The Consett Guardian

AND DERWENT VALLEY ADVERTISER.

An ADVERTISING MEDIUM for Annfield Plain, Blackhill, Consett, Lanchester, Leadgate, Shotley Bridge, &c.

No. 773. {REGISTERED FOR TRANSMISSION ABROAD.} SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 25TH, 1875. PRICE ONE PENNY.

Business Announcements.

J. BATES
HOUSE CARPENTER, JOINER, UNDERTAKER, HARDWAREMAN,
HARVEY STREET, CONSETT. 6758

JOSEPH OLEY,
AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER,
10, WOOD STREET,
SHOTLEY BRIDGE. 228c

E. FARNSWORTH,
Wholesale and Retail
FRUIT AND POTATO MERCHANT,
NEWMARKET AND VICTORIA STREETS,
CONSETT,

HAS always on hand an excellent supply of FRUIT in season. Fresh BUTTER and EGGS and CHEESE of excellent quality. Fresh RABBITS daily. Licensed Dealer in TOBACCO and GAME.

JOHN AITCHISON & CO.'S
CELEBRATED
SCOTCH AND INDIA PALE ALES.

Office and Stores—
LISLE STREET, NORTHUMBERLAND STREET,
NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.
JOHN BORTHWICK, Agent.

JENKINS'S
REAL ORIGINAL
BUTTER-SCOTCH DROPS,
Sold Wholesale and Retail by
W. JENKINS,
CONFECTIONER,
MOUNT PLEASANT, CONSETT.

Refreshments supplied at the shortest notice on Court Days, viz., Mondays and Alternate Thursdays. 6911

BLACKETT STREET TEA AND GROCERY WAREHOUSE.
91 & 93, BLACKETT STREET,
NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.

JAMES JOHNSON, Family Grocer and Tea Dealer. Teas, Coffees, and Spices of the Choicest quality. Good Useful Teas from 2s. per pound. Coffees, 1s. per pound. Household Soaps from 3d. per pound. All kinds of Drysaltery Goods cheap and of the best quality. Hotels and families supplied at wholesale prices.
TERMS—CASH. 879a

WILLIAM RAW,
AUCTIONEER, APPRAISER, AND GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT,
DURHAM ROAD, BLACKHILL,
COUNTY OF DURHAM.

VALUATIONS MADE FOR PROBATE AND LEGACY DUTIES.

EMIGRATION AGENT.
Agent to the Liverpool, London, and Globe Fire and Life Insurance Company.
☞ All Orders attended to with care and punctuality.

MR. JAMES BOE, SURGEON DENTIST, 43, Blackett Street, Newcastle.
ARTIFICIAL TEETH, with all the most recent improvements, natural in appearance, comfort for articulation, whilst accurateness of fit and finest quality of material are guaranteed on moderate terms.
Any Patient being desirous of being under the influence of Nitro Oxide Gas for Dental operation, shall receive Mr. Boe's best attention, and he will be glad to explain and give every information to those who may desire it.
Teeth from 5s. to 15s.; Sets from £4 to £15.

SECOND YEAR OF ATTENDANCE AT CONSETT.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.

MR. L MARKHAM, Surgeon Dentist, attends Consett every MONDAY, at Mr. BENNISON'S, Victoria Hotel, from 11 a.m to 3 p.m. Persons who have been imposed upon by unskilled pretenders to Dentistry may have their Artificial Teeth Remodelled, and made to Fit the Mouth, thus ensuring true comfort and mastication.
Teeth from 5s. to £1 1s.; Sets from £3 to £12.

TOWN ADDRESS—40, NORTHUMBERLAND STREET.
Established 832. 6630

W. WILKINSON,
FURNITURE BROKER AND IRONMONGER,
CATCHGATE,
HAS now on hand a large assortment of IRON BEDSTEADS, PERAMBULATORS, PARAFFIN OIL, PARAFFIN LAMPS, &c., from the best makers HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE in all the different branches; FLOCKS, FEATHERS, and RABBIT DOWN; PAPERHANGINGS, &c.
W. W. has also on hand a large assortment of Gold and Silver WATCHES, ALBERTS, CHAINS, and WEDDING RINGS.
Wholesale and Retail.

☞ OBSERVE THE ADDRESS—
OPPOSITE THE TOWN HALL, CATCHGATE.

THE NOTED BOOTS AND SHOES.

THOMAS CRESSWELL,
BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,
RESPECTFULLY announces to the Inhabitants of Consett, Blackhill, Leadgate, and surrounding District that, in order to supply the increasing demand for
HIS NOTED BOOTS AND SHOES,
He has OPENED SHOPS in
VICTORIA STREET, CONSETT;
DERWENT STREET, BLACKHILL;
AND
FRONT STREET, LEADGATE.

At any of these Establishments parties can at all times rely upon being supplied with a good Article at a moderate price.

Repairing executed on the premises.
☞ AN EARLY CALL KINDLY SOLICITED.

MR. R. C. WHINFIELD,
ELECTRO-RUBBER,
HEALTH RESTORER, AND DROPSY-CURER,
HUMSHAUGH, NORTH TYNE,
BEGS to announce to the Public that, at the earnest solicitation of many friends, he has commenced the practice of Electro-Rubber; and in addition Mr. W. would also call attention to his successful treatment—authenticated by many grateful patients—of the following diseases:—Wet and Dry Scurvy, Gravel, Ulcers, Swellings, Scalds and Burns, Built Breasts, Headaches, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Sciatic, Carbuncles, Diarrhœa Whitlows, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, Bronchitis' Asthma, Consumption, Inflammation, Ring Worms, Scrofula, Erysipelas, Wool Fire, &c. Having made arrangements to visit Benfieldside once a week, Mr. Whinfield hereby intimates that he purposes to be at Mr. JOHN RICHLEY'S, mason, 18, Concrete Terrace, Benfieldside, on THURSDAYS, from 1·30 p.m. till 7 p.m., until further alterations, for consultation.
WHINFIELD'S CELEBRATED DIARRHŒA MIXTURE for English Cholera, &c, may be had of W. Davison, Castleside; Co-operative Store, Consett; HENRY POSTLE, Stationer, Leadgate; JOSEPH OLIVER, Grocer, Blanchland; and all patent medicine vendors, at 1s. 1½d. per bottle.

Business Announcements.

BIRD'S EYE RETURNS.

DICKINSON,
TOBACCO MANUFACTURER,
22 & 24, BIGG MARKET,
NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE.

WILLIAM HALL,
MACHINE AGENT, DIPTON.

EUROPEAN, HOWE'S, BELGRAVIA, TAYLOR'S, or any other SEWING MACHINE in the Trade; also KNITTING MACHINES.
WASHING MACHINES, MANGLING MACHINES, WRINGING MACHINES, and SAUSAGE MACHINES.
Any of these Machines on Hire; the Hire to go as Payment.
Sewing Machines Cleaned, Adjusted, Repaired, or Exchanged.
☞ Instruction Free by an Experienced Machinist.

IMPROVED CONCRETE FLOORING.

JOHN DOVE & CO.,
35, CLOSE, NEWCASTLE.

PORTLAND and ROMAN CEMENT supplied to Contractors, Builders, and others in any quantities.
CONCRETE FLOORING, for Coach-houses, Stables, Kitchens, and Out-houses, done by experienced Workmen. Is not effected by Damp or Heat, more durable than Flags, and not more than HALF THE PRICE.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE, 35, CLOSE.

AGENT FOR HENRY C. WEBB'S
WORCESTER GEOMETRICAL, MOSAIC, AND ENCAUSTIC TILES.

JOHN W. DAVISON,
CABINETMAKER, FURNITURE BROKER, IRONMONGER, &c.,
FRONT STREET, CONSETT,
AND CATCHGATE,
HAS now on hand the largest and best made Stock of FURNITURE in the district.
IRON BEDSTEADS in great variety, from 16s. 6d. upwards.
MATTRESSES, FEATHERS, FLOCKS, RABBIT DOWN.
A large Stock of New Patterns in PAPER HANGINGS.
PERAMBULATORS. HARDWARE.
Agent for the HOME WASHER and MANGLING MACHINES.
BURY'S and HARDY'S PATENT PICKS and SHAFTS. 6735

A. RICHARDSON,
CABINETMAKER, FURNITURE BROKER, IRONMONGER, &c.,
POST OFFICE, 56 AND 58, DURHAM ROAD, BLACKHILL,
HAS always on hand the largest, cheapest, and best made Stock of Furniture in the Locality.
Iron and Brass Bedsteads in great variety.
Feathers, Flocks, Rabbit Down, Mattresses, and Bed Ticking.
Perambulators, Wringing and Mangling Machines, Hardy's Patent Picks, Hardware, and Fancy Goods.
Paraffin Lamps, newest designs.
A. R. would specially call attention to the new Patent "Doty" Lamp. The most superior Lamp that has been invented and gives a light equal to sixteen sperm candles and more brilliant than gas, while it consumes no more oil than an ordinary Lamp. 72g

SUPERIOR WATCHES, SHIP CHRONOMETERS, ENGLISH AND FRENCH CLOCKS.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Silver Patent Lever Watches..	3	10	0	to	27	0	0
Gold Patent Lever Watches..	10	10	0	to	40	0	0
Geneva Silver Watches......	2	2	0	to	5	5	0
Geneva Gold Watches........	5	5	0	to	30	0	0
Ship Chronometers..........	27	0	0	to	40	0	0

LISTER AND SONS,
WATCHMAKERS TO THE QUEEN,
CHRONOMETER MAKERS TO THE ADMIRALTY,
12, 14, & 16, MOSLEY STREET,
NEWCASTLE-UPON-TYNE. 592a

JOSHUA LAX,
FURNISHING IRONMONGER,
SHOTLEY BRIDGE,
BEGS leave to call attention to a large Stock of CRYSTAL PERISCOPE and EUREKA SPECTACLES and EYE GLASSES, just received, unequalled by any for their strengthening and preserving qualities. Too much cannot be said as to their Superiority over the ordinary Glasses worn. There is no glimmering, wavering of the sight, dizziness, or other unpleasant sensation, but, on the contrary, from the perfect construction of the Lenses, they are soothing and pleasant, causing a feeling of relief to the wearer, and producing a Clear and Distinct Vision, as in the Healthy Sight. They Preserve as well as Assist the Sight.
To those who are in want of an excellent SEWING MACHINE, J. L. begs to call their attention to the Singer, Family, Medium, and Tailoring Machines, for which he has the sole agency in this district. Sold on the instalment system or a liberal discount allowed for cash.
Rimington Mangles, the HOME WASHER (never beaten in competition), and Taylor's Patent Sewing Machines supplied on the best terms.
September 30th, 1874.

SPECIAL NOTICE! SPECIAL NOTICE!!

PRINTING neatly and accurately executed on the shortest notice, at H. POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.
Books neatly bound in Morocco, Calf, Sheep, or Cloth, at H. POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.
Day Books, Ledgers, Account Books, Pocket Books, Cyphering Books, and Memorandum Books of all kinds, at H. POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.
Albums, a beautiful assortment, from 1s. to 10s. 6d. each. A large variety of Purses, from 3d. to 4s. 6d. Note-paper from 2s. per Ream. Envelopes from 4s. per thousand, and every description of Stationery Goods, at H. POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.
Bibles, Hymn-books, Church Services, Prayer-books, &c. A large Stock of useful and entertaining Books, on different subjects, suitable for presentation, at POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.
Paper Hangings, a large Stock of the newest patterns, from 4d. per piece upwards. Borderings, a choice assortment, at H. POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.
Patent Medicines of every description kept at H. POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.
Pictures, Portraits, and Memory Cards Framed in appropriate mouldings. A large assortment of Plain and Coloured Plates always in Stock at H. POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.
Indian Tea possesses a degree of strength and richness which renders it not only agreeable to the palate but far cheaper than other Teas. Prices—3s. 4d., 3s. 8d., and 4s. per lb., put up in quarter lb. packets at H. POSTLE'S, Front Street, Leadgate.

Note the Address—
HENRY POSTLE,
BOOKSELLER STATIONER, PRINTER, AND BOOKBINDER,
FRONT STREET, LEADGATE. 6867

Business Announcements.

A WORD ABOUT INDIAN TEA.

ENGLISH enterprise, capital, and industry have made India the Finest Tea Garden in the World, and now the British Tea Planting Companies of India have become the great competitors of the Chinese Empire. For years the old people have said they could not get the Strong Fine Tea of the olden times. It is clear to us that either the Tea Plantations of the Chinese have become exhausted, or that the strongest desire of this peculiar people has been to give quantity rather than quality. It is plain to the most superficial observer that even the Finest Chinese Tea, although it may be exquisite in flavour, lacks that power and richness peculiar to the olden times. It is well for the lover of this refreshing beverage that the cultivation of Tea in India has become a commercial success. Years ago we commenced to combine the Chinese and Indian Teas. This method resulted in a great trade. You may have some idea of its properties when we state that last year we sold 112,035 pounds of Tea to a delighted people.
The question will naturally suggest itself to your mind; why do you not offer Indian Tea to the Public? We answer, the price appears high. We do not say they are dear, for the lasting power of Indian Tea is so great that the second and third water, in many instances, is better than the first water of China Tea. Taking this economical view of the question it is cheaper, suppose we say nothing of the increased satisfaction derived in drinking this life-sustaining cup of pleasure. We would like you to test the correctness of the opinion we have as to the strength, lasting power, richness, and economy of Indian Tea. We cannot sell this Tea for less than 4s. per pound. We give you this notice that we do not intend to disturb the present mixed Tea Trade. We therefore desire you, should it be your pleasure to test our judgment, to enquire for Indian Tea at any of our Establishments.

WILLIAM STEWART, THE TEA DEALER,
CENTRAL ESTABLISHMENT, 33, GRAINGER STREET,
BRANCH ESTABLISHMENT, 33, SANDHILL,
BRANCH ESTABLISHMENT, 32, MOSLEY STREET,
} NEWCASTLE.
SUNDERLAND BRANCH, CORNER OF FREDERICK ROAD, HIGH STREET. 644

WILLIAM AYNSLEY,
THE TEA DEALER AND PROVISION MERCHANT,
MIDDLE STREET AND NELSON STREET, CONSETT,
AND
FRONT STREET, LEADGATE,

IS SELLING HIS
Best Superfine FLOUR at 2s. 2d. per stone.
Best Fines FLOUR at 2s. 0d. per stone.
BOXINGS, 12s. 6d. per sack of 12 stones.
Finest SALT BUTTER, 1s. 3d. per lb.
Every other article equally low in price.
Always on hand OATS and CRUSHED OATS and BEANS.
Always on hand Noted "Miller's" Pure LINSEED CAKE.

W & A GILBEY'S NATURAL BEVERAGE WINES
FROM FRANCE, GERMANY, AND HUNGARY.
Owing to the favorable recommendation of the medical profession the increase in the consumption of Light Wines has during the past years been altogether unprecedented. The undermentioned list contains the leading varieties of each class of Light Natural Wines, and while offering an agreeable variety of choice to consumers the Wines will be found of remarkable quality and value at the prices charged. Dr. DRUITT'S report on Sparkling Saumur Wines, which appeared in the *Medical Times*, will be forwarded on application.

AGENT—
WM. AYNSLEY, *Grocer*, CONSETT & LEADGATE

NATURAL RED WINES	Bottle	Dozen	NATURAL WHITE WINES	Bottle	Dozen
Castle A CLARET..	1/-	12/	Castle A WHITE BURGUNDY ..	1/6	18/
Castle B CLARET..	1/3	15/	Castle B WHITE BURGUNDY ..	2/	24/
Castle C CLARET..	1/6	18/	Castle A SAUTERNE	1/3	15/
Castle D CLARET..	2/	24/	Castle B SAUTERNE	2/	24/
Castle 1 RED BURGUNDY ..	1/3	15/	Castle A WHITE HUNGARIAN ..	1/6	18/
Castle 2 RED BURGUNDY ..	1/6	18/	Castle B WHITE HUNGARIAN ..	1/9	21/
Castle 1 KARLOWITZ HUNGARIAN	1/6	18/	Castle A HOCK (Still)	1/6	18/
Castle 2 KARLOWITZ HUNGARIAN	1/9	21/	Castle B HOCK (Still)	2/	24/

CHAMPAGNE.—The undermentioned embrace all the best-known varieties of Champagne:—Castle 1 & 2 are pure wholesome Wines for ordinary use; Castle 3 & 3A are Champagnes usually sold in this country under special brands and at high prices; Castle 4 & 4A are high-class Wines of extra quality; and Castle 5 & 5A are the highest classed Champagnes produced in France irrespective of price.

	Bottle	Dozen		Bottle	Dozen
Castle 1 *Fruity* CHAMPAGNE ..	2/5	29/	Castle 4 *Fruity* CHAMPAGNE ..	4/9	57/
Castle 2 *Fruity* CHAMPAGNE ..	2/11	35/	Castle 4A *Dry* CHAMPAGNE ..	4/9	57/
Castle 3 *Fruity* CHAMPAGNE ..	3/9	45/	Castle 5 *Dry* CHAMPAGNE ..	5/9	69/
Castle 3A *Dry* CHAMPAGNE ..	3/9	45/	Castle 5A *VeryDry* CHAMPAGNE ..	5/9	69/

SPARKLING SAUMUR WINES.—The Champagnes from Saumur recently introduced into this country by Messrs. W & A Gilbey.—(See *Medical Times and Gazette* of November 7th 1874)

	Bottle	Dozen		Bottle	Dozen
Castle SILVER FOIL *Sparkling* SAUMUR	2/1	25/	Castle GOLD FOIL *Sparkling* SAUMUR	2/6	30/

For particulars of more than 200 varieties of Wines & Spirits see W & A Gilbey's Book of Prices

V. R.

THE FIRST HOUSE in the North of England, 29, GREY STREET, NEWCASTLE, for ORNAMENTAL HAIR, COMBS, BRUSHES, PERFUMERY, SOAPS, SPONGES, HAIR BRUSHING, SHAMPOOING, and latest styles, which are just to hand, in London and Parisian Articles for Head Ornament and all Toilet Requisites. The only house for the EAU DE MERVELLIEUSE for restoring the Colour of the Hair in two weeks. First-class attendance at Counter and in Rooms.

C. ROUGIER, PROPRIETOR,
29, GREY STREET, NEWCASTLE.
WHOLESALE HOUSE, YORK.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

TO THE INHABITANTS OF CONSETT AND DISTRICT.

GEORGE YOUNG,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL WINE, SPIRIT, ALE, AND PORTER MERCHANT,
2 & 3, DELVES LANE, CONSETT,
RESPECTFULLY intimates that he has now contracted with Findlater & Co. (the well-known Dublin Brewers) for a constant supply of their Celebrated DUBLIN STOUT, which is so highly recommended by the Medical Faculty as the best Strengthening Tonic for Invalids.

TESTIMONIALS.
"Dublin, 5th June, 1875.
I have analysed a specimen of "Nourishing Stout" submitted to me for that purpose by Messrs. Findlater & Co. I have never examined a specimen of Porter in which the solid or nutritive constituents were so abundant as in the case of this Stout. It contains ten per cent. of its weight of solid matter, or nearly the amount of solids contained in milk. Its flavour is good, and it is remarkably free from acidity.
CHARLES A. CAMERON, M.D., F.R.C.S.,
Public Analyst for Dublin and
Professor of Chemistry, Royal College of Surgeons."

"Dublin, 3rd June, 1875.
The sample of "Nourishing Stout" submitted to me for analysis by Messrs. Findlater & Co., of the Mountjoy Brewery, Dublin, I find to be remarkably rich in nutritious matter, and to contain over four ounces of life-sustaining substances in the Imperial pint. The alcohol from half a pint equals what would be found in a pint of Claret. It is perfectly pure and free from any deleterious ingredients.
C. R. C. TICHBORNE, Ph. D., F.C.S.,
Chemist to the Apothecaries' Hall and
Examiner in Chemistry, Trin. Col., Dublin."

G. Y. is also Agent for Burton and Edinburgh Ales and Dublin and London Stout.

THE TEST OF TWENTY YEARS
HAS FULLY PROVED THAT
THE PATENT LEVER WATCHES
MADE BY
JOHN D. CARIS,
20, HIGH STREET, GATESHEAD,
ARE THE
BEST TIMEKEEPERS ON RECORD,
WHILE THEY ARE ALSO
CHEAPER IN PRICE.
☞ Buyers of the above, within a radius of twelve miles, are allowed third-class railway fare 235a

RECOMMENDED BY THE FACULTY.

ROBINSON'S EFFERVESCING VEGETABLE APERIENT is the best Remedy for Bilious Attacks, Sick Headache, Vomiting, Heartburn, Constipation, Impure Blood, Skin Eruptions, Giddiness, &c.
No one should be without it, as it purifies and invigorates the blood, thus acting as a preventative or Small Pox, &c.
Sold retail by all Chemists, in bottles 2s. 3d. each; wholesale, JOHN ISMAY, Newcastle.
Prepared only by JOSEPH ROBINSON, Chemist, Stanley. 6887

SHOTLEY BRIDGE AND CONSETT DISTRICT GAS COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that any Person or Persons entering into the occupation of any House, Shop, or other Building, to which Gas has been supplied to the previous occupant, upon such entry must first obtain the consent of the Secretary of the Company before consuming the Gas supplied by the said Company. In default therefore, upon proof of the use of the Gas, without first obtaining such leave, such Person or Person will be Prosecuted as the Law directs. The Secretary can be seen daily at the Company's Office, Shotley Bridge, to whom all applications must be made.

By order of the Directors,
M. RICHLEY, Secretary.
Shotley Bridge, October 9, 1870. 24

Business Announcements.

THOMAS ROWE, BAKER & CONFECTIONER,
LEADGATE AND CONSETT.
☞ PIC-NICS AND TEA PARTIES SUPPLIED OR CONTRACTED FOR.

JUST FORFEITED.—First-class Gold and Silver Watches (by the best makers), Gold and Silver Alberts, Guards, Wedding and Fancy Rings at about half the original cost.—J. TAYLOR, Pawnbroker, 19, Broad Chare, Newcastle. 749a

SAMUEL WALKER,
HAIRDRESSER, STATIONER, AND NEWSAGENT,
1, DERWENT STREET, BLACKHILL.

Agent for the *Consett Guardian*.

P. OSBORNE,
AUCTIONEER AND APPRAISER,
FRONT STREET,
SHOTLEY BRIDGE.

☞ Valuations effected for Probate, &c. 227

WILLIAM FITZPATRICK,
TAILOR,
CATCHGATE, NEAR ANNFIELD PLAIN.
A FIRST-CLASS assortment of CLOTHS for the present season. A large assortment of PIT FLANNELS always on hand.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH, Quality and Construction unsurpassed, fixed with every recent improvement in Gold, Silver, Coralite, and all pure material known to the profession. Mineral Teeth from 5s. each. Scaling, Stopping, &c. Children's Teeth regulated, and every other operation in Dental Surgery skilfully performed.—DE LACY, Dentist, 57, Grainger Street, Newcastle.

HALF MOON YARD HORSE REPOSITORY,
BIGG MARKET, NEWCASTLE.

SALES BY AUCTION every TUESDAY and SATURDAY at Two p.m. of HORSES, CARRIAGES, DOGS, &c., by W. SUTTON, Auctioneer and Proprietor.
NOTICE.—All Entries free of charge if not sold (Dogs excepted).
Accommodation for Horses at Livery.
Horses Let on Job. 6847

NOTICE.

WILLIAM KNOX
HAS much pleasure in announcing that he has entered upon his NEW PREMISES, at MOUNT PLEASANT, CONSETT, where he intends carrying on Business as HOUSE CARPENTER, JOINER, &c., and trusts, by strict attention thereto and keeping a staff of good Workmen, to merit a share of Public support.
N.B.—Estimates given for general Repairs, Shop Fronts, &c. 6178

THOMAS LAMB,
STATIONER, BOOKSELLER, PRINTER, AND BOOKBINDER,
ANNFIELD PLAIN.

BIBLES, Hymn Books, Ledgers, Day Books, and Memorandum Books of every description. School and Prize Books. Periodicals (Weekly and Monthly) of all kinds. All kinds of Tin and Hardware Goods, Jewellery, &c.
Memorial Cards and Raffle Tickets on the shortest notice. Pictures Framed neatly and cheaply.
Agent for the *Consett Guardian*, Advertisements for which are received and inserted at moderate charges.

GEORGE HOBSON,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MILLER AND SEEDSMAN.
GROCER, DRAPER, AND PROVISION MERCHANT,
HARPERLEY STEAM AND WATER CORN MILL
(NEAR ANNFIELD PLAIN).
HAS always on hand a large Stock of Pure Linseed and Cotton Cakes, Indian Meal, Pea Meal, Barley Meal, Boxings, Sharps, and Bran, Oats (whole and crushed), and Feeding Stuffs of every description.
G. H.'s Mixture of Permanent Clover and Grass Seeds has been tested and approved by the leading Agriculturists of the District upwards of Twenty Years.
Fine Seed Peas, Spring Tares, Seed Barley, &c., on hand. 145b

NOTED FOR GENUINE ARTICLES.

JOHN MADDISON,
GROCER, PROVISION DEALER, AND SPIRIT MERCHANT,
DIPTON,
RESPECTFULLY returns his sincere thanks to the Inhabitants of Dipton and surrounding district for the liberal support accorded to him during the many years he has been in business, and begs to intimate that he has now on hand
SPIRITS OF THE FINEST QUALITY,
Which he purposes to dispose of at the following moderate rates:—
Fine Gin (superior quaility)........2s. 6d. per bot.
Real Irish Whisky........2s. 6d. and 3s. „
Fine Scotch Whisky..2s. 3d., 2s. 6d., and 3s. „
Superior Rum..........2s. 3d. and 2s 6d. „
Excellent Brandy, 3s. 6d., and thery best quality ....4s. 6d. „
☞ A trial is respectfully solicited.

JUDSON'S DYES.—18 Colours, Sixpence each.

RIBBONS, WOOL, SILK, FEATHERS,
Completely Dyed in 10 minutes without soiling the hands.
Full instructions supplied. Of all Chemists and Stationers.

