hall remarks were well received, as evinced by the frequent and hearty applause. Mr C. G. Eggleston, of Consett, presided over the meeting, displaying great tact and ability. A liberal collection was taken at the close towards the extinction of the circuit debt.

TANFIELD LEA.

THE RECENT COLLIERY FATALITY.—On Thursday's enight, an inquest was held by Mr John Crawhall, coroner for the district of Tanfield Lea, into the circumstances attending the death of Nicholas Wilson, who was fatally crushed by about three tons of coal which fell upon him whilst following his avocation as a hewer at Messrs Bowman and Company's Tanfield Colliery, on the 8th inst. Mr W. N. Atkinson, solicitor, Lapeston of the widow, was in attendance.—After hearing the evidence, the jury returned a verdict in accordance with the facts elicited, the jury returned a verdict that deceased was accidentally killed by a fall of coal.

ANNFIELD PLAIN.

PRIMITIVE METHODIST ANNIVERSARY.—At Annfield Plain, the members and friends held their chapel anniversary in the following order:—On Sunday afternoon, a public tea was provided, when a great number partook of the good things displayed. In the evening, a public meeting was held, under the presidency of Mr C. Graham, who gave an earnest address bearing on "The necessity of conversion," and the effect they would have upon our lives," urging earnestly upon all present the necessity of no one book to rest and guide their lives.—Mr J. Southern then spoke, and urged all to active service for the Master, and to seek the Holy Spirit as the guide in their daily true man was found lying dead in a gutter close to the coke-ovens. Early the same morning Cooling complained of having a pain in his chest; and a doctor was at once attended by a chemist. The jury returned a verdict that death was caused by failure of the heart's action.

STRANGE DEATH AT ESH.

An inquiry was held last week at the house of Mr George French, Stag's Head, Waterhouses, respecting the death of Patrick Cooling (28), of Brown's Houses, Esh Colliery. Deceased was a small runner at Hamsteels coke ovens. He left his work at 9.30 on the morning of the 3rd inst., for a necessary purpose. An hour and a half later, the man was found lying dead in a gutter close to the coke-ovens. Early the same morning Cooling complained of having a pain in his chest; and a doctor was at once attended by a chemist. The jury returned a verdict that death was caused by failure of the heart's action.

ANNFIELD PLAIN AND DISTRICT NOTES.

On Sunday morning, a poor woman was found in one of Mr Robert Umpleby's houses she was wife of Catchgate. When discovered, she was quite speechless, and but for the prompt assistance of kind friends who sheltered her, and administered suitable restoratives, she would probably have died on the spot. Deceased being hospitably attended to, she took her departure, with thanks to the good Samaritans.

A fine seasonable changeof the weather has come at last. On Monday night, the temperature was 28 of centigrade. When discovered, she was found to fall gently, until there was a covering of an inch or two deep, with a mild frost and a clear atmosphere, and the air much more bracing and pleasant. The youth of both sexes enjoy the pleasure of skating when the ice is good, and exercise and fun enjoy; able pastime and recreation is undoubtedly beneficial, as it exercises their limbs.

The churchyard in connection with St. Thomas's Church at Hare Law, is fast filling up. Notwithstanding this, the parishioners do not seem to be making any efforts to obtain ground for a cemetery for the accommodation of the future generations. The parishioners should make arrangements in time.

The Christian Lay Church at Catchgate has been favoured with the services of Miss Blatt, singing evangelist, who is a young lady of modest and unassuming, and one of the right sort. During her stay, her labours have, by the blessing of God, been of a great success, having been added to the Church. This young evangelist, has a sweet voice, and addresses a are distinguished for their earnestness. Many souls were brought to a close on Saturday, by a supper, which a large number sat down to eat drank.

I was sorry to learn from last week's *Guardian* of the sad accident which happened to Mr Wm. Dixon, surveyor to the Lanchester Highway Board, during snowstorm last week, whilst with that of Mr J. W. Armstrong, of Newbiggen. Mr Armstrong appears to be none the worse for his fall, but Mr Dixon's injuries are, I understand, somewhat serious. I trust he will soon be restored to his usual health, and be able to attend to his duties.

Man and Duty.—Man is no better than a load driven by the wind, until he has completely mastered his great lord and duties. What is a man without God, and a good programme of words and conversing face to face is his greater man, if he does not alone invite the ease of God, for he does not know the end, the soul "the powers of the world to come," then he is no man yet; he has not found man. It is not man, nor the strength of man; he is a poor, unhappy man, especially only with regard to the world before the real and the eternal. He owns a great house, a wonderful house, but it is empty, and he lives outside with his fellow *cattle*; the inside is wholly unknown to him, and he has lived outside so long that he is afraid of the inside. Think, my good brothers and sisters, of the great high scenes world in which you live, and have your being.

