

THE WAR.

THE MIDE OF STAMBOURG.

Microscopic, Friday 9 a.m.—The Prussian official account says:—The town and fortress of Strasbourg have been bombarded by the siege train from Kehl since the evening of the 2nd inst. The Prussian advance party has been pushed forward within from five to eight hundred yards of the fortress. The damage done in Strasbourg is considerable. Several small powder magazines have been blown up, and the citadel magazine is many buildings are in flames. The Prussian losses are small.

A correspondent of the *Manchester Guardian* sends the following telegram:—On Wednesday night a heavy bombardment commenced night and left. The Germans placed thirty heavy guns in position at four points from Strasbourg, an operation which was completed with the loss of four killed and ten wounded. The firing continued uninterruptedly till 2 a.m. There was a great conflagration in the town. Forty houses and one church are said to be destroyed, but the damage sustained was not great. There was no loss on the German side. Kehl, on the opposite bank of the Rhine, was bombarded at the same time from Strasbourg, and was entirely destroyed. The bombardment will be resumed tomorrow. The Prussian army is believed to be in the city.

A special telegram from Hamburg in the *Daily News* says the besiegers of Strasbourg are making rapid progress. The citadel is in ruins, and the arsenal has been in fire. Our batteries have been cut off. The Germans have been driven out of the city. The Prussian army is believed to be in the city.

Paris, Saturday, 23 p.m.—The following is published, under reserve, by the Minister of the Interior:—The Prussian army is believed to be in the city. The Prussian army is believed to be in the city. The Prussian army is believed to be in the city.

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Miscellaneous War News.

The King of Prussia is said to have remarked:—Also and Lorraine will cost me 300,000 men, but these provinces are worth the sacrifice, and I will have them."

The corps of mounted Volunteers of Paris is in course of formation. The Emperor has offered houses from the Imperial hunting stables, and several wealthy persons have followed his example.

Among other items, a correspondent, writing to the *Times*, recommends the employment of captured fire balloons, and all previous facilities furnished to the Prussians be retained.

Intelligence has been received at Hull to the effect that the *Black Warrior*, belonging to Mr. A. W. Ansell had been sunk at Heligoland by a French frigate.

The Paris correspondent of the *Standard* says that the man who shot at a general thinking it was MacMahon and wound a soldier, has been tried by drum-court and sentenced to a shot.

It is stated that Prince Salim-Sultan, the companion in war, and in captivity of the Emperor Maximilian of Mexico, fought in one of the Prussian regiments at Metz, and was killed.

INTERESTING INCIDENT IN ALGERIA.—According to the *Observer*, the *Arabe* tribesmen in Algeria. The latter supposed to have been written by Abd-el-Kader, offering assistance to the French in return for a large sum of money.

THE RIOT AT LA VILLETTÉ.—Judgment has been passed upon the prisoner implicated in the affair of La Villeté. He and his fellow-prisoners were sentenced to five years imprisonment.

The traffic between Paris and Calais has been stopped by the French Government, and only the mail boats are allowed to stop at the port.

The communication between Paris and Boulogne is also about to be stopped, and the mail boat from Folkestone will be taken off.

We (*Daily News*) are acquainted with a number of rifles now being made in this country for France cannot be stated.

A French girl held by the Prussians. A correspondent of the *Free-Press* writes that a Prussian military commander at Metz, having young French girl who had cut off two fingers of a Prussian soldier with a sword.

PRUSSIAN ARMY OF RESERVE.—Three armies of reserve are being formed by the Emperor under the command of Prince Frederick-Schleswig, under the command of Prince Frederick-Schleswig, under the command of Prince Frederick-Schleswig.

Accusations have been made against the attitude of the French President in the war, an independent regulation of them was made in the Legislative Chamber on Tuesday. The Minister of the Interior justified the accusations as unworthy intrigues.

The Government has dismissed the Prefect of Nancy for the proclamation he issued before the declaration of the city by the Government of France, who appears to have allowed the town to be captured by the Germans.

PRUSSIAN RAILWAY ACCIDENT.—A telegram from Hagen to *La Gazette* states that a deplorable railway accident happened on the 21st of August, when a train of troops came into collision with a train loaded with soldiers. Three were killed and many wounded.

Edmond Abbat, in a leading article in Friday's *Times*, headed, "Discussion in London," writes:—"Paris knows nothing, and London knows less. It is not a secret, but it is a fact, that the Chamber, and the Government, are in a state of confusion."

REINFORCEMENT OF MACMAHON.—A special correspondent with MacMahon's forces, writing on Friday evening (yesterday) stated, that 10,000 or more fresh troops arrived last night from Paris. The Emperor left here in the small hours of the morning, and was cheered in the streets.

Dr. Maximo and Dr. W. M. The Roman Catholic Archbishop of Westminster has addressed a letter to the clergy and laity of his diocese, warning them to be on their guard against the influence of the press, and to be on their guard against the influence of the press.

MASSACRE. A correspondent writing to the *Daily Mail* writes:—"The name of the French General who was killed at Metz, is not known. He was a French General, and was killed at Metz. He was a French General, and was killed at Metz."

The special correspondent of the *Daily News* at Paris says there are painful stories about the Emperor, who is said to be in a state of confusion. He is said to be in a state of confusion, and is said to be in a state of confusion.

ITALY AND THE WAR.—The Italian press continues to discuss with much warmth the interest of Italy in the French-Prussian war. The *Times* of Friday contains a leading article on the subject, in which it is stated that Italy is in a state of confusion.

WAR DEMONSTRATIONS IN BERLIN.—The Berlin correspondent of the *Daily News* writes:—"There was a great public affair of captured trophies of the Prussian army, and the Emperor was present. The Emperor was present, and the Emperor was present."

THE UNLACKED.—A letter from Rhineland of the 26th, in the *Times*, says:—"The daring and dash of the Prussians in this campaign almost reminds one of the legendary exploits of medieval knights. They enter the whole country in large bands of men and women, and they enter the whole country in large bands of men and women."

THE RUSSIAN OR LITHUANIAN.—The *Daily News* yesterday contained the Napoleonic dynasty, and mentions as follows its origin:—"What are the results of the Imperial investigation? The Emperor of the Pope's temper, and the Emperor of the Pope's temper, and the Emperor of the Pope's temper."

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The French in their great resolve to have Paris well provisioned during the threatened invasion of their capital, have many layers of iron and lead, and considerable quantities of produce have been brought up for immediate shipment to that quarter.

At one of the wharves on the quay side of the Thames, a large number of men may be seen actively engaged in loading and unloading of goods, and some have been purchased for French service.

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