JUDSON'S DYES.—DYEING AT HOME.—JUDSON'S simple DYES are most useful and effectual. Ribbons, silks, feathers, scarfs, lace, braid, veils, handkerchiefs, clouds, bernouses, Shetland Shawls, or any small article of dress can easily be dyed in a few minutes without soiling the hands, violet, magenta, crimson, mauve, purple, pink, ponceau, claret, &c.
JUDSON'S DYES.—PHOTOGRAPHIC PAPER POSITIVES or PHOTO-PRINTS should be dipped in hot water and then submitted to a hot bath of JUDSON'S DYES. Beautiful effects are thus produced in Green, Pink, Brown, and many other beautiful colours.—Use Judson's Dyes for general tinting!
JUDSON'S DYES.—FERNS, GRASSES, FLOWERS, and SEA-WEEDS may be dyed most exquisite colours, Green, Crimson, Purple, Scarlet, &c., by simply dipping them in a solution of JUDSON'S DYES. Charming Bouquets may be composed.
JUDSON'S DYES.—INK—INK—INK.—A Sixpenny Bottle of JUDSON'S DYES, Violet, Red, or Magenta, will make half a pint of brilliant writing ink in one minute by simply adding hot water.
JUDSON'S DYES.—For Colouring Architectural Plans, &c. Much trouble may be saved in grinding up colours to a uniform tint. They may be used either with a brush or pen. Rose Pink, Purple, Canary, Crimson, Orange, Green, Blue, Magenta, and 12 other shades.
JUDSON'S DYES.—For Staining Wood, diluted with water. They sink deeply into the fibre and will not rub off. They form the most economical stain on record. Light Brown for mahogany colour is excellent; No. 2 Black for walnut; Canary for satin; also Black, Lavender, Magenta, and many other colours.

SIXPENCE, PER BOTTLE.
OF CHEMISTS AND STATIONERS.

THE GUARDIAN.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 25, 1875.

THE WHITECHAPEL TRAGEDY.

PERHAPS no more horrible and sickening crime was ever committed than that which now calls forth all the energy and cleverness of what may be termed our detective reporters and all the acuteness of our detective police. That a dreadful murder has been perpetrated there is every reason to believe; that the body of a woman, "dowered with the fatal gift of beauty," has been atrociously mutilated under circumstances of the blackest suspicion, is unquestionable. Whether the man now in custody on the charge of having in his possession the body of a mutilated woman was the perpetrator of this mutilation, and whether he is guilty of the more awful crime of murder will in due time be investigated with all legal formalities at the Central Criminal Court. It has now been decided that the unhappy woman who was in his company at the time the horrible discovery of a woman's mutilated corpse was made will not take her trial with him. And here we cannot but deprecate the course that has been adopted by the conductors of some of our more prominent newspapers. There is a tendency in these days of fierce journalistic competition to Americanize our press by "interviewing" any person who has any knowledge of the circumstances connected with any great crime or calamity, inducing them by cogent reasons to say what they know, and then publishing this to the world pending a trial or inquiry. More than one great daily paper in London has recently piled up facts, rumours, suppositions, and quasi evidence against the man who awaits his trial. This is not just or fair to the public, the prisoner, or the jury who will have to decide on his guilt or innocence. A great deal of extraneous surmise, which cannot under any circumstances be adduced as evidence, has been imported into the case, but which cannot but tend to prejudice the public mind against the prisoner; and we venture to say that it will now be almost impossible to obtain a competent jury some of whom are not fully acquainted with most of the statements, speculations, and presumable evidence that have recently been collected with considerable skill and published with a lamentable want of judgment. There was no occasion for all this, for the known facts that have already come out on the inquest and the magisterial inquiry, are sufficiently sensational. It has been proved that Wainwright requested a young man named STOKES to aid in carrying two bundles. STOKES was unaware of the contents, but his curiosity prompted him to open one of them when placed on the pavement while WAINWRIGHT had gone to fetch a cab. "What did you see?" asked the magistrate. "I saw a human head," replied STOKES: "I first saw some hair. Not being satisfied, I looked further, and then I saw a human head entire. My hair rose on end till my hat nearly fell off." This physiological fact, if fact it be, is most curious as showing that what is generally regarded as the figurative effect of sudden fright is sometimes literally true. Not less remarkable is the fact that this statement in court was immediately followed by a laugh. "Anything horrible makes me laugh," said CHARLES LAMB, whose nature was as tender as his name typified, and we can only account for the ghastly fact that STOKES's description of the effect of this discovery upon him created a laugh by the old proverb that extremes meet. The laugh, let us hope, was the hysterical outburst of some woman who was really shocked at this horrid narrative. Whatever be the result of the forthcoming trial, the conduct of this young man in running after the cab from Whitechapel Church to the Borough, some two miles, and calling at the police to stop it, though they mocked at him as a madman, is worthy of high praise. The awful discovery that he made probably threw his mind off its balance for the moment; but it is strange that when he first saw the horrid spectacle of a human head, he should not have at once shouted for the police; and that he had for the time lost some of his presence of mind while frantically running after the cab is shown by his never once calling out that there was a mutilated body in the vehicle. Surely no policeman could have been sufficiently stolid to have allowed it to pass on with the cool remark, "Man, you are mad," had such an exclamation been uttered. But if STOKES were mad at this time there was method in his madness, and to him alone are the public indebted for the police arresting WAINWRIGHT and his companion as the former was carrying the dissevered body into an empty house where all traces of the monstrous crime might have been obliterated. We need not further reproduce the sickening details connected with this frightful tragedy.

The reader who has shuddered as he has perused them has at least the satisfaction of believing that this awful crime will be brought home to the murderer, be he who he may.

OUR LONDON CORRESPONDENT.

The lengthened and elaborate investigation at the Southwark police-court into the circumstances under which the horrible discovery of the mutilated remains of the body of a woman was made, and the proceedings at the opening of the inquest at the St. Saviour's vestry-room on Wednesday, in the course of which the evidence given before the magistrates was repeated at the request of the Treasury—place before the public all the information that can be relied upon, until the coroner's inquiry is resumed on the 24th inst., in connection with "the Whitechapel Tragedy," which has created so much sad interest generally. The police, however, are now on the alert. When the young man Stokes was running after the cab containing the parcels of human flesh, and when he called on the police to stop the cab, they simply ridiculed him as a madman, and allowed the cabman to drive on; and it was only when Wainwright was actually about to take the horrid burden into an empty house that Stokes succeeded, after earnest and passionate appeals, in inducing a policeman to take the slightest notice of the affair. But now an inspector watches the case on behalf of the Commissioners of Police, and detectives are making inquiries wherever anything can be learnt about the antecedents of Wainwright, the accused man. If this awful crime, however, is ever traced to the criminal, it will be by no virtue of the police, who so far have acted in a bungling and stupid way. It was to Stokes alone that the capture of the suspected parties is owing. One part of his evidence before the magistrates which seemed strange, has now been cleared up by his answer to a query put to him by a juror. When he put down the horrid parcel on the pavement in Whitechapel, and Wainwright left him, Stockes immediately, prompted by curiosity, ascertained that the parcel contained a human head and the mutilated remains of a body. Wainwright was absent three minutes, and yet during this time Stokes said nothing to any policeman or passer-by. The assumed reason for this was that the young man was stupified by the discovery, but according to what he himself has now said, he was afraid to break it to anybody then, lest the suspected man should have a revolver in his pocket with which he could shoot him. This is certainly rational enough. Take the matter altogether, it is one of the most horribly sensational discoveries that have come before the public for many years. It is earnestly to be hoped that the awful crime will be fully explained, and the criminals convicted; but meanwhile the sensation-mongering in which some of our daily papers indulge, and the surmises which they publish, are very reprehensible. Take the *Echo* of Tuesday as an example. With a good deal of alleged circumstantiality it elaborately gives news that was given the previous day in other papers, and then announces that Sergeant Blank "was instructed to discover, if possible, who the deceased was, and at an early hour last night he telegraphed that he believed—he was on the right track!" and again, "last night conclusive evidence of her identity was—expected every minute!" This is ghostly fun, although it is not intended as such.

I am surprised that hitherto as far as I know no notice has been taken of an extraordinary sentence passed the other day by the Recorder at the Birmingham Borough Sessions. A man named Grimes, a hawker, was found guilty of stealing from a shop. He had been five times previous convicted, and the Recorder, saying that short terms of imprisonment were useless in such cases, sentenced him to seven years' penal servitude. The Recorder doubtless thought this a just sentence, though the prisoner was astonished at it; but had it ended here the public wolud of course have sided with his lordship; but the prisoner, in the agony of the moment, exclaimed, "Seven years! Seven years!" and then turning to the witness passionately called out, "God blind me, I'll have your life when I come home!" Of course this was very bad and utterly inexcusable, but did this natural outburst of fallen human nature deserve three years' penal servitude? I think not. Yet this is what the Recorder awarded. Calling the man back, he altered the sentence to ten years' penal servitude. Another prisoner was tried at the same time and convicted for stealing in company with Grimes. Both had been previously convicted, and yet while Grimes was sentenced to seven years penal servitude the other man Smith was awarded eighteen months' imprisonment only. No doubt, however, there was a reason for this discrepancy. But I confess I cannot at all understand the horribly heavy penalty of three years' penal seruitude for a mere exclamation in a fit of momentary pain and vexation. Such threats are very common on sentence being passed, and our judges usually make allowance for our poor human nature.

Sir R. Baggalay, it is said, is about to resign the Attorney Generalship, which is to be filled by Sir W. Vernon Harcourt. The latter gentlemen, there can be no doubt, has for years been ready to take office, and, considering his talents, I am rather surprised that he has not yet obtained it; but still it must not be forgotten that he is supposed to be a Liberal, and if he were to accept office with a Conservative Government, it would of course be said that he has changed his politics for the sake of his purse, or rather for the sake of position.

The Cincinnatus of Hawarden—it is with a classical tag of this kind that a Liverpool paper reports the commonplace fact, that Mr. Gladstone felled a tree in the afternoon, and then "cut blocks with a razor" in addressing the bumpkins the same evening on mental progress. It is really distressing that reporters will turn up where they are not wanted. "Mr. Gladstone on the stump" would be a fine *tableaux* for a New York reporter. He might be described as standing on the stump of a tree which he had just felled, and, flourishing his battle-axe Boadicea fashion, might call on these Flintshire fossils to awake, arise, or be for ever lost. Then, burying his hatchet in the now dismembered trunk, he might modestly pose and ask them to put as much go into their studies as he had put elbow-grease into his labours as a woodman. Really the art of reporting is capable of improvement.

Commercially speaking, we are getting over the dull part of the year, and are becoming busy. The prospects of the approaching winter and spring—that is to say before the next Budget is introduced are pretty good. The Chancellor of the Exchequer has the happiness just now of reckoning his receipts at upwards of a million more than they were this time last year. But to indulge in reckoning our chickens before they are hatched is a dangerous process. There is nothing so likely to happen as the unforeseen, and a hundred such things may occur before Sir Stafford Northcote brings in his financial statement.

When the Public Worship Bill was passed, many predicted that this was such a "two-headed engine," striking down impartially all error of excess or defeat of Ritual, that the Evangelicals would not dare to resort to it for fear of reprisals. It is certainly remarkable that a three months' truce followed the time wden the Act became law on the first of July last. But that truce is now at an end and the first prosecution under the new Act has been instituted against a Mr. Ridsdale of Folkestone, whose processions and genuflections in the Church on the hill must have been a sight to see for the intelligent foreigner who touched our Protestant shores there. Whether it was that the scandal was thus a crying one from the Church lying thus on one of the highways from France to England, Mr. Ridsdale has been marked out for prosecution by the Church Association, and we soon shall hear more about it.

The School Board is becoming a terror to juvenile evildoers. Two or three young monkeys to-day were playing in the street in their own rough way, when one of them, either by accident or design, threw a ball which hit a woman in the face. She attacked the boy with her tongue, in language more forcible than polite; but he evidently cared little for it. As a last resort she hurled a thunderbolt at him which appeared to hit. "I'll put the School Board on to you," she exclaimed, "and have you all sent to school." The threat was awful, and the youngsters evidently felt it keenly, the chief offender immediately expressing his sorrow in whining tones.

THE REGULATION OF THE SALE OF MILK.

We publish to-day a very dramatic and highly instructive report by Mr. Spear, the medical officer of health of Jarrow, of a sharp outbreak of typhoid fever, which he investigated, traced, and arrested within the space of a few hours. The report is instructive, because it shows how quickly every new fact in the rapidly developing science of preventive medicine, finds its place in the armoury of the preventive health officer, and because it points to a source of remarkable danger to the health of communities scarcely suspected until within the last few years, but which repeated and conclusive experience has now shown to be very common and very rarely guarded against.

The epidemic in Marylebone is so recent that Mr. Radcliffe's official report has only within the last few months been issued in the blue-book. Half-a-dozen instances of outbreaks of typhoid and other fevers, due to the distribution of infected milk have, however, since been reported from Glasgow, from Moseley, Balsall, and elsewhere. The attention of medical officers of health has been therefore repeatedly drawn to this factor of a tainted milk-supply as being a possible cause of limited local outbreaks, and of cases, the eccentric character of which used to baffle sanitary investigation. At Jarrow the outbreak was characteristically sudden. Suddenly, on August 15 it was found that within the limited district of the urban medical officer's authority no less than 34 cases of typhoid fever had occurred in twenty different families, more than half the cases being among children. The houses were, with two exceptions, clean, and supplied with good water from the mains of the water company. It soon, however, appeared that in pretty well every case the milk was supplied from the same source. The farm was at once visited. It was found that six of the farmer's family were laid up with typhoid fever. The water used in the diary was derived from a well in immediate proximity to a cesspit; the water was evidently contaminated with filth by soakage, so much so, indeed, that it became putrid on standing two days. The diary was used as a wash-house; the linen from the infected persons was washed in it; and the person who milked the cows was in immediate attendance on those who were laid up with the fever. There was here, in fact, every disgusting circumstance combined which could make the milk the vehicle for carrying the fever. The unusual horror of these arrangements, and the violence of the first outbreak, together with the extreme promptitude with which the medical officer in a few hours traced out the causes of the fever and arrested its progress, make this little history more sharply instructive, and more immediately impressive than some of the more protracted and large epidemics to which we have referred. The whole facts are in a small compass, and the causes and effect are seen side by side, and in contemporaneous action.

The circumstances are so horrible that it does not do to dwell upon them long; but it is impossible not to feel that the same risks are, as many medical officers have now pointed out, inherent in the careless and unregulated manner in which the milk-business is now carried out in the majority of instances. A few large companies, such as the Aylesbury Diary Company, take the trouble to have the sanitary state of their farms supervised, to see that the water in which the dairy utensils are washed is pure, and that the milk is delivered in sealed cans, and subjected to analysis from time to time, so that its purity is preserved intact; and they provide premises suitably arranged for its pure and cleanly reception and distribution. But, as Dr. Hardwicke has pointed out, this is the exception even in great cities, and even in rural neighbourhoods. The ordinary dairy farmer knows nothing of the meaning of purity as applied to water, or of hygienic regulation of his farm and his diary. The back parlours in back streets, where so much of the London is stored prior to its distribution are not always free from sources of direct infection. Dr. Lyon Playfair pointed out that the conveyance of infection by milk was a subject which had been neglected in Public Health Acts; it has, however, been shown now to be so frequent and disastrous in its effects, that it is time that the sanitary authorities were invested with power to regulate the hygienic arrangements of diary farms and of the places of business of milk-sellers. They ought to be placed under as strict supervision as are slaughter-houses and bake-houses.—*The Sanitary Record.*

Fresh arrests continue to be made among the students of the various Russian provincial universities, for alleged complicities in the socialistic propaganda.

SUICIDE FROM FEAR.—An old widow woman at Malton, named Freeman, committed suicide by cutting her throat on Sunday morning. She had been receiving aid from the parish, and the relieving officer having heard that she had a large sum of money secreted, searched the house on Saturday, but found only a few shillings. He, however, ascertained that she had invested a sum of £300 and was receiving the interest. Fear of punishment, it is said, led her to end her life. An inquest was held, and a verdict in accordance with the facts returned.

TREACHERY TO THE ENGLISH CHURCH.

The *John Bull* of Saturday publishes a communication from an intimate friend of the late vicar of Morwenstow which exposes what the Editor rightly describes as "a sad story" of treachery to the Church of England. Our readers will remember that just before his death Mr. Hawker was formally received into the Roman Catholic Church, and it has been said that his wife had taken advantage of his weakness to introduce Roman Catholic priests into the house where he lay, and that in this way Rome had been enabled to boast a conversion. The facts revealed fully acquit Mrs. Hawker, but in doing so they indelibly stain the reputation of her deceased husband, and they attest a deceit and double dealing on the part of Rome which can hardly fail to disgust Englishmen. Mr. Hawker's friend gives particulars of a conversation he had with him last October, in the course of which Mr Hawker said:—"'The authority of the Church of England, if valid, comes from Rome—the which after deep research and the patient vigil of years, I have long considered and been convinced is the Mother, and the only true Church—whose doctrines and trusts I hold to be the absolute faith in Christ.' Mr. Hawker then entered into the several details of the Roman belief—such as the Divine nature of the Virgin—the place of departed spirits, and the infallibility of the Pope, to whom he had presented a gold medallion peculiarly fashioned, stamped with Pio Nono, which had been blest, and which had been returned with the special and particular benediction of the Holy Father. This memorial token of the consideration of the Holy Father he wore round his neck night and day. To one and all of the doctrines of Rome he privately conformed and accepted without hesitation, and to prove the case still more rigidly, he administered the Holy Eucharist to himself, using wafer bread, and adopting the service from the Missal of consecration, and this for years." So, then, this clergyman lived for years a concealed Romanist and a minister of the Church of England, and had all the while the blessing of the Pope upon his life of unparalled treachery. The wildest flights of what has been called Protestant calumny never went beyond suggesting such a case as this. Who shall say in future that such accusations are unfounded?—*Evening Standard.*

THE WHITECHAPEL TRAGEDY.

Some curious stories (says the *Telegraph*) are being told as to the conduct of the prisoner, and the suspicious answers he gave to the inquiries of the friends of Harriet Lane, or Mrs. King, after she had so mysteriously disappeared. Her poor old mother feared the worst, and for several weeks she sat up until the last train had arrived from London to Waltham Cross—where the father is employed as a foreman at the gas works; but the missing woman came not, and the old lady's fears increased with her daughter's absence. A detective was employed to trace the lost one, and Wainwright was many times interrogated as to her whereabouts, but he always strenuously denied knowing anything about her. Once he told Mrs. Wilmore the he had seen her friend in a cab at the West End, and that she was fashionably attired, and appeared to be comfortably off; and on another occasion, later on, he said that he had seen Mrs. King, that she had bowed to him, and that he returned the salutation. The father states that he met Wainwright some time after his daughter had disappeared, and said to him, "Where is my girl? If she is dead, tell me where she is buried, that we may know the last of her;" and that Wainwright observed, "Ah, poor girl, I wish I knew." The letters and telegrams which the friends received, sighed by a person named Frien, or Fritz, and which stated that Harriet Lane would accompany him to Brighton, Dover, and elsewhere, and which are supposed to be forgeries, and sent in order that their suspicions might be allayed, have been subjected to the scrutiny of an expert, and his opinion as to the authorship of the writing will be given when the case is again before the magistrate. Mrs. Wilmore, who has charge of the two children, states that on several occasions when she called at Wainwright's shop to obtain from him means for their support he requested her go to into the warehouse and wait till he could attend to her, and that she remembers standing once or twice over the exact spot where the grave was found, and it was there that he gave her the money.

The following particulars respecting the antecedents of the male prisoner now in custody have been gained from an authoritative source. Henry Wainwright was one of three sons of a very respectable well-to-do tradesman, who carried on his business in the Whitechapel Road, and had his residence in Tredegar Square, Bow. Henry was sent early to the Stepney Grammar School, where he remained for some time, and when he left he and the brother who was next to him in point of age joined their father as assistants in his business. Henry soon after joined a debating society that was afterwards merged into an elocution class, and was held at the Beaumont Institution, Mile End, of which he was a member. It was here that his special talent for reciting began to show itself, and eventually, after having given several readings and recitations from popular authors, at the soirees of the institution, he determined to take lessons in the art of elocution, and with that view he joined the classes formed by Mr. Coe of the Haymarket Theatre. As a member of the Sheridan Club he still continued to give his entertainments, and occasionally made a tour in the provinces. His entertainments were entitled, "An Evening with Hood," "An Evening with Dickens" &c., and among the most effective of the selections he used to recite were "Eugene Aram" and the "Charge of the Light Brigade." He was also a member, and a very active one, of the United Book Society, which consisted of 26 members, the number of books being so proportioned that each subscriber could have two every week. At the expiration of the year a dinner was held, and the books were sold off among the subscribers. At these dinners Wainwright was a very constant attendant, and a large purchaser of the books. Either at this time or after his marriage he was a pewholder at Trinity Church, Bow, and would always subscribe in aid of any movement he was asked to support. Upon his father's death he received a legacy of £2,000 or £3,000 and a half share of the business with his brother. From this time the falling off became noticeable. He became addicted to billiards and betting, and eventually found himself £300 or £400 in debt to a bookmaker for betting debts unpaid. He was frequently seen in company with the girls employed at the Pavilion Theatre and women of loose character. His wife was almost entirely deserted, though there is nothing to show that she was aware of the full state of the case until the recent disclosures. Wainwright's way of life soon became too expensive to keep up with the money at his disposal; and his brother, finding that the accounts of the business had been falsified to a considerable extent, left the partnership, and set up for himself in another part of London.

The hearing of the charge against Henry Wainwright, was resumed on Tuesday morning, before Mr. Benson, at the Southwark Police Court. Alice Day was discharged.

An explosion took place on Saturday at the Spring Vale blast furnace, Wolverhampton, by which two men were instantaneously killed and six injured. Two of the latter have since died.

On Saturday afternoon a Liberal demonstration of some magnitude, which was attended by five M.P.'s, took place at Newcastle. Resolutions in favour of household suffrage for the counties and complete religious equality were adopted, as well as one in support of giving the public a voice in the licensing of public-houses.

SEVERE THUNDERSTORMS.

NARROW ESCAPE OF A FAMILY AT SUNDERLAND.

A storm of unusual severity and length of duration passed over Sunderland during the early hours of Monday morning. Happily no accident of a very serious nature has been reported, though a man named James Laing, his wife, and three children, had a narrow escape from drowning, owing to the flooding of the premises in which they reside at Foundry Yard, Low Row, Bishopwearmouth. The house is near to some streets having a heavy gradient, and the gully traps having filled up, the mass of water consequent upon the excessively heavy rain-fall rushed into an excavation formed for the purpose of providing light and air to some underground kitchens in Foundry Yard. The dwelling-rooms were flooded to a great depth, and the children were rescued with the greatest difficulty, owing to the large quantity of water and the darkness, the accident occurring about 4.30 in the morning. The interior furnishings of the house were of course much damaged.

TWO PERSONS KILLED BY LIGHTNING.

A terrific thunderstorm passed over Cheshire and Lancashire on Sunday evening. The lightning was more vivid than has been seen in the district for many years past. During the evening service in Heswall Church, Cheshire, the lightning entered the edifice and struck the school-master, who was acting as organist, and a boy, killing them instantaneously.

SAD ACCIDENT TO A PLEASURE PARTY.

During a heavy thunderstorm which passed over the Black Country on Sunday night, a sad end came to a pleasure party of eight who had gone from Tipton to Tittenhall Wood. They were driving, and the horse shied, precipitating the whole over a steep rock on the Tittenhall Common, near Wolverhampton. A Wolverhampton boy was killed, and a man named Baker sustained concussion of the brain. Parsons, another man, was badly injured, and two other men had some of their limbs broken.

FATAL RESULT OF FRIDAY'S STORM.

A case of sudden death, caused by the thunderstorm of Friday morning, is reported from Hampstead. Mr. John Henry Rohrs, of Christ Church Road, who had gone to bed apparently in good health, being suddenly awakened by the thunder, was attacked with palpitation of the heart, and died after three or four hours' illness. Mr. Rohrs was formerly a fellow of Jesus College, Cambridge, where he graduated in 1843 as twelfth wrangler. He was about fifty-three years of age.

SCHOOL BOARD ELECTION EXPENSES.

The Education Department has issued the following important circular to the Clerks to the Poor Law Guardians, who are the returning officers in School Board Elections:—

SIR,—I am directed to call your attention to the duty of conducting School Board Elections cast upon you by statute, and to some of the difficulties which have arisen in fulfilling that duty.

You are probably aware that dissatisfaction has been expressed in some quarters in consequence of the amount of the charges made in certain cases by some returning officers, and it has been suggested, that in order to avoid similar objections in future, it would be expedient to lay down a certain scale of charges.

With the view of attaining this result, I am to state that the following rules, which have been settled after consultation with the Local Government Board, will be in future adopted by the department in determining the charges for conducting School Board Elections.

1. In publishing the various notices required to be published by the order regulating the election you will refrain henceforth from publishing these notices in any newspaper, and you will perceive that the order for publication in a newspaper is not required, and the expense of so doing will henceforth be disallowed.

2. In making out a bill of charges the returning officer must set forth, first, the sum total charged for personal trouble which may be regarded as his fee, and secondly, the various items charged in respect of sums actually disbursed, or to be disbursed by him.

As to the first. If the election is uncontested, the fee or sum charged for personal trouble must not exceed £5 5s.

It will be observed that in this communication, the charge fixed is a maximum. It must, therefore, depend upon circumstances whether this maximum should be charged in each case.

If the election be contested, and there is only one polling station, the fee must not exceed £10 10s., and my Lords consider that if there is more than one polling station the maximum sum to be charged should not exceed £5 5s. for each polling station after the first.

As to the second. The number of polling stations must not exceed in boroughs one for each ward, and in parishes must not exceed one for every 1000 persons entitled to vote as shewn by the rate book. But in either case the number may be increased by special application to the Education Department.

There must be only one presiding officer at a fee not exceeding £2 2s. for each polling station, and not more than two clerks at a fee not exceeding £1 for the first, and 15s. for the other. One of the clerks may also be appointed as a deputy to act for the presiding officer in case of emergency. No money for refreshments must be paid to the Returning or Presiding officer, or to any of the persons employed.

The counting of the votes need not take place the same evening if it cannot be completed before nine o'clock.

If the counting cannot be completed the same evening a sum not exceeding £1 will be allowed to any presiding officer so employed, and 15s. to each of the clerks.

If the rate book requires to be copied and arranged alphabetically, the expense will be calculated upon the principle that not less than 30 names of voters can be arranged and written in an hour, and the returning officer will be allowed to charge at the rate of one halfpenny for each name.