—*The Rev. John Pulsford.*

Friendly Censors.—There are some people from whom we receive advice, and we like to do so. They correct us in a kindly way, and we know it is for our good. We never look on it as a fault which it is given, and, though we may not acknowledge it openly, yet in our hearts we are thankful for the correction. We never look upon such people as fault-finders, for such they never are. They are not watching for every little mistake we make to correct—or, more properly, advise—us on very rare occasions. There are times when even those whom people is of a very great value, often helping us over the rough places. Their words are precious to be valued too highly. They are ever willing to help us. Social is not our confidence in them is such that they are the first we turn to, and on whom we run in trouble, feeling sure that by their assistance we shall be enabled to overcome every trial. What a contrast those friends present to the, fault-finder, who, instead of helping, thinks of going for assistance in time of trouble!

Humility.—I believe the first test of a truly Christian man is his humility. I do not mean by humility doubt of his own power, or the conceit of speaking his own opinions, but a right understanding of the relation between man and God, and the rest of the world's sayings and doings. All great men are humble, and their humility arises from the fact that they know it; and are not only right in their main principles, but they know that they are right, and in them; only they do not think much of their own abilities, because they know how God has been and done at Florence. Albert Durer writes calmly to one who has found fault with his work: "It cannot be better done." Sir Isaac Newton knows that he has worked out a problem or two that would have puzzled anybody else; only they do not expect their fellow-men therefore to fall down and worship them. They have a curious undermense of powerlessness—feeling that the greatness is not in them, but through them; that they could not do or be anything else but what they are; and that they see something divine and God-made in every other man they meet.—*John Ruskin.*

[ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.]

CROESUS' WIDOW.

BY DORA RUSSELL,

Author of "FOOTPRINTS IN THE SNOW," "THE VICAR'S GOVERNESS," &c., &c.

CHAPTER I.—THE PAST AND PRESENT.

He lived in a great house, the rich man whom his friends and neighbours jestingly called Croesus. He was very rich, as this jest name implied, for he had money and land and land, and there was nothing in all the world that could be bought which was not his.

But there are some things that no wealth can buy—can a rich man call his own his nature? Neither could Mr. John Trelawn buy—what perhaps he prized the most on earth—the love of the woman to whom he had been married for few long years.

Sorrow and not gold left her father's house heart-whole. About six months before Lady Stainbrooke's arrival in England Nora had made the acquaintance of a young artist, Walter Vyner, who was staying at a farm-house (the Sudelys lived) for his summer holiday, and for the purpose of sketching some of the neighbouring scenery.

Nora Trelawn now sitting in her husband's grand house, waiting for his return, saw in the past at that moment a picture which love had painted on her heart.

A girl, bright, sparkling and happy; and a man, earnest, impassioned, with a profile like a Greek model sitting under the trees, and a pencil in his hand, holding her hand, and words, if not of love, at least of tenderness, were on his lips.

The girl turned aside, half coquettishly.

"Ah," she said, "I daresay you have often made these pretty speeches before to—"

"Never," answered the painter, "my loves have all hitherto been ideal ones."

"Very different to the real one," laughed the girl.

"Yes, very different," he replied, candidly. "Your face is more perfect than any I have drawn, Nora, or put a brown little girl instead of a pale one with golden-brown hair, but to me you are—"

"Well, what, sir?"

"Beautiful," said the painter, "for I see thy sweet soul in thy face."

A brief love scene—a rift of light still shining through the dull, grey, monotonous colouring which now for five long years had surrounded rich John Trelawn's existence. Yes, for five years the handsome love passages in the handsome painter end!

They ended thus. Nora Sudely was to have been seen, by-in-by, in life with her aunt, Lady Stainbrooke, and Lady Stainbrooke meant conscientiously to keep her word to her brother-in-law, and get his penniless girl married as best she could. But one day, at the opening of the Academy, Nora stood so long before a picture in which her aunt saw nothing particular to admire, that Lady Stainbrooke put on her gold-rimmed glasses and glanced at the subject and the name in her catalogue.

"Humph!" said Lady Stainbrooke, "W. D. Vyner. Well, I don't think much of him, at any rate!"

"He is a friend of mine, aunt, a very clever artist," said Nora Sudely. And her face flushed.

"He may be a great friend of yours, my dear, but he's not a great painter, I can tell him, with my compliments," answered Lady Stainbrooke.

The next day Nora Sudely and both Lady Stainbrooke and Nora heard a light short laugh from some one in the crowd behind them. They turned round and her face flushed more deeply still as she did so.

"Mr. Vyner! You here!" she said, and she held out a little trembling hand.

"Yes," he answered. "So you and this lady were criticising my daub?"

It was the handsome artist who had stood hand-in-hand with Nora on that bright evening in June, which was remembered by them ever after. He had left Nora promising to return, but before he had done so Nora had quitted her father's house, but the memory of Mr. Vyner had not faded from her mind.

And now, as the two stood exchanging greetings in the London crowd, the girl's face grew shy shining and smiling in the artist's face, Lady Stainbrooke, glancing from one to the other, at once guessed their secret.

"My aunt, Lady Stainbrooke," said Nora, timidly. "Mr. Vyner."

"So you think I shall never be a great painter, Lady Stainbrooke!" said Vyner, smilingly looking at the old lady after this introduction.

Lady Stainbrooke felt a little disconcerted. Mr. Vyner was such a handsome man that it seemed impossible to be a woman and act according to rule to him, therefore did not hesitate to make a little invention.

"You must have misheard me, Mr. Vyner," she said, graciously. "I was but painter of this picture, and she pointed with her glasses at a picture hanging near Vyner's, "that I said would never be great."

"Is it so, Nora?" answered Vyner, somewhat grimly. "But," he added, "will you come and look at another picture of mine? I don't think much of this one myself."

The two ladies followed Vyner's tall, slight form until he stopped before a very striking picture. Here was a wild sea coast, and two trees, stalwart, strong, with a man hauling in a capsized boat.

"These rough sailors suit me best," said Vyner, folding his arms and standing looking fixedly at his work.

Lady Stainbrooke put up her glasses and also examined the picture.

"This is good," she said at length, "very good."

The painter smiled. "Nora," he said, "you see him, as it is to us all, but it was sweeter still because it fell on Nora Sudely's ear.

Then Lady Stainbrooke looked at the handsome painter himself; examining him critically through her gold-rimmed glasses, as she had examined his picture.

"I took my niece to the National Gallery the other day, Mr. Vyner," she said. "There is an old-fashioned woman, and I like the old painters."

Vyner was now in his element. His large, handsome face lighted up with enthusiasm when he spoke of the old masters and their great works, and Lady Stainbrooke found herself well pleased to hear.

"We are pigmies," he said, "we modern men beside these giants. Ah, Lady Stainbrooke," and he stretched his hand out of the white nervous hands, "if I could but portray my dreams."

Lady Stainbrooke nodded her head.

"That is what I call 'high art,'" she said, "the imagination outstrips the manual power. But, young man, you are clever, if you have the divine spark of gift which no application or study can give you—you will succeed."

As Lady Stainbrooke spoke, the painter was standing before her with his head erect, and with his eyes fixed apparently on something far away. Perhaps some ideal picture was passing before him—some glorious shadow that his hand could never produce. At all events, after standing in this rapt attitude for a few minutes, he gave a restless sigh, and looked once more at Lady Stainbrooke.

"I've been unsettled lately," he said, "unsettled and restless—I have not done my work as I should."

"Perhaps you have been in love?" said Nora.

"Perhaps I am," answered Vyner, with an uneasy little laugh, and he glanced at Nora's bright, blushing face as he spoke.

"Well," said Lady Stainbrooke, "as I am not, I would not at all object to your confidence."

The painter escorted the ladies to the refreshment-room, and was very attentive to Lady Stainbrooke. Her lapdog took out her last penny's worth of buns, and invited him to call upon her at her house in Wimpole-street, where, as she drove home with Nora after they had parted with Vyner, she heard all about him. He was poor—a struggling man—and no absolute declaration of love had been made between him and Nora.

But the girl felt, as she told her aunt this, that he cared for her. This knowledge, or rather hope, was very sweet to Nora's heart, but it was not at all suit Lady Stainbrooke's views.

The next day Vyner called at Warwick-square, and her ladyship saw him alone. Nora had been sent out on an errand for her aunt, and the painter had received a little note, asking him to visit Lady Stainbrooke at a certain hour.

"I wished to see you, Mr. Vyner," said Lady Stainbrooke, unfolding out her lapdog with a very good imitation of frankness, "because I hear there has been some misunderstanding or more between you and my niece, Nora Sudely."

Vyner's fine skin col cured faintly at this attack.

"I admire Miss Sudely exceedingly," he said.

"Ah, yes, my dear sir," said Lady Stainbrooke, "but I could not live on admiration, nor could Nora, either, for that matter. In fact, the truth is that I have sent for you to appeal to your honour as a gentleman not to disturb the girl's peace of mind. You gther by the sight of your good-looking face. She is engaged to be married to my friend Mr. Trelawn, who is very worthy and a very rich man, and the less you see of Nora now the better."

"Engaged!" repeated the painter, and the colour faded away again from his handsome face.

"Yes, engaged," repeated Lady Stainbrooke, quite calmly, "and a very good thing, too. The truth is that is miserably poor, and his girls are penniless, and what would become of them if they did not marry? You, my dear, I am quite frank with you, Mr. Vyner. I like you, and must be glad to see you here by-and-bye and to hear of your success. But let me get my young lady married first. Nora herself thinks it is better that we see you, and I am sure you will not wish to make her unhappy."

The painter rose to take his leave.

"Certainly not," he said, but even Lady Stainbrooke's heart misgave her when she saw the grey, haggard look which stole over the man's face as he said these words.

As he descended the staircase another gentleman was ascending them. He knew him by sight. It was Mark Trelawn, a cousin of Trelawn Grosvenor. A stout, big man, with a pale, leavy face, and a very large nose, was John Trelawn. Not one for a young girl to fancy, but around them was the fresh, sparkling women like Nora. But he was rich. The handsome painter thought this as he went down the stairs. Rich! And what was beauty, genius, tender love even, to that!

CHAPTER II.—THE GREAT LEVELLER.

Lady Stainbrooke's little scheme prospered.

Sudley was arranged to come when Lady Stainbrooke told the painter this piece of news, but Nora Sudley was engaged to Captain Vyner some months after.