Unless the leave of the Education Department has been previously and specially obtained, no expenses for making an alphabetical list of the rate book will be allowed in any case in which there has been no poll. It is considered that the six clear days allowed by the order for election give sufficient time to enable the returning officer to prepare such list.

With respect to ballot boxes and other fittings, I am to remind you that in boroughs those provided for municipal elections must be used for the School Board Elections, free of charge. (s. 14, Ballot Act).

As to parishes, if ballot boxes and fittings have been provided for a School Board Election in a parish, my Lords think that an arrangement should be made by which the same ballot boxes and fittings should be used in a School Board Election in any other parish in the same union.

The ballot boxes and other fittings of course belong to the School Board of the parish which paid for them, but each parish which uses them would, no doubt, be willing to pay a certain sum for the privilege of using them.

A BEWITCHED FARM LABOURER.—A farm labourer named Hayward has been committed for trial to the next Warwick Assizes on a charge of wilfully murdering Ann Tennant, the wife of a pig dealer at Long Compton. It appeared that the prisoner was returning from work when, meeting the deceased, he deliberately ran up to her, and with a pitchfork he was carrying stabbed her several times in both legs, and afterwards commenced beating her about the head with the handle of the fork. The woman died in about three hours. On being taken into custody, the prisoner stated to the constable, "I hope she is dead; it's no odds about it; she was an old witch, and there are fifteen more in the village; I'll serve them the same; I'll kill them all. I was three hours in a bean field the other day, and could not work, for they were witching me." Several of the witnesses deposed to the accused labouring under the delusion that he was haunted by witches, but in other respects he was perfectly rational, and had been employed from a boy by the various farmers of the village as a labourer.

Poetry: Original and Select.

THE FISHER-BOY.

The fisher-boy sat by the ocean's side,
And his eyes on its glowing breast were cast,
He gazed long on the flowing tide,
Till the sun had the bright horizon passed,
But his thoughts were centred far away,
Down where comes not the light of day—
Where as the patriarch fishermen say:
The mermaids live so merrily O.
O he looked as sad as sad could be,
For his heart lay chained far, far, below,
"At the bottom of the deep I wish" said he
"To live with the mermaids merrily O."

A dark and a flashing eye had he,
And dusky hair with a curling flow;
But his handsome face you ne'er would see,
Suffused with a smiling happy glow—
On the wings of desire doth our happiness home,
Alluring us towards it with ne'er-ceasing "come,"
And the boy knew that far 'neath the water-crowned dome,
His played with the mermaids merrily O.
And he was sad as sad could be,
For his heart lay chained far, far, below,
"At the bottom of the deep I wish" said he,
"To live with the mermaids merrily O."

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The moon has brightly o'er the waters stole,
Her beams on the countless ripples flash,
And nought is heard save the waves as they roll
Over the rocks with a low monotonous dash;
The seaworn cliffs, tall, rugged, steep,
Throw a gloomy shade o'er the peaceful deep,
Which the retiring orb bids outward creep
Enshrouding a form that sits below,
And who looks as sad as sad can be,
For his heart is chained far, far, below,
"At the bottom of the deep," faint murmurs he,
"I would live with the mermaids merrily O."

* * * * * *

"We are come, we are come," said an angel band,
We are come for the brave true-hearted boy,
He will hence with us to our mermaid land—
The mystic bower of endless joy.
His days of lonesome grief are o'er,
He shall pensive sit by the sea no more,
But joyous songs he will now outpour
Along with the mermaids merrily O.
And he was glad as glad could be,
His face bright beamed with a radiant glow—
"Hurra! Hurra! I am off" said he
"To live with the mermaids merrily O."

SHAUN OGE.

TROUBLES AND TRIALS OF "AN EDITOR."

BY AN AFFLICTED "WE.'

We are an editor, we are, "long-suffering, slow to wrath," and very patient. We admire Job, and admit that he was patient—very—but *he never was the editor of a local newspaper!* At least if he was, the Scripture don't say anything about it. Leading a life of continual martyrdom to the intellect of local genius, we move in an atmosphere of sentimental love stories in many parts and unpublished poems of the first water. Day after day are we (within the sacred precinct of our sanctuary) besieged by poetical counterloupers, literary dustmen, and sentimental policemen, all with the first-fruits of their genius, done up in whitey brown envelopes, and addressed to the "Editor." Nor is it only within the pale of our office that we are made the victim of aspirants to literary glory. If we protrude our editorial head from the door of the office, we are instantly pounced upon by some inspired blacksmith, who begs us to listen to a charming little poem which he composed "quite impromptu," eulogizing some fair lady's portrait. Just as the clock strikes "twelve," and faint visions of sundry "two-eyed stakes" and "Yorkshire dumplings," designed to satisfy our carnal appetite, float before our eyes, the door latch is raised, and a male voice asks in a stage whisper for the editor. Our heart sinks when we observe a ponderous roll of manuscript in his hand, but there is no alternate, and we are subjected to a kind of social "purgatory" for the space of an hour and a quarter. At last, however, the ordeal is past; we are permitted to "depart in peace," and editorialism and all its cares are swiftly disappearing under the softening influence of "Bass's Bitter." The mastication of the "little finned inhabitants of the deep" leads us to reflect upon the goodness of Providence in providing for our use not only the necessities but the luxuries of life. Suddenly, however, the strain of our philosophy is rudely broken in upon by the waiter entering the room. We feel instinctively that we are about to be made a victim of, and with a voice trembling with apprehension we enquire what he wants? Alas! alas! our forboding is only too true. He informs us that for some time past he has been composing a series of stories for publication in our "interesting and valuable paper," and kindly offers to read us one, promising not to be any longer than an hour. But seizing our hat we mutter an inaudible excuse and rush desperately out of the eating-house, quite forgetting to settle for the dinner of which we have just partaken. But suddenly we feel ourself caught from behind and turning we observe the panting waiter, who informs us of our omission, and promises to "let us off" if we will promise to publish his stories. With "heavy heart and sad" we fish up the required funds from the depth of our editorial pocket, and dismiss him and his manuscript with our blessing. If we seek to dive into the whirlpool of fashionable life, to subject our "heat oppressed brain" to the soothing influence of the drama, and for that purpose hire a fourpenny seat in the gallery, even *there* we are not safe. Just at the most sensational time, when our sympathies are most fully aroused, when the heroine is about to faint, or the brigand carrying off that young lady in the blue muslin frock, some one leans over the seat at the back and whispers, "I say editor, jess you luck at this 'ere pome as I've ritten, you ken put it in yer jurnel, an' a' winnut tyek nowt for it. *There now!*" Taking unto ourselves the rovings of the evening, and the "seven o'clock train," we fly to our private residence, there to enjoy that rest and felicity so conducive to health, &c., &c., &c.; but even into the precincts of our paternal household are we followed and haunted by the demon of literature. Our peaceful slumbers are broken upon at night by horrid visions of an elderly nightmare with night-cap and spectacles sitting beside our bed gravely reading for our approval an original tale, while blue bottle imps dance over the coverlid with pens behind their ears, and large rolls of manuscript poems under their arms. We feel that this state of affairs must come to a crisis. We are afraid that we shall do something desperate: join the Good Templars, or take out a policy in the Accidental Death Assurance Company; who shall say?

On Saturday afternoon Miss Emily Parker swam from London Bridge to North Woolwich Gardens—a distance of more than ten miles—in two hours and twenty-three minutes.

A New York telegram announces that a severe storm has prevailed at Galveston, which partly submerged the city, and demolished the railroad and other bridges. Several lives are reported to have been lost.

The London theatrical season may be said to last all the year round, though from the middle of July till the middle of September it is rather dull times for our Thespian managers. These gentlemen, however, have done pretty well during a time when "everybody is out of town," the fact being that provincial visitors—who seem generally to make a point of going to the play—nearly make up for the absence of landowners. The season of renewed activity is recommencing; three more theatres—the Lyceum, Strand, and Prince of Wales's just now being re-opened. Altogether there are signs of the public being more fond of theatres than ever.

A GHOST WORTH KNOWING.

We take the following from the *Bridgeport* (Conn.) *Farmer*:—It was only a few weeks ago that the person to whom we refer became conscious of his peculiar powers, but since the discovery he has continued to exercise them, and they have rapidly developed. Thus far the seances have been held in the presence of a small party of his acquaintances, in a darkened room which, with the exception of a small table, is utterly destitute of furniture. No believer in spiritualism has yet attended these sittings, so that it cannot be said that any of his audience were unduly prepared to give credence to the genuineness of the manifestations, and yet all of the spectators with whom we have conversed are convinced that there was no collusion or trickery in the effects produced. One of the remarkable feats performed by the spirits is the bringing upon the table a supply of fresh tropical flowers. The flowers exhale a beautiful fragrance, are fresh with dew, and of varieties which cannot be procured in this vicinity. The members of the circle the other evening were also regaled with splendid cigars dropped upon the table by spirit visitors, and the medium himself was refreshed a day or two ago with a plate of ice cream furnished by the same mysterious agency. The medium can also materialize the spirits so that they become visible to those in the room. The spirits also play on musical instruments and write messages on the wall and table, which to the ordinary observers are mere hieroglyphics, but to the spiritual vision of the medium are really intelligible. This is only a small part of what we are assured has been accomplished, but it serves to indicate the marvellous character of the whole. We do not pretend to relate the above as facts, or expect that they will receive general credence, but are perfectly convinced of the honesty of intention and good faith of our informants. The medium is a tailor by occupation, and, it is said, could not accomplish the feats mentioned by sleight of hand, even if desirous of so doing. He is only twenty-two years of age, and his associates and his employer say he is perfectly frank and honest. He was never previously interested in spiritualism, and found out his capabilities only by accident. He decidedly objects to notoriety, and does not intend to give any public exhibitions, and says he soon intends to relinquish all intercourse with the spirit world."

STRANGE RECOVERY OF A STOLEN CHILD AT DURHAM.

About six weeks ago, a woman named Rose Ann Mechan, who lives in Inverkip Street, Greenock, where she keeps house for her brother, was standing in William Street, in that town, talking to an acquaintance, when a woman, whom she had never seen in her life before, spoke to her and commenced to admire her infant, a boy, then just three months old. After a short conversation they adjourned to a public-house and had some drink, and on leaving there the stranger, who had stood treat requested to be allowed to take the child into a sweat-shop round the corner to purchase "sweeties" for it. This was acceded to, and having got possession of the child, she went round the corner. As she did not return within a reasonable time, the mother went in search of them, and then realised the fact that her infant had been stolen, when she ascertained that the stranger had not visited any shop in the neighbourhood at all. She made search for them for some time, and then obtained the assistance of the police, but nothing was heard of the missing ones until the following morning, when Mrs. Mechan learned that a woman answering the description she had given had been apprehended at Port Glasgow for being drunk at that place. Thither the anxious mother repaired, but only to learn that the person of whom she was in quest, and who had twice let the infant fall in the streets of Port Glasgow on the previous night, had been liberated about an hour before her arrival, on promising to leave the town. She had been charged under the name of Mary Ann Scott, and on being discharged she had stated that she would make her way to Glasgow. Search was at once made for her, without effect, but it was ascertained that she was known to the police under the names of Sanderson and Bennett, that she was a very bad character. Information of the robbery and a description of the woman were forwarded to all the police-stations in the kingdom. A fortnight afterwards, viz., on the 18th of August, the woman Mary Ann Sanderson made her appearance, with an infant in her arms, at South Shields, her business being to draw the money on the monthly pay-note of her husband, who is a sailor, now on a voyage to Calcutta. During the day she fell in with other women of a kindred stamp, and the result was that she found herself before the South Shields magistrates on the following day, and was sentenced to one month's hard labour for being drunk and disorderly. Before her removal to Durham, Detective Patterson taxed the prisoner with a suspicion he had that the child she carried was the one stolen at Greenock, but she denied the fact. Patterson, however, applied to the Governor of Newcastle Gaol, in which she had been imprisoned, and procured from him a photograph of the woman indicated in the information of the Greenock police. Armed with this, he proceeded to Durham Gaol a fortnight ago, and picked out from a number of other prisoners the woman photographed at Newcastle. As the woman, however, still claimed the child, the gaol authorities could not order its restoration to its alleged mother, and there was nothing left for it but to claim it when the woman was released from custody. The records of Durham Gaol showed the prisoner to be an old offender. She belongs to Ebchester, near Shotley Bridge, where her father still resides. She has two children by her husband, one of them being kept by her father, and why she should steal anyone else's infant appears to be inexplicable. On Saturday morning on her release from gaol Mrs. Sanderson was accosted by Sergeant Webster, of the Durham county constabulary, who told her that Detective Gunn, of Greenock, who accompanied him, charged her with stealing the infant she was carrying in her arms. She replied, "It's mine anyway." She was then taken to the Borough Police Station, in the Market Place, where the mother of the infant was, and who showed strong emotion, as might be expected, on recovering her "wee Alick." The prisoner offered no opposition, but handed over the child quietly to its mother, who stated that it was terribly reduced since she lost it, its limbs and body carrying scarcely a particle of flesh. The little one was of course too young to make any signs of recognition, but during the three or four hours the party remained in Durham it showed itself perfectly contented with the change that had taken place in its custodians. Detective Gunn and his prisoner, together with the mother and child, left Durham for Greenock at eleven o'clock on Saturday forenoon.

EXPLOSION IN SPAIN.—FORTY PERSONS KILLED.—A telegram from Andoain to the London Carlist Committee, dated the 17th, says:—"In the great explosion at Hernani on Tuesday, caused by a Carlist grenade setting fire to to the Casa Consistorial, more than forty Alfonists were killed or wounded. The stones of the edifice were thrown a great distance. Great excitement prevails in the town."

Harrison Palfreman, the driver of the Scotch express which ran into the excursion train at Kildwick Station, near Bradford, on the 28th ult., was on Saturday, at Skipton petty sessions, committed for trial on a charge of manslaughter. Captain Tyler's report on the disaster attaches blame to the signalman and the driver of the express, but it is added that "the causes which led to the collision are more or less incident to the system of working by time intervals."

SERIOUS ACCIDENT TO A LONDON EXCURSION TRAIN.

ONE MAN KILLED, TWENTY-FIVE PERSONS WOUNDED.

A serious railway collision took place on the Tilbury and Southend Railway, at Barking, on Monday night. The excursion train which leaves Southend at 7·27 was stopped by the signals about 150 yards from Barking Station, in consequence of the local goods train from Bishopgate being shunted at the time. Just before 9 p.m. the line was clear, and the train signalled to enter the station slowly. Whilst this was being done the excursion train from Southend ran into the first train, slightly injuring the last compartment of the train, and smashing a quantity of glass. In a number of carriages there were no lamps, and the force of the collision extinguished the others, causing a scene of indescribable confusion. One man at this juncture jumped out on the off side of the carriage on to the down line, and was immediately run over by a passing empty goods train and killed on the spot. The wounded were next removed from the carriages to public-houses in the neighbourhood, where their wounds were dressed, and, with the exception of three, all were able to proceed to their homes. One of these, a powerfully-built man, a hawker, has received some injury to the spine, and lies in an unconscious state. His recovery is considered extremely doubtful. A little child, suffering from concussion of the brain, and a woman far advanced in pregnancy, who is severely shaken, are all that now remain at Barking. Besides these, however, there are about 25 suffering from cuts and bruises, and shock to the system. The majority of those injured are excursionists residing in London. Directly after the collision the people of Barking thronged the station, and rendered the work of clearing the line still more difficult. Telegraphic communication was also interrupted, and those excursionists who wished to assure their friends of the safety were greatly disappointed. On Tuesday morning, the woman and child were reported better, but the man injured in his spine had not recovered consciousness. Both trains were fitted with continuous brakes, and the distant signal and home signal were against the driver of the second train; and, besides these, there was a porter stationed with a hand-lamp at danger against the driver. The two tail-lamps of the first excursion train were shining brightly when passing the preceding station.

THE OUSEBURN WORKS CHANCERY PROCEEDINGS.

A WINDING-UP ORDER GRANTED.

In the Court of Chancery, London, on Tuesday (before Vice-Chancellor Sir James Bacon as vacation Judge,) the matter of the Ouseburn Engine Works came up for hearing. This was a petition for the complusory winding up of this company. Mr. A. G. Marten, Q.C., appeared in support of the petition. Mr. Ficher, Q.C., Mr. Colt, and Mr. Whitehorne, appeared for the creditors. Mr. Byrne appeared for the company, and Mr. Watson for an execution creditor.

Mr. Marten said he appeared on behalf of petitioner, Mr. W. B. Elsdon, a shareholder in the company to the extent of £590 odd (formerly solicitor to the company,) in support of a compulsory widing up order. The company which was registered in June, 1871, had a capital of £100,000, divided into 20,000 shares of £5 each. Within a very recent period several executions had been obtained against the company, which still remained unsatisfied, and he mentioned the fact that the Sheriff was at present in possession on account of these executions. A circular had been sent to the shareholders on behalf of the Board of Directors stating that the Board had consulted with the debenture holders and shareholders who had not paid up their shares, the result of which had been unsatisfactory, and such as to warrant a hope that the pressure of the creditors could be resisted or liquidation prevented. Under these circumstances the learned counsel asked that a compulsory winding up order should be made.

Mr. Watson, who appeared on behalf of the creditors who had a judgment for £2,000, said there was also a bill of sale given over part of the property, to cover advances, which were agreed to be made to keep the concern going up to, and not exceeding £10,000, and it was claimed that the advances should be added to the security. If that arrangement was kept nothing would be left for his client, while as matters stood at present there was sufficient to pay both.

Mr. Byrne, on the part of the company, said it was their wish to do everything for the benefit of the creditors. It was not in a position to pay the petitoners debt, and was not therefore able to oppose or suppport the application for an adjournment.

Mr. Whitehorne supported the application for the winding up, but objected to petitioner having the conduct of the winding up, he having been the solicitor to the Company.

Mr. Fisher, Q.C., said he appeared on behalf of three gentlemen who had been appointed as a committee of inspection at the meeting of the creditors, and asked his Honour not to make any order during the long vacation, but to adjourn the hearing until the first petition day in November, so as to see whether arrangements could be made to carrying on the business of the company. The shareholders had been surprised at the embarrassed position of the company, the first intimation of which to them had been the circular referred to. Through the failure of Messrs Softly and Co., and W. Walker and Co., £8,000 worth of bad debts had been incurred. He believed that some of the creditors were willing to advance money to enable the company to keep on. He thought that if time were given to enable a balance sheet to be prepared, and submitted to the creditors, a voluntary, instead of compulsory, winding-up would be agreed upon. His clients were willing to give an undertaking to call a meeting, at which the opinion of the whole of the shareholders should be obtained with reference to the matter.

The Vice-Chancellor said it was an undoubted fact that the company was hopelessly insolvent. He could not in justice to the creditors listen to the application for a postponement of the hearing of the petition. The making of the winding-up order would not in effect interfere with the rights of the creditors, all it did was to compel the company to pay their debts. The shareholders would not be prejudiced in the slightest degree, and it would be unjust and unreasonable towards the shareholders if he refused the application. He would make a compulsory winding up order, and the sale by Mr. Watson's client would be restrained; but he would retain all his rights he would have had if the sale had taken place.

One set of costs was ordered between the creditors.

"SENSATION NOVELS."—On Friday night a a suicide occurred at Nothingham. It appears that a page named Walter G. Askin, employed at Mrs. Lacey's Young Ladies' Academy, Nottingham Park, had been reading strange tales in cheap novels, and it is supposed he was trying an experiment which he had been reading about, the result being that he had hanged himself. A sensational novel was found in his pocket.

GROSS SUPERSTITION.—An unqualified practitioner, named Richard Griffiths, has been before the Llanelly magistrates on a charge of manslaughter. The evidence which was adduced showed the existence of remarkable superstition on the part of the child's mother. The deceased, who was supposed to be suffering from an imaginary complaint called the "llech," had his ears cut by the accused at the cost of threepence, and the consequence was that he bled to death. The bench considered that there had been a great want of judgment, but no misconduct, and dismissed the charge.

Local and General News.

In consequence of a reduction of wages, 15,000 operatives are on strike at Fall River, Massachussets. Forty cotton mills are idle.

The jury have returned a verdict in the case of the recent fatal steamship collision at Holyhead. The captain of the Edith is held blameless, but the captain of the Duchess of Sutherland is censured for coming into the harbour so fast.

Don Carlos has issued an address to his friends in France inviting them to visit the Spanish provinces that yet remain in his possession. A telegram announces that a body of 3,000 Carlists have crossed the frontier into France.

Thomas Brahaney was on Saturday examined at Yarm on a charge of having caused the death of Thomas Gaudley, at Hornby, by stabbing him, and was committed for trial at York Assizes for wilful murder.

The Rev. Canon Bamber has been presented with a congratulatory address and a purse of gold by the Roman Catholics of Sunderland, as a token of the attachment with which the head of the church in that locality is regarded by the younger ministers and the people under their charge

WATER RATES AT JARROW.—The householders of Jarrow are much dissatisfied at the recent action of the Sunderland and South Shields Water Company in raising their water rents. The advance made has been 6d. to 9d. per household.

HOWDON LOCAL BOARD.—The clerk of this Board has been negotiating for some time with the River Tyne Commissioners to get the road to the river, in close proximity to their yard, put into a proper condition. Dr. Hatfield, medical officer of health, reported that the township was singularly free from disease.

ROMAN CATHOLIC TEMPERANCE DEMONSTRATION.—On Sunday afternoon there was a demonstration of various temperance and other Catholic organisations of London, on the vacant space adjoining Cardinal Manning's house at Westminster, and which vacant space is intended as the site of the future Cathedral of the Roman Catholic archdiocese of Westminster. There were about 8,000 persons present, the Cardinal presiding.

AN OLD ELEPHANT.—The expected visit of the Prince of Wales to India is the topic most prominent in the Eastern journals. Amongst the numerous preparations that are being made for the reception of the Prince, we notice that at Lucknow the Viceroy's State elephant, a centenarian, which carried the Marquis of Hastings when he visited Lucknow as Governor-General a century ago, is being fed up, and the Prince is to ride on him when he reaches Lucknow.

THE SHAH.—A Teheran correspondent, writing on the 13th of July, says: "On the 16th ult., Mirza Hussein Khan had the honour of entertaining the Shah at his house for a whole day. His Majesty breakfasted there, and received many presents, £12,000 in cash for himself, and jewels and 100 Cashmir shawls for his ladies. The entertainment cost Hussein Khan £20,000. The Shah never visits anyone without expecting to receive presents. Among the people visited in Europe there may be some who did not at the time think of giving money or jewels or shawls, there is still time to forward these donations to Persia. Anything handsome or dear will be thankfully receivdd.'—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

AN AFFECTING STORY.—The *Echo* says some extraordinary particulars are given by a Foreign journal of the cause of the recent death in Paris of the Princess Dominica Ciarelli. The Princess who had some years ago been left a widow with two little sons not long since had the misfortune to lose one of these children. Her despair knew no bounds and when the coffin was brought in in which the little Prince was to rest she clung to the corpse and refused to let it go. At length, however, her attendants succeeded in laying her darling in its narrow bed but the scene had made a deep impression on the other child a sensitive boy of eight years old. He slipped into the room where his brother's corpse lay and addressed it thus:—"Domenico, as mother will not let the black men take you away, I will take your place, and she will be easy, and the child actually lifted the dead body into an adjacent bed, got into the coffin, shut down the lid, and lay still. The funeral procession set off, but he continued silent. When, however the bier was set down in the church, the almost suffocated child began to scream, the lid was scarcely removed when the poor little fellow expired. The unfortunate Princess partially recovered from the shock of this blow, but after endeavouring by travel to divert her mind from the loss, her strength gave way altogether and she died of grief not many days ago

"TOSSING" PENNIES.—"Tossing" coins are produced in every mint in the world. They are however, made only by accident, and ought to be relegated at once to the furnace. Occasionally through inadvertence on the part of the workpeople they escape with ordinary coins and reach the hands of the public; or they are abstracted from the factory by petty larceny. It would require much detail to explain exactly how double-headed and double-tailed coins of every denomination come sometimes into existence in the rapid striking of money at the Mint. They are simply the result of occasional slips in the action of the machinery, and are known in the language of Her Majesty's coiners as "brockages" or "wasters.' Mr. Heaton himself must have seen many "tossing" pennies turned out from his own stamping presses, and instead of publishing the letter and leaving the matter in mystery, he had better have given an explanation of the process. Formerly such coins were made for sale from two good coins reduced and brazed together, but we question whether they are often now made. These brazed "tossing" coins were sold (in copper) at from 1s. to 2s. 6d. each, according to artistic merits; and for this reason we think the Master of the Mint should find out by what method Mr. Reid estimated the value of the two coins he required with carriage at 8½d. only.—*Iron*

STRIKE AT PARKGATE IRONWORKS.—The men employed at Parkgate Ironworks—numbering about 600—are out on strike, and the question involved affects several thousands of men at Normanton Wakefield, Hunslet, Rotherham, Sheffield, &c., who are governed by the action at Parkgate on wage questions. For several years this district has been ruled by the wage decisions arrived at in South Staffordshire. At the latter part of July, the men at Parkgate agreed to a certain reduction, pending the decision in Staffordshire on the condition that if there was no reduction arrived at in the south they should return to the old rate of wages. Subsequently it was determined in Staffordshire, that no reduction should be made. Accordingly the men went to Mr C. J. Stobbart, the general manager at Parkgate, and asked that they might be put on the same footing as previously. For twenty-eight years it has been an understanding that the men in this locality should be paid 6d per ton higher than in the south, in consequence of additional difficulty in working the iron and because they have not certain privileges accorded them which men in the south possess. Mr Stobbart refused to accede to the demand of the man, and they have been out on strike a week. Several deputations have during that time had interviews with the manager, but with no satisfactory result.

THE INVALID'S FRIEND—TODD'S QUININE WINE—This elegant and reowned preparation of genuine English Quinine stands unsurpassed for purity, strength and flavour, and is universally approved by the Medical profession, as a valuable and wholesome bitter, an efficient tonic, and an unequalled stomachic. It has been tested by thousands, and proved to be one of the best, safest and most agreeable remedy known for indigestion, loss of appetite, tic or neuralgia, nervousness, scrofulous affections, ague, debility, spasms, and all derangements of the stomach. Manufactured only by ce Todd, Chemist, Carlisle.

FACETIÆ.

A capital skylight.—The moon.

A single skull race.—The human race.

When a cat sings, does she do it on pur puss.

When is an actor's eye like a lucifer match?—When it lights upon a box.