"My dear," said Lady Stainbrooke to Nora, upon her return from the errand on which her ladyship had sent her to keep her out of the painter's way, "I've had a visit from your friend, Mr. Vyner. Really he is a very superior person, and one can remember. I asked him if he was in love yesterday at the Academy. Well, I made a very shrewd guess. He was just the setting at which I put it, as the parson's daughter in Suffolk—an absurd affair it was—used to say. I suppose you know, Nora, and you are both rich, living on love went out with the Flood! But the strangest thing has happen. This girl has come into a small fortune, and she offers me the choice!"

Nora Sudley listened to these words, and the bright colour faded out of her cheeks, and the tone, which was to be more very rarely again, became white and trembling, for a few moments—a slender and delicate girl, Hercules-colouring within now for five long years had surrounded rich John Trelawn's wife—she was like the handsome love passages in the handsome painter end!

They ended thus. Nora Sudley was to have been seen, by-in-by, in life with her aunt, Lady Stainbrooke, and Lady Stainbrooke meant conscientiously to keep her word to her brother-in-law, and get his penniless girl married as best she could. But one day, at the opening of the Academy, Nora stood so long before a picture in which her aunt saw nothing particular to admire, that Lady Stainbrooke put on her gold-rimmed glasses and glanced at the subject and the name in her catalogue.

"Humph!" said Lady Stainbrooke, "W. D. Vyner. Well, I don't think much of him, at any rate!"

"He is a friend of mine, aunt, a very clever artist," said Nora Sudley. And her face flushed.

"He may be a great friend of yours, my dear, but he's not a great painter, I can tell him, with my compliments," answered Lady Stainbrooke.

The next day Nora Sudley and both Lady Stainbrooke and Nora heard a light short laugh from some one in the crowd behind them. They turned round and her face flushed more deeply still as she did so.

"Mr. Vyner! You here!" she said, and she held out a little trembling hand.

"Yes," he answered. "So you and this lady were criticising my daub?"

It was the handsome artist who had stood hand-in-hand with Nora on that bright evening in June, which was remembered by them ever after. He had left Nora promising to return, but before he had done so Nora had quitted her father's house, but the memory of Mr. Vyner had not faded from her mind.

And now, as the two stood exchanging greetings in the London crowd, the girl's face grew shy shining and smiling in the artist's face, Lady Stainbrooke, glancing from one to the other, at once guessed their secret.

"My aunt, Lady Stainbrooke," said Nora, timidly. "Mr. Vyner."

"So you think I shall never be a great painter, Lady Stainbrooke!" said Vyner, smilingly looking at the old lady after this introduction.

Lady Stainbrooke felt a little disconcerted. Mr. Vyner was such a handsome man that it seemed impossible to be a woman and act according to rule to him, therefore did not hesitate to make a little invention.

"You must have misheard me, Mr. Vyner," she said, graciously. "I was but painter of this picture, and she pointed with her glasses at a picture hanging near Vyner's, "that I said would never be great."

"Is it so, Nora?" answered Vyner, somewhat grimly. "But," he added, "will you come and look at another picture of mine? I don't think much of this one myself."

The two ladies followed Vyner's tall, slight form until he stopped before a very striking picture. Here was a wild sea coast, and two trees, stalwart, strong, with a man hauling in a capsized boat.

"These rough sailors suit me best," said Vyner, folding his arms and standing looking fixedly at his work.

Lady Stainbrooke put up her glasses and also examined the picture.

"This is good," she said at length, "very good."

The painter smiled. "Nora," he said, "you see him, as it is to us all, but it was sweeter still because it fell on Nora Sudley's ear.

Then Lady Stainbrooke looked at the handsome painter himself; examining him critically through her gold-rimmed glasses, as she had examined his picture.

"I took my niece to the National Gallery the other day, Mr. Vyner," she said. "There is an old-fashioned woman, and I like the old painters."

Vyner was now in his element. His large, handsome face lighted up with enthusiasm when he spoke of the old masters and their great works, and Lady Stainbrooke found herself well pleased to hear.

"We are pigmies," he said, "we modern men beside these giants. Ah, Lady Stainbrooke," and he stretched his hand out of the white nervous hands, "if I could but portray my dreams."

Lady Stainbrooke nodded her head.

"That is what I call 'high art,'" she said, "the imagination outstrips the manual power. But, young man, you are clever, if you have the divine spark of gift which no application or study can give you—you will succeed."

As Lady Stainbrooke spoke, the painter was standing before her with his head erect, and with his eyes fixed apparently on something far away. Perhaps some ideal picture was passing before him—some glorious shadow that his hand could never produce. At all events, after standing in this rapt attitude for a few minutes, he gave a restless sigh, and looked once more at Lady Stainbrooke.

"I've been unsettled lately," he said, "unsettled and restless—I have not done my work as I should."

"Perhaps you have been in love?" said Nora.

"Perhaps I am," answered Vyner, with an uneasy little laugh, and he glanced at Nora's bright, blushing face as he spoke.

"Well," said Lady Stainbrooke, "as I am not, I would not at all object to your confidence."

The painter escorted the ladies to the refreshment-room, and was very attentive to Lady Stainbrooke. Her lapdog took out her last penny's worth of buns, and invited him to call upon her at her house in Wimpole-street, where, as she drove home with Nora after they had parted with Vyner, she heard all about him. He was poor—a struggling man—and no absolute declaration of love had been made between him and Nora.

But the girl felt, as she told her aunt this, that he cared for her. This knowledge, or rather hope, was very sweet to Nora's heart, but it was not at all suit Lady Stainbrooke's views.

The next day Vyner called at Warwick-square, and her ladyship saw him alone. Nora had been sent out on an errand for her aunt, and the painter had received a little note, asking him to visit Lady Stainbrooke at a certain hour.

"I wished to see you, Mr. Vyner," said Lady Stainbrooke, unfolding out her lapdog with a very good imitation of frankness, "because I hear there has been some misunderstanding or more between you and my niece, Nora Sudley."

Vyner's fine skin col cured faintly at this attack.

"I admire Miss Sudley exceedingly," he said.

"Ah, yes, my dear sir," said Lady Stainbrooke, "but I could not live on admiration, nor could Nora, either, for that matter. In fact, the truth is that I have sent for you to appeal to your honour as a gentleman not to disturb the girl's peace of mind. You gther by the sight of your good-looking face. She is engaged to be married to my friend Mr. Trelawn, who is very worthy and a very rich man, and the less you see of Nora now the better."

"Engaged!" repeated the painter, and the colour faded away again from his handsome face.

"Yes, engaged," repeated Lady Stainbrooke, quite calmly, "and a very good thing, too. The truth is that is miserably poor, and his girls are penniless, and what would become of them if they did not marry? You, my dear, I am quite frank with you, Mr. Vyner. I like you, and must be glad to see you here by-and-bye and to hear of your success. But let me get my young lady married first. Nora herself thinks it is better that we see you, and I am sure you will not wish to make her unhappy."

The painter rose to take his leave.

"Certainly not," he said, but even Lady Stainbrooke's heart misgave her when she saw the grey, haggard look which stole over the man's face as he said these words.

As he descended the staircase another gentleman was ascending them. He knew him by sight. It was Mark Trelawn, a cousin of Trelawn Grosvenor. A stout, big man, with a pale, leavy face, and a very large nose, was John Trelawn. Not one for a young girl to fancy, but around them was the fresh, sparkling women like Nora. But he was rich. The handsome painter thought this as he went down the stairs. Rich! And what was beauty, genius, tender love even, to that!

CHAPTER II.—THE GREAT LEVELLER.

Lady Stainbrooke's little scheme prospered.

Sudley was arranged to come when Lady Stainbrooke told the painter this piece of news, but Nora Sudley was engaged to Captain Vyner some months after.

"My dear," said Lady Stainbrooke to Nora, upon her return from the errand on which her ladyship had sent her to keep her out of the painter's way, "I've had a visit from your friend, Mr. Vyner. Really he is a very superior person, and one can remember. I asked him if he was in love yesterday at the Academy. Well, I made a very shrewd guess. He was just the setting at which I put it. It is the parson's daughter in Suffolk—an absurd affair it was—used to say. I suppose you know, Nora, and you are both rich, living on love went out with the Flood! But the strangest thing has happen. This girl has come into a small fortune, and she offers me the choice!"

Nora Sudley listened to these words, and the bright colour faded out of her cheeks, and the tone, which was to be more very rarely again, became white and trembling, for a few moments—a slender and delicate girl, Hercules-colouring within—and yet the old woman kept to her purpose still.

"She," she said at length, trying to speak calmly, "is this true?"

"True, my dear?" repeated Lady Stainbrooke. "I can, of course, tell no more of it than as far as the young man told me, and I can't see any motive he could have, unless it was true. By-the-bye, he told me he was going to be away very much, and that he made himself very agreeable." And Lady Stainbrooke gave a little laugh.

Nora asked no more questions after this. She did not speak again of the painter, but Sir Thomas, and Lady Stainbrooke, and Nora went to Ryde

Business Announcements.

MEDICAL ADVICE AND MEDICINE FREE!

LOSS OF VITAL POWER, NERVOUS DEBILITY, AND ITS CONSEQUENT TRAIN OF EVILS. TREATED FREE OF CHARGE.

A TRIAL COURSE OF MEDICINE will be sent free to any sufferer on receipt of Name and Address, by

PROFESSOR EASTBURN, A.M.S., 13, CARRUBBER'S STREET, GLASGOW.

Professor Eastburn has had a thorough training in the great London Lunatic Asylums, whose mighty superintendence of Nervous Disorders has enabled him to acquire a knowledge of nerve-strength, hereditary and hydropathic; by acting simply, he has combined all that is best in Medicine with the most modern and trustful. His extended knowledge of Nervous Diseases, and the unprecedented success of his study while travelling through the country, has won for him the confidence of the public and the approval of the Medical Profession. Prof. Eastburn knows that it is in his power to cure the worst cases of Nervous Debility, and his unbounded desire to do so has induced him to place his services entirely at the disposal of the public. Many testimonials from grateful patients might be published, but the Professor has a horror of unmanly notoriety, and prefers to let his success speak for itself. Public prejudice against medical pretenders and their nostrums has been so justly aroused, that he cannot expect any to trust him with it. To gain the confidence of the public he must prove that he is deserving of it, and therefore, to all sufferers, he offers, on application, a TRIAL COURSE OF MEDICINE FREE, knowing its success will be its own trumpet-tongued, and that his reward will be found in the numerous letters of thanks he will receive, in the restoration to health, in the speedy, and most reliable operation of his skill.