Why must the letter "d" be the most wonderful letter in the alphabet? Because it is the centre of "wonders."

The man who "took a walk" the other day brought it back again, but the next day he took a ride, and went off with it.

It requires about as long to get a girl well out of her twentieth year as for a horse to get beyond "eight years old this spring."

The following horrible announcement appeared in a window in London:—"Baking every day. N.B.—People's vittals cooked."

An impassioned swain, but a bad speller, wrote "Mary, I love the well." She replied that she was glad he didn't drink liquor.

Short man to tall man: "Now, then, look alive, Harry! How is it you're always the last?" Tall man: "Because I'm the longest."

"Charity begins at home" is defined by a little Sunday school child as meaning "Giving to others what we don't want for ourselves."

Being asked what made him so dirty, an unwashed street Arab's reply was: "I was made, as they tell me, of dust, and I suppose it works out."

The *St. Louis Journal* says: "These three things it is unwise to repose confidence in—a Democratic Legislature, nitro-glycerine, and a mule's sense of honour."

A Yankee correspondent says that there are no daily papers published in his town, but there is a ladies' sewing meeting, which answers the same purpose.

A correspondent of an American paper, having described the Ohio as a "sickly stream," the editor appended the remark, "That's so—it is confined to its bed."

A young coloured lady of Philadelphia wears shoes seventeen inches long, and there is so much of her on the ground that she never gets the dampness out of her system.

DECORUM.—A captain remarks that his steerage passengers must be very well behaved, they have so much deck-o'er-'em.

What is the difference between a schoolmaster and a locomotive driver? One minds the train, the other trains the mind.

LAZY.—Some of the people of Leavenworth, Kansas, are said to be so lazy that they write the name of the place "11 worth"

LITERARY EXTRACTS.

A NEW OCCUPATION FOR LADIES.—In these days, when there are numbers of well-educated women placed in such circumstances that they must do something to earn their own livelihood, I cannot but think it would be well if, instead of taking situations as second-rate governesses, as so many of them do, these ladies would consider the advisability of themselves letting apartments, and taking lodgers, if such a course is practicable. I say this in the face of a fact which came to my notice the other day. A friend of mine advertised in one of the daily papers for apartments, and received in reply no fewer than ninety-two answers—all, of course, from the regular class of lodging-house keepers. What is wanted, in my opinion, is that lodgings should be let by a superior class of persons. If there were a little more refinement and education amongst lodging house keepers, lodgings would not be so universally decried as they are, nor would lodgers be considered unfortunate and miserable persons. Both parties would benefit by the change, for were it understood that the nominal cost of apartments was the real cost, many would be willing to pay at a higher rate than they can possibly do now, when they are in too many instances obliged to calculate upon a certain degree of extortion.—*From "Lodgers and Lodgings," in "Cassell's Family Magazine.*

CONVENTIONAL INSTINCTS OF BIRDS.—"There is a common notion that animals are better meteorologists than men," says Lowell, "and I have little doubt that in immediate weather-wisdom they have the advantage of our sophisticated senses, though I suspect a sailor or a shepherd would be their match." And then he goes on to instance thriftlessness on the part of American birds: "I have noted but two days' difference in the coming of the song-sparrow between a very early and very backward spring. This very year I saw the linnets at work thatching just before a snowstorm which covered the ground several inches deep for a couple of days. They struck work and left us for a while, no doubt in search of food. Birds frequently perish from sudden changes in our whimsical spring weather, of which they had no foreboding. More than thirty years ago a cherry tree, then in full bloom, near my window, was covered with hummingbirds benumbed by a fall of mingled rain and snow, which probably killed many of them. It would seem that their coming was dated by the height of the sun, which betrays them into unthrifty matrimony." Probably it is owing to our more genial climate that such mischances are rare amongst English birds. Just as Thoreau said, that if he fell into a trance in the midst of his beloved woodlands, he thought he could tell by the plants in flower around him what time of the year it was within two days when he awoke, an English ornithologist would be at no loss to decide without a calendar on the day and month during early spring, if he might only note the arrival of our immigrants.—*From "British Birds and Bird Lovers," in the Cornhill Magazine.*

THE IMPERTINENCE OF UNPUNCTUALITY.—We have been very much obliged to our contemporary, the *World*, for its trenchant article on the text "So sorry to be late." The writer of the article has drawn attention to the fact that the busy people of the world are the punctual people; that the man whose every moment is worth money to himself and to others always manages to be in time. It is indeed hard that such persons as these should be compelled to waste a long time in waiting dinner for the arrival of some man or woman whose unpunctuality is merely the result of an impertinent want of forethought. The proper mode of treating such unpunctual persons would be to ignore them in conducting the proceedings of the evening. If, when the dinner hour arrived, dinner was served, and the dawdlers were compelled by their late arrival either to go without dinner or sit down in the middle of the feast—no going back to earlier dishes being allowed—this evil of impertinent lateness would soon be remedied. "So sorry to be late," would be met by "So sorry that we could not wait; but glad to see you even at this stage." Ladies, especially those powerful leaders, "great ladies," have this matter wholly in their hands. We have all heard of the absolute sway—sometimes almost tyrannical—which Lady Holland exercised in her own house. All ladies have a similar power, and may exercise it wisely and gracefully. If it were understood that in the houses of great persons punctuality was enforced by some such means as those pointed out, the fashion would soon permeate the lower grades of society, and one great evil of social life would have been successfully eradicated. Sir Arthur Helps, in his book on "Social Pressure," touches very earnestly on the discomfort which busy people suffer from such waste of time as the unpunctuality of "society" involves, and shows how social life is a burden and not a relief to the men upon whom life's cares weigh somewhat heavily. He also points out that the remedy lies in the hands of women. In such matters their great influence can be most legitimately used, and it ought to be so, if women's influence is to be anything more real than a pretty phrase, convenient to use when occasion serves. We trust our readers will lay the matter seriously to heart, and do what in them lies to put down the practice of impertinent unpunctuality.—*Queen.*

Business Announcements.

FOR WINES, SPIRITS, AND ALES OF THE FIRST QUALITY, GO TO

JOHN THOMPSON'S
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL WINE AND SPIRIT STORES, LEADGATE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL SPIRIT STORE, VICTORIA STREET, CONSETT.

JAMES DONNELLY

BEGS to inform his Friends and the Public generally that he has OPENED a Wholesale and Retail SPIRIT STORE in Victoria Street, Consett, and by keeping SCOTCH and IRISH WHISKEYS and other SPIRITS of Good Quality, he hopes to obtain their patronage and support.

MAIN AND ROBINSON,
MILLWRIGHTS AND ENGINEERS,
Grayson Street, Consett.

BEG to announce that they have commenced business as above, where they are prepared to execute all Mill Work, together with the Manufacture of Creasing Machines and Circular and Endless Saws, Thrashing Machines, Reaping Machines, together with every Description of Agricultural Implements. All orders promptly attended to. 6974

MRS. CHRISTOPHER,
NORTH-EASTERN HOTEL,
(Near Benfieldside Station, Blackhill),

BEGS to return her sincere thanks for the liberal support accorded to her late husband and self, and respectfully intimates that she continues to LET OUT HORSES and CONVEYANCES on HIRE at moderate terms.

☞ All Orders left at the above Address punctually attended to.

Funerals completely Furnished. 6683

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

BONA-FIDE SALE OF DRAPERY GOODS.

MR. JOHN PROUD,

WHO is about leaving the Neighbourhood, is now offering the whole of his STOCK OF DRAPERY considerably below Cost Price. Intending Purchasers will find this a capital opportunity of securing every Article in the Trade at a remarkably Cheap Rate.

TODD'S QUININE WINE
STANDS PRE-EMINENT FOR
PURITY AND STRENGTH.

IT is the best known remedy for Indigestion, Nervous Complaints, Debility, Wasting Diseases, &c., and is recommended by the Faculty.

TODD'S QUININE WINE strengthens the whole system. The genuine is manufactured only by JOE TODD, Chemist,-Carlisle, and bears his name on the Government Stamp. Sold by all Chemists. Ask for and have only

TODD'S QUININE WINE.

Agents—W. Aynsley, Grocer, Middle Street, and D. Imrie, Chemist, Front Street, Consett; J. A. Curry, Grocer, Dipton; T. J. Muse, Castleside; and Joseph Robinson, Chemist, Stanley.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

WM. MIDDLEMASS,
Sole Agent for
WM. WHITELAW AND SON,
Brewers,
Fisher-row, Edinburgh;
THE CITY OF DUBLIN BREWERY CO.
(Limited),
Blackpits, Dublin;
ROBERTSON, SANDERSON, & CO.,
Distillery Agents and Wine Importers,
Leith and Liverpool;

HAS REMOVED
To more Extensive Premises,
CENTRAL BUILDINGS,
161, WESTGATE ROAD,
NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE.

A FEW FACTS WORTH SPECIAL ATTENTION.

THAT our INDIAN TEA, at Four Shillings per pound, is really first-class.

That our INDIAN TEA, at Three Shillings and Sixpence per pound, is really good value.

That our NEW CURRANTS, at Fourpence per pound, are beautifully cleaned by patent machinery and ready for use.

That our PALE and MOTTLED SOAPS, at Threepence per pound, are the cheapest and best value in the district.

That OUR SHOP is noted for FIRST-CLASS GROCERIES and PROVISIONS generally, at remarkably low prices.

☞ THE ADDRESS—
NEWCASTLE TEA WAREHOUSE,
14, NEWMARKET STREET, CONSETT.

JAMES LAKE, PROPRIETOR.

SUMMER CLEARANCE SALE.

JACOB DOWSON,
DERWENT STREET, BLACKHILL,

BEGS to announce to the Public that on SATURDAY FIRST, he will commence his SUMMER CLEARANCE SALE, when, as on previous occasions, the Stock will be marked at a very liberal reduction. Every article will be reduced and every inducement offered in price for a Cheap Parcel.

The few following quotations will give some idea of the reductions:—

DRESSES.—A very slight reserve being placed upon those goods.
Striped Hollands and Tasso Cloths, 4½d. to 6½d.
Striped Balernose, 14½d.; reduced to 9½d.
Silk Striped Serges, 1s. 11d.; reduced to 1s. 4½d.
Fancy Lustres, 10½d.; reduced to 8½d.
A few Muslin Dresses will be cleared at 4s. 11d. and 6s. 11d. for twelve yards; former price, 6s. 9d. and 10s 9d. Rare Bargains.
White Striped Marcellas at 5d.
A Piece one yard wide, 10½d.
Millinery and Straw Goods at about half-price.
Boxes of Flowers at 1d. per Spray.
Ladies' Collars 2½d. each; were 6½d. and 10½d.
Cuffs at 2½d. per paid.
A Box of Children's Gloves at 1d. per pair.
Fancy Silk Ties at 3½d to 1s. 9d.
Hair Plaits at 4½d. each.
Remains of a Stock of Ladies and Children's Underclothing at 20 per cent. under regular prices.
100 Pairs of Stays and Corsets from 1s. 6d. upwards.
Cashmere Capes and Jackets reduced for an entire and immediate clearance to a little over half-price.
Ladies' White Insertion Skirts at 2s. 11d.
Fancy Embroidered Skirts from 5s. 6d. upwards.
About 3 Dozens of Ladies' Silk Umbrellas will be sold at 2s. 8d. each.
A Splendid Line in Harvarard Shirtings at 4½d.; worth 7d.
Hollands from 7½d.
All-wool Shirtings at 1s. 2½d.
White Flannels at 11½d.
Grey Calicoes, one yard wide, at 2½d. per yard.
Heavy Twill Sheetings reduced from 1s. 3d. to 1s.
A few Dozens of Men's very large Union Shirts will be cleared at 2s. 6d.; really worth 3s. 6d.
A few Dozens of Regatta Shirts at 10½d. each.
A Splendid Shirt for 1s. 6d.
Duck Jackets at 2s. 6d.
Caps from 3½d. each.
Several Dozens of Duke Scarfs from 4½d. upwards.
Fronts, with Shakespeare Collars, at 10½d.; were 1s. 2d.
Boys' Byron Collars at 1s. 3d. per Dozen.

CLOTHING.
A Lot of Men's Trousers will be cleared at 7s. 11d.
A Lot of Trousers and Vests at 16s. 11d.; were 21s. 6d.
A very cheap line and worth attention.
Men's Coats from 15s. 6d. upwards.
Boys' Suits from 7s. 6d.
Dozens of Children's Toilet Diaper Pinafores at 4½d. each.
A Lot of Sun Shades at 7½d. each.

☞ The Stock comprises several extraordinarily Cheap Lots, which can be confidently recommended. 7102

BLANKETS! BLANKETS!!
A large Stock at Wholesale Prices, 12s. 6d., 15s., and 17s. per pair, at

JACOB DOWSON'S,
DERWENT STREET, BLACKHILL.

Business Announcements.

JOHN BRYSON,
COACH AND HOUSE PAINTER, GLAZIER, &c.,

BEGS to inform his Friends and the Public generally that he has entered the Shop lately occupied by Mr. J. Dawson, plumber, &c., Victoria Street, Consett.

All Orders punctually attended to. 6926

HARMONIUMS! PIANOFORTES!!

CARR AND SMITH,
HARMONIUM DEALERS,
ANNFIELD PLAIN.

HARMONIUMS from £6 10s. to £36. PIANOFORTES from £20 to £100. Harmoniums exchanged.

JAMES FALLISEY,
FAMILY GROCER, PROVISION MERCHANT, AND COMMISSION AGENT,
5 AND 6, FOUNDRY ROW, BLACKHILL.

J. F. begs most respectfully to inform his Friends and the Public that he has entered Mr. A. Simpson in the above place, and is prepared to offer GOODS (in quality and cheapness) equal to anyone in the Trade.

J. F.'s Shop is now RE-OPENED and all orders shall have prompt attention. 7129

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

JOHN DAWSON,
PLUMBER AND GAS FITTER,

RESPECTFULLY returns his sincere thanks to his Friends and the Public of Consett and surrounding district, for the patronage already accorded to him, and begs to intimate that he has now

REMOVED
To more commodious premises,
No. 7, SHAKESPEARE STREET,
(below the Town Hall)
CONSETT,
Where he has always on hand a large assortment of Chandeliers, Water Closets, Sporting and Gas Fittings.

THE RIGHT THING AT LAST.

THE EAGLE BOOT COMPANY'S WHOLESALE SHOE MANUFACTURERS' RETAIL BRANCH SHOP AT CONSETT.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,—Seeing the necessity in your district for a Good, Useful, and Cheap Shoe Shop, the Eagle Boot Company have opened a Branch Retail Shop in Consett, where you can have your Goods at Wholesale Prices.

Everything that can be done shall be done to secure your favours, in every Branch of the Trade.

	s.	d.
A good and gentlemanly looking pair of Elastic Boots	8	6
A good Working Boot (strong)	7	6
Ladies' Elastic Boots (calf)	3	6
" Block Kid Boots, lady looking	6	6

Both Ladies' and Gentlemen's up to 16s.
Children's in proportion.

REPAIRING DEPARTMENT.
Your Shoes mended at once.
Boots brought to Repair at 9 o'clock done at 12
" " " 12 " 3
" " " 3 " 7
Punctuality will have the greatest attention.

N.B.—Note the address,
THE EAGLE BOOT COMPANY,
SHAKESPEARE STREET, CONSETT,
G. ROYCE & CO., Proprietors,
6958 Leicester and Mansfield.

NEW MILLINERY! NEW MILLINERY!
NEW MILLINERY!!!

A TREAT FOR CONSETT.

T. ROWE,
THE CHEAP DRAPER,
16, VICTORIA STREET,

BEGS to inform the people of Consett and surrounding district that he has bought for ready cash an entirely NEW STOCK of MILLINERY. Beautiful HATS and BONNETS in all the Newest Styles of the day.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The above Department will be under the able management of Mrs. RALPH ORD, late of Middle Street, Consett, who will be glad to see any of her old friends.

NEW DRESSES in great variety. Hundreds to choose from at nominal prices.

NEW PRINTS, all beautiful patterns, from 3½d per yard; Hoyle's best, at 6d. per yard.

The Cheapest CALICOS in the World from 1½d per yard.

NEW HOSIERY, GLOVES, TIES, COLLARS, LINEN SETTS, &c.

NEW SKIRTS in every make and style.

NEW FLOWERS, FEATHERS, RIBBONS, &c.

A special lot of TRIMMINGS, BUTTONS, RIBBONS, VELVETS, YAK LACE, &c. This is a rare chance for Dressmakers, who will be supplied at the lowest London Wholesale Prices.

READY MADES! READY MADES!! READY MADES!!!

New arrival of Men's, Youth's and Boys' READY-MADE CLOTHING, suitable for the present Season, at most reasonable prices.

The largest and best assorted STOCK of ALLOA YARNS, WOOLS, and WORSTEDS in Consett.

NOTICE.—Agent for ALEXANDER ELDER, Dyer and Cleaner, Newcastle. Goods Dyed and Cleaned on the shortest Notice, and on reasonable terms.

Note the address—
THOMAS ROWE,
16, VICTORIA STREET, CONSETT. 6927

DRAPERIES! DRAPERIES!! DRAPERIES!!! DRAPERIES!!!!

R. PICKERING,
LINEN AND WOOLLEN DRAPER,
20, NEWMARKET STREET, CONSETT,

BEGS most respectfully to inform the inhabitants of Consett and the surrounding District, that he is in a position to offer all that may patronise him, some very cheap DRAPERY GOODS of all kinds, from an entire new Stock, which has been recently bought at some of the Best and Cheapest Markets. The Stock comprises—Blankets, Flannels, Quilts, Sheets, Sheetings, Hollands, Diapers, Stocks, Calicoes, Shirts, Shirtings, Linseys, Winceys, Black and Coloured Cable and Parramatta Cords, Black and Coloured Merinoes, Black and Coloured Alpaces, Black and Coloured Thibits, Fancy Dress Materials of all kinds, Silks, Velvets, Crapes, Velveteens, Ribbons, Feathers, Flowers, Gloves, Ties, Scarfs, Collars, Cuffs, Frills, Frillings, Stays, Shawls, Mantels, Capes, Black and White Dress Caps, Swiss and Muslin Work, Black and White Laces, Fringes and Gimps, Yak Laces, Silk and Alpaca Umbrellas.

CHILDREN'S.
Coats and Capes, Frocks and Pinafores, Silk and Satin Hoods, Velvet and Cloth Turbans, White Robes, Boots and Shoes.

READY-MADES.
Men's Suits, Moleskin and Cord Trousers, Drawers, in Flannel, Serge, Twill Cotton, and Swandown, Hats and Caps, Ties, Collars, and Fronts.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

LADIES' UNDERCLOTHING OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

SCOTCH WOOLS OF VARIOUS KINDS, &c.

R.P. would take this opportunity of assuring all those that may visit him that he will supply them with Goods of all kinds at most reasonable prices, as it will be his daily study to serve all to the best of his ability.

An inspection is invited to the above STOCK now on Sale at

20 NEWMARKET STREET, CONSETT.

Business Announcements.

THOMAS SWAINSTON,

GROCER, TEA DEALER, AND GENERAL PROVISION MERCHANT,

MIDDLE STREET, CONSETT.

RESPECTFULLY returns thanks to his Friends and the Public generally for the liberal support accorded to him during the time he has been in business.

Whilst apologising for any inconvenience that his Patrons may have experienced during the extensive Alterations to his Premises, he trusts that the additional space now placed at his command will enable him to execute all orders with greater comfort to his Customers, and begs to assure them that no effort shall be wanting on his part to merit a continuance of their favours.

THOMAS SWAINSTON,

MIDDLE STREET, CONSETT. 42g

POTTS'S

AUTUMN AND WINTER FASHIONS.

DRAPERY DEPARTMENT.

J. P. is now showing a great variety of AUTUMN and WINTER GOODS, consisting of:—

HYDE PARKS, in Tartan, Cloth, and Shetland Wool.

Shetland Wool PROMENADE SCARFS.

Shetland Wool CAPES.

COSTUME CLOTHS, WINCEYS, &c., &c.

MANTLES, SHAWLS, and SHAWLETTES.

A Choice Assortment of MILLINERY suitable for the season.

CLOTHING AND READY-MADES.

Parties intending purchasing CLOTHING, &c., will now have a good chance to buy at not only Greatly Reduced Prices, but will also have a splendid Stock to select from.

BOOTS AND SHOES,

SEWING MACHINES,

AND

KNITTING MACHINES.

DRESS and MANTLE-MAKING done on the Shortest Notice. 134g

LARGE ARRIVAL

OF

FASHIONABLE NEW GOODS FOR AUTUMN,

INCLUDING THE

NEW HYDE PARK MANTLE,

In great variety for

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S WEAR.

Also a large Assortment of

COSTUME TWEEDS,

SKIRTS,

MILLINERY,

SHAWLS,

PROMENADE SCARFS,

DRESS TRIMMINGS, &c.,

AT

SHAW AND ATKINSON'S

CONSETT, LEADGATE,

AND

ANNFIELD PLAIN. 92g

Business Announcements.

B. MOODY,
WATCHMAKER, RECHESTER.

JOHNSON ROBSON,
PAINTER, GLAZIER, PAPER-HANGER, &c.,
40, DURHAM ROAD, BLACKHILL.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT of PAPER-HANGINGS. 8019

JOSEPH PATON,
WATCH AND CLOCK MAKER,
BLACKHILL,

RESPECTFULLY intimates to his numerous Friends and the Public generally that he intends removing shortly to 41, Durham Road, Blackhill, and hopes, by strict attention to Business, to merit a continuance of their favours. 161g

GLAZING and PICTURE FRAMING of every description executed on the shortest notice and most reasonable prices by

L. ISAACSON,
13, JOHN STREET, CONSETT.

A large quantity of WATERPROOF COATS and LEGGINGS very cheap. 91g

JOHN JENKINS,
AUCTIONEER,
HOUSE AGENT, AND APPRAISER,
TRAFALGAR STREET, CONSETT.

PARTIES leaving the Neighbourhood can have their Furniture, &c., turned into Cash on the shortest notice. 606s.

LADIES' SCHOOL, WEAR TERRACE, BISHOP AUCKLAND.

PRINCIPAL—MRS. CLEMINSON.

PUPILS from this SCHOOL have Passed the Middle Class Examinations of the Universities of Oxford, Cambridge, and Durham, and obtained Honours, Prizes, and Titles. 7076

PRIVATE EDUCATION, BLACKHILL.

J. C. WYLIE,
CONTINENTAL CORRESPONDENT.

TERMS, from One Guinea per Quarter. Secret Service in Family Documents, &c., and in all matters requiring Literary, Political, and Historical Research. 143g

NOTICE.

JOHN ARMSTRONG,
WEST KYO, NEAR ANNFIELD PLAIN,

WISHES to inform his Friends and the Public generally that he has commenced Business as PUBLIC AUCTIONEER, and hopes, by strict attention to Business, to merit a share of patronage and support. 7121

J. PARKER'S
CHEAP JEWELLERY ESTABLISHMENT,
2, FRONT STREET, CONSETT.

LADIES' and Gents' Silver Watches, from 30s., warranted. Gents' New Albert Chains, 5s. 6d. Eight-day Spring Clocks, from 21s., warranted. A large Stock of Cheap Ornaments. Wall Papers and Pictures for Sale.

Portrait Gallery open for the Season. 7027

HARMONIUMS FOR SALE.

JOHN CHAYTOR

BEGS to inform the Trustees of Churches, Chapels, or Schools, &c., that he has now on hand Two Second-hand HARMONIUMS, each with Four Sets of Reeds; one an Alexandria, Drawing-Room Model, in Rosewood Case, price £23; the other has only been used Eight Months, in Oak Case, £21, for Ready Cash.—Apply to JOHN CHAYTOR, Havanna House, Chester-le-Street. 137g

JOHN NICOLE,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
ALE, PORTER, AND SPIRIT MERCHANT,
FRONT STREET, LEADGATE,

BEGS to return thanks to his friends and the public for their kind patronage during the time he has been in business, and hopes by continuing to supply them with WINES, SPIRITS, ALES, &c., of the best quality, to still merit a continuance of their favours.

J. N. having laid in a large Stock of the Best Brands of SPIRITS, is prepared to compete with any house in the trade.

LIST OF PRICES.

SPIRITS.

Brandy	3s. 6d. to 5s. 0d.
Whisky	2s. 3d. to 3s. 6d.
Rum	2s. 3d. to 3s. 0d.
Gin	2s. 3d. to 3s. 0d.

ALES, &c.

Sparkling Edinburgh Ales, on Draught, 6d. per quart.
Burton Ale, 6d., usually sold at 8d.
Bottled Ale and Porter, from 2s. 3d. per Dozen Pints.
Bottled Ale and Porter, from 4s. to 4s. 6d. per Dozen Quarts.
Families Supplied with ALE in Nine, Eighteen, and Thirty-six Gallon Casks on reasonable terms.
☞ Orders by Post punctually attended to, and delivered free of charge by J. N.'s own Waggon. 7101

Public Notices.

NOTICE.—WILLIAM WILSON, of 5, Medomsley Edge, miner, has been duly licensed to carry a Revolver. 165g

STANLEY (TANFIELD) CHURCH.

THE HARVEST THANKSGIVING SERMONS will be preached in the above Church, on SUNDAY, 3rd October, 1875.

The Sermon in the Morning will be preached by the Rev. Dr. HURST, Vicar of Collierley.

The Offertories will be devoted to the Church Building Fund.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS REGISTRATION ACT, 1874.

THE following places and times have been appointed by the Registrar for the requirements of Registration:—

First TUESDAY in each Month, at Mrs CHRISTOPHER'S, Blackhill, from Nine a.m. to Eleven a.m.

First TUESDAY in each Month, at the LOCAL BOARD-ROOM, Consett, from Twelve noon to Two p.m.

First THURSDAY in each Month, at Mr LAIDLOW'S, 119, Leadgate, from Three p.m. to Five p.m.

Second MONDAY in each Month, at Mrs MARY ROBSON'S, Medomsley, from Nine a.m. to Ten a.m.

Second MONDAY in each Month, at Mr STOKES's, Westwood Colliery, from Eleven a.m. to Two p.m.

Second MONDAY in each Month, at Mr WILLIAM CHARLTON'S, Ebchester Hill, from Three p.m. to Five p.m.

Second TUESDAY in each Month, at Mr POTTS', Castleside, from Two p.m. to Four p.m.

First FRIDAY in each Month, at Mr WILSON'S, Sauley, from One p.m. to Three p.m.

Second FRIDAY in each Month, at Mr THOMAS HUNTER'S, Annfield Plain Wood Cottages, from Ten a.m. to Twelve noon.

Third MONDAY in each Month, at Mr JACKSON'S, National School, Holmside, from Eleven a.m. to One p.m.

First MONDAY in each Month, at Mr THOMAS WATSON'S, Hill Top, from Eight a.m. to Ten a.m.

First MONDAY in each Month, at Mr COCKRILL'S, Quebec, from Eleven a.m. to One p.m.

First MONDAY in each Month, at Mr SIDDELL'S, Old Quebec, from Three p.m. to Five p.m.

At my OFFICE, Lanchester, on WEDNESDAYS, from Eleven a.m. to Four p.m.; and SATURDAYS, from Eleven a.m. to Four p.m.

It is now compulsory for all persons to attend on the Registrar under pain of prosecution.

JOHN JAMES THOMPSON,
Registrar of Births and Deaths for the Sub-district of Lanchester.

Public Notices.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the GAME over the Estates of Priestfield, Lintz Green, and Lintz House is strictly Preserved. Anyone found Trespassing will be prosecuted according to Law. 8314

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the GAME on West Billingside Farm, in the occupation of Mr. T. Shotton, is strictly Preserved. Any person found Trespassing will be Prosecuted as the Law directs.

NOTICE.—Anyone found TRESPASSING on Pontop Hall and High Stables Farms, Woods or Plantations of the same, in search of Blackberries or Nuts, will be prosecuted according to Law.—By order, Joseph Dodds, Stockton-on-Tees. 129g

NOTICE! NOTICE!!

ANY Person found Trespassing in pursuit of Game, gathering Mushrooms, Brambles, &c., on Middle Heads, Oliverford, Knitsley Grange, Aller Heads, Lyerdeen, Rowley, Dean Houl, and Healeyfield Farms will be Prosecuted as the Law directs. 7132

July, 1875.

SHOTLEY BRIDGE AND CONSETT DISTRICT GAS COMPANY.

ANY Person Removing, Altering, or Tampering with any Meter, Pipe, or other Property of the above Gas Company, without first obtaining the said Company's permission, will be prosecuted according to Law.

By order of the Directors,
August 21st, 1875. M. RICHLEY, Secretary.

CONSETT CHURCH CHOIR.

A GRAND EVENING CONCERT will be given, by the above Choir, in the NEW NATIONAL SCHOOLS, CONSETT, on MONDAY, Oct. 18, 1875. Doors open at Half-past Seven; to commence at Eight o'clock.

The proceeds to be applied towards removing a small debt now resting on the Church Organ.

For further particulars, see future Bills. 165g

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a MEETING of the Rated Inhabitants of the Township of Collierley and Pontop will be held at the house of Mr. William Smith, Black Bull Inn, Dipton, on Wednesday, the 29th day of September, at Seven o'clock p.m., for the purpose of making a Rate for the Relief of the Poor and other purposes chargeable thereon, according to Law, for the half-year ending 25th March, 1876.

JOHN URWIN,
JOSEPH ROBINSON, } Overseers.
160g

THEATRE ROYAL, CONSETT.
Lessee, ...Mr. Edward Fielding.

[Licensed to Play the Pieces of the Dramatic Authors' Society.]

SEPTEMBER 27th, 1875.

Mr. J. A. ARNOLD and Miss LILLY HOWARD, Tyneside Duettists.

Miss JULIA DRAKE, Characteristic Vocalist.

Mr. T. BARRY and Miss R. LAMBERT, Negro Comedians.

Mr. GEORGE EDWARDS, Comic Vocalist.

Messrs. FRANTZ and LECLERE, French Clowns.

On FRIDAY, October 1st, 1875, a PICTURE, in Gilt Frame, will be given away.

Admission:—4d., 6d., and 1s.

To Lend.

LOANS AND MORTGAGES.—Money to lend in sums of £50 and upwards, on personal security, at 5 per cent. per annum interest, repayable in one to seven years. Also several sums upon mortgage of freeholds and leaseholds from 3½ per cent. Terms 10 to 21 years. No commission charged. Apply to Messrs. Bevan, 10, Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, W.C., personally (preferred) or by letter.—N.B.—Interest is payable half-yearly, and is not required in advance. 6929

Sales by Auction.

By Mr. J. Murray.

FREE PROPERTY SALE.

MR. JOHN MURRAY will hold a SALE by AUCTION of PROPERTY, at the Queen's Head Hotel, Consett, every Three Months, viz., May, August, November, and February. Two per cent. commission if sold.

By Mr. Joseph Oley.

POTATOES! POTATOES!!

MR. JOSEPH OLEY, honoured with instructions from the Owner, will SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION, on Saturday, October 2nd, 1875, upon Pontop High Stables Farm, 2¼ Acres of Scotch REGENT and SNOWBALL POTATOES, which will be put up in lots to suit Purchasers.

Sale to commence at One o'clock in the Afternoon.

By Mr. John Jenkins.

GREAT AND IMPORTANT SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

MR. JOHN JENKINS is honoured with instructions from Messrs. Walton Brothers, Contractors, Consett (who are Declining the Furniture Business and Dissolving Partnership), to SELL BY AUCTION, at their Show-rooms, Trafalgar Street, Consett, the whole of their Valuable STOCK, on Saturday and Monday, October 2nd and 4th, 1875, comprising 1 splendid Walnut Suite, in Green Repp; 1 Sofa; 4 Couches; 6 Hair-seated Chairs; 4 Easy Chairs, in Hair-seating; 1 Easy Chair, all Hair; 2 Rocking Chairs; 3 Arm Chairs; 2 Folding Chairs; 4 Dozen Cane-bottomed Chairs; 1 Dozen Kitchen Chairs; 2 Desk Bedsteads; 2 Pole Bedsteads; Brass and Iron Bed-steads; 4 Kitchen Tables; 3 Round Tables; 1 Card Table; 1 Square Table, with Ash Top; 2 Dressing Tables; 4 Perambulators; 4 Wringing Machines; 6 Druggets; Japanned Tin Trunks; Tin Baths; Toilet Suites; Electro-plated Services; Nickel Silver Tea Spoons; Britannia Metal Tea Pots; Coffee Pots; several Pairs of Blankets; 12 Mats; 70 Yards of Cocoa Matting, one-yard wide; 30 Yards of Cocoa Matting, two-yards wide; 20 Yards of Passage Oil Cloth; 40 Yards of Stair Oil Cloth; 12 Pairs of Mattresses; 6 Feather Beds; 5 Flock Beds; Fenders and Fireirons; Tidies; Dust Pans; Kettles and Pans; Carpet Brushes and Brooms; Knives and Forks; together with a large quantity of useful Articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence on Saturday at Five and on Monday at One o'clock. 156g

By Mr. Thomas Pyle.

MR. THOMAS PYLE, instructed by the Executors of the Will of the late Mr. Thomas Dobson, will SELL BY AUCTION, at the house of Mrs. Brown, the Three Tuns Hotel, Durham, on Tuesday, the 28th day of September, 1875, at Six for Seven o'clock in the Evening,

Lot 1.—All that FREEHOLD DWELLING-HOUSE and SHOP, 82, Claypath, Durham, and all those DWELLING-HOUSES behind the same, with the Yard and Garden adjoining. The above premises are in the occupation of Mr. Robert Elliott and others, and produce an annual rent of £82 16s.

Lot 2.—All that FREEHOLD DWELLING-HOUSE, 37, New Elvet Durham, and all those DWELLING-HOUSES behind the same, with the Yard and Garden adjoining. The above premises are in the occupation of Mr. Lofthouse and others, and produce an annual rent of £68 6s.

Also, in lots to suit purchasers, 20 Shares fully paid-up, and 6 Shares on which the sum of £3 15s. each has been paid in the Durham Water Company.

Also, in lots to suit purchasers, 213 Shares all fully paid up in the Consett Water Company.

Lots 1 and 2 are let to respectable tenants, and afford a rare opportunity for a thoroughly safe investment.

For further particulars apply to the Auctioneer, Saddler Street, Durham; or to

T. MADDISON, Jun., Solicitor,
43, Saddler Street, Durham.
Durham, Sept. 7th, 1875. 152g

For Sale.

FOR SALE, Two Excellent MILCH COWS, near to Profit.—Apply to Mrs. Mary Henderson, East Stob House, near Dipton, Lintz Green Station.

TO BE SOLD OR LET, a HOUSE containing Five Rooms, situate at Broomhill, near Ebchester Station.—For particulars apply to Wm. Charlton. Proposals will be received up to the 30th inst. 131g

FOR SALE, Three FREEHOLD COTTAGES, of Two Rooms each, self-contained, and a Piece of FREEHOLD LAND, situate in Benfieldside Lane, Blackhill.—Apply to J. Baty, Esq., Solicitor, Hexham, or to Mr. R. Jackson, *Guardian* Office, Consett. 162g

FOR SALE, that FREEHOLD HOUSE, 26, Harvey Street, Consett, containing Two Kitchens, each with Pot and Oven, Sitting-room, with Two Cheffioneers and Bookcases, Three Bed-rooms, and a large Cellar. Gas and Water upstairs and down. Closets, Pantry, Outhouses, &c.—Apply as above. 164g

FOR SALE, that FREEHOLD HOUSE, 27, Harvey Street, Consett, containing Four large and well finished Rooms, viz., Kitchen, with Double Oven and Pot, Sitting-room, with bay window, Two Cheffioneers, Two Bed-rooms, Cheffioneer, in Front-room, large Closet in back, Pantry, with Water inside, Outhouses, &c. Gas fittings sold with house.—Apply as above. 157g

BUILDERS are desired to Tender for the several Works required in the ERECTION of a VILLA near to Benfieldside Station.

Drawings, Specifications, and Conditions of Contract may be seen at our Office, Town Hall, Shotley Bridge, from Nine a.m. till Four p.m.

Tenders, Sealed and Endorsed, are to be delivered to us on or before Monday, the 6th day of October, 1875.

The Proprietor does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

JOHN SMITH & SON, Architects.
Shotley Bridge, Sept. 22nd, 1875. 155g

Contracts.

TO LET, the CUTTING, LAYING, and FILLING-IN of about 450 Yards of 9-inch Sewerage Pipes, on the Finings Estate, near Witton Gilbert Station.—For further particulars apply to Mr William Raw, Auctioneer and Surveyor, Durham Road, Blackhill, Co. Durham. 125g

TO BUILDERS.

WANTED, Tenders for the several Works in the ERECTION of Two COTTAGES, at South Moor, belonging to Mr. Robert Burton, at whose house Plans and Specifications may be seen, or information obtained. All material to be laid on the site. The lowest or any Tender not necessarily accepted. 141g

TO MASONS AND CONTRACTORS.

WANTED, Tenders for the MASON WORK of a WHEEL PIT and PILLARS at Harehope Gill Mine, near Edmondbyers, and also the CUTTING of about 60 Chains of WATER RACE and other work.

The Manager at the Mine will show the ground and give full particulars.

Tenders to be sent to the Harehope Gill Mining Company, Blackhill, Durham, on or before the 28th inst.

The Directors do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender. 148g

To Let.

TO LET, Two ROOMS, Furnished or Unfurnished.—Apply to 16, Cert Street, Blackhill. 142g

HOUSE TO LET.—Apply to Geo. Hawdon, Pont Terrace, Leadgate. 115g

TO LET, a MARQUEE, 70 feet by 30 feet.—Apply to Mr. D. Logan, Hat and Feather Inn, Derwent Cottages. 127g

Lost.

LOST, on Saturday, the 4th instant, in the neighbourhood of Allansford, a Black CUR BITCH, with White Legs and Breast, White Ring round the Neck, and Brown Muzzle. The Finder will be Rewarded on returning her to Robt. Thompson, Newlands South Farm, Ebchester. 153g

Wanted.

WANTED, Two or Three Good JOINERS.—Apply to Geo. Noble, Leadgate. 159g

WANTED, an Active, Intelligent MAN to represent the Best Cattle Spice House in the Kingdom. A sure and good income guaranteed to a persevering man.—Apply, with references, to Myers's Royal Spice Mills, York. 113g

TO ADVERTISERS.

Alterations to, or Notices to discontinue, Advertisements must be received at the Office not later than Wednesday.

The Consett Guardian.

SATURDAY, SEPT. 25th, 1875.

Local and District News.

Baptist Chapel, Highgate.—On Friday evening last, Mr. Cameron, of Sunderland, delivered his popular lecture on "The Swiss Alps," in the Wesleyan Chapel, Blackhill, in aid of the funds for enlarging the Baptist Chapel. The chair was occupied by the pastor, the Rev. J. Brooks. On Saturday afternoon, the foundation stone of the enlargement of the chapel, was laid by John Strachan, Esq., J.P., of South Shields, after which addresses were delivered by the Rev. J. E. Cracknell, of South Shields, and the Rev. J. Brooks.

Leadgate Wesleyan Chapel.—Sermons were preached in this place of worship on Sunday, by Mr. G. Peart, of Alston. In the morning, the preacher discoursed from the words which St. Paul addressed to King Agrippa, "I would to God that not only thou, but also all that hear me this day, were both almost and altogether such as I am, except these bonds;" and in the evening from the words of Solomon, "Rejoice, O young man, in thy youth," &c. Both services were well attended, and collections were taken in aid of the Sunday-school library.—On Monday, Mr. Peart delivered an interesting lecture on phrenology, the chair being occupied by Mr. T. Walton.

Shotley Bridge and Consett District Gas Company.—The half-yearly meeting of the proprietors of this company was held at their office, Green Street, Shotley Bridge, on Tuesday, the 7th inst., Robert Dickinson, Esq, presiding. The directors' report for the past half-year was read and showed the receipts to be £3,923 13s. 3d. and the expenditure, £1,902 16s. 6d. Out of the balance of which a dividend of 5 per cent. on old capital and 3½ per cent. on new capital was recommended. The report was unanimously adopted. The appointment of an auditor, in place of the late Mr. J. L. Dickinson, was conferred upon Mr. R. G. Barclay, manager of the Shotley Bridge Bank. A cordial vote of thanks to the chairman and vice-chairman terminated the meeting.

Marriage at the Baptist Chapel, Consett.—The first marriage at this place of worship was solemnized on Wednesday morning, in the presence of a large number of people, chiefly of the gentler sex. The persons who were joined together in the bond of matrimony were Mr. Edward Stephenson, tailor, of Newcastle, and Miss Fanny Maria Knifton, of Staniforddam. The ceremony was read in an impressive manner by the Rev. M. Morris, pastor. After they "two" had become "one," Mr. Morris said as that was the first marriage in the chapel he had a pleasing duty to perform, which was to present Mr. and Mrs. Stephenson with a Bible in the name of Mr. Thomas Little, the senior deacon, and with a Hymn Book in the name of the church. Mr. Stephenson briefly thanked the givers for the presents.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Sores, Wounds, and Ulcers.—Every variety of sore, ulcer, eruption, boil and carbuncle is safely stopped in its destructive course by the timely application of this healing Ointment. It arrests unhealthy and substitutes healthy action, thus curing the inflamed, irritable, and spreading diseases affecting the skin. Holloway's Ointment has gained an imperishable fame for its facility in healing old inflammatory sores about the shins and ankles, and for bad legs and old wounds it cannot be equaled; nor is it less efficacious in gathered breasts and abscesses. When the complaint has been of long continuance, Holloway's Pills will expedite recovery if taken in those doses which act as alteratives on the stomach and tonics on the constitution.

Fatal Accident at Tanfield Moor Colliery.—On Wednesday sen., Mr. John Graham, coroner, held an inquest at the house of Mr. John Nicholson, The Waggon Inn, White-le-Head, on the body of Matthew Reay, who met with his death whilst working at the above colliery on the previous Monday. From the evidence it seemed that the deceased went to work as usual, and soon after commencing operations the roof gave way, about two tons of stone falling upon him. He was found by a putter named Thomas Strong, who at once went for assistance, which was promptly rendered by a number of workmen. Reay was still alive when extricated, but died shortly after being taken to his father's house at White-le-head. Deceased, who was twenty years of age, was unmarried. A verdict of "Accidental Death" was returned.

Independent Order of Good Templars.—On Saturday last, the members of the "Pride of the West," lodge held their third anniversary in the Primitive Methodist Chapel, Tow Law. Tea was provided in the vestry adjoining the Chapel, a large number sat down to the good things which were nicely served and handed round by the ladies. After tea, a public meeting was held in the chapel, John Emmerson, Esq. Tow Law, presiding. Addresses were delivered by Mr. George Tomlinson, S. D., North of England Temperance League agent, of Newcastle; and Mr. John Howey, D.D., of Hanwick Lane Ends. At intervals, popular melodies were sung by Messrs. Mathew Davison, P.D.G.W.C.T., of Hedley Hill Terrace; and William Atkinson P.D.G.W.C.T., of Witton Park. The usual vote of thanks brought the anniversary to a close, all being well satisfied with the day's proceedings.

Pigeon Shooting at Dipton.—A handicap pigeon shooting took place, at Mr. Young's, Flint Hill, Dipton, which resulted as follows:—Pearson Maughan, Medomsley, 17 yards, 1 1 1 1 0; J. Armstrong, Mountsett, 1 0; W. Stephenson, Dipton, 17, 1 1 0; Jas. Bullerwell, Dipton, 18, 1 1 1 1 0; W. Thompson, Harperley, 17, 1 1 1 1 1 0; James Bullerwell, second lot, 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0; J. Armstrong, second lot, 0 1 0; A. Oates, 18, 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1; J. Carnon, Consett, 20, 1 1 1 1 1 0; W. Stephenson, second lot, 0; Wm. Ridley, Dipton, 17, 1 1 0; Thos. Little, Stanley, 17, 0 0 0; Wm. Todd, Teams, 18, 0; B. Todd, Teams, 17, 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1; Mr. Bennet, Walker, 21, 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1; Bennet, second lot, 0; L. Carnon, Consett, 17, 0; Thos. Walton, Medomsley, 21, 1 1 1 1 0; Matthew Dawson, Stanley, 18, 1 0 1; T. Walton, second lot, 1 0 1; Wm. Stephenson, 18, 0. Messrs. Bennet, Todd, and Oates having killed all their birds agreed to divide.

Edmondbyers Wesleyan Sunday-school.—A Sunday-school was established at Edmondbyers, in connection with the Wesleyan Chapel, about two months ago. On Saturday and Sunday, special efforts were made in order to raise the requisite to purchase the necessary books for carrying on the same. On Saturday afternoon, tea was provided in the Chapel, and, considering the population, was largely partaken of. In the evening, a public meeting was held, the Chapel being filled with an attentive congregation. Mr. John Curry, of Consett, occupied the chair. Addresses were given, having special reference to the benefits derived from Sunday-schools, by Messrs. T. Watson, H. Rogers, F. Jones, V. Dunn, and W. Grainger, of Consett; and F. Raine, of Cutlers' Hall. A collection was taken at the close of the meeting.—On Sunday, two sermons were preached on behalf of the same object. The attendance on each occasion was above the average, and collections were again taken in aid of the school.

Castleside Primitive Methodist Chapel Anniversary.—The annual special services in connection with the above place of worship were commenced on Saturday evening last, when the Rev. J. Welford delivered a lecture on "Heroism"—Mr. W. Hornsby, of Jarrow, presiding. The rev. gentleman handled the subject in a masterly manner, and, throughout, was listened to with wrapt attention by the audience. On Sunday three sermons were preached, in the morning by Mr. W. Hornsby, of Jarrow, and in the afternoon and evening by Mr. W. Owen, of South Shields. Mr. Hornsby preached an impressive sermon from 2nd Corinthians, v., 1—4. Mr. Owen, in the afternoon, preached from Matthew, vi., 9—"Our Father." The evening's text was from Philippians, ii. 5—11—"Let this mind be in you, which was also in Christ Jesus: who, being in the form of God, thought it not robbery to be equal with God," &c. From this text Mr. Owen preached a stirring sermon, and urged upon all present to participate in the benefits to be obtained through the death of Christ. Liberal collections were taken on behalf of the trust funds.

ALLEGED DEATH BY VIOLENCE AT CONSETT.

On Monday morning, John Graham, Esq., coroner, held an inquest at Miss Medici's, Alexandra Hotel, Consett, on the body of Mary Kernan, an old woman, whose death was alleged to have been caused by violence.

The Coroner and jury having viewed the body, the former remarked that it was a pity the body had not been removed to the dead-house. The house in which the body was lying was not fit for making a *post-mortem* examination in. Was there not a dead-house in the place?

The Foreman (Mr. Davison): No.

The Coroner wondered that such a large place as Consett was without one. There was power under the Public Health Act to erect dead-houses, and he really thought that one ought to be erected for such a large population, and in order that *post-mortem* examinations might be conducted. The following evidence was then adduced:—

Mary Collin said: I am the wife of Owen Collin, an underhand puddler, residing at 34, Trafalgar Street, Consett. The deceased, who was my mother, was about 77 years of age. She had been in good health up to the 11th September, the day when she was assaulted.

Owen Collin, husband of the last witness, deposed: The deceased, Mary Kernan, lived in my house. On Saturday, the 11th September, about seven o'clock in the evening, the deceased, myself, and my child were in the house. The deceased was sitting at the fireside getting her pipe. She was sober and in good health. I was sitting at the bedside with the child on my knee. The house in which I live has two doors, one opening into Trafalgar Street, and the other into a back street. The front door was open, and the back door closed, but the latter was on the latch. Michael Grahame, a puddler, who lives two doors from my house, forced off the latch which fastened the door and walked in. He was drunk, but knew what he was about. When he entered the room, the deceased was still sitting getting her pipe. Grahame said to her, "You old tinker, what have you got to say to me?" at the same time slapping her on each side of the face with the palms of his hands. He then got hold of her by the back of the head ——

The Coroner (interrupting): When you say "the back of the head," do you mean by the hair?

Witness: He got hold of her hair and also her head with both hands, and dashed her forehead against the floor.

The Coroner: How many times did he dash her head on the floor?

Witness: I cannot say.

The Coroner: More than once?

Witness: I cannot say.

The Coroner: Do you mean once or twice or several times?

Witness: I cannot say how many times.

The Coroner: I did not ask you how many times. You can certainly say whether he did it more than once or twice.

Witness: He did it several times.

The Coroner: Did he do anything else before you interfered?

Witness: He began to kick her when she was lying on the ground.

The Coroner: Where did he kick her?

Witness: About the ribs and hips.

The Coroner: You mean about the small of the back?

Witness: Yes.

The Coroner: About the loins?

Witness: Yes.

The Coroner: What sort of boots had he on?

Witness: They were big-nailed, strong boots.

Sergt. Masterman: They are puddler's boots.

The Coroner: How far had he got with his violence before you interfered?

Witness: I interfered when I saw him pull her down.

The Coroner: Perhaps you thought that he was only in fun when he slapped the deceased's face?

Witness: Yes.

The Coroner: When he knocked her down, did you put down the child and get hold of him?

Witness: Yes.

The Coroner: What did you do—did you strike him?

Witness: No; I merely got hold of him to prevent him illusing her. He is a big man and much stronger than me.

Sergt. Masterman said Grahame was a strong powerful man, about 5ft. 11ins. in height.

Witness (continuing) said he put Grahame out of the house when he kicked the deceased. He turned back again, however, and said he would "kill the old b——."

The Coroner: How long after was that?

Witness: Two or three minutes.

The Coroner: Did he get into the room or just to the door?

Witness: He went into the room again.

The Coroner: When he made use of the expression just alluded to, did he refer to your mother-in-law?

Witness: Yes.

The Coroner: Was she lying on the floor then?

Witness: Yes.

The Coroner: Was she insensible or not?

Witness: She was not fit to speak. (Laughter.)

The Coroner: Had she lost her senses?

Witness: I don't know.

The Coroner: Was she bleeding?

Witness: No.

The Coroner: Did he touch her again?

Witness: Yes; he gave her a couple of kicks.

The Coroner: Where did he hit her?

Witness: About the same place as before—the loins. A woman named Hanken then came in and pulled the deceased out of the house into the street.

The Coroner: Did you call for assistance?

Witness: No.

The Coroner: Did you help to take her out?

Witness: No; as soon as I saw her taken out, I ran away for the police. I found Police-constables Allen and Burnett in Front Street, and when we returned to the house, Grahame was gone.

The Coroner: Had the deceased any previous quarrel with Grahame?

Witness: No.

The Coroner: Had she done anything to provoke him when in the house?

Witness: She never said a word to him.

The Foreman: Is Grahame a married man?

Witness: No.

The Foreman: When Grahame pulled the deceased on to the floor and kicked her, was he in front or behind her?

Witness: He was close by her side.

The Foreman: Was he in front of her when she was on the floor?

Witness: In front.

Mr Potts: Where was your wife while this was taking place?

Witness: Down the street.

Mr Potts: Was she not in at all?

Witness: No.

Mr Bennison: Had there been any previous quarrel amongst you?

Witness: No.

The Foreman: Not amongst the women people?

Witness: No.

Mr Batey: Do you think he mistook your house for his own?

Witness: I cannot say.

Mr Batey: Does his step-mother smoke?

Witness: Yes, sometimes.

Mr Batey: Do you think he could have mistaken the deceased for his step-mother?

Witness: I cannot say.

Mr. Potts: Was he often in your house?

Witness: He came in occasionally.

Mr Frazer: You think he would have known the difference between the deceased and his step-mother?

Witness: Oh, yes; she is a big woman, and much younger than the deceased.

Mr Joseph Murray: At the time he was ill-using the deceased, did Grahame say anything to you in explanation?

Witness: He never spoke to me at all.

Mr Atkinson: Didn't Grahame go very often to your house?

Witness: No.

Mr Bennison: There was no ill-feeling existing amongst you?

Witness: No.

Mr Potts: Your mother-in-law did not get hold of the poker when Grahame came in?

Witness: No; he did not give her time.

Mr Atkinson: Did your wife and Grahame ever drink together?

Witness: No.

Dr George Renton said: I attended the deceased before her death. I saw her on Saturday, the 11th September, about nine o'clock in the evening. My assistant had previously attended her. She was then suffering from bruising on the right side and on the face.

The Coroner: Both sides or one side only?

Dr Renton: Both sides of the face.

The Coroner: Was there any mark on the forehead?

Dr Renton: No.

The Coroner: Or about the head?