Diseases of this class are sought to be eradicated by quacks and pretenders with the most unblushing and heartless effrontery and pretension, they, in ignorance of pathology and its principles, attempt to treat symptoms, and instead of removing their only tendency is to add fuel to her victory to the organs of the body and, in fact, to destroy life. Such is the ignorance and folly, the heartlessness and cruelty, of the common herd of Quacks, who, by their unblushing assurance, have obtained for their being patronised. They are scientifically powerless for their being patronised. They are scientifically powerless for their being patronised. They are scientifically powerless

BENFIELDSIDE LOCAL BOARD.

On Wednesday evening, a regular meeting was held at the Bank Buildings, Shotley Bridge, under the presidency of Mr James Watson, Jun., J.P. Members present composed: Messrs T. Siddell, R. Murray, J. Ettringham, J. Lax, W. Whatley, F. Cuns, A. E. Turner, R. Dawson, W. Williams, F. Priestman, the Clerk (Mr J. Booth), and the Surveyor (Mr J. Dixon).

THE VACANCY ON THE BOARD.

Mr Williams reported that the gentleman elected on the Board last April, having manifested his seat in consequence of not signing the declaration within six weeks, and also in not attending a meeting of the Board within three months from the election, a communication was read from the Local Government Board declaring the seat to be thereby vacated; but entering that as the Board had not proceeded to fill up the vacancy within the fixed period, the same should be extended for six weeks from the 21st October.

The Chairman stated that the Board could elect a member in the same way as if it was a casual vacancy.

On the proposition of Mr Siddell, seconded by Mr Ettringham, Mr William Wilson was unanimously elected a member of the Board, and that gentleman signed the customary declaration prior to re-taking his seat.

THE RIVER COURSE: PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES.

The Clerk mentioned that he was busy obtaining counsel's opinion as to when devolved the responsibility of repairing and maintaining the Blue Bridge crossing the Derwent at Shotley Bridge.

Mr Ettringham said the bridge was in such a dangerous state that they ought to rail it off at the end, and thus prevent people from crossing it.

The Chairman stated that one-half of the bridge had entirely gone away, and the other half was quite unsafe.

Mr Cairns: We cannot legally rail off the end of the bridge. Notices have been posted up by our Surveyor certifying that the bridge is in a dangerous condition.

The Clerk suggested that a rail could be placed at the opening in the wall leading to entrance of the bridge.

Messrs Cairns and Siddell replied that the Board would be stopping a public roadway.

Mr Lax: Let a rail in the present condition.

Mr Cairns: It is a public road.

Mr Lax: It is no use cavilling over a question when pe son's lives are at stake.

Mr Siddell: You had better repair the bridge at once.

Mr Lax: There is no accept the responsibility.

Mr Cairns: If people will not take any notice of the warning, they must accept the consequences. There's an end of it as far as we are concerned.

Mr Lax replied that legally the Board might have relieved themselves of any liability in case of an accident, but there was a moral aspect to the question as well.

Mr Wilson: Supposing that people go across in the dark, they will not observe the notices.

Mr Cairns: If you are going to enter into hypothetical suppositions the plan might fly. (Laughter.)

Mr Ettringham: There are more unlikelier things than that.

Mr Ettringham observed that one man had lost his life by falling off the bridge.

On the motion of Mr Murray, seconded by Mr Ettringham, the Surveyor was authorised to erect a post at each end of the Durham entrance to the bridge to prevent people from crossing over the structure, as it was in a dilapidated and rickety state.

The resolution was carried, Messrs Siddell and Cairns dissenting, and the last-named gentleman humorously remarking that they were both rolling in the same boat for once. (Laughter.)

Mr Lax pointed out that the authorities in Northumberland ought to protect the other side of the bridge.

Mr Siddell declared that the motion just passed would cut-range Mr Walton-Wilson not to repair the bridge.

Mr Lax: Nothing of the sort.

FINANCIAL.

The Finance Committee recommended payment of a number of accounts, representing a total of £1292, and cheques were ordered to be signed.

DALE STREET, BLACKHILL.

The Sanitary Committee reported that they had personally inspected the yards and out-offices in Dale Street, and recommended that the plans prepared by the Consett Iron Company be passed, subject to the whole of the wooden erections being removed from the yards, that the ash-closets be used as the weather will permit, and that the sinks be put in a proper order.

These suggestions were agreed to.

SURVEYOR'S REPORT.

Appended is the Surveyor's (Mr Dixon) monthly report:—

Local Board.