Dr Renton replied negatively. She was also suffering slightly from the shock to her system, caused by violence, but from this she had rallied when witness saw her on the following morning. There were then no symptons to cause any alarm. The bruising was quite superficial and in no way dangerous. On Monday morning we found that she was suffering from acute bronchitis. From this she never rallied, and died on Friday afternoon, the 17th inst. On Sunday, in conjunction with Dr Lumsden and Mr Caird, his assistants, he made a *post-mortem* examinatien of the body. The external examination showed bruises on the right loin, under the right armpit, on the back of the right shoulder blade, on each side of the chin, and on each cheek bone.

The Coroner: There was but one bruise on the right loin?

Dr Renton: Yes.

The Coroner: Could the bruise under the armpit have been caused by the deceased being dragged out of the house?

Dr Renton: Not unless the muscles were torn. The bruise was very slight.

The Coroner: Were the whole of the bruises slight?

Dr Renton: They were all of a slight character. Internally, continued Dr Renton, the organs were more or less diseased. The heart, liver, spleen, and both kidneys were suffering from degeneration. The lungs showed that the deceased had had acute bronchitis. There was also œdema on the right lung. The cause of death, in his opinion, was bronchitis, accelerated by the diseased condition of the organs above referred to, and in some degree to the shock to her system caused by the bruising. The doctor added that the shock to the system of an old woman like the deceased would so reduce vitality that she would not have power to throw off the attack of bronchitis, as she otherwise would have done had she been in perfect health.

The Coroner: Do you think that the deceased was suffering from bronchitis at the time she was assaulted, or that she was suffering from it at the time?

Dr Renton: Undoubtedly she was attacked after receiving the violence. He wished the jury to understand that the violence had in no way affected the ultimate result, as the woman would have died whether she had received the bruises or not. He was of opinion, however, that her death was accelerated by the shock she had received. The shock would make her less able to resist an attack of bronchitis.

By Mr Batey: He did not think that the injuries in any way brought the bronchitis on.

Mr Atkinson: If deceased had not received the kicks might she have been living?

Dr Renton: She might, or she might not.

Mr Batey: Would the fact of the deceased being trailed on the street give her cold?

Dr Renton: It might.

Mary Ann Hanken, a married woman, said she lived at 33, Trafalgar Street. On Saturday night, the 11th September, about seven o'clock, she was in her own house, which was next door to that in which the deceased resided. She heard a noise in Collin's house, and on going in she saw the deceased lying on the ground. Grahame was then kicking her. She only saw him kick the deceased once. Witness spoke to him, and he then said he would "kill the old b——." He took hold of her hair and knocked her head against the floor. Collin then got hold of Grahame by the coat collar and pulled him off the deceased. Witness then got hold of the old woman and carried her on to the street. When Grahame went away, a young man and a woman took the deceased back into Collin's house.

The Coroner: Was it a wet night?

Witness: No it was a fine night. Someone told Grahame to "go away for a murderer," and he then went away.

The Coroner, in summing up, said the case was not free from difficulties. The evidence was perfectly clear that a very brutal and unprovoked assault had been committed upon the deceased, and if her death had been the direct result of that violence he would have had no difficulty whatever in charging them to find a verdict which would have placed Grahame upon his trial. They had it from the doctor that the attack of bronchitis took place after, and was quite independent of the violence she had received. If, at the time the deceased was assaulted, she had been suffering from bronchitis, and the violence had, for however brief a period, shortened her life, then he would, as he had already remarked, have had no difficulty in committing him for trial. He could not recommend them to adopt that course, with the certainty of a conviction following, and he would therefore charge them to return a verdict in accordance with the medical evidence, and leave Grahame to be dealt with in another way.

Mr Batey said the bronchitis might have been the result of the old woman being dragged out of the house. Had she not been dragged out into the cold, she might have lived for months.

Mr Rowe said the deceased was a woman who was subject to attacks of bronchitis.

Mr Atkinson observed that she was a very drunken old woman.

The Coroner, referring to what had been said by Mr Batey, observed that Grahame was not directly responsible for the deceased being taken outside. He did not compel Mrs Hanken to take her out, and he did not see how they could deal with him for it.

Mr Frazer said if the woman had not taken her out Grahame might have finished her.

The Coroner: He said he would kill her, and it was not his fault that he did not do so.

The jury then returned a verdict that death had resulted from bronchitis.

Prisoner was brought before the magistrates the same morning on a charge of violently assaulting the deceased.—Supt. Oliver applied for a remand, which was granted.

At Consett Petty Sessions, on Thursday, before Messrs. J. Clavering (chairman), J. Priestman, and F. Greenwell, Michael Graham was placed in the dock on a charge of having violently assaulted Mary Kernan, an old woman. Mr. A. W. Granger, of Durham, prosecuted, and stated that the old woman Kernan had died since the assault. An inquest had been held on the body, but the medical gentleman who made the *post-mortem* examination of the body having given it as his opinion that death was not the direct result of the violence the deceased had received, the jury had acquitted the prisoner of the more serious charge, and he was now charged with the assault.—Owen Collins, son-in-law of the deceased, spoke to the assault, and, in cross-examination by the prisoner, denied that when the latter entered the house the deceased struck him on the head with a poker.—Prisoner said when he went into the house the deceased picked up the poker, gave him a vast of impudence, and struck him on the eye. He also said that the old woman was under the influence of drink at the time.—In answer to the bench, the prisoner said he was drunk, and this was why he committed the assault.—Mr. Clavering said the prisoner had been guilty of a most brutal assault, for which he would be sent to Durham Gaol for a period of four months with hard labour, with another month's additional imprisonment in default of paying the costs.

The hotel robberies still go on as brisk as ever in the North of England. The money is left very often on shelves and in drawers, the proprietors' movements are watched carefully by an interested party, who seizes the first opportunity to bolt with the proceeds of a week's business. A good fire-proof safe can be bought of J. R. Hall, St. Nicholas'-square, Newcastle, for £5, which would prevent the loss of hundreds. 6629

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WM. FERGUSON (Bart., F.R.S., late Surgeon to H.M. the Queen.)
HENRY HOLLAND (Bart., M.D., F.R.S., Physician to H.M. the Queen.)
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Railway Time Tables

NEWCASTLE TO JARROW AND SOUTH SHIELDS.

Leaves Newcastle (Week days) 5·0, 6·50, 7·25 (*), 7·55 9·0, 9·45, 10·55, 11·20(*), 12·30, 2·10, 3·0, 3·35 (*) 4·5, 5·5, 6·5, 7·10, 8·5, 9·35, 10·55.

Leaves Newcastle (Sundays)—6·10, 8·0, 9·40. 2·0, 5·0, 7·10, 8·10, 9·30.

These trains leave intermediate stations as follows:—Gateshead, 3; Felling, 8; Pelaw, 15; Hebburn, 20; Jarrow. 25; Tyne Dock, 30; and High Shields, 36 minutes after the above times, arriving at South Shields about 40 minutes after the time they leave Newcastle.

* First, second, and third-class express trains, stopping at Gateshead at 3 minutes, Jarrow at 15 minutes, and Tyne Dock at 18 minutes after the above times, arriving at South Shields about 25 minutes after the time they leave Newcastle.

Fares from Newcastle to Gateshead: First, 3d; second, 2d.; third, 1d.

Felling: First, 6d.; second, 4d.; third, 2d.

Pelaw: First, 8d.; second, 6d.; third, 3½d. Return, first, 1s. 2d., second, 10d., third, 7d.

Hebburn: First, 10d., second, 7d., third, 5d, Return, first, 1s. 6d., second, 1s. third, 9d.

Jarrow, Tyne Dock, High Shields, or South Shields: First, 1s.; second. 9d.; third, 6d. Return, 1s. 8d., 1s. 3d., 10d.

Relief Trains leaves Newcastle for Jarrow on SATURDAYS at 7·5, 8.0, 9·30, and 10·50 p.m.

On SATURDAYS ONLY, a relief train leaves Hebburn for Shields at 2·2 p.m.

SOUTH SHIELDS TO JARROW AND NEWCASTLE.

Leaves South Shields (Week days).—4·55, 7·8, 8·0 8·30(*), 9·0, 10·5, 10·30, 11·45, 12·30, 1·50, 3·15, 4·0 (*), 4·15, 5·10, 6·15, 7·15, 8·15, 9·15, 10·35.

Leaves South Shields (Sundays).—6·15, 8·0, 9·55, 2·10 5·0. 7·15, 8·20, 9·35.

These trains leave intermediate stations as follows:—High Shields, 3; Tyne Dock, 8; Jarrow, 14; Hebburn, 19; Pelaw, 24; Felling 30; and Gateshead, 35 minutes after the above times, arriving at Newcastle about 40 minutes after the times they leave South Shields.

ON SATURDAYS

Relief trains leave JARROW for NEWCASTLE at 1·55 8·13, 8.23, 9·23, and 10·43 p.m. calling at all intermediate stations.

* First, second, and third-class express trains calling at Tyne Dock, Jarrow, and Gateshead, leaving Jarrow 10 minutes after the above times, arriving at Newcastle about 25 minutes after they leave South Shields.

Fares from South Shields to High Shields or Tyne Dock: First, 3d.; second, 2d.; third, 1d.

Jarrow: First, 8d; second, 6d.; third, 3½d.

Pelaw, Felling, Gateshead, or Newcastle: First, 1s.; second, 9d.; third, 6d

SUNDERLAND TO SOUTH SHIELDS AND JARROW.

Leaves Sunderland (Week days).—4·45, 6·50, 7·50, 8·50 9·55, 11·5 12·15, 1·40, 2·5, 3·55, 5·0, 6·5, 7·5, 8·5, 9·5, 10 25.

Leaves Sunderland (Sundays).—6·5, 7·50, 9·25, 2·0 4.50, 7·5, 8·10, 9·25.

These trains leave intermediate stations as follows:—Cleadon Lane, 7: Tyne Dock, 13; High Shields, 17, minutes after the above times, arriving at South Shields about 20 minutes after the time they leave Sunderland.

Passengers between Sunderland and Jarrow *change carriages* at Tyne Dock.

Fares from Sunderland to Cleadon Lane: first 6d. second, 5d; third, 3d.; Tyne Dock, first, 10d.; second 8d. third, 6d., High Shields and South Shields first, 10d.; second, 8d.; third, 6d.; Jarrow, first, 1s. 4d.; second, 1s.; third, 7½d. Return tickets to Jarrow: first, 2s. 3d.; second, 1s. 8d.; third, 1s. 2d.

JARROW TO SOUTH SHIELDS AND SUNDERLAND.

Leaves Jarrow (Week days).—[illegible] 10·5, 11·15, 12·52, 2·37, 3·22, 4·25, 4·28, 5·28, 7·33, 8·28, 9·38, 11.13.

Leaves Jarrow (Sundays)—6·22, 8·33, 9·53, 2·23, 5·28, 7·23, 8·33, 9·53.

These trains leave intermediate Stations as follows:—South Shields 4, High Shields 7, Tyne Dock 11, and Cleadon Lane 15 minutes after the train leaves Jarrow arriving in Sunderland in about 25 minutes.

Fares from Jarrow to South Shields: first, 6d.; second, 4d.; third, 2½d.; High Shields: first, 8d.; second, 6d.; third, 3d.; Tyne Dock, first, 6d.; second, 4d.; third, 2d.; Cleadon Lane, first, 10d.; second, 8d.; third, 4½d.; Sunderland, first, 1s. 4d.; second, 1s.; third, 7½d. Return tickets to Jarrow, first, 2s. 3d.; second, 1s. 8d.; third 1s. 2d.

NEWCASTLE TO TYNEMOUTH.

Leaves Newcastle—Central Station—(Week days)—5·10(a), 7·0, 8·10, 9·0(*), 9·15, 9·45, (a), 10·15, 11·0, 12·0, 12·45, 1·15, 2·0, 2·30, 3·5, 4·10, 4·45(*), 5·10, 5.50, 6·5, 6·45, (†), 7·10, 8·30, 9·0, 10·0, 11·20.

Leaves Newcastle—Central Station—(Sundays)—6·10 (a), 9·0, 10·5, 1·0, 1·15, 2·0, 2·45, 3·0, 3.15, 4·0, 5·0, 5·35, 7·0, 7.35, 8·0, 8·45, 9·15.

These trains leave intermediate stations as follows:—Manors 2, Heaton 7, Walker 11, Wallsend 15, Howdon 21, Percy Main 25, and North Shields 30 minutes after above times, arriving at Tynemouth 35 minutes after leaving Newcastle.

* First, second, and third class express trains, stopping only at North Shields.

† These trains stop only at Manors and North Shields Stations.

a.—This train stops at intermediate stations when required, to set down passengers arriving from the south by either the 4.28 or 5·58 a.m trains.

b.—The 6·45 p.m. train from Newcastle will stop at all Stations on Saturdays and reach Tynemouth at 7·26 p.m.

c.—The 11·20 p.m. train stops at intermediate Stations when required, to set down passengers.

3d.; third, 2d.; Walker, first, 6d; second, 4d.; third

Fares from Newcastle to Tynemouth: First, 1s. 3d., second, 1s., third, 8d. Return, first, 2s. 0d., second, 1s. 6d., third, 1s.

North Shields, first, 1s., second, 9d., third, 6d. Return, first, 1s. 8d., second, 1s. 3d., third, 10d.

Percy Main: First. 10d., second, 8d., third, 6d. Return, first, 1s. 6d. Second, 1s. 2d., third, 10d.

Howdon: First, 10d., Second, 8d., third, 5d. Return, first, 1s. 6d., second, 1s. 2d., third, 9d.

Wallsend: First, 8d., second, 6d., third, 3½d. Return, first, 1s. 2d., second, 10d., third, 7d.

Walker: First, 6d., second, 4d., third, 2½d. Return, first, 9d., second, 7d., third, 5d.

TYNEMOUTH TO NEWCASTLE.

Leaves Tynemouth (Week days)—4·20, 5·40 (a), 7·45, 8·30 (*), 9·0. 9·30 (*), 10·0, 10·30 (*), 11·0, 12·0, 12·45. 1·50, 2·10, 3·0, 3·30. 4·0, 5·0, 5·35 (*), 5·55, 6·30, 7·30, 7·30, (*), 8·0, 9·0, 10·0, 10·50 (*).

Leaves Tynemouth (Sundays)—7·35, 9·45, 1·0. 1·45, 2·0, 3·0, 4·0, 5·0, 5·45, 6·0, 6·35, 7·0, 7·35, 8·0, 8·45, 9·15.

These trains leave intermediate stations as follows North Shields 3, Percy Main 9, Howdon 11, Wallsend 15, Walker 19, Heaton 23, and Manors 30 minutes after above times, arriving at Central Station, Newcastle about 35 minutes after leaving Tynemouth.

* First, second, and third class express trains, stopping only at North Shields and Manors stations.

a.—The 5·40 a.m. train stops at intermediate Stations to take up passengers booked to the Central Stations.

b.—The 10·50 p.m. train stops at Stations up to and including Walker on Saturdays, and does not reach the Central Station until 11·20 p.m.

Fares from Tynemouth to North Shields, first, 4d.; second, 3d.; third, 2d.; Percy Main, first, 6d.; second, 4d.; third, 3d.; Howdon, first, 9d.; second, 6d.; third, 4d.; Wallsend, first, 10d.; second, 8d.; third, 6d.; Walker first, 1s.; second 9d.; third, 6d.; Heaton, first, 1s.; second 9d.; third, 6d.; Newcastle (Manors or Central), first, 1s. 3d.; second, 1s.; third, 8d.

STOCKTON AND DARLINGTON RAILWAY

GOING EAST.—WEEK DAYS ONLY.

STATIONS.		A.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Newcastle	dep.	5·45	12·30	2·30
Benfieldside	,,	6·50	1·30	4·25
Rowley	,,	7· 0	1·40	4·35
Burnhill Junction	,,	7·10	1·50	4·45
Tow Law	,,	7·22	2· 3	4·58
Crook	arr.	7·35	2·15	5.10
	dep.	7.38	2·25	5·25
Bishop Auckland	,,	8· 5	2·55	5·55
Darlington	,,	8·55	3·35	7· 0
Stockton	,,	9·25	4· 5	7·30
Middlesbro'	,,	9·35	4·15	7·42
Saltburn	,,	10·10	4·50	8·20

GOING WEST.—WEEK DAYS ONLY.

Saltburn	dep.	5·45	11·30	4·30
Middlesbro'	,,	6·22	12· 5	5· 5
Stockton	,,	6·34	12·15	5·15
Darlington	,,	7·15	1· 5	5·55
Bishop Auckland	,,	7·48	1·35	6·25
Crook	arr.	8·10	1·57	6 45
	dep.	8·15	2·20	6·48
Tow Law	,,	8·27	2·33	7· 0
Burnhill Junction	,,	8·42	2·45	7·15
Rowley	,,	8·52	2·55	7·25
Benfieldside	arr.	9· 5	3· 5	9·35
Newcastle	arr.	10·5	4·30	9·40

CONSETT BRANCH

UP TRAINS.—WEEK DAYS.

		1,2,G. A.M.	1,2,G. A.M.	1,2,G P.M.	1,2,G. P.M.	1,2,G P.M.
Newcastle	dep.	5·45	10· 0	12·30	2·30	5·35
Scotswood	,,	5·52	10· 7	12·37	2·37	5·42
Swalwell	,,	5 59	10·14	12·43	2·44	5.49
Rowland's Gill	,,	6· 9	10·24	12·51	2·54	5.59
Lintz Green	,,	6·15	10·30	12·59	3· 0	6 5
Ebchester	,,	6·28	10·43	1·12	3·13	6·18
Shotley Bridge	,,	6·34	10·49	1·18	3·19	6·24
Benfieldside (Consett & Blackhill)	arr.			1·25	3·25	
	dep	6·40	10·55		4·35	6·30
Knitsley	,,	6·54	11· 9		4·49	6·45
Lanchester	,,	7· 3	11·18		4·58	6·55
Witton Gilbert	,,	7.10	11·27		5· 5	7· 4
Durham	arr.	7·25	11.49		5· 5	7·20

DOWN TRAINS—WEEK DAYS.

STATIONS		1,2,G. A.M.	1,2 G. A.M.	1,2,G. P.M.	1,2,G P.M.	1,2,G P.M.
Durham	dep.	7·35		12·10	3·3	8· 0
Witton Gilbert	,,	7·50		12·24	3·48	8·16
Lanchester	,,	7·55		12·35	3·59	8·25
Knitsley	,,	8·12		12·45	4· 4	8·36
Benfieldside (Consett & Blackhill)	arr.				4·20	
	dep	8·27	9·15	1· 0	3·35	8·48
Shotley Bridge	,,	8·32	9·20	1. 5	3·40	8·53
Ebchester	,,	8·36	9·23	1· 9	3·44	8·57
Lintz Green	,,	8·47	9·33	1.19	3.54	9. 8
Rowland's Gill	,,	8·53	9·38	1·24	3·59	9·13
Swalwell	,,	9· 2	9·47	1·33	4· 5	9·22
Scotswood	,,	9· 9	9·53	1·39	4·14	9·29
Newcastle	arr.	9·20	10· 5	1·50	4·30	9·40

MARKET TRAINS ON SATURDAYS.

First, second, and third class return tickets will be issued on Saturdays by the following trains—

STATIONS.		A.M.	P.M.		
Newcastle	dep.	7·10	4· 0	5·25	7·30
Scotswood	,,	7·17	4· 9	5·32	7·37
Swalwell	,,	7·23	4·15	5.39	7·44
Rowland's Gill	,,	7·31	4·25	5·49	8·55
Lintz Green	,,	7·37	4·29	5·55	8· 2
Ebchester	,,	7·50	4·42	6· 8	8·16
Shotley Bridge	,,	7·57	4·47	6·14	8·23
Benfieldside (for Consett and Blackhill)	arr.	8· 5	4·56	6·20	8·30
	dep.	9·10	5·10		
Knitsley		9·21	5·21	..	
Lanchester		9·34	5·34	..	
Witton Gilbert		9.46	5·46	..	
Durham	arr.	10· 0	6· 0	..	

STATIONS.		A.M.	P.M.
Durham	dep.		4· 0
Witton Gilbert	,,	8· 5	4·13
Lanchester	,,	8·17	4·25
Knitsley	,,	8·30	4.38
Benfieldside (for Consett and Blackhill)	arr.	8·42	4·50
	dep.	8·50	5·30
Shotley Bridge	,,	8·55	5·35
Ebchester	,,	9· 0	5·40
Lintz Green	,,	9· 9	5·49
Rowland's Gill		9·16	5·59
Swalwell	,,	9·23	6· 7
Scotswood	,,	9·29	6·18
Newcastle	arr.	9·40	6·30

SUNDAYS.

LEAVE	a.m.	p.m.	LEAVE	a.m.	p.m
Newcastle	7·30	7·15	Benfieldside	8·35	8·20
Scotswood	7·37	7·22	Shotley Bridge	8·40	8·25
Swalwell	7·44	7·29	Ebchester	8·44	8.29
Rowland's Gill	7·54	7·39	Lintz Green	8·54	8·39
Lintz Green	8· 0	7·45	Rowland's Gill	8·59	8·44
Ebchester	8·13	7·58	Swalwell	9· 8	8·51
Shotley Bridge	8·19	8· 4	Scotswood	9·14	8·59
Benfieldside (arr)	8·25	8·10	Newcastle (arr)	9·25	9·30

SCARROW'S (VINT'S) STOMACH PILLS.

FOR INDIGESTION, WIND ON THE STOMACH, PURIFYING THE BLOOD, SICK HEADACHE, ETC.

No. 1.

When the late Proprietor of the "Tonic Antibilious Pills" first recommended them to a few individuals who were afflicted with stomach complaints, headache, &c., he had no idea of their becoming so extensively known; but the astonishing success which has attended their use obtained with those who first used them not only a decided preference over every other preparation of the kind, but induced them to recommend them to others who were suffering from like causes; and thus to real experienced benefit, and not to any ostentatious recommendations, these Pills owe their present popularity and esteem.

Hitherto these Pills have been given with merely a written or verbal direction, because the Proprietor has always had a rooted aversion to the boasting recommendations that usually accompany Patent Medicines; but, finding from their extensive sale, that it was impracticable to write directions he is compelled to adopt the present popular method. In giving these Pills greater publicity, it is not intended to exhibit them as an absolute panacea, but they can be confidently recommended in the following diseases, their efficacy in which has been witnessed by the Proprietor himself, and confirmed by the gratifying testimony of others:—They have been successfully administered in Stomach Complaints, Indigestion, Vomiting, particularly after taking food; Headache, and especially that called Sick Headache; Incipient Liver Complaints and Habitual Costiveness. Ministers and others of studious and sedentary habits have found them particularly useful. They may safely be taken by pregnant women, and by children, requiring no restriction of diet or confinement; strengthening the stomach, and at the same time correcting the disposition to a superabundance of bile in the system.

These Pills are recommended as a valuable Family pill, proper for every family to be in possession of.

A gentleman who had found Mercury to be ineffectually administered to a patient in a severe attack of Bile accompanied with vomiting and sickness, has given these Pills with the most complete success, and has kindly offered to testify if required.

Cases of long standing need not be dispaired of, as the Proprietor has had the satisfaction of knowing them perfectly successful where the malady was of an inveterate nature and long standing. After excess of eating or drinking, these Pills will be found highly serviceable. Persons going to the East or West Indies will find them a safe and efficacious remedy for bilious disorders and diseases of the liver.

SCARROW'S (VINT'S) TONIC ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS.

No. 2.

A few individuals of extreme delicacy of constitution have stated to the Proprietor that they found the "Tonic Antibilious Pills," No. 1, too powerful for them, and consequently were not able to take them regularly as directed, and of course did not derive the usual benefit, to such persons the Proprietor has prepared a milder description, and has for distinction denominated them No. 2.

Sold in Boxes at 7½d., 1s. 1½d., and in Family Boxes at 2s. 9d. Directions for use are affixed to each Box.

If, after taking the Pills marked No. 1 two or three days, they should be found too active for the bowels, which may happen to persons of great delicacy of constitution, those marked No. 2 are to be preferred.

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SCARROW'S (VINT'S) PILLS.

Retail of all Chemists.

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Should be used by all persons who value the health of their children. It is the best and safest medicine for Difficult Teething, Wind, Convulsions, Griping Pains, Diarrhœa, Want of Thriving, &c. For Painful and Difficult Teething it is invaluable, allaying all the feverish and restless symptoms incidental to that time, thus giving to the weary mother or nurse a quiet night's rest.

The Infants' Restorer and Preserver is calculated, on chemical principles, to prevent and remove those fatal disorders in the bowels of Infants. It is not solely a composition of the late Proprietor's own composing, but was communicated to him by a Physician of great eminence, whose studies and practice had been directed chiefly to the disorders incident to women and children, and who administered it in his own practice with the greatest success. From his authority, and from the Proprietor's own observation, he can recommend it with confidence, and would do so with earnestness to all who value the health and preservation of their infant offspring. He can assure them that it contains nothing that can prove injurious to the most tender infant, but, on the contrary, everything calculated, on the most scientific principles, to remove those fatal disorders in the bowels of infants to which they are so liable.

Prepared only at the Apothecaries' Hall, Sunderland.

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COUGHS! COUGHS!! COUGHS!!!

SCARROW'S (VINT'S) CELEBRATED COMPOUND BALSAM OF HONEY

Has been proved during the past half century to be one of the Best Remedies for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, &c. It speedily allays Irritable Coughs and heals all soreness of the breast and lungs.

One dose of the Compound Balsam of Honey, taken in time, invariably gives relief, and one bottle generally cures. No one should despair until they have tried this valuable Medicine, as hundreds of persons have testified to its wonderful efficacy.

The properties of this valuable remedy are—that it speedily allays irritable Coughs, removes congealed phlegm, and all obstructions in the glands by a free and easy expectoration, heals all soreness of the breast and lungs, restores obstructed perspiration, and produces comfortable and refreshing rest. Hundreds of individuals who have been unable to follow their usual avocations, some of whom were unable to lie down in their beds, or procure rest night after night, and concerning whom both themselves and their friends had concluded there was no hope, have, through the use of the Compound Balsam of Honey, speedily been restored to health and comfort.

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PILOSAGINE prevents and cures Baldness.
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From J. C. M——, A——, Feb. 2nd, 1875.

Some time ago I purchased a packet of your PILOSAGINE, and I can only say that I cultivated an Imperial in three weeks. Now send me another. Previous to this I had carefully tried both—and—preparations [names are suppressed], but to no purpose, so PILOSAGINE is really a most efficient and speedy preparation for the hair. You may give my real address to any inquirer for reference, if necessary.

From Mr. John Bell, Plumstead-road, Plumstead, 30th Jan., 1875.

Please send me another packet of PILOSAGINE. The last has made the hair grow on the bald place on my head.

LONDON, 16th January, 1875.

Allow me to state that the PILOSAGINE I had of you a short time ago has been attended *with marvellous effects*; I have now a moderate-sized Moustache and Whiskers. You are at liberty to make what use you please of this, as it will perhaps induce others to try it.

A. R. JENKINS.

BEDMINSTER, BRISTOL, 6th January, 1875.

I received your PILOSAGINE and applied it to my face, but for a fortnight could not see any difference, and was beginning to despair when I observed a lot of little hairs beginning to shoot out, and I followed it up and they are now getting quite strong. I am recommending it to my friends.

Yours truly,

T. BURTON.

ROYAL ARTILLERY, COBB HOUSE FORT, January 4th, 1875.

I find your PILOSAGINE answers my purpose, and have recommended it to my comrades.

Yours truly,

GUNNER S. BAKER, R. A.

RODSTOCK, NEAR BATH, January 4th, 1875.

Having used one Bottle, new hair has made its appearance.

JACOB SEYMOUR.

TRANMERE, BIRKENHEAD, January 4th, 1875.

The last you sent me works well, and I shall take the pleasure of introducing it to others.

E. D. GRIGGS.

1, LA MOTTE STREET, JERSEY, December 28th, 1874.

Enclosed I forward Eighteen Stamps. Please send me a packet of your PILOSAGINE. I have already had some three weeks since, which I find is improving the growth of my hair.

GEO. MARETT.

AYR, SCOTLAND, 11th December, 1874.

The PILOSAGINE improved the growth of the Whiskers.

W. CREAN.

SOUTH SHIELDS, Nov. 5, 1874.

The PILOSAGINE I received from you I was very much satisfied with. My upper-lip had not the semblance of a hair before I received it. I only used half the bottle and now I have a fair show of hair on my upper lip. My age is sixteen years.

Yours respectfully,

J. D. HACKWORTH.

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Aw's sure aw'll not stop lang."

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Anve hewed tons o' coals I' maw time."

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From whatever cause arising.
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Sir,—I wish you to publish my name for the benefit of other sufferers. I was ill and unable to work for a considerable time, with a severe cough night and morning, night sweats, and a great spitting of phlegm; loss of appetite, which weakened me to such an extent that I was hardly able to walk about. I tried three eminent doctors who pronounced me incurable. I now positively state that you cured me with your invaluable "American Balsamic Cough Elixir." To prove which I have been working at my trade for two years without the slightest sympton of the complaint returning, for which I thank God and you.
(Signed) JAMES FORBES,
Joiner, 10, St. Andrew's Street, Hebburn Quay.

Dear Sir,—I was for years troubled with inward weakness, pain in the right and left side, across the small of the back, and between the shoulders. I tried medical men both in this country and on the continent, who never thoroughly understood my complaint, but you told me at once what was the matter, and cured me in a short time. Two years have now elapsed, and no return of the symptoms.
(Signed) JOHN YOUNG,
Seaman, 34, Wellington Street, South Shields.

Sir,—I was in a very weak state for four or five years, and tried a number of remedies, all of which proved abortive, when you removed a tapeworm twelve yards long from me in four hours. My symptoms were a dark circle round the eyes, paleness of the face, swelling of the stomach, loss of appetite accompanied with great weakness. I am now quite well since I took one bottle of your "Strengthening Tincture."
(Signed) MARY ANN GRIEVES,
No. 15, Barrington Street, South Shields.

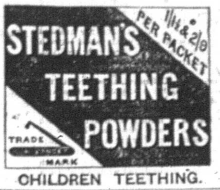
To Dr. Greenone:
Dear Sir,—It gives me the greatest pleasure to be able to testify to your superior skill in the treatment of disease. I was a dreadful sufferer for upwards of two years, with general weakness, palpitation of the heart, nervousness, lowness of spirit, melancholy, etc., which deprived me of all energy in the pursuit of my employment. I tried all sorts of medicine and medical men, but derived no benefit. I now declare that you cured and restored me to pristine health and manly vigour in one month, so that I can attend to my employment with ease and comfort.
(Signed) JOHN WILEY,
Black Cock Quay, North Shields.

To Dr. Greenone:
Dear Sir,—I confess that you were the means of saving my life. Before I made application to you I was in a most pitiable state. No refreshing sleep; painful dreams; loss of appetite; loathing even at the thought of food; palpitation of the heart on the slightest exertion; indigestion; bad taste and dryness in the mouth in the morning; wind on the stomach after meal; and sick headache. In fact, I was perfectly miserable, and life was a burden to me, when I was induced by my friends in Shields to give you a trial. I am now thankful I did, as my health has been excellent ever since I took your medicine. (Signed)
CATHARINE BEAUTYMAN,
Seaton Lodge, Seaton Sluice, Hartley.

This is to certify that Dr. Greenone has cured me of sore eyes, when I was nearly blind, with one bottle of his "American Eye Bright." (Signed) JOHN TRAINER,
33, Stanley Street, Jarrow.

Hundreds of other testimonials, such as Ulcerated Sore Legs, Scurvy, Scrofula, Skin Diseases, etc., etc., can be seen at the establishment, as there is not room to insert them in this Advertisement.
To show that Dr. Greenone is properly qualified to practice the Profession of Medicine, he submits his Diploma to the inspection of the Faculty and Public of this town.
Private Consulting Rooms—5, Saltwell Lane, a few yards from Penny Ferry, South Shields.
Hours of Attendance from Ten a.m., until Nine p.m., Sundays from One to Three. Advice Free.
Letters punctually attended to on receipt of One Postage Stamp.

In consequence of the unparalleled success attending the administration of Todd's Quinine Wine in cases of nervousness, debility, indigestion, and all stomach complaints, some unprincipled tradesmen for the sake of greater profit are endeavouring to deceive the public by offering spurious imitation at a low price. It is therefore absolutely necessary to ask for and have only Todd's Quinine Wine, and to see that the name of "Joe Todd" is upon the Government Stamp placed over the cork of each bottle. Manufactured by Joe Todd, Chemist, Carlisle.



CHILDREN TEETHING.

Stedman's Teething Powders.

The fatal effects frequently following the use of Soothing Medicines, on account of the opium they all contain, should render parents extremely cautious how they administer such dangerous remedies to their children, who are disproportionately susceptible of the influence of opium. The Proprietor of the celebrated
STEDMAN'S TEETHING POWDERS
feels it due to the public and himself to assure that his Powders contain no opium, and are on that account the safest and best for Children. Parents will readily see this for themselves, when they consider the number of inquests that are held in the year on children dying from the effects of soothing remedies.

Testimonial.

"Beachfield, Poulton-le-Fylde, Lancashire.
"Sir,—I have used your Teething Powders regularly for nearly two years, and in no single instance have I found them to fail. No words of mine can half express the confidence which I have in them, nor convey any idea of the great value and comfort which they have been to me and many other mothers to whom I have recommended them.
"I remain, Sir, yours very faithfully,
(Signed) "J. A. Hoskin."

CAUTION.—AVOID and REFUSE IMITATIONS, and see the TRADE MARK, a GUM LANCET, is on every POWDER and PACKET.—Price 1s. 1½d and 2s. 9d.



DISEASES OF CHILDREN.

Stedman-Phillip's Tonic Drops,
for Children suffering from either

Rickets or Spinal Disease,	Enlargement of, & Open Head
Consumption and Wasting,	Pallor of Countenance,
Dropsy,	All Eruptions on Skin,
Weak Eyes, avoiding light,	Backwardness in Walking,
Paralysis of Limbs,	The Presence of Worms,
General Debility,	Enlargement of Glands,
Epileptic Fits,	Abscesses.

Rickets and Curvature of the Spine and Limbs in children depend, in almost every case, upon a certain state of the bones, which permits their bending under the weight of the body, or action of the ribs in breathing; and this state of the bones is one of softening.

In order to better explain, it may be mentioned that the bones are made up, roughly speaking, of two kinds of materials—one an animal matter, which may be likened to gelatine, and the other a mineral matter, having its type in chalk. These two kinds of materials are blended together in healthy bone in certain nearly definite proportions; but, under unfavourable conditions of livelihood, such as obtain among the working classes in large towns, this healthy proportion becomes deranged, and the mineral or earthy ingredients are in less than their usual amount. The object in nature of this mineral matter being to give firmness and strength to the bones, especially the long ones, the consequence of its deficiency is to permit of a yielding and bending in the bones, commensurate with that deficiency and the weight of the superimposed body.

Now, this softened condition of bones is termed Rickets, and is one which leads to curvature of the spine, to bandy legs and to pigeon-breasts. Curvature in the female child leads to—sometimes impossible, at all times difficult—child-bearing.

Bandy legs and knock-knees are a great disfigurement to both sexes; and pigeon-breasts narrow the room in which the lungs should have free play, and by that means bring on Consumption. Now, what are we to do to prevent or mitigate this rickety tendency in the child? If the child be young let it take "Stedman's Food for Children;" but if old enough to take a mixed diet, give plenty of good milk, good air and sunshine, and a liberal diet; but above all things let the child take—
STEDMAN-PHILLIP'S "TONIC DROPS,"
which will give colour to the face, strengthen the bones, and prevent them bending, and, in one word, cure the patient. A course of these Drops prevent, and cure, when present, all those disagreeable and disfiguring eruptions that so often attack the child, rendering its life a misery, and its appearance forbidding.

Weak eyes are made strong, the scrofulous habit eradicated, and that open condition of the head and enlargement of the glands of the neck indicative of great constitutional weakness, obviated, and cured (if existing) by taking these Drops; but, to do so, they must, in some instances, be continued for three months.

If the Child be Cutting Teeth, one of Stedman's Teething Powders should be given occasionally.

Price 1s. 1½d., 2s. 3d. and 4s. 6d. A large bottle sent for 5s., P.O.O.

STEDMAN'S
COUGH
TINCTURE.

WHOOPING COUGH, MEASLES, and BRONCHITIS IN CHILDREN.

Stedman's Cough Tincture,
FOR CHILDREN.

The above diseases have a strong family likeness; their seat is in the lungs; they are all attended with Cough, and they are looked upon by the profession as having a near relationship one to the other.

The one thing useful in each is to relax the mucous membrane of the lungs, so as to favour the escape and expectoration of the phlegm that accumulates in the air passages.

While the child coughs freely and moistly no danger need be feared; but when, in any of the above diseases, the cough becomes hard and dry, then no time should be lost in seeking aid.

But, as prevention is better than cure, all parents should fly at once, in Whooping Cough, Measles, or Bronchitis, to Stedman's Cough Tincture for Children. It is a really scientific remedy; will allay the fever, will loosen and keep moist the cough, and carry the little patient safely through what might otherwise have been a serious, if not fatal attack of any of the above diseases.

Price 1s. 1½d., 2s. 3d., and 4s. 6d. A large bottle sent for 5s., P.O.O.

STEDMAN'S FOOD FOR CHILDREN
THE VERY BEST WITHOUT EXCEPTION.
Makes Nerve, Bone, and Muscle. Price 3d. to 4s. 6d.

ALL Mr. STEDMAN'S PREPARATIONS are highly RECOMMENDED by, and used in, the nurseries of ladies of distinction.

THE above are PREPARED by JAMES STEDMAN (formerly Surgeon to a Children's Hospital). The PUBLIC is respectfully REQUESTED to OBSERVE that the NAME is SPELT with ONE "E" ONLY.

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THE TINFOIL DECORATIVE PAINT COMPANY (Limited), can supply any amount of their Decorated Tinfoil, consisting of PERFECT TILES and ARTISTIC SURFACES, of WOODS, MARBLES, By this process ... can execute their work marvellously quick, cheaper and more durable than hand Painting, and without any inconvenience to their employers. For particulars apply at the Company's Offices, 37, Leadenhall Street, London, E.C. or to any of the ... GEORGE C. FAWCETT, Secretary. Special Decorations for Churches, Chapels, &c.

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WARMTH OF THREE FOLDS WOOLLEN FABRIC AND NOT THE WEIGHT OF ONE.
The PUBLIC are respectfully CAUTIONED against SPURIOUS IMITATIONS, where UNPURIFIED and INFERIOR DOWN may have been used in the manufacture. The articles so made are apt to become UNWHOLESOME and UNPLEASANT in use. Each Genuine Article has the PATENTEES' NAMES attached BOOTH & FOX. Sold by the leading DRAPERS and UPHOLSTERERS. SHIPPERS and the TRADE SUPPLIED.

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Prize Medals—London 1862; Dublin 1865.

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LAMPLOUGH'S PYRETIC SALINE is most agreeable & efficacious in preventing & curing fevers, eruptive complaints, and inflammation. It instantly relieves the most intense headache & thirst, and if given with lime-juice syrup, is a specific in gout & rheumatism. 113, Holborn-hill, E.C.

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I consider it invaluable in Phthisis and Spasmodic Cough: the benefit is very marked.
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I consider it the most valuable medicine known.
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Sir,—A neighbour of mine at Sleaford who had been given up by the Doctors took your Pills only, and tells me they saved his life, and he has been, though over fifty years of age, able to work at his trade ever since. I am, yours, &c.,
To Mr. Lambert, "Proprietor of B. HEALD.
Dr. Scott's Bilious and Liver Pills."
1a, Vere Street, London, W.
These Pills are invaluable as a family aperient and general medicine alike for both sexes, are sold by all Chemists in Boxes at 1/1½ & 2/9. Observe Dr. SCOTT's BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS. Wrapped in a square green package. Take no other.

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Dear Sir, November 1st, 1873.
As an illustration of the beneficial effects of your "Fruit Salt," I can have no hesitation in giving you particulars of the case of one of my friends. His whole life was clouded by the want of vigorous health, and to such an extent did the sluggish action of the liver and its concomitant Bilious Head-ache affect him, that he was obliged to live upon only a few articles of diet, and be most sparing in their use. This uncomfortable and involuntary ascetism, whilst it probably alleviated his sufferings, did nothing in effecting a cure, although persevered in for some 25 years, and also, to my knowledge, consulting very eminent members of the faculty, frequently even going to town for that purpose. By the use of your simple "Fruit Salt," however, he now enjoys the vigorous health he had long coveted, and has never had a head-ache nor constipation since he commenced to use it, about six months ago, and can partake of his food in such a hearty manner as to afford, as you may imagine, great satisfaction to himself and friends. There are others known to me to whom your remedy has been so beneficial in various kinds of complaints, that I think you may very well extend its use both for your own interest and *pro bono publico*. I find myself that it makes a very refreshing and exhilarating drink.
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To J. C. Eno, Esq. J. W. NEIL.
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THE UNIVERSAL DISINTEGRATOR will grind, disintegrate or pulverize with great rapidity almost anything that is fed into it to any degree of fineness. Testimonials & full particulars of Edward Wilson, Engineer, Exeter.

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WATCHES direct from the MANUFACTORY. Any description made to order at Wholesale Prices. "The Official Timekeeper" at £5 10s. highly recommended. Price List by Post. H. J. NORRIS, Manufacturer, Coventry.

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Purchasing Agents required in all towns in which there are none.

CLARET at HOTELS.—Ask for the RED WHITE & BLUE labelled CLARETS. Bottled specially by Messrs. Nathaniel Johnston & Sons of Bordeaux, for the use of First-class Hotels, Restaurants, &c. Each Label bears a *fac-simile* of Messrs. Johnston's Signature & the Price per Bottle.

BORWICK's Gold Medal BAKING POWDER Makes nice Bread, Tea Cakes and Scones without Yeast.

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RASPBERRY SCOTCH AND BUTTER SCOTCH. Sold Everywhere.
STEAM CONFECTIONERY WORKS, BRISTOL.

Under the Immediate Patronage of His Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge. Dr. Mitchell's
ROYAL CAMBRIDGE SAUCE & CHUTNEE are pure uncooked *Vegetable Indian Condiments*, a great relish, & possess *Large Digestive* properties. Strongly recommended by eminent Physicians as a *Stomachic & Appetiser.—Vide* reports. Ask your Grocer or Chemist to procure them. Wholesale Agents, John McCall & Co., Houndsditch, London.

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The best in the World.
1d. Packets; 6d., 1/-, 1/6, and 2/- Tins.

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The most delicious Sauce in the World.
Bottles, 6d., 1/-, and 2/- each.

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The best Tonic yet introduced.
Bottles, 1/-, 1/1½, 2/-, and 2/3 each.
Sold everywhere by Grocers, Chemists, Oilmen, &c.
Prepared by GOODALL, BACKHOUSE and CO., LEEDS.

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Local Police Courts.

LANCHESTER PETTY SESSIONS.

THURSDAY, Sept. 16th.—Before M. KEARNEY (chairman), H. SMITH, J. CLAVERING, and F. GREENWELL, Esqs.

DRUNKENNESS.—George Oxley was charged by P.C. Straker with being drunk on the 16th of Sept., for which he was fined 5s and costs.——Robert Smith was charged by P.C. Reay with being drunk on the 21st of August.—Fined 5s. and costs.——Joseph Cheesman, Richard Dow, and Richard Houlds were severally charged by P.C. Reay with the same offence, and were fined 5s. and costs each.——Michael Bromkson was also charged with drunkenness by P.C. Reay.—He was fined 10s. and costs.——James Ridley was charged by P.C. Nicholson with the same offence, for which he was fined 5s. and costs.

DRUNK AND DISORDERLY.—Thomas Morton and Joseph Davison were each fined 5s. and costs on a charge of being drunk and disorderly, the former on the 22nd of August and the latter on the 24th, preferred against them by P.C. Little.——Wm. Jordan was charged by P.C. Curren with the same offence, and was fined 10s. and costs.——James Quirm and Thomas McMann were each charged by P.C. Reay with being drunk and disorderly on the 4th inst.—They were fined 10s. and costs each.——Joseph Peele, Patrick McGee, Thomas Embleton, John Embleton, Robert Pattinson, Edward Hindes and Thomas Mitchell, were severally charged by P.C. Nicholson with the same offence.—They were all found guilty, and Peele, McGee, and T. and J. Embleton, were each fined 5s., Hindes, 2s. 6d., and Pattinson and Mitchell 10s. each, with the costs in each case.

DRUNK AND RIOTOUS.—Thos. Stacey was charged by P.C. Reay with being drunk and riotous on the 4th inst.—Fined 5s. and costs.

REFUSING TO QUIT.—Thomas Stacey, sen., and Thomas Stacey, jun., father and son, were charged by P.C. Reay with refusing to quit a public-house at Annfield Plain. The case was proved, and the former defendant was fined 10s. and costs, and the latter 5s. and costs.

PITCH AND TOSS.—William Ballamy, Edward Boundy, Thos. Stacey, James Wedge, and William Carter were each charged by P.C. Reay with playing at pitch and toss, on the 3rd of September. Stacey was fined 10s. and costs, and the other defendants 5s. and costs.

WILFUL DAMAGE.—Christopher Tidyman, and John Tidyman were charged by P.C. Raine with wilful damage, on the 26th of August. They were each fined 2s. 6d., 6d. damage, and the costs.——John Witty and Albert Rust were charged with doing wilful damage to property belonging to Mrs. E. Surtees, of Hamsterley.—P.C. Thompson stated that on the 29th ult. he was on duty near to a plantation belonging to Mrs. Surtees, when he saw the two boys, Witty and Rust, up a tree. They had also damaged a hedge.—The defendants were dismissed on payment of costs, which amounted to 6s. ——Anthony Harrison was charged by P.C. Straker with doing wilful damage to property belonging to John Kidd, on the 13th inst., and was fined 1s. and costs.——John Cairns, James Carrick, Robt. Ledger, and James Mulligan were charged by P.C. Thompson with doing damage to property belonging to John Mitchinson, on the 29th ult.—Cairns and Carrick were each fined 1s., 6d. damage, and costs; and Ledger and Mulligan 2s. 6d. each with the damage and costs.——Thomas Gardiner and Thomas Eldon were each charged with doing wilful damage to the property of Andrew Hall, on the 12th inst.—Fined 2s. 6d. and costs.——Martin Barker, Owen Wood, Thos. Riley, Anthony Brett, Robt. Curry, Emmerson Wall, Robt. Rutherford, George Armstrong, George Hogarth, and George Watson were charged by P.C. Nicholson with doing damage to the property of James Joicey, Esq., on the 28th ult. They were each fined 2s. 6d. and costs.——John Donnelly, Patrick Duffy, and Elizabeth Dodds were severally charged with the same offence, having done damage to the property of Messrs. Ferens and Love.—The first defendant was fined 5s. and costs and the other two, 2s. 6d. and costs each.——Walter Clark was also charged by P.C. Straker with doing wilful damage to the property of John Ayre.—Fined 2s. 6d. and costs.

GAME TRESPASS.—Thomas Thompson, Thos. Job, William Bertram, and Wm. Hardy were charged with trespassing in search of game on land belonging to George Brumskill, on the 31st ult. P.C Straker proved the offence, and the first three defendants were fined 10s. and costs each, and the last one, £1 and costs.——Joseph Young and John Coxon were charged by P.C. Little with committing a similar offence on land belonging to Ralph Anderson. They were fined £1 and costs each.——Joseph Irving, Nathan Race, and Henry Star were charged with game trespass on the lands of Isaac Tinkler, on the 12th inst. P.C. Cully gave evidence to support the charge, and they were fined 10s and costs each.——John Appleby was charged by Sergt. Nattrass with trespassing on the grounds of Isaac Tinkler. He was found guilty, and was fined £1 and costs.——James Grafton, William Hutton, and Joseph White were charged by P.C. Straker with a similar offence on the 5th ult., on the lands of George Brunskill.—Discharged.

NON-FULFILMENT OF CONTRACT.—Adam Hall was charged by Mr Dixon, Ebchester Mill, under the Master and Servant Act, with non-fulfilment of contract. The complainant stated that on the 11th of August, 1874, he engaged the defendant to work for him, and he never made his appearance. He also stated that he had been put to a great deal of expense owing to the defendant not fulfilling his engagement. It was the second time he had engaged the defendant. The first time he gave his name as Adam Best and the second time as Adam Hall.—The defendant said he had only been engaged once by the complainant. —The Clerk (to complainant): Do you want him back?—Complainant: No.—The Chairman: What is the damage you claim?—Complainant: £12.—The Chairman: He could not do you £12 of damage in one week.—Complainant stated that the work of a miller differed from that of a farmer. His work had been neglected, horse idle, and he had to go to Durham to hire another man.—The magistrates said the defendant would have to pay the complainant 10s damages and the court expenses, which amounted to £2 2s.

KILLING GAME.—John Thompson and Thomas Thompson were charged with killing game on the 1th inst., on Priestfield Farm, occupied by George Dawson. Dr Carr appeared for defendants and Mr Patrick for the complainant. P.C. Beckwith proved the charge, and the defendants were fined £3 each and costs.

ASSAULTS.—John Herron was charged with assaulting William Watt on the 10th inst.—Fined 10s. and costs.——John Halliday and Elizabeth Halliday were severally charged with assaulting Mary Locket on the 5th ult.—Each dismissed on payment of costs.——Edward Young was charged with assaulting John Crooks on the 11th inst.—Compromised, on payment of the expenses.——Robt. Tumilty and Geo. West were charged with assaulting James Fishburn, on the 13th inst.—They were found guilty, and were each fined 5s and costs.

WIFE DESERTION.—John Chesterfield was brought up on remand, charged with deserting his wife and allowing her to become chargeable to the Lanchester Workhouse. Mr. Patrick defended. Mr. W. W. Thompson, clerk to the Guardians, gave evidence to prove that the defendant's wife had been chargeable to the Union for seven weeks, the amount claimed being £1 12s. 8d.—Mr. Clavering asked if defendant was able to maintain his wife, and Mr. Thompson stated that he was a coal miner.—Mr. Patrick, after cross-questioning the former witness, called witnesses to prove that the defendant's wife had been guilty of adultery.—The magistrates, after hearing the evidence, said they could not admit the charge of adultery, and ordered the defendant to pay the amount claimed, £1 12s. 8d., and expenses, amounting to £2. 1s. 2d.

STEALING APPLES.—Joseph Daley and James Connolly were charged with stealing apples, the property of Robert Stokoe, fruiterer, of Dipton, on the 15th inst. The case was proved against Daley, and both were dismissed on the former promising to do so no more.

CONSETT POLICE COURT.

MONDAY, September 20.—Before ANNANDALE TOWN, Esq.

DRUNKENNESS.—Bernard Kelly was brought up in custody of Sergt. Masterman, charged with being drunk at Consett, on the 18th inst., and was fined 5s. and costs.——Edward Lamb was charged by P.C. Thompson with the same offence at the same place and time.—Fined 5s. and costs.——James Hammil was also charged with being drunk. P.C. Barnett proved the case, and he was fined 5s. and costs.——James Kelly was charged by Sergt. Reed with the same offence.—Fined 5s. and costs.

Before T. WILSON, Esq.

GARDEN BREAKERS.—Daniel Jordon, James Kelly, Barnard Ward, and William Woods were brought up in the custody of Sergt. Reed, charged with stealing vegetable produce, belonging to A. Town, Esq. The case was remanded till Thursday.

CONSETT PETTY SESSIONS.

THURSDAY, Sept. 23.—Before J. CLAVERING (chairman), J. PRIESTMAN, and F. GREENWELL Esqs.

ALLEGED BREACH OF THE LICENSING ACT.—Gabriel Elliott, of Leadgate, was summoned for supplying drink to a man named Halliday. Mrs. Halliday said on the 3rd of September her husband went home drunk.—Robert Cheesman said on the night in question he went to defendant's house about half-past six o'clock. Halliday and others were there.—Mr. Clavering: Was Halliday sober then?—Witness: He was not drunk when I went in, but he was drunk at nine o'clock. He saw Mrs. Elliott fill Halliday three pints of ale at nine o'clock. Halliday was not in witness's company.—The Clerk (Mr Watson): Was there any more drunken men in?—Witness: Yes, the house is always full of drunken men.—Mr. Greenwell: Why did you go then?—Witness: I went to pay the union money. The witness added that the defendant was a respectable old man, but he had no control over the house.—In defence, defendant called his daughter, who said Halliday was not drunk in her house. The case she said, had been brought forward through spite, witness having had, Halliday up at a previous court for assaulting her.—The magistrates dismised the case.