Gentlemen,—During the month your workmen have been employed in your districts scraping and laying on metal on your highways and cleaning the 89 yards of ashpit has been laid on to Elm Park Road; 50 tons of whinstone on Leys Road; 100 tons on Durham Road; 60 tons of limestone on Lobley Hill Road; and 80 tons on Vow Law Road. The stonebreakers are preparing materials for the present season.

Summonses have not been taken out during the month against the North-Eastern Railway Company and Mr Hoose, but paper forms of demand have been sent to them for payment of the amount due for making Queen Street, Hindhill.

I have received a letter from Mr Douglas, Consett Iron Company's engineer, asking me to meet Mr Hutchison (Mr Fenwick's agent) at Consett Station. I met him, and pointed out to him the line of proposed new street to the station. Mr Hutchison said he would write to the Board as soon as he had consulted with Mr Fenwick respecting the land.

Mr W. Westgarth's amended plan as been returned. Your Building Committee have had a meeting as Dale Cross, and examined plans. They will report on this matter.—I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

Shotley Bridge, Nov. 16th, 1887. John Dixon.

SUPERANNUATION.

The Inspector submitted the following monthly report:—

To the Chairman and Members of the Benfieldside Local Board.

Gentlemen,—During the month, I have inspected your districts several times. The ashpits are well cleaned out, and the sides of the roads are all in capital order. I consider your district to be in a good sanitary condition.

I have collected and paid to treasurer the following sum:—Sewerage district rate, £22. 2s. 6d.

Mr W. Wilson is making certain alterations to a cottage on Benfieldside Road. These are not in accordance with the by-laws of the Board. I have seen Mr Wilson touching the building, and he has promised to conform to the by-laws as far as practicable. Mr Southeron has completed the alterations to his property in Dale Street according to the notice served upon him.—I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant, John Dixon.

Shotley Bridge, Nov. 16th, 1887.

The foregoing reports were adopted.

It was proposed by Mr Murray, and seconded by Mr Ettringham, that the Board empower the Clerk and Surveyor to institute proceedings forthwith against any persons contravening the bye-laws of the Board, &c.

MEDICAL OFFICER'S REPORT: AN IMPROVED STATE OF AFFAIRS.

The Medical Officer submitted the following report:—

To the Chairman and Members of the Benfieldside Local Board.

Gentlemen,—The vital statistics of the township of Benfieldside for the quarter ending September 30th, 1887, will be read with interest and satisfaction by your Board, evincing as they do a state of the public health unequalled by any recorded coincident with the district. The contrast with the returns for last quarter is very marked, for it will be remembered that then the deaths exceeded the births, and that the death-rate was as high as 22.2. Now it is as low as very low rate of 9.7 per 1,000. The birth-rate also shows an improvement, going up from 20.2 to 25.7.

The infantile mortality and the zymotic death-rate will also bear inspection, the one being 7.8 and the other 0.

Zymotic diseases have been observed in three varieties—viz., scarlatina, measles, and whooping cough.

Scarlatina.—During the month of July, five cases occurred in the Blackhill district of the district. They were all very slight, confined to the house, and have carefully isolated, no new cases have arisen, here was no fatality.

Measles.—This disease was epidemic during the previous Quarter, and has continued, to a slight extent, until now. During July and August, it had almost disappeared (nine cases only occurring), but in September it burst out again, and 31 cases came under treatment. In this instance a benignant character, and no deaths have followed.

Whooping cough has been seen in a few instances, and has caused one death. The following record will tell their own tale, and require no comment from me. —I am, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

Geo. Renton, M.D.,

Medical Officer of Health.

Blackhill, Nov. 15th, 1887.

The report was looked upon as being of a highly satisfactory character.

The Clerk read a letter he had received to the Sanitary Committee, although the answer (Mr Ettringham) to which stated there was nothing in the report for them to deliberate upon.

THE DIVISION OF THE PARK:

A LIVELY DISCUSSION.

The report of the last meeting of the Joint Park Committee was suggested that, in accordance with the directions received from the Local Government Board, the respective Local Boards be asked to adopt separate bye laws for the regulation of the public park, and also that each Board do request the Consett Iron Company to take charge and management of the portion of the ground situate in the respective townships.

Mr Cairns: If that is carried out, we shall set the Consett people a good example.

Mr Ettringham explained that the Local Government Board advised that each Board formulate a set of by-laws, as the Benfieldside Surveyor had to go to Consett to get a policeman to act on the Park, or vice versa. They intended to leave the Park under the Consett Iron Company, and in fact each Board should accept the sole custody of the portion of ground situate in its own township.

Mr Siddell (warmly): I think the best thing you can do is to give the land back to the Consett Iron Company. I consider that by this Board and the Park it is a downright insult to the donors. It is utterly disgraceful.

Mr Cairns said that Board must arrange the division so as to comply generally with the terms of the lease.

Mr Ettringham stated that all that was contemplated was for the Park to remain just as it stood, only the Benfieldside Board would have to spend money on their portion of the ground, while the Consett Board would look after their's.

Mr Cairns: It will be a union with separation.

Mr Turner: Such an arrangement will save the expense of engaging a clerk, treasurer, park-keeper, &c.

Mr Murray did not agree with Mr Siddell's assertions, and stated that the inhabitants were much indebted to the Consett Iron Company for the Park.