BREACH OF COLLIERY RULES.—Patrick McAlhone, a miner, was summoned by the Consett Iron Company Limited, for refusing to leave a certain cage when requested to do so. Mr. John Patrick, jun., of Durham, prosecuted on the part of the Company. In stating the facts of the case, Mr. Patrick said the defendant was charged with infringing one of the rules in force at Iveston colliery. The pit commenced work about six o'clock in the morning and ceased at four o'clock in the afternoon, and during that period none of the workmen were allowed to "ride," except in case of an accident, or where leave had been obtained. On the 17th inst., about three o'clock, the defendant went to the bottom of the shaft and requested the onsetter to allow him to be taken to the top of the shaft. The onsetter refused whereupon McAlhone got into the cage and refused to let him send a full tub, which was then standing ready, to bank.—John Reather, onsetter at Iveston Colliery, said when defendant requested to be sent up the shaft witness told him he would have to wait until the horse shoer went down at twenty minutes to four.—Wm. Rogerson, back overman, said he requested defendant to leave the cage. Defendant refused, and said if he could not get out of the pit the work would have to stand. Had the cage been rapped away, an accident might have occurred.—Mr. Patrick, in answer to the bench, said the Company claimed 10s. compensation. —The magistrates, after a short consultation, said defendant would be fined 10s. and costs for infringing the rules of the colliery, but no compensation would be awarded.

LANDLORD AND TENANT.—John Turner, a miner, was charged with removing goods out of his house with intent to defraud his landlord, Mr Wm. Raw, of his rent. Complainant stated that defendant occupied a house in Silver Street. He was a fortnightly tenant. On the night of Tuesday, the 14th September he removed his goods from the house without giving notice—Defendant said the house was in bad repair. On the 7th September the house was full of water, and he then told Mr Raw that he was going to leave the house.—In answer to the bench, Mr Raw said defendent was £1 13s. in arrears when he removed the goods.—Mr Clavering said the magistrates had no doubt the defendant had removed the goods with a fraudulent intention, and he would therefore be fined £2 including costs.

A WARNING TO DOG FANCIERS.—Robert Wood and Joseph Jaques, both of Lintz Colliery, were severally charged with keeping a dog without a license. Mr. McDonough, supervisor, prosecuted on behalf of the Inland Revenue, and stated that there was a growing disposition amongst the country people to keep dogs without licenses. Defendants were each fined in the mitigated penalty of 25s and costs.

GETTING DRUNK WHILST IN CHARGE OF A TRAIN.—John Patterson, a mineral guard, was summoned by the North-Eastern Railway Company for being drunk whilst in charge of a mineral train. Supt. Armstrong prosecuted on the part of the Company. Joseph Hall, a mineral guard, said on the 11th inst. he was on duty at Carr House and saw the defendant there. Witness saw him come out of Consett, and on getting into the van he pulled a bottle containing whiskey out of his pocket, and asked witness to drink, which he did. On reaching Burnhill, the defendant was considerably under the influence of liquor, and not competent to attend to his business.—Mr Thompson' locomotive inspector at Carr House, said on the day in question the defendant was mineral guard from Darlington to Carr House. Seeing an engine standing at Carr House, he asked the engineman the cause of it, and was then informed that defendant had gone into the town. Witness subsequently saw him, and he was then not able to take charge of the train.—In answer to the bench, Mr Armstrong said the defendant was under notice at the time the thing happened. —Mr Clavering said as defendant had been dismissed the service of the Company, he would only be fined £1 and costs.

A DISPUTED CASE OF DRUNKENNESS AT DIPTON.—George Fenwick was summoned for being drunk and disorderly at Dipton. P.C. Simpson stated that on the 14th inst. Fenwick left his father's house, and proceeded to that kept by Mr Smith. He was drunk and witness ordered him away. Fenwick then went into a field, and began to shout like a madman. The officer further added that defendant's father kept a public-house, and defendant was in the habit of getting drunk and conducting himself like a maniac. —Defendant, who appeared to be of a very excitable temperament, said on the day in question he went to look after his father's sheep, which were being run by some dogs, and one of these belonged to Sergt. Morland. The latter and Simpson had a grudge against him and his father.—A fine of 5s and costs was imposed.

A SPREE AND ITS CONSEQUENCES.—Robert Miller, William Greenwood, and William Russell were placed in the dock on a charge of stealing £6 7s. 6d., the monies of David Hamilton, at Blackhill. Prosecutor, a labourer, said on Monday, the 13th of September, he put six sovereigns and £3 16s. in silver into a small box and placed the whole into a clothes chest in the upstairs room of his house. He locked the small box and left the key inside the clothes chest. He also locked the clothes chest, the key of which he put in his pocket. He went to work about six o'clock in the evening, and on returning home the next morning between four and five o'clock, from what was said to him, he examined the clothes chest and found that the lock had been forced open, and that £6 7s. 6d. had been taken out of the small box. The prisoners had then left the house. The prisoners lodged with him, they were in the house at nine o'clock when he went for his supper. They slept in the room where he kept the box and money, and they knew about it.—P.C. Watson deposed that he apprehended the prisoners, Russell and Greenwood, at Blackhill, on the 17th inst. On charging them with stealing the money, they said it was no use denying it.—Sergt. Reed gave evidence as to apprehending the other prisoner, who made a similar statement.—Prisoners were each sent to Durham with hard labour for two months.

BRUTAL ASSAULT ON A WIFE AT CONSETT.—James Shawcross, in custody, was charged with assaulting his wife. Complainant's head was enveloped in a large cloth, and on being put into the witness box she informed the bench that she and her husband were drinking, that some angry words passed between them, that he struck her on the face with his hand, and that she staggered against a cart and cut her eye. —The Clerk: Have you lost the sight of your eye? —Complainant: No.—Defendant, in answer to the bench, admitted giving her a slap on the face with his open hand. When he did so a woman picked up a stone and struck him on the head. She threw another, but instead of hitting defendant, it struck his wife on the eye.—Supt. Oliver said he saw the complainant immediately after the assault. There was a large cut across the eye, and the latter was hanging on her cheek. She appeared to be much exhausted from loss of blood, and witness sent for a doctor. The complainant then told witness that the defendant had cut her eye.—The Chairman characterised the assault as a very aggravated one, and sent the defendant to prison with hard labour for a month, with fourteen days extra in case the costs were not paid.

WILFUL DAMAGE TO A TURNIP FIELD.—William Woods, Daniel Jordan, James Kelly and Bernard Ward were charged with damaging a turnip field belonging to Mr. J. Annandale, at Blackhill. The defendants were caught in the act of helping themselves to the turnips at midnight. The turnips were close to the houses, and about a quarter of an acre had been taken away during the last few weeks. A fine of 20s. and costs was imposed on each of the defendants.—Dr. Carr, of Wolsingham, defended Jordan.

DRUNK AND DISORDERLIES.—Isabella Boyd was charged with having been drunk at Blackhill—Fined 2s 6d. and costs.——Joseph Lambert, charged by P.C. Watson with a similar offence at the same place, was fined 5s. and costs.——Charles McAlhone and William Meeley were charged by P.C. Firn with drunkenness at Leadgate.—Fined 5s. and costs each.——Andrew Graham, William Hetherington, and Robert Wilson, summoned by P.C. Beckwith for having been drunk and disorderly, were each fined 5s. and costs.——Thomas Telford, Robert Riley, and John McKenna were severally charged by P.C. Christison with having been drunk and disorderly at Blackhill, and were each fined 5s. and the expenses.—John Browell, Matthew Wright, and Ralph Curry, charged by P.C. Beckwith with a similar offence, were fined 10s. and costs each.——Thomas Hope, John Rafferty, Charles Argyle, Ralph Hedley, William Bush, Patrick Hopkins, and Hugh Clark, charged by the same officer with being drunk on licensed premises, were fined 5s. and costs.——George Riley, John Moor, Charles Harris, Peter Campbell, and James Donoghue, charged by P.C. Watson with a similar offence, were all fined 5s. and costs.——William Angus, Thomas Lund, James Smith, and William Parker were charged by P.C. Cumming with being drunk and disorderly in the neighbourhood of Ebchester.—Fined 5s. each and costs.——Isabella Boyle, Patrick Ward, Edward Quinn, John Smith, Joseph Jeffrey, Joseph Allen, John Galliger, William Ward, Edward Sheenan, John Gilhespie, Thomas Riley, James O'Brien, John Beldon, Patrick Carroll, Jas. Sweeney, and Patrick Crossgrove were severally charged by Sergt. Reed with being drunk and disorderly at Blackhill.—Smith was dismissed, Sweeney and the woman Boyle were each fined 2s. 6d. and costs, Gillhespie was fined 10s. and costs, whilst the others were each mulcted in a fine of 5s. and costs.——Thomas Ridley, Edward McAleer, and Hugh Judge were charged by P.C. Watson with a similar offence at Blackhill. —Ridley was fined 10s. and the others 5s and costs. ——Bartholomew Halliday, miner, was charged by P.C. Firn with being drunk on licensed premises at Leadgate.—Fined 5s. and costs.——Robt. Sweeney, charged by Sergt. Reed with being drunk and disorderly at Blackhill, was fined 5s. and the expenses.——Peter Pickering was charged by Sergt. Masterman with a similar offence at Consett.—Fined 5s. and costs.

GAME TRESPASS.—Francis Esther, George Thorn, Joseph Brown, and Charles Smith, all of Waskerley Water Works, were charged with trespassing in search of game. Fined 20s. and costs.——William Dodds, Luke Dodds, and James Proud, all of Lanchester, were charged by Mr. Robert Reed with trespassing in pursuit of game near Knitsley on the 5th inst. Fined 20s. and costs each.——Joseph Smith, James Williamson, and George Walker were summoned for being in pursuit of game on lands belonging to Mr. Taylor, at Sunniside. Mr. John Patrick, jun., Durham, defended. Walker was fined 10s. and costs; the other defendants were discharged.

OFFENCES AGAINST THE BYE-LAWS.—Samuel Mace, innkeeper, was summoned for having the chimney of his house on fire. Fined 1s. and costs.——David Griffiths was charged with breaking glass on the street, contrary to the Local Board Bye-Laws. Fined 5s. and costs.——John Wilkinson, for having his chimney on fire, was fined 5s. and costs.

ASSAULTS.—Jane McKenna was charged with assaulting Margaret Lind at Consett. Fined 2s. 6d. and costs.—Catherine Quinn was summoned for an assault on Mary Boyd, at Consett. Compromised.——William Augus, for assaulting Ann Wilson, was fined 10s. and costs.

ALLEGED LARCENY.—Ann Jones and Sarah Castling were charged with stealing a dozen bottles of cider from a waggon belonging to Mr. Stephenson, at Dipton.—Discharged.

WILFUL DAMAGE.—Daniel Campbell, George Luckley, James Agnew, and John Murphy were summoned by Sergt. Reed for wilful damage to a field belonging to Mr Drummond. Fined 1s., the damage, and costs.——Isaiah Sheldon and John Sheldon were charged by P.C. Christison with a similar offence. Fined 1s. and costs.——Robert Brownlee, of Consett Park, was summoned by P.C. Christison for trespassing in a plantation belonging to Mr. W. J. Scott. Fined 6d., the damage 6d., and costs.——Thomas Tinyon, charged by P.C. Smith with trespassing in a field belonging to Mr. Allgood, was ordered pay a fine of 1s. and costs.——Thomas Clements and William Maloy were charged by Elizabeth Surtees with a similar offence. Fined 6d. and costs.——Edward Maloy was summoned by Sergt. Morland for wilful damage to some turnips belonging to James Mitchison at Dipton. Fined 1s., the damage, and costs.——Hugh Lister was summoned by P.C. Watson for trespassing in a grass field belonging to William Mills at Blackhill. Fined 5s. and costs.

PITCH AND TOSS.—Lawrence Megan, Patrick Rogers, James Fant, Patrick Fant, Patrick Duffey, and Francis Develling were charged by Sergt. Reed with playing at pitch and toss at Blackhill, on the 5th inst. Rogers and Duffey were fined 5s. and costs and the other 2s. 6d. and costs.——James McCluskey, Patrick Duffey, and Patrick Rogers were charged by P.C. Watson with a similar offence at Blackhill, on the 12th inst. Rogers was discharged; Duffey was fined 5s.; and the other defendant 2s. 6d. and costs.

BREACH OF THE PEACE.—Peter Barron and Bartholomew Halliday were summoned by P.C. Firn for committing a breach of the peace by fighting at Leadgate. Bound over to keep the peace for three months, and ordered to pay costs.

Mr. J. Cross and Mrs. Grant, of the British Schools, Consett, have been appointed to the Byker Temporary School by the Newcastle School Board.

Correspondence.

We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our Correspondents.

ABOUT BRIGHT BOYS AND SOOT-BAGS.

To the Editor of the Consett Guardian.

SIR,—Soot-bag throwing, not being one of my accomplishments, I had no intention of making the "throw" of your accomplished correspondent, "G.P." But just as I was coming to behold this morning, I received a characteristic letter from "Mat" himself, in which he says—"G.P. is a l—, and you and I can prove him so."—Yours truly,

JON. C. WYLIE.

Blackhill, Sept. 16th, 1875.

A PUBLIC NUISANCE.

To the Editor of the Consett Guardian.

SIR,—It is time the attention of the Local Board was directed to a nuisance which exists in Sherburn Terrace, viz., a urinal which stands against the Commercial Inn, closely adjoining the footpath. This place has long been a disgrace and eyesore to the public of Consett, and I have often been shocked at seeing respectable people passing by amidst such scenes of indecency as are not fit to be mentioned. Hoping that this will meet the attention of the Board, I remain, sir, yours respectfully,

SPECTATOR.

A VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS FOR CONSETT.

To the Editor of the Consett Guardian.

SIR,—I have often thought of the desirability of forming a volunteer rifle corps for Consett. Some time ago, I have been informed, an attempt was made towards the accomplishment of this object, and that Mr. Jenkins, manager of the Consett Ironworks, kindly promised to supply a drill shed for the purpose. How the question was permitted to fall through after such a gracious offer, I cannot say. Recently, however, I have spoken to several young men upon the subject, and, without a single dissentient, they expressed their desire to see a rifle corps at once organised. I should be very pleased to hear of some one, with a little influence, taking the matter up again, and carrying it to a successful issue.—Yours truly,

R. DERRY.

SUNDAY TRAINS.

To the Editor of the Consett Guardian.

SIR,—On Sunday last, I had occasion to visit a friend of mine at Shotley Bridge, and was very much pleased to find that the inhabitants of Consett and district have got a boon conferred upon them by the Railway Company. I consider it has long been needed, and I have a presentiment that the Sunday train question was first broached, some three years ago, by Mr. Harris, tailor and draper, of either Consett or Benfieldside. My fellow-passengers informed me that something ought to be done towards making Mr. Harris a presentation, as a memento of his great achievement. I have no doubt but if this matter were brought before the public through your valuable paper it would receive that support which I think it deserves. For my own part, I do not need to avail myself of the benefit of the Sunday train more than three or four times a year; but, after hearing of the interest Mr. Harris took in this affair—the meetings at the Blue Mountains, &c., which, I believe, he called, acting also as president of the movement, together with his journeys to York, the expense of which, I understand, was borne by himself,—I cannot but offer my mite towards such a deserving object. My address I forward to you with this; and, should a committee be formed for the object of making him such a testimonial as he is worthy of, I will willingly forward you a cheque for £1 1s. towards it. I may further add, after we have got this favour, our next appeal should be to apply to the Railway Company to run a train through to Durham. There are many in these districts who have friends in Durham and neighbourhood, and who cannot possibly avail themselves of the pleasure of paying them a visit without going around by Newcastle. I have not the pleasure of knowing the promoter of this boon, but feel assured if we give him the satisfaction of seeing that the "Workman has been worthy of his hire," we will then be able to ask him for assistance in this further extension.—Yours truly,

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

ABOUT FUTURE EVENTS.
(APOCALYPTIC.)

To the Editor of the Consett Guardian.

SIR,—In the present incertitude of the ultimate political form of the French Government, and in the present chaos of dogmatic theology, some of your speculative readers may amuse themselves with the following prediction of "Lichtemberger," datum 1526. Coupled with the present young Bonaparte, the son of "the man," Napoleon III., the prediction is curious, and may, at least, form an innocent subject of thought to some of your biblicists.

The original is in Latin, rendered into not very exact French. Of course, in Anglicising it, I shall give it in "triglot."

Latin.—Veniet Aquila (2) a parte orientali, alis suis super solem extensis, cum magna multitudine pullorum suorum in adjutorium filii hominis. Tunc castra destruentur, timor magnus erit in mundo. Illa die in quadam parte Leonis (3), erit bellum inter principes crudelius quam unquam ad diem alium viderunt homines, et erit sanguinis diluvium. Perdet lilium coronam quam accipiet aquila, de qua postmodum filius hominis coronabitur. Per quatuor annos sequentes erunt praelia multa in mundo, mala inter fidem sectantes. Et hoc tempore erunt tradenda omnia, major pars mundi destruetur. Caput mundi erit in terra destructum. Tunc filius hominis transiens aquas, portabit signum mirabile ad terram promissionis. Et filius hominis et aquila praevalebunt, et prax erit in toto orbe terrarum et copia frugum.

French.—Un empereur suivi d'une multitude d'hommes, viendra du cote de l'orient, ses ailes etendues sur le soleil, pour aider le fils de l'homme. Alors on detruira les forteresses, et une grande terreur se repandra parmi la monde. Il s'eleveradans un partie de la Flandre une guerre plus cruelle que toutes les guerres du passe et il y aura un deluge de sang. Le roi des Francais perdra sa couronne, l'empereur la recevra, et quelque temps apres on la placera sur la tete du fils de l'homme. Pendant les quatre annees suivantes, les nations se livreront de nombreux combats; des querelles s'eleveront parmi les sectaires de la foi, et une grande partie du monde sera detruite. La papante s'ecroulera. Alors le fils de l'homme traversant les mers, portera le signe merveilleux a la terre de promission. L'empereur et le fils de l'homme etant devenus vainqueurs feront regner la paix dans tout l'univers.

English.—An eagle (Germany) with his wings extended over the sun, followed by a great multitude (mighty army) will come from the east to aid the son of man. Then fortresses will be destroyed [and], great fear will be in the world. In that day, in a certain part of Flanders (borders of France and Germany), there will be between [these] nations a war more cruel than has ever before been witnessed by man, and there will be a deluge of blood. France will lose her crown, which Germany will receive [and], with which, after a time, the son of [the] man will be crowned. During the four succeeding years there will be many conflicts in the world, and sectarian evils concerning the faith (or in the church). And at this time a great part of the world will be destroyed. The head of the earthly world will be destroyed. Then, the son of [the] man crossing the water, will bear his wonderful sign (standard) to the land of promise (Palestine). And the son of man and Germany will prevail, and there will be peace and plenty over all the earth.—Yours truly,

CLAUDE.

1.—The standard symbol of Germany is the eagle (aquila).

2.—The lion (lea) was the standard of old Flanders.

3.—The lily (fleur de lis) was the old symbol of France.

4.—There seems to be two "sons of man" in the text, the first, the Son of Man;" the second, the son of *the man*. And, in relation to the second, it is a singular fact, known to all politicians, that after the *coup d'etat*, the late emperor, Napoleon III., was always called by his political enemies "the man of December." See in particular Victor Schoelcher.

Cricket.

All cricket communications intended for insertion must reach this office before mid-day on Thursdays.

BLACKHALL MILL v. NEWLANDS.

A most enjoyable day's cricket took place at Blackhall Mill, on Saturday last, between the above clubs, and terminated in a victory for the home team by 12 runs and four wickets to fall. Subjoined is the score:—

BLACKHALL MILL.

	1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
R. Waters, b Dickinson		9	b Carr	0
G. Harrison, b Foster		6	b Laverick	4
W. Ions, c Kaler, b Foster		3	b Carr	6
T. Richardson, c Carr, b Foster		19	b Carr	5
T. Charlton, b Dickinson		6	run out	4
J. Waters, c Stubbs, b Dickinson		3	b Carr	4
R. Bullerwell, run out		11	b Laverick	5
J. Atkinson, run out		0		6
W. Cawthorn, run out		0		
J. Cawthorn, run out		0		
J. Fanning, not out		2		
Extras		2	Extras	2
Total		61	Total	27

NEWLANDS.

	1st Innings.		2nd Innings.	
J. Foster, b Waters		3	not out	28
T. Carr, b Ions		0	c Cawthorn, b Ions	0
J. Carr, b Ions		7	b Waters	5
G. Chrisp, b Waters		2	b Waters	3
T. Chrisp, c Waters, b Ions		2	b Ions	0
W. Kaler, b Ions		4	c Cawthorn, b Ions	4
J. Dickinson, c Richardson, b Ions		2	run out	2
J. Stubbs, b Ions		4	c Cawthorn, b Ions	1
W. Smith, not out		2	c Waters, b Ions	0
T. Laverick, b Waters		3	b Ions	0
J. Robson, b Waters		0	b Ions	2
Extras		1	Extras	3
Total		28	Total	48

MEDOMSLEY v. WESTWOOD.

A match was played on Saturday, between 11 of the former and 15 of the latter, and resulted in a victory for the Medomsley Club by 11 runs. The following is the score:—

MEDOMSLEY.

W. Reay, b Kielder	13
P. Milburn, c Morpeth	3
R. Beattie, b Kielder	9
R. Cawthorn, run out	5
J. Curry, c Smith, b Laverick	10
W. Pearson, hit wicket	0
W. Cawthorn, b Kielder	1
M. Gibson, b Kielder	2
S. Linnighan, b Laverick	1
R. Wilson, b Colledge	1
W. Hetherington, not out	4
Total	49

WESTWOOD.

M. Colledge, b Beattie	0
J. Stobbs, b Beattie	3
W. Kielder, run out	8
J. Coultard, c Beattie, b Cawthorn	5
J. Morpeth, b Beattie	6
J. Stobbs, run out	0
J. Wigham, c Wilson, b Beattie	1
J. Elliott, c Milburn, b Cawthorn	1
T. Laverick, b Cawthorn	2
J. Turnbull, b Beattie	2
L. Stokoe, b Cawthorn	3
J. Robson, b Cawthorn	0
J. Vasey, c Gibson, b Beattie	0
J. Smith, b Beattie	1
E. Jewitt, not out	2
Extras	4
Total	38

BURNOPFIELD v. FENHAM.

A match was played between the above clubs on the 11th inst., on the ground of the latter, and resulted in an easy victory for the Burnopfield Club by 61 runs. The following is the score:—

BURNOPFIELD.

G. Davis, c Gray, b Watson	6
R. Emmerson, c Watson, b Goodfellow	5
J. H. Cuthbertson, b Goodfellow	6
G. Stobbs, b Watson	5
G. Cooper, c Mole, b Watson	17
— Davis, c Gray, b Watson	10
E. Turnbull, c Gray, b Cray	9
R. Minto, c Goodfellow, b Clark	0
R. Armstrong, not out	12
D. Bismore, c and b Goodfollow	0
W. Lamb, b Watson	2
Extras	10
Total	82

FENHAM.

G. Walton, b Stobbs	1
J. Gray, b Davis	1
— Goodfellow, c and b Stobbs	5
— Adamson, b Davis	1
— Thompson, b Davis	1
— Cray, b Davis	0
J. G. Wood, run out	0
T. Clark, b Davis	0
— Turnbull, c Davis, b Stobbs	0
— Mole, not out	4
J. Wood, b Davis	1
Extras	9
Total	23

Markets.

NEWCASTLE CATTLE MARKET, Tuesday.—The show of stock presented for sale exhibited a decline of 41 beasts and 350 sheep and lambs as compared with that of last week. Respecting quality, there is little or no change to notice. The supply of beef comprised 2,878 head. The number of sheep and lambs was 10,040. Lambs are fast drawing to a close, and, with the exception of a few lots, sales were slowly effected at late rates. Pigs: 624 were shown. Beasts, prime heifers, per stone, 10s 9d to 11s 0d; secondary sorts, 8s 9d to 9s 6d; good oxen, 10s 6d to 10s 9d; middling, 9s 3d to 9s 6d; cows and inferior, 7s 9d to 8s 9d; pork, large, 5s 9d to 7s 9d; do. small, 8s 6d to 9s 0d; sheep, good vendable welders, per lb., 10d to 10½d; middling, 8½d to 9d.

DURHAM PROVISION, Saturday.—*Oats, 7s 6d to 8s 9d*; barley, 8s 9d to 9s 0d; *wheat, 11s to 11s 6d*; beans, 10s 0d to 14s 0d; peas, 11s 3d per boll. Beef, 9d to 11d; mutton, 9½d to 11d; lamb, 1s; veal 10d to 11d; bacon, 5½d to 7d; hams, 7½d to 8d; pork, 9d to 10d per lb. Chickens, 1s 6d to 2s 4d; ducks, 2s 6d to 3s 0d; hens 1s to 2s each; butter, 1s 7d to 1s 8d per lb.; eggs, 7 to 8 for 1s; onions, 9d to 1s 4d; apples, 1s to 1s 8d; pears, 1s to 1s 6d per peck; grapes, 10d per lb; plums, 2d to 4d per quart.

DURHAM POTATO, Saturday.—Potatoes, 8d to 9d per stone.

NEWCASTLE HAY AND STRAW, Tuesday.—Old land hay, 210s to 240s; this year's growth, 120s to 190s; new land hay, 190s to 220s per ton; this year's growth, 140s to 204s; wheat straw, 3s 0d to 3s 9d; oat straw, 3s 8d to 4s 0d per thrave.

Births, Marriages, and Deaths.

The insertion of anything beyond the simple announcement of Births, Marriages, or Deaths, will be charged as Advertisements.

BIRTHS.

EYEMOUTH, BERWICKSHIRE—On the 17th inst., the wife of Mr J. Forsyth, Blackhill, of a son.

SHOTLEY BRIDGE—On the 14th inst., the wife of Mr Collinson, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

CONSETT—At the Baptist Chapel, on the 22nd inst., by the Rev. M. Morris, Mr. E. Stephenson, Newcastle, to Miss F. M. Knifton, Staniforddam.

DEATHS.

ANNFIELD PLAIN—On the 18th inst., aged 72, Jane Stephenson.

BURNOPFIELD—On the 22nd inst., Martha Stoker.

Printed and Published by ROBERT JACKSON, at the Steam Printing Works, Front Street Consett, Saturday, September 25th, 1875.