Mr Siddell: The ratepayers' representatives have a strange method of showing their gratitude, then. This Board has behaved, from the outset, in a most disgraceful and abominable manner towards the Company. I would strongly advise the Company to take the Park away from you. (Laughter.)

Mr Murray considered it would be for the mutual advantage of all concerned to adopt the suggested arrangement.

Mr Siddell: I am quite prepared to say that it will be of benefit to the Benfieldside Board, inasmuch as they will then only belong to the Park, as it was originally intended for the Consett people.

Mr Murray (to Mr Siddell): Are you not one of this separation?

Mr Siddell: Economy and efficiency.

Mr Siddell: You have not spent any money on the Park yet. (Laughter.)

Mr Turner: We have spent quite plenty.

Mr Siddell (to Mr Turner): Your remarks at the last meeting showed that you did not know if you never saw the Park-keeper in the place again. (Laughter.)

Mr Turner: I did not say so.—(Mr Siddell: Yes you did.)—I have made up my mind never to attend another Park committee meeting, as I only a waste of time, and I think that Mr Siddell should be appointed in my place. (Laughter.)

Mr Siddell: Oh you are the Park altogether (loud laughter.)

Mr Turner: It has certainly been a great boon to the place.

Mr Ettringham remarked that the Consett representatives had urged for the separation.

Mr Turner: If the money we spend on extra officers' salaries had only been expended on the Park in laying out paths and a little decent position, it would have been much better. If the Park is divided, our Surveyor can send his own men in summer time to do a bit of work in the Park.

Mr Siddell: Do you mean to say that the roadmen at Benfieldside have not sufficient work to do?

Mr Lax: Mr Turner said in summer time.

Mr Turner: Mr Siddell doesn't see that.

Mr Cairns: I think that they were getting a little bit mixed, and he did not know where they stated, or where they were going to. (Laughter.)

Mr Siddell: Quite well said.

Mr Ettringham said that it was proposed to divide the Park in order to enforce the bye-laws more effectually, and that they could not prosecute offenders against the regulations.

Mr Siddell: Never mind talking about prosecuting people.

Mr Lax (jocularly): The Parks' Committee are a bloodthirsty lot, Mr Siddell. They ought to get a little humanity into their breasts. (Laughter.)

Mr Siddell stated that the resolution to divide the Pa k had been rejected by the Consett Board. For what reason it (the resolution) were not seconded.

Mr Ettringham contended that they had no option, as they were ordered to pursue this course by the Local Government Board.

Mr Siddell: And the Local Government Board have been divided at the outset.

Mr Ettringham: They have changed their minds since.

Mr Cairns: Does the Local Government Board recommend this separation?

Mr Ettringham: Yes.

Mr Siddell explained that the letter from the Local Government Board ought to have been sent by the Clerk of the Parks' Committee to that Board. Each Board had to frame similar sets of bye-laws, and yet be precisely alike. There was no necessity for separating the Park.

Mr Murray: We don't want to separate the place.

Mr Siddell: Yes you do. This Board is very selfish. You want to take the portion of the ground in the Park which is already laid out, and leave the Consett Board to defray the expense of improving the other portion.

Mr Ettringham said if the Consett Board objected to the division, they could take the whole of the Park. (Laughter.)

Mr Turner pointed out that not a single member had ever complained of the fact that the Park-keeper had be a man and not a woman, and on searching him found other four wives in his pockets. (Laughter.) Deputations were to keep a clerk and park-keeper, besides a separate set of books. To cap all he done away with.

Mr Siddell: Another point we have done to the Park you needn't have kept any books at all. (Laughter.)

Mr Ettringham: If we had not had the Park we need not have kept any books.

Mr Siddell stated that for years past deputations had waited upon Mr Jenkins and asked him to open the use of these fields to be converted into a public Park.

Mr Ettringham replied that originally plans were prepared by the Consett Iron Company leading the people to believe that they were going to present them with a Park already laid out. The ground had been roughly handed over to them, and it would not be advisable on their part to incur a great expense in laying-out the ground and beautifying it.

Mr Siddell: I gave you credit for more discretion. You know the Consett Iron Company cannot give away the land. It is next to giving it away, however, when you get 21 acres for 1s a year.

The Clerk expressed a hope that the new arrangement would be instrumental in improving the present condition of the Park. He suggested that the Boards should give notice to the Consett Board that they would not require the services of the park keeper, and would not be answerable for any expenses incurred after a certain date.

Mr Ettringham hoped they would act accordingly. The Burn Board sided with the conjunction with such other, till the bye-laws were in readine s.

Mr Siddell averred that the Consett Iron Company would never give their consent to the division as it was the largest ratepayer in the district, and that they would not require the services of the park keeper, and would not be answerable for any expenses incurred after a certain date.

Mr Ettringham hoped they would act accordingly. The Burn Board sided with the conjunction with such other, till the bye-laws were in readine s.

Mr Siddell averred that the Consett Iron Company would never give their consent to the division as it was the largest ratepayer in the district, and that they would not require the services of the park keeper, and would not be answerable for any expenses incurred after a certain date.

Mr Ettringham: The